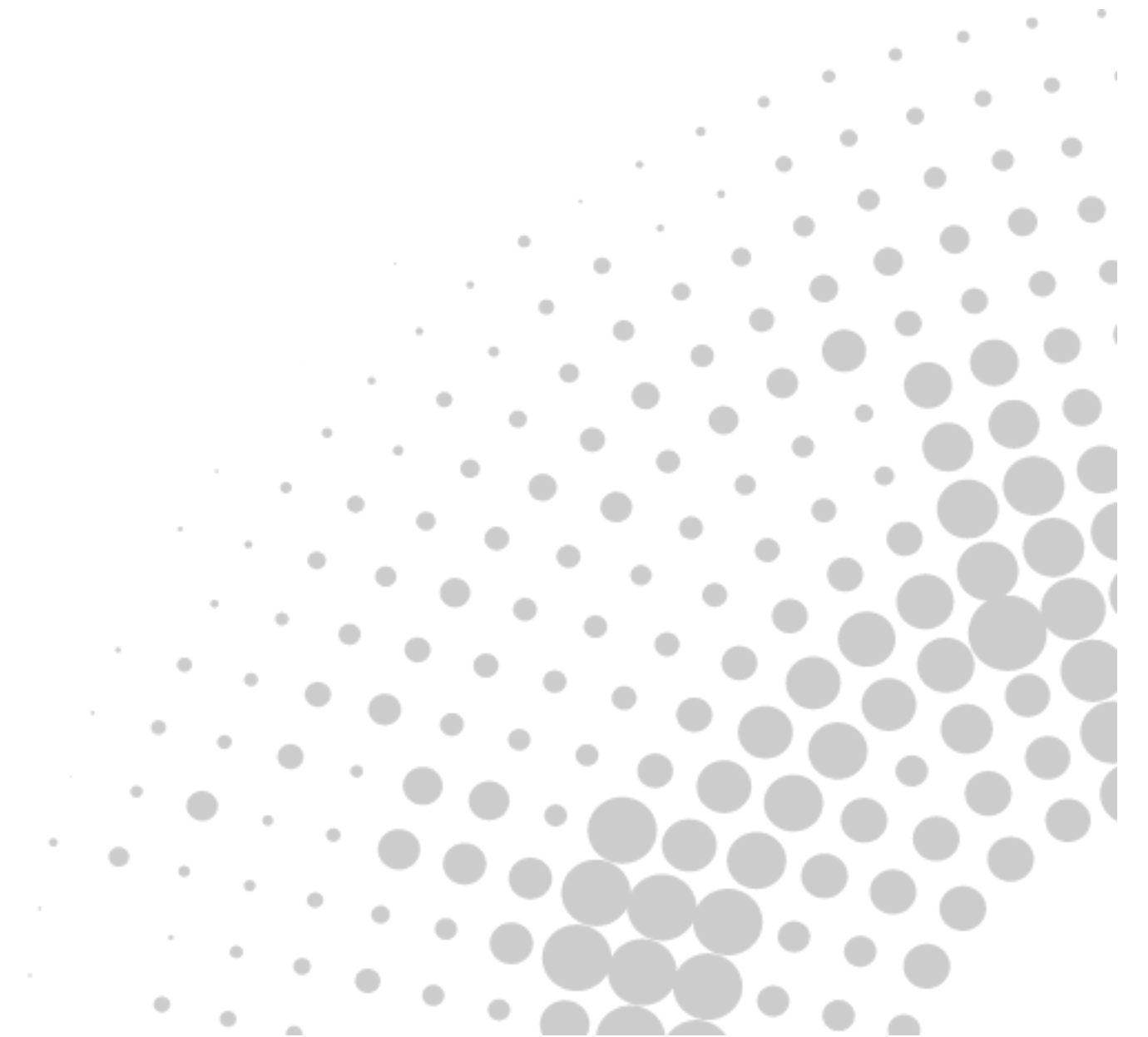


**Compliance Workpapers**  
Jameson Family Super  
Financial Year - 2023



**Fund Details**

<b>Fund Name</b>	Jameson Family Super
<b>Contact no</b>	
<b>Financial Year</b>	2023
<b>Established Date</b>	23/04/2019
<b>ABN</b>	66 783 497 456
<b>TFN</b>	551691699
<b>Trustee Type</b>	Corporate
<b>Trustees</b>	Jameson Family Pty Ltd
<b>ACN</b>	633056667

## Review Points

Reference : Assets / Other Assets / Sundry Assets / Sundry Debtor

Subject : Sundry Debtor

Addressed : Notes for Auditor

Action	Description	Owner	DateTime	Attachment
Created	Sundry Debtor is a refund from ATO.	Lorraine Abitria	23/11/2023 03:39 PM	

Reference : Assets / Other Assets / Sundry Assets / Sundry Debtor

Subject : Sundry Debtor

Addressed : Notes for Auditor

Action	Description	Owner	DateTime	Attachment
Created	Corporate trustee was deregistered but was able to reinstate later on. Refund is currently being requested.	Joan Sayas	24/11/2023 10:26 AM	

## Statement of Financial Position

Assets	Qty	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
<b>Investments</b>	0.00	0.00	55,000.00	-55,000.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a> <a href="#">WP-2</a>
<b>Collectibles</b>	0.00	0.00	55,000.00	-55,000.00	100.00	
1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA	0.00	0.00	55,000.00	-55,000.00	100.00	
<b>Other Assets</b>	0.00	79,631.09	44,481.43	35,149.66	79.02	
<b>Cash At Bank</b>	0.00	35,300.00	44,317.43	-9,017.43	20.35	
CBA Business Transaction Account	0.00	35,300.00	0.00	35,300.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
CBA Direct Investment Account	0.00	0.00	44,317.43	-44,317.43	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
<b>Current Tax Assets</b>	0.00	2.00	164.00	-162.00	98.78	<a href="#">WP-1</a> <a href="#">WP-2</a> <a href="#">WP-3</a> <a href="#">WP-4</a>
Income Tax Payable	0.00	0.00	164.00	-164.00	100.00	
<b>Withholding Credits</b>	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	100.00	
<b>Cash At Bank</b>	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	100.00	
CBA Direct Investment Account	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	100.00	
<b>Sundry Assets</b>	0.00	44,329.09	0.00	44,329.09	100.00	
Sundry Debtor	0.00	44,329.09	0.00	44,329.09	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
<b>Total Assets</b>	0.00	79,631.09	99,481.43	-19,850.34	19.95	
Liabilities	Qty	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Member Entitlements	Qty	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
<b>Member Entitlement Accounts</b>	0.00	79,631.09	99,481.43	-19,850.34	19.95	<a href="#">WP-1</a> <a href="#">WP-2</a>
<b>Mr Christopher Jameson</b>	0.00	79,631.09	99,481.43	-19,850.34	19.95	
Accumulation	0.00	79,631.09	99,481.43	-19,850.34	19.95	
<b>Total Member Entitlements</b>	0.00	79,631.09	99,481.43	-19,850.34	19.95	

## Operating Statement

Income	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
<b>Investment Income</b>	13.66	23.72	-10.06	42.41	<a href="#">WP-1</a> <a href="#">WP-2</a>
<b>Interest</b>	13.66	23.72	-10.06	42.41	
<b>Cash At Bank</b>	13.66	23.72	-10.06	42.41	
CBA Direct Investment Account	13.66	23.72	-10.06	42.41	
<b>Total Income</b>	13.66	23.72	-10.06	42.41	
Expenses	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
<b>Investment Losses</b>	13,500.00	0.00	13,500.00	100.00	
<b>Realised Capital Losses</b>	13,500.00	0.00	13,500.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
<b>Collectibles</b>	13,500.00	0.00	13,500.00	100.00	
1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA	13,500.00	0.00	13,500.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
<b>Other Expenses</b>	6,364.00	473.86	5,890.14	1,243.01	
Accountancy Fee	3,300.00	0.00	3,300.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
ASIC Fee	59.00	0.00	59.00	100.00	
Auditor Fee	1,540.00	0.00	1,540.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>
<b>Insurance Premium</b>	0.00	473.86	-473.86	100.00	
<b>Collectibles</b>	0.00	473.86	-473.86	100.00	
1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA	0.00	473.86	-473.86	100.00	
SMSF Supervisory Levy	1,036.00	0.00	1,036.00	100.00	
Trustee Fee	429.00	0.00	429.00	100.00	<a href="#">WP-1</a>

Expenses	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
Total Expenses	19,864.00	473.86	19,390.14	4,091.96	
Income Tax	2023	2022	Change (\$)	Change (%)	
Total Income Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net Profit(Loss) Total	-19,850.34	-450.14			

## Lump Sum Payment - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.



**Preservation Components**

						Current Status : Good to Go Prior Status : N/A		Prepared By : N/A	Reviewed By : N/A
			Prior Year			Current Year			
Account Name	Account Type	Preserved Amount	Restricted Non-Preserved Amount	Unrestricted Non-Preserved Amount	Preserved Amount	Restricted Non-Preserved Amount	Unrestricted Non-Preserved Amount		
Mr Christopher Jameson (Age: 22 at 30/06/2023)									
Accumulation	Accumulation	99,481.43	0.00	0.00	79,631.09	0.00	0.00		

**Tax Component Verification (Accumulation)**

		Current Status : Good to Go Prior Status : N/A	Prepared By : N/A	Reviewed By : N/A
	Account Name		Prior Year Tax Free Amount	Current Year Tax Free Amount
Mr Christopher Jameson (Age: 22 at 30/06/2023)				
	Accumulation		6,873.58	6,873.58

## Work Test - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.

### Contribution Cap Limit

		Current Status : Good to Go Prior Status : N/A	Prepared By : N/A	Reviewed By : N/A
	Current Year Contributions		Concessional	Non-Concessional
Mr Christopher Jameson				
Date of Birth: 01/01/2001 (Age: 21 at 30/06/2023)				
	Caps		27,500.00	110,000.00
	Cumulative available unused cap		102,500.00	0.00
	Maximum cap available		130,000.00	110,000.00
	Contributions made (to this fund)		0.00	0.00
	Contributions made (to other fund)		0.00	0.00
	Contributions as allocated		0.00	0.00
	Amount above caps		0.00	0.00

## Negative Balance - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.

### Contra Bank Entries - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.

## Income Comparison - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.

### Benefits Paid to Member < 60 - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.



## Retirement Condition - Good to Go

Great news! After review there is nothing that requires your attention.

### Market Value - Not Applicable

The system did not find any data to process.

### Pension Limit - Not Applicable

The system did not find any data to process.

### Tax Effective Allocation of Pension Payment (Member Level) - Not Applicable

The system did not find any data to process.

### Preservation Components for Member above 65 - Not Applicable

The system did not find any data to process.

### Tax Component Verification (Pension) - Not Applicable

The system did not find any data to process.

### Tax Effective Allocation of Pension Payment (Pension Account Level) - Not Applicable

The system did not find any data to process.

## General Ledger

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
<b>Investment Gains / Disposal Suspense / Collectibles / 1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12/12/2022	Collectible Item Sale	-1.00	41,500.00	0.00	41,500.00
12/12/2022	DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWN PLAINS	1.00	0.00	41,500.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Investment Income / Interest / Cash At Bank / CBA Direct Investment Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	0.00	6.74	6.74
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	0.00	6.92	13.66
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.66
<b>Other Expenses / Accountancy Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	3,300.00	0.00	3,300.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,300.00
<b>Other Expenses / ASIC Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
08/05/2023	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	0.00	59.00	0.00	59.00



Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.00
<b>Other Expenses / Auditor Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	990.00	0.00	990.00
05/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	0.00	550.00	0.00	1,540.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,540.00
<b>Other Expenses / SMSF Supervisory Levy</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	259.00	0.00	259.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	259.00	0.00	518.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	518.00	0.00	1,036.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,036.00
<b>Other Expenses / Trustee Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	0.00	429.00	0.00	429.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	429.00
<b>Investment Losses / Realised Capital Losses / Collectibles / 1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
12/12/2022	Collectible Item Sale	0.00	13,500.00	0.00	13,500.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	13,500.00
<b>Investments - 1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	1.00	0.00	0.00	55,000.00
12/12/2022	Collectible Item Sale	-1.00	0.00	55,000.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Cash At Bank - CBA Business Transaction Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22/12/2022	DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWN PLAINS	0.00	41,500.00	0.00	41,500.00
23/12/2022	TAX OFFICE PAYMENTS CommBank app BPAY 7 0020055169166993121 Tax Payable	0.00	0.00	872.00	40,628.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	0.00	4,290.00	36,338.00
05/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	0.00	0.00	550.00	35,788.00
18/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	0.00	0.00	429.00	35,359.00
08/05/2023	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	0.00	0.00	59.00	35,300.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	35,300.00
<b>Cash At Bank - CBA Direct Investment Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	44,317.43

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
01/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	6.74	0.00	44,324.17
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	6.92	0.00	44,331.09
20/07/2022	DeReg ACN funds transferred to ASIC	0.00	0.00	44,329.09	2.00
20/07/2022	TFN Withholding Tax	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Assets - Sundry Assets / Sundry Debtor</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	Refund from ATO requested	0.00	44,329.09	0.00	44,329.09
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	44,329.09
<b>Other Assets - Unsettled Trades / Acquisitions / Sundry Assets / Sundry Debtor</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	Refund from ATO requested	0.00	0.00	44,329.09	44,329.09
20/07/2022	Refund from ATO requested	0.00	44,329.09	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Assets - Unsettled Trades / Disposals / Collectibles / 1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12/12/2022	DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWN PLAINS	0.00	41,500.00	0.00	41,500.00
22/12/2022	Recieved - DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWN PLAINS	0.00	0.00	41,500.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
<b>Other Assets - Receivables / Investment Income Receivable / Interest / Cash At Bank / CBA Direct Investment Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	0.00	6.74	6.74
01/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	6.74	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	0.00	4.92	4.92
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	4.92	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Assets - Current Tax Assets / Income Tax Payable</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	164.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	0.00	164.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Assets - Current Tax Assets / Cash At Bank / CBA Direct Investment Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	2.00	0.00	2.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00
<b>Other Creditors and Accruals / Accountancy Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	0.00	3,300.00	3,300.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	3,300.00	0.00	0.00

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Creditors and Accruals / ASIC Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
08/05/2023	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	0.00	0.00	59.00	59.00
08/05/2023	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	0.00	59.00	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Creditors and Accruals / Auditor Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	0.00	990.00	990.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	990.00	0.00	0.00
05/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	0.00	0.00	550.00	550.00
05/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	0.00	550.00	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Other Creditors and Accruals / Trustee Fee</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	0.00	0.00	429.00	429.00
18/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	0.00	429.00	0.00	0.00

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Income Tax Suspense</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	0.00	259.00	259.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	0.00	259.00	518.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	0.00	354.00	872.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	259.00	0.00	613.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	259.00	0.00	354.00
23/12/2022	Fund Income Tax Payment	0.00	354.00	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Fund Suspense / CBA Business Transaction Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22/12/2022	DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWN PLAINS	0.00	0.00	41,500.00	41,500.00
22/12/2022	DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWN PLAINS	0.00	41,500.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	TAX OFFICE PAYMENTS CommBank app BPAY 7 0020055169166993121 Tax Payable	0.00	0.00	259.00	259.00
23/12/2022	TAX OFFICE PAYMENTS CommBank app BPAY 7 0020055169166993121 Tax Payable	0.00	0.00	259.00	518.00
23/12/2022	TAX OFFICE PAYMENTS CommBank app BPAY 7 0020055169166993121 Tax Payable	0.00	0.00	354.00	872.00



Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
23/12/2022	TAX OFFICE PAYMENTS CommBank app BPAY 7 0020055169166993121 Tax Payable	0.00	872.00	0.00	0.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	0.00	990.00	990.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	0.00	3,300.00	4,290.00
23/12/2022	Transfer to SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Return Acct Fees	0.00	4,290.00	0.00	0.00
05/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	0.00	0.00	550.00	550.00
05/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	0.00	550.00	0.00	0.00
18/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	0.00	0.00	429.00	429.00
18/02/2023	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	0.00	429.00	0.00	0.00
08/05/2023	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	0.00	0.00	59.00	59.00
08/05/2023	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	0.00	59.00	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Fund Suspense / CBA Direct Investment Account</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	0.00	6.74	6.74
01/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	6.74	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	0.00	6.92	6.92

Date	Description	Quantity	Debits	Credits	Balance
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	2.00	0.00	4.92
20/07/2022	Credit Interest	0.00	4.92	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	DeReg ACN funds transferred to ASIC	0.00	0.00	44,329.09	44,329.09
20/07/2022	DeReg ACN funds transferred to ASIC	0.00	44,329.09	0.00	0.00
20/07/2022	TFN Withholding Tax	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
20/07/2022	TFN Withholding Tax	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Member Entitlement Accounts / Mr Christopher Jameson / Accumulation</b>					
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	99,481.43
30/06/2023	Investment Profit or Loss	0.00	19,850.34	0.00	79,631.09
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	79,631.09



## Permanent Documents

[Jameson Family Super-Deed.pdf](#)

[Company Reinstatement.pdf](#)

# Self-managed superannuation fund annual return **2023**

## Who should complete this annual return?

Only self-managed superannuation funds (SMSFs) can complete this annual return. All other funds must complete the *Fund income tax return 2023* (NAT 71287).

- !** The *Self-managed superannuation fund annual return instructions 2023* (NAT 71606) (the instructions) can assist you to complete this annual return.
- The SMSF annual return cannot be used to notify us of a change in fund membership. You must update fund details via [ABR.gov.au](http://ABR.gov.au) or complete the Change of details for superannuation entities form (NAT 3036).

## To complete this annual return

- Print clearly, using a BLACK pen only.
- Use BLOCK LETTERS and print one character per box.

S M I T H S T

- Place **X** in ALL applicable boxes.

➤ Postal address for annual returns:

**Australian Taxation Office**  
**GPO Box 9845**  
**[insert the name and postcode**  
**of your capital city]**

For example;

**Australian Taxation Office**  
**GPO Box 9845**  
**SYDNEY NSW 2001**

## Section A: Fund information

**1 Tax file number (TFN)**

➤ To assist processing, write the fund's TFN at the top of pages 3, 5, 7 and 9.

- !** The ATO is authorised by law to request your TFN. You are not obliged to quote your TFN but not quoting it could increase the chance of delay or error in processing your annual return. See the Privacy note in the Declaration.

**2 Name of self-managed superannuation fund (SMSF)**

Jameson Family Super

**3 Australian business number (ABN) (if applicable)**

**4 Current postal address**

PO Box 230

Suburb/town

Glen Osmond

State/territory

SA

Postcode

5064

**5 Annual return status**

Is this an amendment to the SMSF's 2023 return?

**A** No  Yes

Is this the first required return for a newly registered SMSF?

**B** No  Yes

Fund's tax file number (TFN) \*\*\*\*\*

**6 SMSF auditor**

Auditor's name

Title: MR

Family name

Boys

First given name

Anthony

Other given names

SMSF Auditor Number

100014140

Auditor's phone number

04

10702708

Postal address

PO Box 3376

Suburb/town

Rundle Mall

State/territory

SA

Postcode

5000

Date audit was completed

A

Day Month Year

Was Part A of the audit report qualified?

B No  Yes 

Was Part B of the audit report qualified?

C No  Yes 

If Part B of the audit report was qualified, have the reported issues been rectified?

D No  Yes **7 Electronic funds transfer (EFT)**

We need your self-managed super fund's financial institution details to pay any super payments and tax refunds owing to you.

**A Fund's financial institution account details**

This account is used for super contributions and rollovers. Do not provide a tax agent account here.

Fund BSB number 064117

Fund account number 10551591

Fund account name

Jameson Family Pty Ltd ATF Jameson Family Super

I would like my tax refunds made to this account.  Go to C.**B Financial institution account details for tax refunds**

This account is used for tax refunds. You can provide a tax agent account here.

BSB number

Account number

Account name

**C Electronic service address alias**

Provide the electronic service address alias (ESA) issued by your SMSF messaging provider. (For example, SMSFdataESAAlias). See instructions for more information.

smsfdataflow

Fund's tax file number (TFN) 

- 8 Status of SMSF** Australian superannuation fund **A** No  Yes  Fund benefit structure **B**  Code
- Does the fund trust deed allow acceptance of the Government's Super Co-contribution and Low Income Super Amounts? **C** No  Yes

**9 Was the fund wound up during the income year?**

No  Yes  If yes, provide the date on which the fund was wound up  Day Month Year Have all tax lodgment and payment obligations been met? No  Yes

**10 Exempt current pension income**

Did the fund pay retirement phase superannuation income stream benefits to one or more members in the income year?

To claim a tax exemption for current pension income, you must pay at least the minimum benefit payment under the law. Record exempt current pension income at Label **A**.

No  Go to Section B: Income.

Yes  Exempt current pension income amount **A** \$ .00

Which method did you use to calculate your exempt current pension income?

Segregated assets method **B**

Unsegregated assets method **C**  Was an actuarial certificate obtained? **D** Yes

Did the fund have any other income that was assessable?

**E** Yes  Go to Section B: Income.

No  Choosing 'No' means that you do not have any assessable income, including no-TFN quoted contributions. Go to Section C: Deductions and non-deductible expenses. (Do **not** complete Section B: Income.)

If you are entitled to claim any tax offsets, you can list these at Section D: Income tax calculation statement.

Fund's tax file number (TFN)

## Section B: Income

**Do not complete this section** if all superannuation interests in the SMSF were supporting superannuation income streams in the retirement phase for the **entire year**, there was **no** other income that was assessable, and you **have not** realised a deferred notional gain. If you are entitled to claim any tax offsets, you can record these at Section D: Income tax calculation statement.

### 11 Income

Did you have a capital gains tax (CGT) event during the year? **G** No  Yes

If the total capital loss or total capital gain is greater than \$10,000 or you elected to use the transitional CGT relief in 2017 and the deferred notional gain has been realised, complete and attach a *Capital gains tax (CGT) schedule 2023*.

Have you applied an exemption or rollover? **M** No  Yes  Code

Net capital gain **A** \$

Gross rent and other leasing and hiring income **B** \$

Gross interest **C** \$

Forestry managed investment scheme income **X** \$

Gross foreign income	<b>D1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0-00"/>	Net foreign income	<b>D</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0-00"/>	Loss <input type="checkbox"/>
----------------------	------------------------------------------------	--------------------	-----------------------------------------------	-------------------------------

Australian franking credits from a New Zealand company **E** \$

Transfers from foreign funds **F** \$  Number

Gross payments where ABN not quoted **H** \$

**Calculation of assessable contributions**

Assessable employer contributions

**R1** \$

plus Assessable personal contributions

**R2** \$

plus **\*\*No-TFN-quoted contributions**

**R3** \$   
*(an amount must be included even if it is zero)*

less Transfer of liability to life insurance company or PST

**R6** \$

Gross distribution from partnerships **I** \$  Loss

\*Unfranked dividend amount **J** \$

\*Franked dividend amount **K** \$

\*Dividend franking credit **L** \$  Code

\*Gross trust distributions **M** \$

**Assessable contributions (R1 plus R2 plus R3 less R6)** **R** \$

**Calculation of non-arm's length income**

\*Net non-arm's length private company dividends

**U1** \$

plus \*Net non-arm's length trust distributions

**U2** \$

plus \*Net other non-arm's length income

**U3** \$

\*Other income **S** \$  Code

\*Assessable income due to changed tax status of fund **T** \$

**Net non-arm's length income (subject to 45% tax rate) (U1 plus U2 plus U3)** **U** \$

#This is a mandatory label.

\*If an amount is entered at this label, check the instructions to ensure the correct tax treatment has been applied.

**GROSS INCOME (Sum of labels A to U)** **W** \$  Loss

Exempt current pension income **Y** \$

**TOTAL ASSESSABLE INCOME (W less Y)** **V** \$  Loss

Fund's tax file number (TFN)

## Section C: Deductions and non-deductible expenses

### 12 Deductions and non-deductible expenses

Under 'Deductions' list all expenses and allowances you are entitled to claim a deduction for. Under 'Non-deductible expenses', list all other expenses or normally allowable deductions that you cannot claim as a deduction (for example, all expenses related to exempt current pension income should be recorded in the 'Non-deductible expenses' column).

DEDUCTIONS		NON-DEDUCTIBLE EXPENSES	
Interest expenses within Australia	<b>A1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>A2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Interest expenses overseas	<b>B1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>B2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Capital works expenditure	<b>D1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>D2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Decline in value of depreciating assets	<b>E1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>E2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Insurance premiums – members	<b>F1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>F2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
SMSF auditor fee	<b>H1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="1540"/> -00	<b>H2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Investment expenses	<b>I1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>I2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Management and administration expenses	<b>J1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="3788"/> -00	<b>J2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Forestry managed investment scheme expense	<b>U1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	<b>U2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	
Other amounts	<b>L1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="1036"/> -00	<b>L2</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00	Code <input type="text" value="0"/>
Tax losses deducted	<b>M1</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/> -00		Code <input type="text" value=""/>

**TOTAL DEDUCTIONS**  
**N** \$ -00  
 (Total **A1** to **M1**)

**TOTAL NON-DEDUCTIBLE EXPENSES**  
**Y** \$ -00  
 (Total **A2** to **L2**)

**#TAXABLE INCOME OR LOSS**  
**O** \$ -00 Loss   
 (TOTAL ASSESSABLE INCOME less TOTAL DEDUCTIONS)

**TOTAL SMSF EXPENSES**  
**Z** \$ -00  
 (N plus Y)

#This is a mandatory label.

Fund's tax file number (TFN) \*\*\*\*\*

## Section D: Income tax calculation statement

**#Important:**

Section B label **R3**, Section C label **O** and Section D labels **A, T1, J, T5** and **I** are mandatory. If you leave these labels blank, you will have specified a zero amount.

### 13 Calculation statement

Please refer to the *Self-managed superannuation fund annual return instructions 2023* on how to complete the calculation statement.

#Taxable income **A** \$ -00  
*(an amount must be included even if it is zero)*

#Tax on taxable income **T1** \$   
*(an amount must be included even if it is zero)*

#Tax on no-TFN-quoted contributions **J** \$   
*(an amount must be included even if it is zero)*

Gross tax **B** \$   
*(T1 plus J)*

Foreign income tax offset  
**C1** \$

Rebates and tax offsets  
**C2** \$

Non-refundable non-carry forward tax offsets  
**C** \$   
*(C1 plus C2)*

SUBTOTAL 1  
**T2** \$   
*(B less C – cannot be less than zero)*

Early stage venture capital limited partnership tax offset  
**D1** \$

Early stage venture capital limited partnership tax offset carried forward from previous year  
**D2** \$

Early stage investor tax offset  
**D3** \$

Early stage investor tax offset carried forward from previous year  
**D4** \$

Non-refundable carry forward tax offsets  
**D** \$   
*(D1 plus D2 plus D3 plus D4)*

SUBTOTAL 2  
**T3** \$   
*(T2 less D – cannot be less than zero)*

Complying fund's franking credits tax offset  
**E1** \$

No-TFN tax offset  
**E2** \$

National rental affordability scheme tax offset  
**E3** \$

Exploration credit tax offset  
**E4** \$

Refundable tax offsets  
**E** \$   
*(E1 plus E2 plus E3 plus E4)*

#TAX PAYABLE **T5** \$   
*(T3 less E – cannot be less than zero)*

Section 102AAM interest charge  
**G** \$

Fund's tax file number (TFN)

Credit for tax withheld – foreign resident withholding (excluding capital gains)	<b>H2 \$</b> <input type="text"/>
Credit for tax withheld – where ABN or TFN not quoted (non-individual)	<b>H3 \$</b> <input type="text" value="2"/>
Credit for TFN amounts withheld from payments from closely held trusts	<b>H5 \$</b> <input type="text"/>
Credit for interest on no-TFN tax offset	<b>H6 \$</b> <input type="text"/>
Credit for foreign resident capital gains withholding amounts	<b>H8 \$</b> <input type="text"/>
<b>Eligible credits</b>	<b>H \$</b> <input type="text" value="2"/>
	<i>(H2 plus H3 plus H5 plus H6 plus H8)</i>

<b>#Tax offset refunds</b> (Remainder of refundable tax offsets)	<b>I \$</b> <input type="text" value="0"/>
	<i>(unused amount from label E – an amount must be included even if it is zero)</i>

**PAYG instalments raised**

**K \$**

**Supervisory levy**

**L \$**

**Supervisory levy adjustment for wound up funds**

**M \$**

**Supervisory levy adjustment for new funds**

**N \$**

<b>AMOUNT DUE OR REFUNDABLE</b> A positive amount at <b>S</b> is what you owe, while a negative amount is refundable to you.	<b>S \$</b> <input type="text" value="257"/>
	<i>(T5 plus G less H less I less K plus L less M plus N)</i>

#This is a mandatory label.

## Section E: Losses

### 14 Losses

**!** If total loss is greater than \$100,000, complete and attach a *Losses schedule 2023*.

Tax losses carried forward to later income years	<b>U \$</b> <input type="text" value="7270"/>	<b>-00</b>
Net capital losses carried forward to later income years	<b>V \$</b> <input type="text" value="13500"/>	<b>-00</b>



### Section F: Member information

#### MEMBER 1

Title:

Family name

First given name

Other given names

Member's TFN  See the Privacy note in the Declaration.

Date of birth  Day Month Year

#### Contributions

OPENING ACCOUNT BALANCE \$

**!** Refer to instructions for completing these labels.

Employer contributions **A** \$

ABN of principal employer **A1**

Personal contributions **B** \$

CGT small business retirement exemption **C** \$

CGT small business 15-year exemption amount **D** \$

Personal injury election **E** \$

Spouse and child contributions **F** \$

Other third party contributions **G** \$

Proceeds from primary residence disposal **H** \$

Receipt date **H1**  Day Month Year

Assessable foreign superannuation fund amount **I** \$

Non-assessable foreign superannuation fund amount **J** \$

Transfer from reserve: assessable amount **K** \$

Transfer from reserve: non-assessable amount **L** \$

Contributions from non-complying funds and previously non-complying funds **T** \$

Any other contributions (including Super Co-contributions and Low Income Super Amounts) **M** \$

**TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS N** \$  (Sum of labels **A** to **M**)

#### Other transactions

Allocated earnings or losses **O** \$

Loss

Accumulation phase account balance **S1** \$

Inward rollovers and transfers **P** \$

Retirement phase account balance - Non CDBIS **S2** \$

Outward rollovers and transfers **Q** \$

Retirement phase account balance - CDBIS **S3** \$

Lump Sum payments **R1** \$

Code

Income stream payments **R2** \$

Code

TRIS Count

**CLOSING ACCOUNT BALANCE S** \$  (**S1 plus S2 plus S3**)

Accumulation phase value **X1** \$

Retirement phase value **X2** \$

Outstanding limited recourse borrowing arrangement amount **Y** \$

Fund's tax file number (TFN)

Section H: **Assets and liabilities**

**15 ASSETS**

**15a Australian managed investments**

Listed trusts **A** \$   
 Unlisted trusts **B** \$   
 Insurance policy **C** \$   
 Other managed investments **D** \$

**15b Australian direct investments**

**Limited recourse borrowing arrangements**  
 Australian residential real property  
**J1** \$   
 Australian non-residential real property  
**J2** \$   
 Overseas real property  
**J3** \$   
 Australian shares  
**J4** \$   
 Overseas shares  
**J5** \$   
 Other  
**J6** \$   
 Property count  
**J7**

Cash and term deposits **E** \$   
 Debt securities **F** \$   
 Loans **G** \$   
 Listed shares **H** \$   
 Unlisted shares **I** \$   
 Limited recourse borrowing arrangements **J** \$   
 Non-residential real property **K** \$   
 Residential real property **L** \$   
 Collectables and personal use assets **M** \$   
 Other assets **O** \$

**15c Other investments**

Crypto-Currency **N** \$

**15d Overseas direct investments**

Overseas shares **P** \$   
 Overseas non-residential real property **Q** \$   
 Overseas residential real property **R** \$   
 Overseas managed investments **S** \$   
 Other overseas assets **T** \$

**TOTAL AUSTRALIAN AND OVERSEAS ASSETS** **U** \$   
 (Sum of labels **A** to **T**)

**15e In-house assets**

Did the fund have a loan to, lease to or investment in, related parties (known as in-house assets) at the end of the income year?  
**A** No  Yes  \$

Fund's tax file number (TFN)

**15f Limited recourse borrowing arrangements**

If the fund had an LRBA were the LRBA borrowings from a licensed financial institution? **A** No  Yes

Did the members or related parties of the fund use personal guarantees or other security for the LRBA? **B** No  Yes

**16 LIABILITIES**

Borrowings for limited recourse borrowing arrangements	<b>V1</b> \$ <input type="text" value=""/>	-00		
Permissible temporary borrowings	<b>V2</b> \$ <input type="text" value=""/>	-00		
Other borrowings	<b>V3</b> \$ <input type="text" value=""/>	-00	Borrowings	<b>V</b> \$ <input type="text" value="0"/>
Total member closing account balances (total of all <b>CLOSING ACCOUNT BALANCES</b> from Sections F and G)			<b>W</b> \$	<input type="text" value="79631"/>
Reserve accounts			<b>X</b> \$	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Other liabilities			<b>Y</b> \$	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>			<b>Z</b> \$	<input type="text" value="79631"/>

**Section I: Taxation of financial arrangements**

**17 Taxation of financial arrangements (TOFA)**

Total TOFA gains **H** \$

Total TOFA losses **I** \$

**Section J: Other information**

**Family trust election status**

If the trust or fund has made, or is making, a family trust election, write the four-digit **income year specified** of the election (for example, for the 2022–23 income year, write **2023**). **A**

If revoking or varying a family trust election, print **R** for revoke or print **V** for variation, and complete and attach the *Family trust election, revocation or variation 2023*. **B**

**Interposed entity election status**

If the trust or fund has an existing election, write the earliest income year specified. If the trust or fund is making one or more elections this year, write the earliest income year being specified and complete an *Interposed entity election or revocation 2023* for each election. **C**

If revoking an interposed entity election, print **R**, and complete and attach the *Interposed entity election or revocation 2023*. **D**

Section K: **Declarations**

 Penalties may be imposed for false or misleading information in addition to penalties relating to any tax shortfalls.

**Important**

Before making this declaration check to ensure that all income has been disclosed and the annual return, all attached schedules and any additional documents are true and correct in every detail. If you leave labels blank, you will have specified a zero amount or the label was not applicable to you. If you are in doubt about any aspect of the annual return, place all the facts before the ATO.

**Privacy**

The ATO is authorised by the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* to request the provision of tax file numbers (TFNs). We will use the TFN to identify the entity in our records. It is not an offence not to provide the TFN. However if you do not provide the TFN, the processing of this form may be delayed.

Taxation law authorises the ATO to collect information and disclose it to other government agencies. For information about your privacy go to [ato.gov.au/privacy](http://ato.gov.au/privacy)

**TRUSTEE'S OR DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION:**

I declare that, the current trustees and directors have authorised this annual return and it is documented as such in the SMSF's records. I have received a copy of the audit report and are aware of any matters raised therein. The information on this annual return, including any attached schedules and additional documentation is true and correct.

Authorised trustee's, director's or public officer's signature

Date  Day /  Month /  Year

**Preferred trustee or director contact details:**

Title:

Family name

First given name

Other given names

Phone number

Email address

Non-individual trustee name (if applicable)

ABN of non-individual trustee

Time taken to prepare and complete this annual return  Hrs

 The Commissioner of Taxation, as Registrar of the Australian Business Register, may use the ABN and business details which you provide on this annual return to maintain the integrity of the register. For further information, refer to the instructions.

**TAX AGENT'S DECLARATION:**

I declare that the *Self-managed superannuation fund annual return 2023* has been prepared in accordance with information provided by the trustees, that the trustees have given me a declaration stating that the information provided to me is true and correct, and that the trustees have authorised me to lodge this annual return.

Tax agent's signature

Date  Day /  Month /  Year

**Tax agent's contact details**

Title:

Family name

First given name

Other given names

Tax agent's practice

Tax agent's phone number

Reference number

Tax agent number

**Jameson Family Super**  
**Investment Income Comparison Report**  
 For the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023

Payment Date	Income Type	Ledger Data			Diff *	Announcement Data				
		Total Income	Tax Credits+			Quantity	Held < 45 Days	Amount Per Unit	Total Income	Tax Credits+
<b>Cash At Bank</b>										
<b>CBA.BACCT: CBA Direct Investment Account</b>										
01/07/2022	Interest	6.74	0.00							
20/07/2022	Interest	6.92	0.00							
		13.66	0.00							
<b>Total</b>		<b>13.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>							

+Note: Tax Credits refer to franking credits for domestic income and foreign tax credits where the income is foreign in nature.

**Jameson Family Super**  
**Tax Accounting Reconciliation**  
For the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023

	<b>2023</b>
<b>Operating Statement Profit vs. Provision for Income Tax</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Benefits Accrued as a Result of Operations before Income Tax</b>	<b>(19,850.34)</b>
<b><u>ADD:</u></b>	
Excess Accounting Loss Carried Forward	919.00
Realised Capital Losses	13,500.00
<b><u>LESS:</u></b>	
Carry Forward Accounting Loss	919.00
Rounding	0.66
<b>Taxable Income or Loss</b>	<b>(6,351.00)</b>
	<b>Income Amount</b>
Gross Tax @ 15% for Concessional Income	(6,351.00)
Gross Tax @ 45% for Net Non-Arm's Length Income	0.00
No-TFN Quoted Contributions @ 32%	0.00
Change in Carried Forward Losses	6,351.00
<b>Provision for Income Tax</b>	<b>0.00</b>
	<b>Tax Amount</b>
Gross Tax @ 15% for Concessional Income	0.00
Gross Tax @ 45% for Net Non-Arm's Length Income	0.00
No-TFN Quoted Contributions @ 32%	0.00
Change in Carried Forward Losses	0.00

**Provision for Income Tax vs. Income Tax Expense**

<b>Provision for Income Tax</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Income Tax Expense</b>	<b>0.00</b>

**Provision for Income Tax vs. Income Tax Payable**

<b>Provision for Income Tax</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b><u>LESS:</u></b>	
Withholding Credits	2.00
<b>Income Tax Payable (Receivable)</b>	<b>(2.00)</b>

**Exempt Current Pension Income Settings**

Pension Exempt % (Actuarial)	0.0000%
Pension Exempt % (Expenses)	0.0000%
Assets Segregated For Pensions	No



## Jameson Family Super

### Members Summary Report - For the period 1/07/2022 to 30/06/2023

Member's Detail	Opening Balance	Increases				Decreases					Closing Balance
		Contrib	Tran In	Profit	Ins Proc	Tax	Exp	Ins Prem	Tran Out	Ben Paid	
<b>Mr Christopher Jameson</b>											
32 Spruce Cct Hillcrest VIC 4118											
Accumulation <b>Accumulation</b>	99,481.43	0.00	0.00	(19,850.34)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	79,631.09
	99,481.43	0.00	0.00	(19,850.34)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	79,631.09
	99,481.43	0.00	0.00	(19,850.34)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	79,631.09

**Jameson Family Super**  
**Investment Summary as at 30 June 2023**

Investment	Units	Average Cost Price	Market Price	Accounting Cost	Market Value	Unrealised Accounting Gain/(Loss)	Accounting Gain/(Loss) (%)	Portfolio Weight (%)
<b><u>Bank</u></b>								
CBA Business Transaction Account				35,300.00	35,300.00			100.00%
				<b>35,300.00</b>	<b>35,300.00</b>			<b>100.00%</b>
				<b>35,300.00</b>	<b>35,300.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The accounting cost is the original cost base adjusted by any subsequent capital call/improvement or capital return transactions. In many cases, it is not the same as the adjusted or reduced cost base, or the reset cost base resulting from the CGT relief. To view the tax cost base and unrealised gain/(loss) for tax purposes refer to the Unrealised Capital Gains Report or change the report parameter to tax cost base.



**Jameson Family Super  
Investment Income Summary  
For the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023**

Total Income	Add			Less					Taxable Income (excluding Capital Gains)	Indexed Capital Gains *	Discounted Capital Gains *	Other Capital Gains *	CGT Concession Amount *	
	Franking Credits	Foreign Credits	TFN Credits	Tax Free	Tax Exempt	Tax Deferred	Distributed Capital Gains	GST						
<b><u>Bank</u></b>														
CBA Direct Investment Account														
11.66	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>11.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>13.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>11.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>13.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

\* Distributed capital gains components correspond to the cash amount received. You should refer to Realised Capital Gains or Distribution Reconciliation Reports for tax and capital gain reporting purpose.

**Jameson Family Super**  
**Realised Capital Gains**  
**For the period from 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023**

Accounting Treatment					Taxation Treatment						
Quantity	Proceeds	Excess Tax Value*	Original Cost	Accounting Profit/(Loss)	Cost Base Calculation		Capital Gains Calculation				
					Adjusted	Reduced	Indexation	Discounted	Other	Deferred	Capital Loss
<b><i>Collectibles Market</i></b>											
<b>1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA</b>											
12/12/2022	Sale	1.00	41,500.00	55,000.00	(13,500.00)		55,000.00				13,500.00
		1.00	41,500.00	55,000.00	(13,500.00)		55,000.00			0.00	13,500.00
<b>Collectibles Market Total</b>			41,500.00	55,000.00	(13,500.00)		55,000.00			0.00	13,500.00
<b>Grand Total</b>			41,500.00	55,000.00	(13,500.00)		55,000.00			0.00	13,500.00

\* Where there is an Excess Tax Value Amount, the Accounting Profit/(Loss) figure takes account of this. Accounting Profit/(Loss) equals Proceeds less Excess Tax Value less Original Cost.

**Jameson Family Super**  
**Realised Capital Gains**  
For the period from 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023

**Capital Gains Tax Return Summary**

	Indexation	Discount	Other	Deferred	Total Capital Gains	Capital Losses
<b>Current Year Capital Gains</b>						
Shares & Units - Listed Shares	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shares & Units - Other Shares	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shares & Units - Listed Trusts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shares & Units - Other Units	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Australian Real Estate	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Real Estate	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Collectables	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other CGT Assets & Other CGT Events	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Distributed Capital Gains from Trusts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Capital Losses Applied</b>						
Current Year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Prior Years	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Net Capital Gains</b>						
Net Gain after applying losses	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Discount applicable		0.00				
Net Gain after applying discount	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Jameson Family Super**  
 (ABN: 66 783 497 456)

**Consolidated Member Benefit Totals**

Period	Member Account Details
1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023	Residential Address: 32 Spruce Cct Hillcrest, VIC 4118
Member Number: 1	Date of Birth: 1 January 2001
Mr Christopher Jameson	Date Joined Fund: 23 April 2019
	Eligible Service Date: 1 August 2019
	Tax File Number Held: No

*Note: this report provides a consolidated view of the Member's interests in the SMSF  
Refer to the Member Benefit Statements produced for each member account for further details*

**Your Accounts**

<b>Withdrawal Benefit as at 1 Jul 2022</b>	
Accumulation	99,481.43
<b>Total as at 1 Jul 2022</b>	<b>99,481.43</b>

<b>Withdrawal Benefit as at 30 Jun 2023</b>	
Accumulation	79,631.09
<b>Total as at 30 Jun 2023</b>	<b>79,631.09</b>

**Your Tax Components**

Tax Free	6,873.58
Taxable - Taxed	72,757.51
Taxable - Untaxed	-

**Your Preservation Components**

Preserved	79,631.09
Restricted Non Preserved	-
Unrestricted Non Preserved	-

**Your Insurance Benefits**

No insurance details have been recorded

**Your Beneficiaries**

No beneficiary details have been recorded

**For Enquiries:**

mail Jameson Family Super, 32 Spruce Cct, Hillcrest QLD 4118

**Jameson Family Super**  
 (ABN: 66 783 497 456)

**Member Benefit Statement**

Period	Member Account Details
1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023	Residential Address: 32 Spruce Cct Hillcrest, VIC 4118
Member Number: 1	Date of Birth: 1 January 2001
Mr Christopher Jameson	Date Joined Fund: 23 April 2019
Accumulation Account	Eligible Service Date: 1 August 2019
Accumulation	Tax File Number Held: No
	Account Start Date: 23 April 2019

Your Account Summary	
Withdrawal Benefit as at 1 Jul 2022	<b>99,481.43</b>
<i>Decreases to your account:</i>	
Share Of Net Fund Income	19,850.34
<u>Total Decreases</u>	<u>19,850.34</u>
<b>Withdrawal Benefit as at 30 Jun 2023</b>	<b><u><u>79,631.09</u></u></b>

Your Tax Components		
Tax Free	8.6318 %	6,873.58
Taxable - Taxed		72,757.51
Taxable - Untaxed		-

Your Preservation Components	
Preserved	79,631.09
Restricted Non Preserved	-
Unrestricted Non Preserved	-

**Your Insurance Benefits**  
 No insurance details have been recorded

**Your Beneficiaries**  
 No beneficiary details have been recorded

**For Enquiries:**  
 mail Jameson Family Super, 32 Spruce Cct, Hillcrest QLD 4118



**Trustee**

The Trustee of the Fund is as follows:

Jameson Family Pty Ltd

The directors of the Trustee company are:

Christopher Jameson

**Availability of Other Fund Information**

Additional information regarding your membership is available on request. What your Fund can do is governed by the provisions of its Trust Deed, which is available for inspection. If you require further information or clarification of any aspect of your membership of the Fund, please contact your Fund's Administrator or Trustee.

**Trustee Disclaimer**

This statement has been prepared by the Trustee for the member whose name appears at the top of this statement. While every effort has been made by the Trustee to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this statement, the Trustee does not accept any liability for any errors, omissions or misprints.

Signed on behalf of the Trustee of the Fund

.....  
Christopher Jameson  
Director - Jameson Family Pty Ltd

Statement Date: 30 June 2023

**For Enquiries:**  
mail Jameson Family Super, 32 Spruce Cct, Hillcrest QLD 4118

**Jameson Family Super**  
**Investment Movement Summary**  
**For the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023**

Investment	Opening Balance		Acquisitions		Disposals			Closing Balance		
	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Proceeds	Profit/(Loss)	Qty	Cost	Market Value
<b><i>Bank</i></b>										
CBA Business Transaction Account		0.00		41,500.00		6,200.00	0.00		35,300.00	35,300.00
CBA Direct Investment Account		44,317.43		13.66		44,331.09	0.00		0.00	0.00
		<u>44,317.43</u>		<u>41,513.66</u>		<u>50,531.09</u>	<u>0.00</u>		<u>35,300.00</u>	<u>35,300.00</u>
<b><i>Collectibles Market</i></b>										
1970 MAZDA RX2 CAPELLA	1.00	55,000.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	41,500.00	(13,500.00)	0.00	0.00	0.00
		<u>55,000.00</u>		<u>0.00</u>		<u>41,500.00</u>	<u>(13,500.00)</u>		<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
<b>Fund Total</b>		<u><b>99,317.43</b></u>		<u><b>41,513.66</b></u>		<u><b>92,031.09</b></u>	<u><b>(13,500.00)</b></u>		<u><b>35,300.00</b></u>	<u><b>35,300.00</b></u>



## List of Transactions

**Account name** JAMESON FAMILY PTY LTD AS TRUSTEES FOR JAMESON FAMILY SUPER  
**BSB** ~~002092~~  
**Account number** ~~07002010~~  
**Account type** Commonwealth Direct Investment Account  
**Account currency** AUD  
**Transactions from** 01/10/20 - 20/07/22

**Note:**

This transaction listing may not display all payments on your account if filter settings were applied, prior to printing you this copy for the chosen date range. For a complete list of your transactions, please log on to your online channel.

Date	Transaction details	Amount	Balance
20 Jul 2022	DeReg ACN funds transferred to ASIC	-\$44,329.09	\$0.00
20 Jul 2022	TFN Withholding Tax	-\$2.00	\$44,329.09
20 Jul 2022	Credit Interest	+\$6.92	\$44,331.09
1 Jul 2022	Credit Interest	+\$6.74	\$44,324.17
1 Jun 2022	Credit Interest	+\$3.34	\$44,317.43
1 May 2022	Credit Interest	+\$1.82	\$44,314.09
1 Apr 2022	Credit Interest	+\$1.88	\$44,312.27
1 Mar 2022	Credit Interest	+\$1.70	\$44,310.39
1 Feb 2022	Credit Interest	+\$1.88	\$44,308.69
1 Jan 2022	Credit Interest	+\$1.88	\$44,306.81
4 Dec 2021	SHANNONS INSURANCE CommBank app BPAY 51839 013784849 Insurance premium	-\$473.86	\$44,304.93
1 Dec 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.84	\$44,778.79
1 Nov 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,776.95
1 Oct 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.84	\$44,775.05
1 Sep 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,773.21
1 Aug 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,771.31
1 Jul 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.84	\$44,769.41
1 Jun 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,767.57
1 May 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.84	\$44,765.67
1 Apr 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,763.83
1 Mar 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.72	\$44,761.93
1 Feb 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,760.21





Date	Transaction details	Amount	Balance
1 Jan 2021	Credit Interest	+\$1.90	\$44,758.31
2 Dec 2020	SHANNONS INSURANCE CommBank app BPAY 51839 013784849 Annual insurance	-\$454.26	\$44,756.41
1 Dec 2020	Credit Interest	+\$3.34	\$45,210.67
1 Nov 2020	Credit Interest	+\$5.76	\$45,207.33
1 Oct 2020	Credit Interest	+\$5.57	\$45,201.57

**Due Date: 01 Feb 2023**

TAX INVOICE

Trustee for Jameson Family Super  
32 Spruce Cct  
HILLCREST QLD 4118  
AUSTRALIA

**Invoice Number**  
INV-1238

**Invoice Date**  
25 Jan 2023

Description	GST	Amount
For Professional Services including:		
Attendance to ATO Audit requests as per quote	10%	550.00
	Subtotal	500.00
	Total GST 10%	50.00
	Invoice Total	550.00
	Payments Received	0.00
	<b>Amount Due</b>	<b>\$550.00</b>

Account payment terms are STRICTLY 7 days net  
[accounts@smsfaustralia.com](mailto:accounts@smsfaustralia.com)

### How to Pay



EFT directly into our bank account:  
Account: SMSF Australia Pty Ltd  
BSB: 065-004 Account No: 1108 1117  
Reference: Name and INV-1238



Credit card payment via Stripe  
VISA or MasterCard Accepted  
**3% surcharge oncharged**

**Due Date: 29 Nov 2022**

TAX INVOICE

Trustee for Jameson Family Super  
32 Spruce Cct  
HILLCREST QLD 4118  
AUSTRALIA

**Invoice Number**  
INV-1191

**Invoice Date**  
22 Nov 2022

Description	GST	Amount
For Professional Services including:		
Accounting time completing entry, reconciliations, members statements, financials and tax return for the fund for 2020 - 2022	10%	2,475.00
Class Super Software costs oncharged for 2020 - 2022	10%	825.00
Audit costs including disbursement to independent auditor for 2020 - 2022	10%	990.00
	Subtotal	3,900.00
	Total GST 10%	390.00
	Invoice Total	4,290.00
	Payments Received	0.00
	<b>Amount Due</b>	<b>\$4,290.00</b>

Account payment terms are STRICTLY 7 days net  
[accounts@smsfaustralia.com](mailto:accounts@smsfaustralia.com)

## How to Pay



EFT directly into our bank account:  
Account: SMSF Australia Pty Ltd  
BSB: 065-004 Account No: 1108 1117  
Reference: Name and INV-1191



Credit card payment via Stripe  
VISA or MasterCard Accepted  
**3% surcharge oncharged**



## Income tax 002

---

<b>Date generated</b>	23 November 2023
<b>Overdue</b>	\$0.00
<b>Not yet due</b>	\$0.00
<b>Balance</b>	\$0.00

## Transactions

---

5 results found - from 23 November 2021 to 23 November 2023 sorted by processed date ordered newest to oldest

Processed date	Effective date	Description	Debit (DR)	Credit (CR)	Balance
27 Mar 2023	1 Jul 2021	General interest charge			\$0.00
25 Mar 2023	1 Dec 2022	Tax return Self Man Superfund - Income Tax for the period from 01 Jul 21 to 30 Jun 22	\$259.00		\$0.00
25 Mar 2023	1 Dec 2021	Tax return Self Man Superfund - Income Tax for the period from 01 Jul 20 to 30 Jun 21	\$259.00		\$259.00 CR
25 Mar 2023	1 Dec 2020	Tax return Self Man Superfund - Income Tax for the period from 01 Jul 19 to 30 Jun 20	\$354.00		\$518.00 CR
3 Jan 2023	23 Dec 2022	Payment received		\$872.00	\$872.00 CR



Australian Government  
Australian Taxation Office

**Agent** SMSF AUSTRALIA PTY LTD  
**Client** THE TRUSTEE FOR JAMESON  
FAMILY SUPER  
**ABN** 66 783 497 456  
**TFN** 551 691 699

## Activity statement 004

---

<b>Date generated</b>	23 November 2023
<b>Overdue</b>	\$0.00
<b>Not yet due</b>	\$0.00
<b>Balance</b>	\$0.00

## Transactions

---

0 results found - from 23 November 2021 to 23 November 2023 sorted by processed date ordered newest to oldest

# Patricia Holdings

A.B.N. 43 264 414 938

[www.patricia.com.au](http://www.patricia.com.au)

CHRISTOPHER PERRY JAMESON  
32 SPRUCE CIRCUIT  
HILLCREST QLD 4118

Date: 06 December 2022  
Reference: CHRISTOPHER  
PERRY JAMESON  
Account: 4774

TAX INVOICE - 00042374

## Replacement Superannuation Fund

	Amount	Code
JAMESON FAMILY SUPER	\$385.00	GST
EMAIL DELIVERY	\$22.00	GST
EXTRA COPIES OF CONSTITUTION	\$22.00	GST

**GST Total: \$39.00**  
**Total Inc GST: \$429.00**

# PAID

Because of our NON-TRADED GUARANTEE, goods cannot be returned.

Level 1,9-11 Grosvenor Street, P.O.Box 1714, Neutral Bay NSW 2089

**T.** (02) 9953 2399/ 1800 226 735

**E.** [sales@patricia.com.au](mailto:sales@patricia.com.au) **W.** [www.patricia.com.au](http://www.patricia.com.au)



040

JAMESON FAMILY SUPER  
 32 SPRUCE CCT  
 HILLCREST QLD 4118

Account Number 06 4117 10551591

Statement Period 22 Dec 2022 - 31 Dec 2022

Closing Balance \$36,338.00 CR

Enquiries 13 1998  
 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)

## Business Transaction Account

If this account has an attached overdraft limit or facility which is secured over your primary place of residence or over a residential investment property you should ensure that the property is insured in accordance with the terms and conditions of the mortgage. If you have any queries about your insurance cover you should contact your insurer. Information on property insurance can also be found on [www.moneysmart.gov.au](http://www.moneysmart.gov.au). Note, if this account has an attached overdraft limit or facility and we send you a statement every 4 or 6 months, we will update your statement preference to every 3 months as part of changes made to the new Banking Code of Practice from 1 July 2019.

Name: JAMESON FAMILY PTY LTD AS TRUSTEES FOR J  
 AMESON FAMILY SUPER

Note: Have you checked your statement today? It's easy to find out more information about each of your transactions by logging on to the CommBank App or NetBank. Should you have any questions on fees or see an error please contact us on the details above. Cheque proceeds are available when cleared.

The date of transactions shown here may be different on your other transaction lists (for example, the transaction list that appears on the CommBank app).

Date	Transaction	Debit	Credit	Balance
22 Dec 2022	OPENING BALANCE			Nil
22 Dec	DEPOSIT CASH \$41500.00 CHEQUE \$0.00 Branch BROWNS PLAINS		41,500.00	\$41,500.00 CR
23 Dec	TAX OFFICE PAYMENTS CommBank app BPAY 7 002005516916993121 Tax payable	872.00		\$40,628.00 CR
23 Dec	Transfer To SMSF Australia Pty Ltd CommBank App Tax Returns Acct Fees	4,290.00		\$36,338.00 CR
31 Dec 2022	CLOSING BALANCE			\$36,338.00 CR

Opening balance	-	Total debits	+	Total credits	=	Closing balance
Nil		\$5,162.00		\$41,500.00		\$36,338.00 CR



\*# 1794.5616.1.2 ZZ258R3 0303 AR.R3.S132.D365.L.V06.00.35



040

JAMESON FAMILY SUPER  
 32 SPRUCE CCT  
 HILLCREST QLD 4118

Account Number 06 4117 10551591

Statement Period 1 Jan 2023 - 31 Mar 2023

Closing Balance \$35,359.00 CR

Enquiries 13 1998  
 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)

## Business Transaction Account

If this account has an attached overdraft limit or facility which is secured over your primary place of residence or over a residential Investment property you should ensure that the property is insured in accordance with the terms and conditions of the mortgage. If you have any queries about your insurance cover you should contact your insurer. Information on property insurance can also be found on [www.moneysmart.gov.au](http://www.moneysmart.gov.au). Note, if this account has an attached overdraft limit or facility and we send you a statement every 4 or 6 months, we will update your statement preference to every 3 months as part of changes made to the new Banking Code of Practice from 1 July 2019.

Name: JAMESON FAMILY PTY LTD AS TRUSTEES FOR J  
 AMESON FAMILY SUPER

Note: Have you checked your statement today? It's easy to find out more information about each of your transactions by logging on to the CommBank App or NetBank. Should you have any questions on fees or see an error please contact us on the details above. Cheque proceeds are available when cleared.

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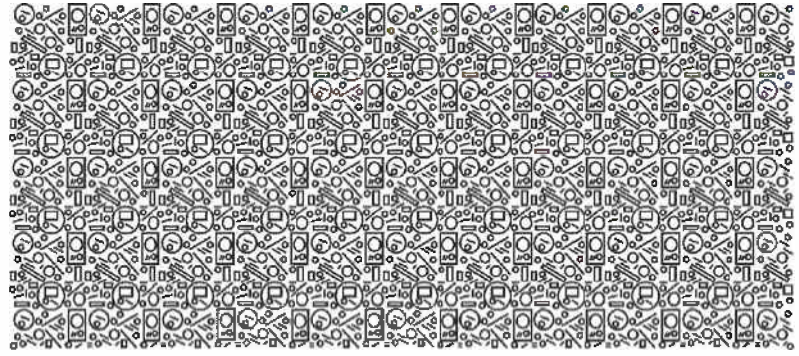
Date	Transaction	Debit	Credit	Balance
01 Jan	2023 OPENING BALANCE			\$36,338.00 CR
05 Feb	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Reimburse Inv1238	550.00		\$35,788.00 CR
18 Feb	Transfer to xx9809 CommBank app Trust Deed Reimbur	429.00		\$35,359.00 CR
31 Mar	2023 CLOSING BALANCE			\$35,359.00 CR

<b>Opening balance</b>	-	<b>Total debits</b>	+	<b>Total credits</b>	=	<b>Closing balance</b>
\$36,338.00 CR		\$979.00		Nil		\$35,359.00 CR



\*# 8165.18069.1.2.ZZ258R3.0303.SL.R3.S132.D090.O.V06.00.36





### Transaction Summary during 22nd December 2022 to 28th February 2023

Transaction Type	22 Dec to 31 Dec	01 Jan to 31 Jan	01 Feb to 28 Feb	Free	Chargeable	Unit Price	Fee Charged
Staff assisted withdrawals	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Cheques written	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Cheque deposit	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Over the counter deposit	1	0	0	0	1	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Quick deposits	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Cheq deposit in quick deposit box	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>\$0.00</b>
<b>Account Fee</b>						<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>
<b>Paper Statement Fee</b>						<b>\$2.50</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>

#### Important Information:

We try to get things right the first time – but if we don't, we'll do what we can to fix it.

You can fix most problems simply by contacting us.

Write to: CBA Group Customer Relations, Reply Paid 41, Sydney NSW 2001

Tell us online: [commbank.com.au/support/compliments-and-complaints.html](https://commbank.com.au/support/compliments-and-complaints.html)

Call: 1800 805 605 (free call)

You can also contact the Australian Financial Complaints Authority, AFCA, an independent external dispute resolution body approved by ASIC - time limits may apply, visit AFCA, [afca.org.au](https://afca.org.au), website for more information.

Write to: Australian Financial Complaints Authority, GPO Box 3, Melbourne VIC 3001

Email: [info@afca.org.au](mailto:info@afca.org.au)

Call: 1800 931 678, free call Monday to Friday 9am– 5pm, AEST

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### Reminder about Cheque and Assisted transaction fees.

A \$3 fee will be charged for each Quick Deposit, Cheque and Assisted transaction while you are on the \$0 Monthly Account Fee option. This includes over the counter deposits/withdrawals, cash/cheque deposits made via the Quick Deposit Box or Quick Cash Envelopes, cheques deposited at an ATM and withdrawals/transfers made via telephone banking using an operator.

For a full list of fees on your account visit [commbank.com.au/BTAterms](http://commbank.com.au/BTAterms)

If you are processing a number of these transactions each month you may want to consider switching account fee options<sup>^</sup>. The \$10 Monthly Account Fee option includes 20 Quick Deposit, Cheque and Assisted transactions per month.

For more information on how to switch visit [commbank.com.au/btsamoreinfo](http://commbank.com.au/btsamoreinfo)

<sup>^</sup>This information has been prepared without taking into account your individual or business needs and objectives. You can view the Terms and Conditions for Business Transaction and Savings Accounts, our Financial Services Guide and the Electronic Banking Terms and Conditions at [commbank.com.au/bta](http://commbank.com.au/bta) and should consider them before making any decision about these products



## Important Notice

### Changes to cheque access from 3 June 2023

We are phasing out cheque access<sup>1</sup> from 3 June 2023, as follows:

- If you open a CommBank account from 3 June 2023, cheque access to that account won't be available. Some exceptions apply<sup>2</sup>.
- If a cheque book was not issued for your account<sup>2</sup> before 3 June 2023, cheque access to that account won't be available from 3 June 2023.
- From 3 June 2023 replacement cheque books will no longer be issued automatically. To obtain a replacement cheque book, please contact us or visit your nearest branch.
- If you switch from a CommBank account where a cheque book was previously issued, to a new CommBank account, and your cheque book is linked to your new account, you can continue to have cheque access to your new account until all of the cheques in your cheque book are used. Once you've used all the cheques in that cheque book, cheque access will no longer be available from 3 June 2023.
- All account Terms and Conditions will be updated to reflect these changes on 3 June 2023 on [commbank.com.au](https://commbank.com.au)

Using NetBank, the CommBank app or CommBiz (for business and institutional customers), you can manage your money securely online anywhere, anytime and you can access a range of handy features, including:

- Transferring money between your accounts in real-time
- Transferring money to a BSB and Account Number or paying money to someone using PayID
- Setting up a recurring transfer or scheduling a transfer for later
- Paying your bills using PayTo, BPAY® or direct debit

For your personal accounts you can also use phone banking to transfer money between your accounts by calling us at 13 2221. For your business accounts you can manage your money securely online anywhere, anytime using NetBank, the CommBank app or CommBiz. For more information visit [commbank.com.au/changes-to-cheques](https://commbank.com.au/changes-to-cheques)

<sup>1</sup> Cheque access means being able to take money out of your account using a cheque from a cheque book issued to you on request and linked to your account, or a cheque obtained by you on request, over the counter in branch.

<sup>2</sup> Selected business and institutional banking accounts are excluded. Speak with your Relationship Manager, or visit [commbank.com.au/changes-to-cheques](https://commbank.com.au/changes-to-cheques)

® Registered to BPAY Pty Ltd ABN 69 079 137 518



040

JAMESON FAMILY SUPER  
 32 SPRUCE CCT  
 HILLCREST QLD 4118

**Account Number** 06 4117 10551591

**Statement Period** 1 Apr 2023 - 30 Jun 2023

**Closing Balance** \$35,300.00 CR

**Enquiries** 13 1998  
 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)

## Business Transaction Account

If this account has an attached overdraft limit or facility which is secured over your primary place of residence or over a residential Investment property you should ensure that the property is insured in accordance with the terms and conditions of the mortgage. If you have any queries about your insurance cover you should contact your insurer. Information on property insurance can also be found on [www.moneysmart.gov.au](http://www.moneysmart.gov.au). Note, if this account has an attached overdraft limit or facility and we send you a statement every 4 or 6 months, we will update your statement preference to every 3 months as part of changes made to the new Banking Code of Practice from 1 July 2019.

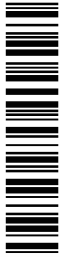
Name: JAMESON FAMILY PTY LTD AS TRUSTEES FOR J  
 AMESON FAMILY SUPER

Note: Have you checked your statement today? It's easy to find out more information about each of your transactions by logging on to the CommBank App or NetBank. Should you have any questions on fees or see an error please contact us on the details above. Cheque proceeds are available when cleared.

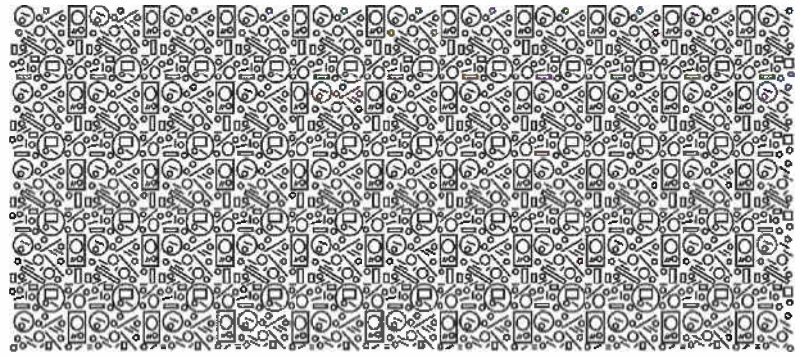
The date of transactions shown here may be different on your other transaction lists (for example, the transaction list that appears on the CommBank app).

Date	Transaction	Debit	Credit	Balance
01 Apr	2023 OPENING BALANCE			\$35,359.00 CR
08 May	ASIC CommBank app BPAY 1 2296330566672 ASICAnnual Renewal	59.00		\$35,300.00 CR
30 Jun	2023 CLOSING BALANCE			\$35,300.00 CR

<b>Opening balance</b>	-	<b>Total debits</b>	+	<b>Total credits</b>	=	<b>Closing balance</b>
\$35,359.00 CR		\$59.00		Nil		\$35,300.00 CR



\*# 11602.29798.1.2.ZZ258R3.0303.SL.R3.S131.D161.OV06.00.36



### Transaction Summary during 1st March 2023 to 31st May 2023

Transaction Type	01 Mar to 31 Mar	01 Apr to 30 Apr	01 May to 31 May	Free	Chargeable	Unit Price	Fee Charged
Staff assisted withdrawals	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Cheques written	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Cheque deposit	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Over the counter deposit	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Quick deposits	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
Cheq deposit in quick deposit box	0	0	0	0	0	\$3.00	<b>\$0.00</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>		<b>\$0.00</b>
<b>Account Fee</b>						<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>
<b>Paper Statement Fee</b>						<b>\$2.50</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>

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Tell us online: [commbank.com.au/support/compliments-and-complaints.html](https://commbank.com.au/support/compliments-and-complaints.html)

Call: 1800 805 605 (free call)

You can also contact the Australian Financial Complaints Authority, AFCA, an independent external dispute resolution body approved by ASIC - time limits may apply, visit AFCA, [afca.org.au](https://afca.org.au), website for more information.

Write to: Australian Financial Complaints Authority, GPO Box 3, Melbourne VIC 3001

Email: [info@afca.org.au](mailto:info@afca.org.au)

Call: 1800 931 678, free call Monday to Friday 9am– 5pm, AEST

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A \$3 fee will be charged for each Quick Deposit, Cheque and Assisted transaction while you are on the \$0 Monthly Account Fee option. This includes over the counter deposits/withdrawals, cash/cheque deposits made via the Quick Deposit Box or Quick Cash Envelopes, cheques deposited at an ATM and withdrawals/transfers made via telephone banking using an operator.

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**Bill of Sale for a Motor Vehicle**

FOR GOOD CONSIDERATION, and in payment of \$ \$41,500.00

Receipt acknowledged, the undersigned (seller) Chris Jameson (Jameson Faily Super)

Hereby sells and transfers to (Buyer) Abdullah Ibrahim

The following vehicle:

Make: Mazda

Model: RX2 Capella Year: 1970

Vehicle Engine Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Vehicle Chassis Number: S122A40015

Vehicle Registration Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Seller warrants that it is the legal owner of said vehicle, that said vehicle is being sold free and clear of all claims and encumbrances, that Seller has full right and authority to sell and transfer same, and will protect and indemnify Buyer from all claims adverse thereto.

Said vehicle is being sold "As is" without any express or implied warranty as to condition or working order.

Dated: 12 / 12 / 2022

Signature: 

Name of Signature: Christopher Jameson

Phone (include country code and area code): 0404 525 472

Email: cjamo65@gmail.com

Jameson Family Super

Strategist SMSF  
Trust Deed & Rules

Prepared for:

**MORE Superannuation**





# Jameson Family Super

## Strategist SMSF Trust Deed & Rules



Prepared by:

**PGG**Legal  
PG Gell Legal Services Pty Ltd

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# The Rules of the Fund

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*Note: terms capitalised are defined in the Definitions.*

## Part One: Establishment of the Fund

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### Purpose of the Fund

#### **Rule 1. The Fund Must Satisfy the Sole Purpose Test**

##### **Explanation**

The Fund must be established and must be maintained solely for the provision of Core Purposes or for the provision of Core Purposes and Ancillary Purposes of the 'sole purpose test' in the *SIS Act*.

The *SIS Act* defines Core Purposes to include the provision of Benefits to a Member upon his or her retirement or to the Legal Personal Representative or Dependants of the Member in the event of the Member's death.

The *SIS Act* also provides that the Trustee may maintain the Fund for both Core Purposes and for Ancillary Purposes. An Ancillary Purpose may include the provision of Temporary or Permanent Incapacity Benefits to a Member, where the Member terminates employment as a consequence of ill health.

An Ancillary Purpose also includes the provision of such Benefits as the Regulator has approved in writing.

Tax concessions will not be available to the Fund unless the Trustee of the Fund is either a Constitutional Corporation (that is a Corporate Trustee) or its sole or primary purpose is the provision of old age pensions (this however does not mean that a fund which does not have a corporate Trustee cannot pay a pension). Rule 1.2 reflects this requirement.

#### **Rule**

- 1.1. The Trustee must ensure that the Fund is maintained for one or more of the Core Purposes and for one or more of the Ancillary Purposes and for no other purpose.
- 1.2. If the Trustee is not a Constitutional Corporation, the sole or primary purpose of the Fund is the provision of old age pensions.

### Becoming a Regulated Superannuation Fund

#### **Rule 2. The Trustee must ensure that the Fund is a Regulated Superannuation Fund**

##### **Explanation**

To obtain a tax concession the Fund must be a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund. A Self Managed Superannuation Fund will not be a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund if it is not a Regulated Superannuation Fund.



## Rule

The Trustee must cause the Fund to be a Regulated Superannuation Fund at all times.

# Appointing the Trustee

## Rule 3. Who May or May Not be a Trustee

### Explanation

The Fund must have a Trustee.

- Section 17A of the *SIS Act* must be satisfied in order for the Fund to be a Self Managed Superannuation Fund. This section requires that:
  - each Member must be a Trustee or, if the Trustee is a company, each Member must be a director of that company;
  - a person who is not a Member may not be a Trustee or a director of a company which is a Trustee; and
  - except that a Legal Personal Representative may also be a Trustee.
- On the Death of a Member, the Legal Personal Representative of that Member should be appointed as a Trustee or as director of a company that is a Trustee – see Rule 54.
- For single Member Funds, another person is required to be appointed as a Trustee, not being an employer of the Member unless also a Relative of the Member.

These Rules do not allow for the purposes of administrative simplicity, a company to be a Trustee if a Member is also a Trustee.

If a company is appointed Trustee, the constitution of that company should be compatible with the Rules.

Any person accepting appointment as a Trustee or director of a company that is the Trustee must read and agree to the Rules.

A disqualified person may not be a Trustee. A disqualified person may include a person who has committed a civil or criminal offence, or is bankrupt.

### Who May be a Trustee

- 3.1. Natural persons may be Trustees or a company may be the Trustee but natural persons and Companies cannot both be Trustees.
- 3.2. Subject to this Rule and Rule 54 below (which applies on death of a Member) an individual may only be a Trustee if the individual is a Member.
- 3.3. Subject to this Rule and Rule 54 below (which applies on the death of a Member) a Constitutional Corporation may only be a Trustee if all the directors of the company are Members.
- 3.4. Notwithstanding Rules 3.2 and 3.3, if there is only one person who is a Member then:
  - (a) that Member or a Legal Personal Representative of that Member and one other natural person who is a Relative of the Member, or is a person who is not an Employer of the Member, may be the Trustee; or
  - (b) a Constitutional Corporation may be the Trustee, if the sole director of which is the Member or a Legal Personal Representative of the Member, or the company may have two directors of which one is the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member and another person is a Relative of the Member, or is a person who is not an Employer of the Member.

- 3.5. If the Member is under a legal disability, that Member cannot be appointed as a Trustee but a Legal Personal Representative of that Member shall be appointed as a Trustee.
- 3.6. If the Regulator appoints a person or company as a Trustee, that person or company may be a Trustee.
- 3.7. Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Rules a person or company, shall not be appointed as a Trustee unless they provide the Trustee with a written consent to that appointment and have acknowledged that they have read and agreed to be bound by the Rules.
- 3.8. Each person who is a director of a company which is to be a Trustee must provide a written consent to the appointment of that company and have acknowledged that they have read and agreed to be bound by the Rules.
- 3.9. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules an Approved Trustee may be appointed as the Trustee.

### **Who may not be a Trustee**

- 3.10. A person cannot be a Trustee if:
  - (a) at any time:
    - (1) the person was convicted of an offence against or arising out of a law of the Commonwealth of Australia, a State or a Territory of Australia or a foreign country, being an offence in respect of dishonest conduct; or
    - (2) a Civil Penalty Order was made in respect of the person; or
  - (b) the person is an insolvent under administration; or
  - (c) a Regulator has disqualified the person (for the purposes of sections 126A or 126H of the *SIS Act*) and the Regulator has not waived that person's status as a disqualified person.
- 3.11. A company cannot be a Trustee if:
  - (a) the company knows, or has reasonable grounds to suspect, that a person who is, or who is acting as a Responsible Officer of the company has been disqualified by the Regulator (for the purposes of sections 126A or 126H of the *SIS Act*); and
  - (b) the company knows or has reasonable grounds to suspect that:
    - (1) the person is not eligible under section 126B(1) of the *SIS Act* to apply to APRA for a declaration waiving his or her status as a disqualified person; or
    - (2) the person is so eligible under section 126B(1) of the *SIS Act* to apply to APRA for a declaration waiving his or her status as a disqualified person but that person will not make an application under subsection 126B(3) of the *SIS Act* seeking a waiver of that status; or
  - (c) a receiver, or a receiver and manager, has been appointed in respect of property owned by the company; or
  - (d) an official manager, deputy official manager or administrator has been appointed in respect of the company; or
  - (e) a provisional liquidator has been appointed in respect of the company; or
  - (f) the company has begun to be wound up.
- 3.12. Notwithstanding Rules 3.9 and 3.10 above a person or company can be appointed as a Trustee if that appointment as a Trustee is authorised by the Regulator.

## Rule 4. Appointment of a Trustee

### Explanation

This Rule provides the mechanism for appointing those persons eligible to be appointed as Trustees. This Rule also allows an individual to be replaced as a Trustee by a company which is a Trustee and for a company which is Trustee to be replaced as Trustee by an individual.

Trustees of the Fund will be personally liable for any liabilities incurred by the Fund (although they may be entitled to indemnity by the Fund). Where there is more than one Trustee, each Trustee is jointly and severally liable for the liabilities of the Fund. As a consequence, persons causing the establishment of the Fund might prefer that a company be appointed the Trustee of the Fund rather than individuals being appointed Trustees of the Fund.

### Rule

**4.1.** Upon establishment of the Fund a person may be appointed as Trustee, provided that person:

- (a) has agreed to be a Trustee by reason of execution of the Deed; and
  - (1) has consented in writing to become a Member or is a Legal Personal Representative on behalf of a person and has consented in writing to that person becoming a Member or is a parent or guardian of a Member who is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative and has consented in writing to that person becoming a Member; or
  - (2) if the Fund has only one Member, is a Relative of the Member or is a person who is not an Employer of the Member;
- (b) has agreed to be bound by the Rules and has consented in writing to that person's appointment as a Trustee; and
- (c) is eligible to be appointed a Trustee.

**4.2.** Upon establishment of the Fund, a company may be appointed as Trustee provided all the following conditions are met:

- (a) if the Fund has more than one Member:
  - (1) all directors have consented in writing to become Members, or they are the Legal Personal Representative of a person or parent or guardian of a person who is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative and have agreed in writing to that person becoming a Member; or
  - (2) if the Fund has only one Member and the company has two directors – the director that is not a Member is a Relative of the Member, or is a person who is not an Employer of the Member;
- (b) the company and its directors agree to be bound by the Rules and has consented in writing to its appointment as a Trustee;
- (c) the company is eligible to be appointed a Trustee; and
- (d) all the directors have read the Product Disclosure Statement.

**4.3.** Subject to the provisions of these Rules, where the Trustee accepts a person as a Member, that person or a Legal Personal Representative of that person is appointed as a Trustee, provided that person or a Legal Personal Representative:

- (a) has agreed to be Trustee and:
  - (1) has consented in writing to become a Member or is the Legal Personal Representative of a Member or parent or guardian of a person who is under a

legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative; and

(2) if the Fund has only one Member, that Legal Personal Representative is a Relative of the Member or is a person who is not an Employer of the Member;

- (b) has agreed to be bound by the Rules and has consented in writing to that person's appointment as a Trustee;
- (c) is eligible to be appointed as a Trustee; and
- (d) has read the Product Disclosure Statement;

unless that person or a Legal Personal Representative of that person becomes a director of a Company which is a Trustee in which case the provisions of clause 4.2 will apply.

- 4.4. On appointment of a person as a Trustee, or on appointment of a company as a Trustee, after 30 June 2007 that person or each director of that company shall sign a declaration in that form as required by the *Act* certifying that he or she understands their duties as a Trustee of a Self Managed Superannuation Fund or as a director of a company which is a Trustee of a Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 4.5. If a person is a Trustee or a director of a company which is a Trustee and another person is appointed as a Trustee or as a director of a company which is a Trustee, then that person must ensure that the newly appointed person signs a declaration in that form as required by the *Act* certifying that he or she understands their duties as a Trustee of a Self Managed Superannuation Fund or as a director of a company which is a Trustee of a Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 4.6. Any such declarations referred to in Rules 4.4 and 4.5 shall be kept for at least 10 years or such longer period so far as it is relevant and shall be available for inspection by the Regulator, if so required.
- 4.7. On retirement of a Trustee one of the following is appointed Trustee in place of the Trustee who has retired (provided the person or company is not already a Trustee):
  - (a) if the retiring Trustee is a person, another person who is a Member or a Legal Personal Representative of that Member or a parent or guardian of that Member who is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative or a company of which that Member or Legal Personal Representative of that member is a director; and
  - (b) if the retiring Trustee is a company, a company all the directors of which are Members or are the Legal Personal Representative's of Members, or all the persons who are Members or in place of a Member the Legal Personal Representative of that Member or a parent or guardian of that Member who is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative.

## Trustee Operations and Obligations

### Rule 5. Removal and Retirement of a Trustee

#### Explanation

The purpose of this Rule is to provide a mechanism for the removal or retirement of a person or company as a Trustee.

#### Rule

5.1. A Member may retire as a Trustee provided:

- (a) a Company of which the Member is a director is appointed as Trustee; or

- (b) a Legal Personal Representative of that Member is appointed as a Trustee;
- (c) If the Fund has only one Member, a person who is not a Member and who is a Trustee may retire as a Trustee provided that another person who is a Relative of the Member or is a person who is not an Employer of the Member is appointed as a Trustee.

**5.2.** A company may retire as a Trustee provided:

- (a) all the directors of that company are appointed as Trustees; or
- (b) another company is appointed as a Trustee, provided the directors of that company are also directors of the company retiring as Trustee.

**5.3.** Notwithstanding any Rule, a Trustee may retire as Trustee of the Fund if an Approved Trustee is or has first been appointed as the Trustee of the Fund;

**5.4.** Subject to these Rules and the *Act* a person or company is removed as a Trustee:

- (a) if the Trustee is a Member – upon that person ceasing to be a Member;
- (b) if the Trustee is a Member – upon that Member becoming incapable of acting as Trustee unless a Legal Personal Representative of that Member is appointed as a Trustee in place of that Member;
- (c) if the Trustee is a company and on the date four months from the time any one or more of the directors of the company cease to be Members or the Legal Personal Representatives of Members;
- (d) if the Trustee is prohibited from being a Trustee by reason of Rule 3.10 or Rule 3.11; on that date a Trustee is so prohibited from being a Trustee;
- (e) if the continued appointment of the Trustee as a Trustee will cause the Fund to be a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund; on the day before the day the continued appointment of the Trustee as a Trustee will cause the Fund to be a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

## **Rule 6. Remuneration and Indemnification of a Trustee**

### **Explanation**

A fund will not be a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund if the Trustee receives any remuneration for acting as Trustee, unless the Trustee is an Approved Trustee.

### **Rule**

**6.1.** A Trustee shall not be entitled to be remunerated for acting as a Trustee, unless the Trustee is an Approved Trustee.

**6.2.** A Trustee may apply the assets of the Fund in indemnification of itself or a former Trustee for expenses incurred by itself or a former Trustee in managing or administering the Fund provided:

- (a) the Trustee, or the former Trustee, acted honestly in the matter in respect of which the indemnification is sought; and
- (b) the Trustee, or the former Trustee, did not intentionally or recklessly fail to exercise, in relation to the matter in respect of which indemnification is sought, the degree of care and diligence that the Trustee, or the former Trustee, was required to exercise.

## Rule 7. Meetings of the Trustees

### Explanation

If there is more than one Trustee, the Trustees should meet to decide matters such as the:

- appointment of various professional advisers to the Fund, including the Auditor;
- establishment of a bank account or cash management trust for the Fund;
- setting of an investment objective and investment strategy for the Fund;
- admission of Members to the Fund;
- acquisition and disposal of investments pursuant to the Fund's investment strategy;
- approval of the payment of Benefits to a Member (including payment of a Pension);
- payment of a Death Benefit;
- acceptance of a Binding Death Benefit Nomination from a Member;
- review of audit reports; and
- creation of any Reserves.

Normally the Manager, the person whom the Trustees have appointed to be responsible for the day-to-day administration of the Fund, will call meetings. However Members with Members' Account balances equal to 50% or more of the balances of all Members' Accounts can also call a meeting.

Where the Trustee is a company, decisions will be made at meetings of the directors of that company rather than at meetings of the Trustees. In this case, meetings of the company must be held in accordance with the constitution of that company. It is important that the constitution of any company that is a Trustee be compatible with the Rules.

### Rule

- 7.1.** If there is more than one Trustee, the Trustees must meet if the Manager or Members, the balance of whose Members' Accounts is equal to more than one half of the balance of all Members' Accounts, serves a notice of the meeting upon the Trustees requiring the Trustees to make a decision in respect of the Fund.
- 7.2.** The Manager or Members must give reasonable notice of any such meeting to each of the Trustees (which may be by mail, facsimile or email to that address, facsimile number or electronic address last nominated by each Trustee), unless the Trustees unanimously agree that the meeting may be held on some earlier date. Such written notice must:
- (a) set out the place, date and time for the meeting (and, if the meeting is to be held in two or more places, the technology that will be used to facilitate this); and
  - (b) state the general nature of the business of the meeting.
- 7.3.** Where, through a link established by means of any system of telephone, audio or audio-visual communication approved by the persons eligible to attend a Trustee Meeting those persons will be taken to be assembled together at a meeting and all proceedings of those persons, conducted with the aid of the link, will be as valid and effectual as if conducted at a meeting at which all those persons were physically present.
- 7.4.** At any Trustee Meeting a quorum is equal to that number of Members, or the Legal Personal Representatives of those Members, the balance of whose Members' Accounts, is equal to more than one half of the aggregate balance of all Members' Accounts.

## 7.5.

- (a) The Trustees will determine by majority approval at the first meeting of Trustees one of the following as the method by which Trustees will be entitled to cast votes at all meetings of Trustees:
- (1) each Trustee being entitled to cast the number of votes as is equal to the nearest number of whole dollars of the balance of the Member's Accounts of that person plus that amount in any Reserve which an actuary has determined is supporting that person's Member's Account in paying a Pension ; or
  - (2) each Trustee being entitled to cast one vote each.
- (b) If the Trustees fail to make a determination in accordance with clause 7.5(a) or fail to adopt a method of voting, clause 7.5(a)(2) will apply. Notwithstanding subclauses 7.5(a) and 7.5(b), any voting rules in place prior to these Rules being adopted will continue to apply.
- (c) If clause 7.5(a)(2) applies and there is a deadlock in making any Trustee decision, the deadlock shall be resolved by weighting each Trustee's votes nearest to the number of whole dollars of that Member's Account the Trustee represents and any amounts in Reserve that an actuary has determined might be transferred to the Member's Account to pay a Pension, but no less than one vote each

**7.6.** A resolution would not be passed at any Trustee Meeting, unless it is passed by the casting of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by persons who are present at that meeting.

**7.7.** A person may appoint another person to act as that person's proxy at any Trustee Meeting. Any such appointment must be in writing.

**7.8.** If a circulating minute containing a statement that the Trustee is in favour of a resolution in the terms set out in that document has been signed by all persons entitled to attend a Trustee Meeting, a resolution in those terms will be taken to have been passed at a meeting held on the day and at the time at which the document was last signed by any such person. Two or more separate documents containing statements in identical terms, each of which is signed by one or more persons, will together be taken to constitute one document for the purposes of this Rule.

## Rule 8. Trustee's Records

### Explanation

A written record must be kept of all decisions made by the Trustee in relation to the Fund. Those records should be held for ten years.

### Rule

**8.1.** If there is only one person who is a Trustee that person must make a written record of all decisions made by that person as Trustee.

**8.2.** If there is more than one person who is a Trustee a Trustee must keep minutes of every meeting held by the Trustees.

**8.3.** If the Trustee is a company the minutes of the meetings of the directors or resolution of sole director of that company acting as Trustee shall be deemed for the purposes of this Rule to be records of the Trustee.

**8.4.** Records and minutes required by this Rule must be kept for at least ten years from the date the decision was made or the date of the meeting.

## Rule 9. Trustee's Covenants

### Explanation

The *Act* requires that the Rules of a Regulated Superannuation Fund contain certain covenants (if the Rules do not contain these covenants the Rules are deemed to contain those covenants). Whilst some of those covenants are contained elsewhere in these Rules they have all been reiterated here to highlight the code of conduct that a Trustee must adopt as a Trustee.

### Rule

A person by accepting appointment as a Trustee agrees:

- (a) to act honestly in all matters concerning the Fund;
- (b) to exercise, in relation to all matters affecting the Fund, the same degree of care, skill and diligence as an ordinary prudent person would exercise in dealing with property of another with whom the person felt morally bound to provide;
- (c) to ensure that duties and powers of the Trustee are performed and exercised in the best interests of the Members;
- (d) to keep the money and other assets of the Fund separate from any money and assets, respectively:
  - (1) that are held by a Trustee personally; or
  - (2) that are money or assets as the case may be, of a Standard Employer-Sponsor, or an Associate of a Standard Employer-Sponsor, of the Fund;
- (e) not to enter into any contract or do anything else, that would prevent the Trustee from, or hinder the Trustee in properly performing or exercising the Trustee's functions and powers;
- (f) to formulate and implement a written investment strategy in accordance with the provisions of the *Act*;
- (g) if there are any Reserves – to formulate and implement a written strategy for the prudential management of those Reserves consistent with the Fund's investment strategy and its capacity to discharge liabilities (whether actual or contingent) as and when they fall due; and
- (h) to allow a Member access to Prescribed Information and any Prescribed Documents.

- End of Part One -



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# Part Two:

## Operation and Administration of the Fund

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### Admittance of Members

#### Rule 10. Who May Become a Member

##### Explanation

There are generally no restrictions on who can be a Member of the Fund provided the Member or their Legal Personal Representative is eligible to be appointed a Trustee. For example a Child, or a person that is not employed, may become a Member of the Fund.

This Rule would also allow the Trustee to admit a Spouse of a Member who is not also a Member as a Member to allow any superannuation splitting arrangement as ordered by the Family Court.

##### Rule

- 10.1.** The Trustee may, with absolute discretion, admit a person as a Member provided:
- (a) that person or that person's Legal Personal Representative or parent or guardian of a Member who is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative has provided the Trustee with an Application Form and has agreed to be bound by the Rules;
  - (b) admission of that person as a Member would not cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund; and
  - (c) the person or the Legal Personal Representative of that person is eligible to act and accept appointment as a Trustee or is eligible to be and is willing to accept appointment as a director of a company which is eligible to and will accept appointment as a Trustee; or
  - (d) a parent or guardian of that person, where that person is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative, will accept the appointment as a Trustee and is not a disqualified person.
- 10.2.** Subject to these Rules and the *Act*, the Trustee must admit a person as a Member where that person will be paid a Pension from the Fund.
- 10.3.**
- (a) If a Member is the only Member of the Fund, the Member can provide the Trustee with a notice requiring the Trustee not to admit any other person as a Member of the Fund and the Trustee shall not then admit any person as a Member of the Fund, or
  - (b) Alternatively, if a Member so elects by notice to the Trustee and notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, the property of the Fund transferred to the Fund by that Member can only be held in the Fund specifically for the Member and that property cannot be pooled with the Contributions or other assets of other Members and no other Member can obtain an interest in that property.
- 10.4.** A parent or guardian of a Member who is a Trustee of the Fund in place of that Member (because that Member is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative), may exercise on behalf of that Member any rights or functions which that Member could exercise under the Rules (except those referred to in Rule 51 (Binding Death Benefit Rule)) provided such exercise is permitted by the *Act* and will not affect or compromise the Fund's status as a Complying Superannuation Fund.

## **Rule 11. Members Have Read and are Bound by the Rules**

### **Explanation**

This Rule is to protect the Trustee against any claims made by a Member who claims not to understand what rights and obligations the Trustee and Member has under the Law and Rules.

### **Rule**

By applying for Membership of the Fund a Member acknowledges having read the Product Disclosure Statement and agrees to be bound by the terms of the Deed and the Rules. Subject to Rule 10.2, a Trustee may prohibit a person becoming a Member of the Fund if they are of the opinion that the person has not read and understood the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement, the Deed and the Rules of the Fund.

## **Rule 12. Application Form**

### **Explanation**

Subject to Rule 10.2, a person wishing to become a Member must provide the Trustee with an Application Form. The Application Form may (amongst other things) require such a person to:

- acknowledge that the person has read the Product Disclosure Statement;
- agree to be bound by the Rules;
- be a Trustee of the Fund or a director of a company which is the Trustee of the Fund;
- provide such information (including medical information) to the Trustee as the Trustee requires; and
- provide the Trustee with a death benefit nomination.

### **Rule**

- 12.1.** A person shall not be admitted as a Member or receive a Pension from the Fund unless that person has:
- (a) completed an Application Form in the form required by the Trustee;
  - (b) confirmed in writing that he or she has read the Product Disclosure Statement, Deed and Rules of the Fund; and
  - (c) agreed to be bound by the Rules of the Fund.
- 12.2.** Where a person may be entitled to be paid a Pension following the death of a Member, and that person does not wish to become a Member or the Trustee decides that the person should not become a Member, then the Trustee is to transfer that amount as would have been added to a Member's Pension Account to Fund the payment of the Pension to that person to another Complying Superannuation Fund or Eligible Rollover Fund. Any such transfer is to be made in accordance with Rule 23 and must occur within three months of the time that the person became entitled to be paid a Pension.

## **Rule 13. Receipt of an Application Form**

### **Rule**

- 13.1.** On receipt of an Application Form from a person and after that person produces such documents and evidence (which may include a medical examination and checks) as the Trustee may reasonably and lawfully require the Trustee may admit that person as a Member.

- 13.2.** Within 6 weeks of receipt of an Application Form the Trustee shall advise the person applying for Membership whether or not that person has been accepted for admission as a Member and whether or not any conditions will be attached to that person's Membership of the Fund.
- 13.3.** If the Trustee has agreed to accept a person as a Member, but subject to conditions as to that person's Membership, that person can within 6 weeks of notification by the Trustee pursuant to Rule 13.2 either accept or reject that offer of Membership.
- 13.4.** If, after six weeks, a person neither accepts nor rejects an offer of Membership of the Fund that person shall be deemed to have accepted that offer of Membership.

## Termination of Membership

### Rule 14. Expulsion of a Member

#### Explanation

The object of this Rule is to allow the Trustee to expel a Member for any reason the Trustee considers necessary. The Trustee might do this if the Trustee feels that a Member's continued Membership of the Fund is not in the interests of the Fund. An example might be where there is a family break down and inter personal relationships threaten the viability of the Fund.

#### Rule

- 14.1.** The Trustee may expel a Member as a Member of the Fund for any reason that the Trustee determines. At the same time the person must retire as Trustee of the Fund.
- 14.2.** The Trustees must give notice to the Member of the member's expulsion from the Fund. If a Member is expelled from the Fund pursuant to Rule 14.1, the balance of the Member's Accounts is to be transferred to such other Superannuation Entity as requested by the Member; and, if the Trustee of the Fund has not received a transfer notification from a Member or former Member within a period of sixty days from the time the Trustee notified the Member of their expulsion, the Trustee may transfer the Member's Accounts to an Eligible Rollover Fund.

### Rule 15. Ceasing to be a Member

#### Explanation

Normally a Member will only cease being a Member:

- if the Member dies; or
- the Member is no longer entitled to receive Benefits from the Fund; or
- the Member ceases to be eligible to be a Trustee (or ceases to be eligible to be a director of a company which is a Trustee).

The Trustee also has the power to determine that a Member should no longer be a Member (for example, if two Members who are Spouses separate or divorce, the Trustee might decide that, in the interests of the Fund, one of those persons should not be a Member of the Fund).

#### Rule

- 15.1.** Unless prohibited by the *Act*, a Member shall be deemed to have ceased to be a Member on the first to occur of the following:
- (a) the Member no longer being entitled to receive Benefits from the Fund;
  - (b) the Trustee determining that the Member should no longer be a Member;

- (c) the death of the Member, or if the Trustee decides otherwise, no later than the time any Legal Personal Representative of the Member ceases to act as Trustee or director of the Trustee company; and
- (d) the date being no later than the earliest of either:
  - (1) four months from the date a Member became ineligible to be a Trustee, or to be a director of a company which is a Trustee, unless a Legal Personal Representative of that Member is appointed a Trustee; and
  - (2) the date just before a Member became ineligible to be a Trustee, or to be a director of a company which is a Trustee, unless a Legal Personal Representative of that Member is appointed as a Trustee.

## Members' Accounts

### Rule 16. The Trustee must keep Members' Accounts

#### Explanation

The Trustee must keep an individual account for each Member. An account may be either a Member's Accumulation Account or a Member's Pension Account. More than one Member's Accumulation Account or Member's Pension Account may be kept for each Member.

The Trustee should ensure that a record is kept of the various components of a Member's Benefit in the Fund. This will assist the Trustee in determining the taxation consequences of any Benefits paid to a Member or upon the death of the Member to a Dependant or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member. These components are:

- The Tax Free Component comprising:
  - a Crystallised Segment, which is a consolidation of various existing components of a Member's Benefits calculated as at 30 June 2018 including any un-deducted Contributions, CGT exempt component, concessional component and post June 1994 invalidity component; and
  - a Contributions Segment, which includes all non-assessable Contributions made from 1 July 2017, typically a Member's personal or 'non-concessional' Contributions.
- The Taxable Component is the balance of the Member's Benefit less the Tax Free Component and comprises:
  - An Element Taxed in the Fund comprising Contributions and Earnings which have been subject to Tax in the Fund; and
  - An Element Untaxed in the Fund, which is uncommon in a Self Managed Superannuation Fund. This component may arise upon the death of a Member where the proceeds of an insurance policy on the life of the Member are received by the Trustee for payment to the Benefit of the Member's Dependents.

A Member in receipt of a Pension, whose combined interests in retirement phase (wherever held) exceed their personal Transfer Balance Cap, will be required to remove the amount of the Excess Transfer Balance from pension phase. The Explanation to Rule 46 sets out the steps that will occur if the Member fails to do so. This may result in the Fund being issued with a Commutation Authority in respect of the Member, with which it must comply subject to the provisions of subdivision 136B of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

## Rule

- 16.1.** The Trustee must keep, for each Member, an account that records:
- (a) Contributions received, Earnings, amounts allocated to and from Reserves, Benefits paid; and
  - (b) all other amounts that the Trustee resolves should be added to or deducted from those accounts.
- 16.2.** The balance of a Member's Account must be positive.
- 16.3.** The Trustee can keep more than one account for a Member, including more than one Member's Accumulation Account and more than one Member's Pension Account.
- 16.4.** Subject to the provisions of subdivision 136B of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*, the Trustee must comply with a Commutation Authority and may do so in the manner provided in Rule 57.
- 16.5.** The Trustee must keep a record of the Tax Free and Taxable Components of a Member's Benefit in a Member's Account or Accounts.

## Rule 17. Additions to a Member's Account

### Explanation

Additions to a Member's Account will normally represent Contributions, roll-overs or Earnings. Additions may also include an allocation made by the Trustee from a Reserve into a Member's Account.

Contributions may include Splittable Contributions that have been transferred from a Member's Spouse in accordance with the Spouse contributions splitting rules in the *Act* (see Rule 23).

## Rule

- 17.1.** On the last day of each month, or such other time as the Trustee might determine, or on any earlier date as required by the *Act*, the Trustee shall add to a Member's Account:
- (a) the amount of Contributions received by the Trustee for the benefit of the Member;
  - (b) at the discretion of the Trustee, such part of the Earnings as the Trustee believes should be added to that Member's Account;
  - (c) the amount of any Splittable Contributions as the Trustee has agreed to add to that Member's Account;
  - (d) any amount to which a Member is entitled because of a Payment Split; and
  - (e) such other amounts including allocations of Reserves or proceeds of any Policy as the Trustee might determine;

provided that any such addition to the Member's Account does not cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

## Rule 18. Deductions from a Member's Account

### Rule

- 18.1.** On the last day of each month, or such other time as the Trustee might determine, or on any earlier date as required by the *Act*, the Trustee shall deduct from a Member's Account:
- (a) that part of the expenses of the Fund that the Trustee believes should be deducted from that Member's Account;

### **Explanation**

Deductions from a Member's Account will normally represent expenses directly attributable to the Member, or that portion of the Fund's general expenses that the Trustee requires to be allocated to the Member's Account. Deductions may also include:

- any losses which the Trustee believes should be attributed to that Member;
- an Excess Contributions Tax liability assessed to the Member; and
- any transfers such as transfers of Splittable Contributions taken by the Trustee from a Member's Account and transferred to another account.

- (b) that part of any loss of the Fund that the Trustee believes should be deducted from that Member's Account;
  - (c) the amount of any payments of Benefits made to the Member, or any other person, from that Member's Account;
  - (d) the amount of any Taxes payable by the Trustee, that the Trustee believes should be deducted from that Member's Account;
  - (e) the amount of any Excess Contributions Tax liability required to be deducted from that Member's Account in accordance with Rule 21;
  - (f) the amount of any Splittable Contributions that the Trustee has agreed to deduct from that Member's Account;
  - (g) any amount which is to required to be deducted from that Member's Account because of a Payment Split;
  - (h) any other amount which the Trustee believes should be deducted from that Member's Account, including any amount to be transferred to a Reserve or to another Member's Account;
  - (i) An amount payable in accordance with a Release Request;
  - (j) Excess Non- Concessional Contributions and associated earnings in accordance with Rules 21 and 34; and
  - (k) Excess Concessional Contributions on receipt of a Release Request;
- provided that the amount of any such deduction would not cause:
- (1) the balance of the Member's Account to be less than that Member's Minimum Benefits, unless allowed by the *Act*; or
  - (2) the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

## **Appointment of Auditor and Specialists**

### **Rule 19. The Trustee must appoint an Approved Auditor and may appoint a specialist**

### **Explanation**

The Trustee must each year appoint an Auditor to audit the Fund. The Auditor is required to produce an annual audit opinion report.

### **Explanation cont.**

The law relating to Self Managed Superannuation Funds is extremely complex. A failure to comply with the law might see the Fund severely penalised and cause a Trustee to be fined and even imprisoned. As a consequence, the Trustee might decide that it is prudent that a specialist be appointed to assist the Trustee in:

- ensuring that the Fund remains a Self Managed Superannuation Fund; and
- the administration and management of the Fund.

### **Rule**

- 19.1.** On establishment of the Fund, and for every subsequent year of income, the Trustee must appoint an Auditor to audit the Fund. The Auditor must submit, to the Trustee, a report in the form required by the *Act*.
- 19.2.** On establishment of the Fund, and thereafter as the Trustee may determine, the Trustee shall appoint such specialists as required by the Trustee to assist the Trustee in:
- (a) ensuring that the Fund remains a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund; and
  - (b) the management and administration of the Fund.

## **Contributions, Roll-overs and Transfers**

### **Rule 20. Who can make Contributions**

#### **Explanation**

The Trustee may accept Contributions from:

- a Member;
- a Member's Employer;
- a Member's Spouse;
- a Relative of a Member;
- an Employer of the Spouse or Relative of the Member;
- the Regulator;
- the Government; and
- any other person or entity;

provided the Contributions are made in accordance with the *Act*.

Annual limits apply to Contributions which can be made by or for the benefit of a Member. More information is provided about these limits in the Product Disclosure Statement supplied with these Rules.

Contributions may be made in cash or by an in-specie transfer of assets. Care needs to be taken that the rules in the *Act* dealing with the acquisition of assets from Members are not contravened.

A Member must ensure that they provide the Trustee with their tax file number, before any Contributions are made by them or on their behalf to the Fund.



## Rule

**20.1.** A person may make Contributions to the Fund for the benefit of a Member, provided the Fund will not, by reason of acceptance of those Contributions:

- (a) become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, or
- (b) be in breach of the *Act*.

## Rule 21. Excess Contributions

### Explanation

Superannuation Contributions are subject to annual limits.

Any Contributions received by the Fund that are in excess of a relevant limit will be subject to additional tax. This tax (an Excess Contributions Tax) is imposed on individuals and not the Fund. Where an Excess Contributions Tax liability arises a Member will be able to, and in some cases must, withdraw an amount equal to their tax liability from the Fund.

If a Member is over 65, the Fund must return non-concessional Contributions in excess of the cap; as per sub-regulation 7.04(3) and 7.04(4) of the SISR and ATO ID2007/225.

For the 2017/18 financial year onwards, excess contributions are no longer subject to excess contributions tax. These changes will also apply retrospectively. A Member who has non-concessional contributions in excess of their cap can elect to release an amount equal to those excess contributions plus 85% of an associated earnings amount for those contributions from their superannuation. The full associated earnings amount will be included in the Member's assessable income in the year the excess contribution arose and will be taxed at the Member's income tax marginal rate rather than the excess concessional contributions tax of 31.5%. The Member will be entitled to a non-refundable tax offset equal to 15% of the associated earnings amount that is included in their assessable income.

Excess non-concessional contribution tax will not be imposed on excess contributions to the extent that they are released from superannuation, or where the value of a Member's remaining superannuation interests is nil. Excess non-concessional contributions tax will be imposed on excess non-concessional contributions that remain in a superannuation plan.

## Rule

**21.1.** The Trustees are required to comply with the provisions of the *Act* concerning:

- (a) any Excess Contributions Tax imposed on a Member; and
- (b) provided it is permitted by the *Act*, the withdrawal by a Member of Non-Concessional Contributions in excess of the Non-Concessional Contributions Cap and any associated earnings.

**21.2.** If a Member has an Excess Contributions Tax Liability and has lodged a Release Request with the Trustee, the Trustee shall, if permitted by the *Act*, within thirty days of receipt of that request pay to the Member or, at the Member's request, pay to the Australian Taxation Office that amount which is the lesser of:

- (a) any amount requested that the Trustee pay to the Member or to the Australian Taxation Office, which the Member has, by notice, attached to the Release Request;
- (b) the amount of Excess Contributions Tax stated on that Release; and
- (c) the total amount of that Member's Superannuation Interest in the Fund.

- 21.3.** As of 1 July 2017 individuals are able to make voluntary contributions between \$15,000 and \$30,000 into their superannuation account in order to purchase a first home. These contributions will be taxed at a rate of 15%. These contributions, along with deemed earnings, can be withdrawn for a deposit. Withdrawals from superannuation accounts will be taxed at a marginal rate of around 30%. Voluntary contributions must comply with current superannuation law in regards to caps, total concessional contributions and compulsory employer contributions.

**Rule 22. The Trustee may accept a transfer from another Superannuation Entity**

**Explanation**

A Member may request that the Trustee accept a transfer of an amount from another Superannuation Entity.

The Trustee has absolute discretion as to whether to accept any such transfer. The Trustee can make an acceptance subject to conditions. Where the Trustee resolves to accept an in-specie transfer of assets, the Trustee must ensure that the transfer of the assets to the Fund does not breach the *Act* or the Rules of the Fund.

**Rule**

A Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member, may request that the Trustee accept a transfer of an amount from another Superannuation Entity. The Trustee has the sole discretion to determine whether or not to accept the whole or part of such amount and whether or not conditions should apply to the acceptance of that transfer. The Trustee cannot accept a transfer of an amount to the Fund if acceptance of that amount would cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

**Rule 23. Allotments, Transfers and Rollovers of Benefits**

**Explanation**

A Member may request the Trustee to allot, transfer or rollover all or part of their Member's Account to another Superannuation Entity or to another Member's Account. The Trustee may also at its discretion so allot, transfer or rollover all or part of a Member's Account.

Examples of where such transfers might be appropriate are:

- upon receipt of a request from a Member to transfer an amount of Splittable Contributions from their Member's Account to their Spouse's Member's Account;
- where a Payment Split is required to be made for the purposes of Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975*; and
- where one Member separates from his or her Spouse who is also a Member.

**Rule**

**23.1.** If a Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member:

- (a) requests the Trustee to allot, transfer or rollover all or part of their Member's Account to another Superannuation Entity or to another Member's Account;
- (b) the Trustee is satisfied that any such allotment, transfer or rollover will not cause the Fund to be a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund; and
- (c) or if the Trustee is required by law or agreement made for the purposes of the *Family Law Act 1975* the Trustee shall within such period as required by the *Act* or other law, allot, transfer or rollover the whole or that part of the Member's Account to that other Superannuation Entity or to the other Member's Account.

- 23.2.** The Trustee has sole discretion, unless prohibited by the *Act*, to transfer the balance of a Member's Account to another Complying Superannuation Fund or to another Member's Account, provided that the Fund does not become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund or breach the Minimum Benefit provisions.
- 23.3.** The Trustee may affect the transfer or rollover in the manner and form of the Trustee's choice, including whether the transfer is by way of cash or assets or has conditions attached.

## **Rule 24. First Home Super Saver (FHSS) Scheme**

### **FHSS Contributions and release mechanisms**

- 24.1.** If eligible for the FHSS Scheme a Member may make FHSS concessional and non-concessional Contributions above standard employer contributions to the Trustee.
- 24.2.** Any Member of the Fund may seek a FHSS Determination from the Commissioner of Taxation to determine the maximum amount of the members FHSS scheme release amount which may be released by the Trustee to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 24.3.** The Trustee must, upon the granting of a FHSS Release Authority, release the FHSS releaseable contributions amount (or such lower sum as requested by the Commissioner) to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 24.4.** Where the Member does not enter into a contract for the purchase or construction of Residential Premises, within the trust period required by the *Act*, the Member may re-contribute the release amount on a non concessional basis. The Member must notify the Commissioner that they have re-contributed their release amount back into the superannuation environment.
- 24.5.** The Member cannot re-contribute concessional contributions and the Trustee must not accept any such contributions.

## **Rule 25. Downsizer Contributions**

### **Rule**

The Fund may also accept Downsizer Contributions from a Member.

## **Investments**

### **Rule 26. The Trustee must formulate a written investment strategy**

#### **Explanation**

The Trustee must prepare and implement a written investment strategy. This is a requirement of the *Act*.

The investment strategy:

- must reflect the purpose and circumstances of the Fund and have particular regard to the Members' profile, Benefit structure, tax position and liquidity requirements of the Fund; and
- should set out the investment objectives of the Fund and detail how the Trustee will achieve those objectives.

Breaches of the investment strategy requirement may result in the Trustee being fined or sued for loss or damages. In addition, the Fund could become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund

If the circumstances of the Fund change (for example because of the receipt of an exceptional Contribution), the Trustee should reconsider and possibly revise the Fund's investment strategy.

## Rule

- 26.1.** The Trustee must formulate, review regularly and implement an investment strategy that considers the whole of the circumstances of the Fund including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) the risk involved in making, holding and realising, and the likely return from the Fund's investments considering its objectives and its expected cash flow requirements;
  - (b) the composition of the Fund's (or part of the Fund's) investments as a whole, including the extent to which the investments are diverse or involve the Fund in being exposed to risks from inadequate diversification;
  - (c) the liquidity of the Fund's investments, considering its expected cash flow requirements;
  - (d) the ability of the Fund to discharge its existing and prospective liabilities;
  - (e) the needs of Members considering their age, income level and retirement needs; and
  - (f) whether the Trustees of the Fund should hold a contract of insurance that provides insurance cover for one or more Members of the Fund.
- 26.2.** The investment strategy must be documented in writing and signed by the Trustee.
- 26.3.** The investment strategy may consist of one strategy for the whole of the Fund, or separate investment strategies for the various parts of the Fund.
- 26.4.** The Trustee must review the Fund's investment strategy at least annually and may amend that investment strategy after such review or at any other time the Trustee believes is appropriate. If the Trustee amends an investment strategy, all Members affected by any such amendment shall be advised in writing of all details of the amendment.
- 26.5.** A Member may, at any reasonable time, request the Trustee to produce the Fund's investment strategy for inspection and the Trustee shall comply with this request by the Member.
- 26.6.** The Trustee must set an investment strategy for one or more Reserves of the Fund. Any such investment strategy must be based upon the prudential management of assets of the Reserve, or such other requirements as laid down in the *Act*.
- 26.7.** In setting the investment strategy, the Trustee may act on the advice of an investment adviser provided the Trustee reasonably believes that the adviser is qualified and has the necessary skills to provide such advice.

## Rule 27. The Trustee must invest the assets of the Fund

### Explanation

The Trustee must invest the assets of the Fund.

The Trustee must ensure all investment decisions are made in accordance with the investment strategy.

While all of the assets of the Fund might be in cash, the Trustee of the Fund must have determined in an investment strategy that the holding of cash is the appropriate investment for the Fund at this time.

## Rule

The Trustee must invest the assets of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's investment strategy.

## Rule 28. Holding of assets for the Members

### Explanation

The Trustee may adopt a “pooled investment strategy” or a “separate investment strategy” for the Fund. A Member may request the Trustee to adopt a separate investment strategy for that Member; the Trustee may invest amounts held for the benefit of any one Member differently from the way amounts are invested for other Members.

### Rule

**28.1.** Subject to Rule 28.2 below a Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member, can request that the Trustee:

- (a) invest Contributions, transfers, or rollovers made to the Fund for the benefit of that Member; and
- (b) separate income from the investment of those Contributions, transfers, or rollovers from any other investments of the Fund.

The Trustee need not accept that request.

**28.2.** If so requested by an irrevocable request made by a Member the Trustee shall hold any property transferred by the Member to the Fund provided the Trustee has accepted the transfer of that property:

- (a) solely for the benefit of the Member;
- (b) solely for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit to the Member; and
- (c) specifically for the benefit of the Member as a Member.

**28.3.** If Rule 28.2 applies:

- (a) Neither the property nor the proceeds of the sale of the property can be pooled with property held for another Member; and
- (b) No other Member can obtain an interest in the property or in the proceeds of sale of the Property.

**28.4.** Neither the Member nor the Trustee can vary or revoke Rules 28.2, 28.3 or this Rule 28.4.

## Rule 29. Authorised investments

### Explanation

These wide provisions are to ensure that there is no doubt as to a Trustee’s ability to make various investments. The Trustee should not make investment that would cause the Fund to fail the “sole purpose test”; or become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

### Rule

**29.1.** Subject to the *Act* and these Rules; and provided an investment does not result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, the Trustee may invest the assets of the Fund as if the Trustee is the absolute and beneficial owner of those assets. In investing the assets of the Fund, the Trustee shall exercise such diligence and prudence as an ordinary prudent person would exercise in conducting his or her own affairs.

**29.2.** Unless otherwise prohibited by the Rules, the Trustee may invest the assets of the Fund in any investment the Trustee believes appropriate. The investments may be both within and outside Australia. In particular, the Trustee shall have the power to apply or invest any monies requiring to be invested under these Rules, either alone or in partnership or co-ownership with any person. The Trustee may:

- (a) acquire any one or more of the investments from time to time sanctioned by law in any State or Territory of Australia for the investment of trust monies;
- (b) acquire real or personal property or any interest therein and, without limiting the generality thereof, any patent, copyright, design, formula, secret process, concession, trademark and other like right or privilege in Australia or in any other country;
- (c) acquire fully or partly paid shares including redeemable, preference or redeemable preference shares, stock debentures, debenture stock bonds, units, securities or obligations or any interest, with or without deferred, restricted, qualified or special rights relating thereto and whether or not there is or is not a liability in respect of any such shares, units, securities or interests, of or in any public proprietary or no liability company, association, firm, mutual fund or unit trust wherever incorporated or formed, whether carrying on business in Australia or in any other country, or in giving any guarantee or otherwise becoming a proprietor of a company limited by guarantee;
- (d) acquire options, entitlements or rights to any of the securities mentioned in paragraph (c) of this sub-clause;
- (e) acquire a fixed deposit or monies at call with any bank, savings bank, building society, company, corporation or firm wherever incorporated or situated and wherever carrying on business;
- (f) acquire any policy of assurance or insurance of any kind whatsoever and wherever made;
- (g) make loans to any person or company, except to Members or a Relative of a Member;
- (h) acquire gold, silver, works of art, coins, stamps, furniture, ornaments, precious objects, jewellery and antiques;
- (i) acquire foreign currencies, hedging contracts, commodity contracts and also options or future contracts of any kind which are quoted on a recognised stock exchange;
- (j) lodge monies with a permanent building society, wherever situated, by taking up shares or depositing Funds; and
- (k) acquire any reversionary or deferred property or rights of any description.

## **Rule 30. Trustee Powers**

### **Explanation**

This Rule is designed to give the Trustee sufficient powers to administer the Fund and manage the investments of the Fund.

### **Rule**

**30.1.** In the administration of the Fund and in the exercise of the powers, authorities and discretions conferred by the Deed, by the Rules or by law the Trustee shall in addition to those powers conferred on the Trustee by the Act have the following additional powers:

- (a) **Act notwithstanding personal interest:** generally to exercise or concur in exercising all the foregoing powers and discretions contained in this Deed or otherwise by law conferred notwithstanding that any person being a Trustee or any person being a director or shareholder of a Trustee or any person being a relative of a Trustee or any person being a relative of a director or shareholder of a Trustee hereof (being a company) has or may have a direct or personal interest (whether as trustee of any other settlement or in

his/her personal capacity or a shareholder or director or as a relative of the Trustee or relative of a director or shareholder of a Trustee or member or partner of any company or partnership or as a unit holder in any Unit Trust or beneficiary of any Discretionary Trust or otherwise howsoever) in the mode or result of exercising such power or discretion or may benefit either directly or indirectly as a result of the exercise of any such power or discretion and notwithstanding that the Trustee for the time being is the sole Trustee, but provided that this power may only be exercised in the circumstances permitted by the *SIS Act* and the *SIS Regulations*;

- (b) **To accept contributions:** provided that the Trustee may not accept an amount as a Contribution if the acceptance of the contribution would to the knowledge of the Trustee cause the Fund to be liable to the Excess Contributions Tax;
- (c) **To deal with assets:** to sell, call in, convert into money, grant options or rights to purchase, mortgage, charge, sub-charge, or otherwise deal with or dispose of or transfer any item or asset comprising the whole or part of the Fund;
- (d) **To deal with real property:** to acquire, dispose of, exchange, strata title, subdivide, mortgage, sub-mortgage, lease, sub-lease, grant, release or vary any right or easement or otherwise deal with any interest in real property;
- (e) **To deal with personal property:** to acquire, dispose of, exchange, hire, lease, and mortgage or otherwise deal with any interest in personal property;
- (f) **To lease:** to rent premises from any person, acquire the interest of any lessee in any lease, purchase, hire, take on lease, grant leases, sub-leases, tenancies or rights of any nature to any interest in real estate, motor vehicles, computer hardware and software, fixtures and fittings, furniture, utensils, plant and equipment and other personal property of any description;
- (g) **To let:** to lease and let property owned by the Fund or held by the Trustee pursuant to the provisions of these Rules upon terms and conditions as the Trustee may decide, to accept surrenders from, and to make arrangements with a lessee or tenant as the Trustee may consider appropriate;
- (h) **To engage specialists:** to employ or engage agents or professionals in the execution of the trusts and powers and instead of acting personally from time to time to employ or engage and pay out of the trust Fund such Managers, agents, Self Managed Superannuation Fund advisers, solicitors, barristers, auditors, accountants, brokers, surveyors or other persons, to transact any business of the Fund, including to transact any business of the Fund under power of attorney of the Trustee or to do any act required to be done in connection with the administration of the trusts declared in the Deed, and to act upon the opinion or advice of any such person without being responsible for any loss or damage occasioned by acting in accordance therewith;
- (i) **To lend:** subject to these Rules and the *Act* to lend and advance monies;
- (j) **To Borrow:** to borrow if that borrowing is allowed by the *SIS Act*;
- (k) **To deal with bank accounts:** to open in the name of the Fund or in the name of any person or corporation as nominee of the Trustee, or in the joint names of the Trustee and another, any cheque, savings or other bank account with any bank or financial institution wherever situated, as the Trustee decides, with full power to operate or close any such account;
- (l) **To pay management expenses:** to pay out of the assets, Reserves or the income of the Fund, all costs charges and expenses incidental to the management of the Fund or to the exercise of any power, authority or discretion contained in the Rules or the Deed;
- (m) **To pay general expenses:** to pay insurance premiums, rates, taxes, rents, and outgoings in connection with any real or personal property of the Fund from the assets, Reserves or the income of the Fund and to manage such property and effect repairs as the Trustee may consider necessary or advisable and to pay any other insurance premiums the Trustee believes should be paid;

- (n) **To deal with corporate securities:** with respect to any company in which the Trustee holds shares, stocks, debentures, options, convertible notes or is otherwise interested or concerned (“securities”) to exercise the following powers in addition to powers conferred by law:
- (1) to pay calls on securities or to permit securities to be forfeited and sold;
  - (2) to purchase securities and to take up securities of a new issue;
  - (3) to attend meetings personally or by proxy, attorney or representative and vote at the discretion of the Trustee;
  - (4) to sell securities at such price and upon such terms as the Trustee decides and with or without security;
  - (5) to agree to any arrangement relating to the sale, transfer or exchange of any securities, or modifying any rights, privileges or interests in relation to the securities, to agree to any scheme or arrangement for the increase or reduction of the value or amounts of any shares or stock or of the capital of any company in which any securities form the whole or any part of the Fund, or by which any such securities are substituted or given in exchange, either wholly or partly for other securities, whether in the same company or not, for any such purpose to deposit, surrender or exchange any scrip or documents of title relating to the securities and generally to manage and deal with any securities as if the Trustee owned them beneficially; and
  - (6) to agree in respect of a winding up with the liquidator of a company or any Member of such company or any other person, in all things as the Trustee shall decide, for the division or partition in kind or in-specie of the assets or property of whatsoever nature of the company and to accept any of the assets and property in payment or satisfaction of any interest of the Trustee in the company with power to pay any monies by way of equality of division or partition;
- (o) **To deal with unit trust interests:** to acquire units of any fixed or flexible unit trust by way of application, purchase or settlement by the Trustee in the establishment of such unit trust and exercise all rights, including voting rights, and perform all obligations as a holder of any units in such trust and to accept all distributions by the Trustee of such unit trust;
- (p) **To deal with franchises:** to acquire by means of purchase or otherwise and to sell, dispose, relinquish or otherwise deal in franchises, franchise agreements, licences or things of like nature;
- (q) **To deal with subdivision of property:** to partition or agree to the partition of or to subdivide or agree to the subdivision of property of any kind which, or any interest in which, may for the time being be subject to these trusts and to pay monies by way of equality or partition;
- (r) **To maintain property:** to maintain and preserve in good condition any real or personal property of the Fund or otherwise held by the Trustee according to the Rules and to pay or defray those costs;
- (s) **Power to set aside:** to set aside out of the income or capital of the Fund from time to time such money as may in the opinion of the Trustee be sufficient to meet any debt or obligation due or accruing;
- (t) **To deal with future contracts and options:** to engage brokers or commission agents, vary and determine terms of any such engagement directly or through a broker or agent in any market in any part of the world buy sell, open, close-out or otherwise deal in futures contracts of all kinds, enter into, vary, exercise, abandon or sell any put or call option or rights, or place bids, make offers, hedge and effect orders including buy, sell, straddle, switch and stop-loss order, to tender and take delivery of commodities and currencies which are the subject of any futures contract or option, and otherwise to do and perform all things to operate on, utilise or deal with facilities of any stock or futures exchange, provided the Trustee maintains a derivatives risk management strategy;



- (u) **Trustee's power to deal with itself:** notwithstanding any rule or law or equity to the contrary:
  - (1) to acquire as property of the Fund real or personal property the legal and beneficial interest in which is at the date of such acquisition the absolute property of the Trustee PROVIDED THAT any property so acquired is acquired for a consideration being not greater than the current Market Value of the property and upon which such acquisition the beneficial interest in and to the property shall be held by the Trustee according to the Rules;
  - (2) to dispose of any beneficial interest in property of the Fund to itself;
  - (3) to lease to the Fund any real or personal property the legal and beneficial interest in which is at the date of such acquisition the absolute property of the Trustee; and
  - (4) to lease any property of the Fund to itself;
- (v) **To deal with policies:** to effect or acquire policies of life assurance of any kind on the life of any Member or in respect of sickness, disability or accident to any Member, to pay premiums transfer, surrender, change the status of and deal with these policies in any manner whatsoever, whether or not these policies are individual policies on the life of one person or a group policy on the lives of two or more persons, to purchase or enter into insurance or investment bonds whether or not the bonds are linked to a policy over the life of any person;
- (w) **To deal with agency and licences:** to apply for, purchase and hold any permit, agency or licence which may be desirable or required to enable or facilitate the carrying on of any business which the Trustee is empowered to engage in and to surrender, relinquish, sell, vary or assign the same;
- (x) **To deal with choses-in-action:** to acquire choses-in-action including debts and obligations of all kinds for value or by way of gift or at a discount or at a premium and to assign, release, vary, relinquish or otherwise deal with the choses-in-action in any way whatsoever on such terms and conditions as the Trustee may see fit;
- (y) **To receive gifts or distributions:** to receive property by gift inter vivos or by distribution under a Will or under the provisions of any other trust or otherwise from any person as an addition to the Fund, whether subject to liabilities or not and to hold these gifts according to the Rules and to administer such additions under these provisions;
- (z) **To deal with legal proceedings:** to institute, join in and defend proceedings at law or by way of mediation or arbitration and to proceed to the final end and determination of, or to compromise the same and to compromise and settle any such dispute or proceedings for such consideration and upon the terms and conditions as the Trustee may decide;
- (aa) **To deal with intellectual property:** to apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and to sell patents, patent rights, copyrights, trademarks, designs, formulas, licenses, concessions, know-how and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use of any other intellectual property rights and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property rights or information so acquired;
- (bb) **To deal with the release of powers:** by irrevocable Deed to renounce and release any power conferred on the Trustee under the Rules in respect of the whole or any part of the Trustee or the income or any part thereof. Upon such renunciation and release, any power shall be deemed to be at an end and no longer exercisable by the Trustee to the extent of the renunciation and release;
- (cc) **To deal with incidental powers:** to do all such other things as may be incidental to the exercise of the powers, rights, discretions and authorities hereby conferred on the Trustee;

- (dd) **To grant power of attorney:** in the exercise of all or any of the powers herein confirmed upon the Trustee to appoint an attorney and to execute any power of attorney or such other instrument as in the opinion of the Trustee is necessary for the exercise of those powers, provided it is permitted by law;
  - (ee) **To appoint a custodian:** to appoint a custodian to hold the legal title of any asset acquired, or to be acquired, by the Trustee on such terms as the Trustee thinks fit;
  - (ff) **To deal with indemnities:** to give indemnities to, or on behalf of, any person that the Trustee thinks fit;
  - (gg) **To deal with bills of exchange:** The Trustee may raise any money in any lawful manner including by drawing, endorsing, accepting or otherwise dealing in any bill of exchange, promissory note or other negotiable instrument. The Trustee may secure the repayment of any moneys so raised with interest at such rate as the Trustee thinks fit and upon any terms and conditions in all respects as the Trustee thinks fit. Any money raised by the Trustee will form part of the Fund;
  - (hh) **To deal with Excess Non-Concessional Contributions:** Provided it is permitted by the *Act*, to allow a Member to withdraw Non-Concessional Contributions in excess of the Non-Concessional Contributions Cap and any associated earnings;
  - (ii) **To seek CGT relief:** The Trustee may seek CGT relief where assets supporting Member's Pension Accounts are allocated or reapportioned to support Member Accumulation Accounts prior to 1 July 2017; and
  - (jj) **To Calculate Exempt Income:** may use the proportionate method to calculate exempt income or if the circumstances permit, may classify assets as segregated current pensions assets or segregated non-current assets.
- 30.2.** These powers shall be in addition to any other powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Trustee by another provision of the Deed, the Rules or by law.
- 30.3.** These powers shall not be limited by, or be construed so as to be limited by, any other powers, authorities and discretions otherwise provided by the Deed, the Rules or by law.
- 30.4.** In exercising these powers, the Trustee must ensure at all times that the Fund remains a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 30.5.** A Trustee who is a natural person may be a director of any company in which any monies forming part of the Fund are from time to time invested and may receive the remuneration attached to such office without being liable to account for it, unless that appointment would cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 30.6.** Subject to the terms of these Rules, the Trustee may exercise or concur in exercising all powers and discretions given under this Deed or by law, notwithstanding that the Trustee or any person being a director or shareholder of the Trustee has or may have a direct or indirect interest in the result of exercising such powers or discretion or may benefit either directly or indirectly as a result of the exercise of any such power or discretion and notwithstanding that the Trustee for the time being is the sole Trustee.

**Rule 31. The assets of the Fund are to be held in the Trustee's name**

**Explanation**

The *SIS Act* as well as the Rules require that all the assets of the Fund be in the Trustee's name and held separately from any assets held by the Trustee personally, a Member, or by an Employer of a Member. No Member has any entitlement to a specific asset of the Fund.

**Rule**

Except if allowed or required by the *SIS Act*, the assets of the Fund must be held in the Trustee's name and must be held separately from any assets held by the Trustee personally, a Member, or an Employer of a Member.

## Rule 32. Trustee may receive gifts or distributions

### Explanation

The Trustee of the Fund may receive gifts or distributions (additional to investment income derived from any investments made by the Fund) from:

- any company;
- any trust including a family trust, testamentary trust or the legal estate of a deceased person;
- any partnership, business, commercial or investment enterprise; and
- any government or statutory body;

so long as the acceptance of any such gift or distribution does not cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

Gifts or distributions received by the Fund can be in cash or property. Distributions would normally be from a trust (note that there can be adverse tax consequences if the Fund receives gifts or distributions).

### Rule

- 32.1.** The Trustee can accept a distribution or a gift made to the Fund, provided the Fund will not by reason of acceptance of that distribution or gift become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund or the Trustee otherwise resolves that the Trustee should not accept that distribution or gift.
- 32.2.** The Trustee may allocate any such distribution or gift at its discretion to the Earnings, a Reserve, a Member's Account or apply it for any such purpose as the Trustee determines, including the payment of a Pension to a Member, their Legal Personal Representative or to a Dependant in the event of the Member's death.

## Rule 33. The Trustee must not borrow unless permitted by the Act

### Explanation

The Trustee will not normally be allowed to borrow or mortgage or charge the assets of the Fund. A borrowing includes an overdraft or a margin account.

Except for limited short term borrowings the major exception to the "no borrowings" rules contained within the *S/S Act* are the "limited recourse borrowing arrangements" rules.

These rules allow a fund to borrow to acquire an asset provided the legal title to the asset (or replacement asset) is held on trust for the fund, that the fund has the right to acquire legal ownership of the asset (or replacement asset) and that the rights of the lender are limited to the asset (or replacement asset). This means that a fund can borrow to acquire an asset, such as:

- an investment property;
- a share; and
- a unit in a unit trust.

Any borrowing arrangement must on a limited recourse basis. That is if the fund defaults on a borrowing the lender's rights against the fund are limited to the asset acquired as a result of the borrowing.

### **Explanation cont.**

A fund must not be the legal owner of the asset. Rather it must be the beneficial owner of the asset.

There are no limitations as to whom the lender must be but the most obvious arrangement would be for a bank to lend directly to a fund. A member or associated party can also lend money to the fund as long as the arrangement is on arms- length terms.

Due to the complex nature of the “limited recourse borrowing rules” before implementing a non-recourse borrowing it may be appropriate to seek professional advice.

### **Rule**

- 33.1.** Except as otherwise provided by the *Act*, the Trustee must not:
- (a) borrow money;
  - (b) maintain an existing borrowing of money;
  - (c) recognise, or anyway encourage or sanction, a charge over, or in relation to a Member’s Benefits; and
  - (d) give a charge over, or in relation to, an asset of the Fund.
- 33.2.** The Fund may borrow, unless this would render the Fund a non-complying Fund, provided that:
- (a) the borrowed money is applied for the purposes of the acquisition of an asset other than one which the Fund is prohibited from acquiring;
  - (b) the asset is held on trust so that the Fund acquires a beneficial interest in the asset;
  - (c) the Fund has a right to acquire legal ownership of the asset; and
  - (d) the rights of the lender against the Fund for default on the borrowing, or on the sum of the borrowing and charges related to the borrowing, are limited to rights relating to the asset.
- 33.3.** The Trustee must not acquire an asset from a Member, or an Associate of a Member, unless that asset is an allowable acquisition under the *Act* and acquired at market value.

## **Earnings**

### **Rule 34. The Trustee must determine and allocate the Earnings of the Fund**

#### **Explanation**

The Trustee must determine the Earnings of the Fund each Financial Year.

### **Rule**

- 34.1.** The amount of the Fund’s Earnings for all or part of a Financial Year is to be determined by the Trustee and may include income received and accrued, realised and unrealised gains and any other such amounts as the Trustee believes should form part of the Fund’s Earnings.
- 34.2.** The Trustee has sole discretion as to where to allocate or how to apply Earnings, including allocating Earnings to a Member’s Accumulation Account, a Member’s Pension Account, or a Reserve and using Earnings to pay a Benefit or expense of the Fund or any tax imposed upon the Fund.

# Reserves

## Rule 35. The Trustee may establish a Reserve

### Explanation

The Trustee may create a Reserve. Normally a Reserve would be created to meet an expected liability of the Fund. A Member does not have any entitlement to amounts credited to a Reserve.

As examples the Trustee might establish a Reserve to which the following amounts may be added:

- Earnings before being allocated to Members;
- An amount (generally on the advice of an actuary) so as to ensure that the Trustee has sufficient Funds to pay a Pension;
- Amounts to be held in reserve for unexpected contingencies;
- Self-insurance amounts (whether for the Members generally, or for only one or more of the Members);
- The Trustee might establish a Reserve from which tax deductible amounts may be paid to the Legal Personal Representative or Dependant of a Member in the event of the Member's death; and
- The Trustee should determine at the time of establishment of a Reserve:
  - What amounts are to be added to or deducted from the Reserve;
  - The investment strategy to be adopted for that Reserve; and
- The proposed application of that Reserve.

### Rule

- 35.1.** The Trustee may, from time to time, establish such Reserves and add, deduct and allocate amounts to those Reserves as it considers appropriate (except that it may not establish a Reserve or add or deduct any amount to or from a Reserve if that would result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund).
- 35.2.** The Trustee must formulate and implement a separate investment strategy for any Reserve. The investment strategy must be consistent with the Fund's investment strategy and with the Trustee's ability to discharge liabilities wherever actual or contingent, as and when they fall due.
- 35.3.** No Member, nor any other person, shall have any entitlement to any amount in a Reserve.

# Taxation

## Rule 36. Payment of Tax and allocation to Members' Accounts

### Rule

- 36.1.** The Trustee must pay all Tax properly assessed to the Trustee.
- 36.2.** The Trustee may, in the Trustee's discretion, deduct from a Member's Account Tax paid or payable by the Trustee:
- (a) as a consequence of the receipt by the Trustee of a Contribution for the Benefit of a Member;
  - (b) payable on any income added to a Member's Account; and

- (c) any Tax which the Trustee reasonably believes may be payable as a consequence of a payment to a Member.

#### **Explanation**

The general rule is that a Complying Superannuation Fund will be assessed for Tax on:

- Contributions made to the Fund on behalf of a Member (except non-deductible Contributions made by a Member); plus
- Capital gains after deduction of same year and carried forward capital losses; plus
- Earnings derived by the Fund on investment of Contributions; less
- Deductible expenses incurred by the Fund (which might include insurance expenses); less
- Carried forward tax losses.

Tax is levied at a rate of 15% on the net income of a Complying Superannuation Fund (although "special income" is taxed at a rate of 45%). Tax on capital gains on assets held by the Fund for more than a year is applied to only 2/3rds of the gain.

Carried forward tax losses do not include capital losses. Capital losses incurred as a consequence of a disposal of an asset acquired after 19 September 1985, whilst not deductible against ordinary income, may be offset against capital gains or carried forward to offset against future capital gains. Given possible long lead times between the incurrence of a capital loss and possible utilisation of that loss, the Trustee should ensure that adequate records are kept recording and evidencing the incurrence of that loss.

The allowance of any imputation credits received on franked dividends derived by the Fund will reduce the effective rate of Tax payable by the Fund.

Where a Trustee holds assets for the purposes of paying a Pension, the Trustee will not be subject to Tax on any income or gains derived from the investment of assets used to Fund payment of those Pensions.

Tax payable by the Fund need not be deducted from any particular Member's Account (it might be paid from a Reserve or deducted from Earnings).

- 36.3.** The Trustee may, in the Trustee's discretion, deduct from any account, including a Reserve, Tax paid or payable by the Trustee provided any such deduction will not cause the Fund to become non-complying.
- 36.4.** If the Trustee receives a refund of Tax, the Trustee may add that refund to such Members' Accounts or such Reserve as it determines, provided that addition will not cause the Fund to become non-complying.

## **Insurance**

### **Rule 37. The Trustee may establish an insurance plan**

#### **Explanation**

The Trustee may establish an insurance plan. The insurance plan may provide lump sum or annuity cover payable in the event of a Member's death or disablement. Other insurances that may be acquired by the Trustee include sickness and accident, trauma, permanent disability and life insurance.

## Rule

The Trustee may establish an insurance plan for the benefit of the Fund so as to enable the Fund to make payments (including the payment of Benefits on death or disability) to a Member, a Member's Dependant or the Legal Personal Representative of a Member in the event of a Member's death, disablement, illness or as otherwise allowed by the *Act*.

### **Rule 38. The Trustee may self insure**

#### Rule

- 38.1.** Provided it is permitted by the *Act*, the Trustee can elect to self insure so long as the insured benefit is fully supported by an insurance policy provided by an external insurer.

#### **Explanation**

The insurance plan may also require the Trustee to self-insure the Fund (so as to enable the Trustee to pay a Benefit to a Member or to a Member's Legal Personal Representative). In the event that the Trustee seeks to self-insure, the Trustee should:

- engage an actuary to provide such advice to the Fund;
- determine the scope of the Fund's self insurance needs;
- establish a self insurance Reserve; and
- set a separate investment strategy for the self insurance Reserve.

An amount paid from a Reserve established for the purpose of self insurance might be tax deductible.

Since mid 2013, most Trustees have been prohibited from providing insured benefits for members unless they are supported by an insurance policy from an insurer, that is, a fund will not be able to self-insure. This standard took effect on 1 July 2016.

From 1 July 2014, a Trustee is prohibited from providing members with insured benefits other than those that satisfy the conditions of release of the *SIS Regulations* for death, terminal medical condition, permanent incapacity and temporary incapacity.

As of 1 July 2018, the various types of release authorities have been replaced with a more general reference to standardised release authority (Division 131). Further, changes have been made to the conditions of release in Schedule 1 of the *SISR 1994*.

Under these limited conditions of release, a member cannot currently access trauma insurance and Total Permanent Disability (TPD) proceeds from a fund, unless an alternative condition of release is met. As a result, the insurance proceeds cannot be released to members at the time of their disability, but must remain within the fund until an appropriate condition of release is satisfied.

- 38.2.** The Trustee is prohibited from providing insured benefits other than those that are consistent with the conditions of release in the *SIS Regulations* for death, terminal medical condition, permanent incapacity and temporary incapacity.

### **Rule 39. The Trustee has discretion as to the application of any insurance proceeds**

#### Rule

- 39.1.** Subject to the *Act*, the Trustee has absolute discretion as to the application of any insurance proceeds received by the Fund and may allocate the proceeds to any Member's Account or to Reserves of the Fund.

- 39.2.** No Member, nor their Legal Personal Representative, nor any other person, has any interest in any insurance proceeds that might be received by the Fund.
- 39.3.** If a Benefit would ordinarily include an insured component under a Policy (for example a Benefit payable on the Member's death or disablement) but:
- (a) no amount is paid under that Policy; or
  - (b) the amount paid under the Policy is less than the amount that would ordinarily be payable;
- an amount payable to the Member may be adjusted accordingly.
- 39.4.** This clause is:
- (a) for the protection of the Trustees and the Fund; and
  - (b) not to be taken as conferring any rights on Beneficiaries in respect of benefits additional to those conferred under other provisions of this Deed.

## Annual Accounts

### **Rule 40. The Trustee must prepare annual accounts**

#### **Rule**

- 40.1.** The Trustee must keep such accounting records as are required by the *Act*.
- 40.2.** Such accounting records are to be kept in such form and supported by such documentation as to enable them to be properly audited.
- 40.3.** The Trustee must, as soon as practical after the end of each Financial Year:
- (a) prepare a statement of financial position recording the assets and liabilities of the Fund as at the end of that preceding Financial Year;
  - (b) prepare an operating statement recording the profit derived or loss incurred by the Fund for that preceding Financial Year (or part year if the Fund was not in existence for a full year);
  - (c) arrange for these statements and the accounting records of the Fund to be audited by an Approved Auditor;
  - (d) arrange for all tax returns and other statements required to be lodged, pursuant to the *Act*, by the Fund and to be lodged as and when required; and
  - (e) prepare any Member and other statements and reports as required by the *Act*.
- 40.4.** The Trustee must retain the accounts and statements prepared in accordance with Rule 40.3 for a minimum period of 5 years after the end of the Financial Year to which they relate.

## Fund Compliance

### **Rule 41. Trustee must maintain the Fund's complying status**

#### **Explanation**

The Trustee must ensure that at all times the Fund is a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund. This means that it must at all times comply with the provisions of the *SIS Act* and its regulations and the Rules of this Fund.



**Explanation cont.**

In certain cases the Trustee may become aware that it has taken an action that may result in the Fund losing its status as a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund. In these circumstances, the Trustee must prepare a Compliance Plan that results in the Fund returning to or ensuring its Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund status.

The action required under the Compliance Plan may result from advice from the Fund's Auditor, an adviser to the Fund, or the Regulator.

**Rule**

- 41.1.** Where the Trustee becomes aware or is notified by the Auditor, an adviser to the Fund, or the Regulator, that the Fund may lose its status as a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, the Trustee must:
- (a) liaise with the Auditor, adviser or Regulator to determine a Compliance Plan to ensure the Fund's status as a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund is maintained;
  - (b) notify Members of any action required under the Compliance Plan; and
  - (c) take such action as is required under the Compliance Plan within a reasonable time frame and before the lodgement of the Fund's next regulatory return.

## Fund Insolvency

**Rule 42. The Trustee must develop a Solvency Plan****Explanation**

The Trustee must be able to pay Benefits and expenses as and when it is required.

If the Trustee believes that the Fund may become insolvent, then the Trustee must prepare a Solvency Plan which, if followed, would ensure that the Fund remains solvent.

The Solvency Plan may be written by the Trustee, the Fund's actuary, the Auditor, an adviser to the Fund or the Regulator.

**Rule**

- 42.1.** Where the Trustee becomes aware or is notified by the Auditor, or the Fund's actuary, that the Fund is, or may become, insolvent, the Trustee must:
- (a) meet with the actuary or Auditor to determine a Solvency Plan to ensure the Fund's solvency including, but not limited to, reducing any Members' Accounts or Members' Benefits;
  - (b) notify Members of any action required under the Solvency Plan; and
  - (c) take such action as is required under the Solvency Plan prior to the lodgement of the Fund's next regulatory return.

- End of Part Two -

# Part Three:

## Payment of Benefits by the Trustee

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### Benefits Payable to a Member

#### Rule 43. Benefits payable to a Member

##### Explanation

Upon becoming entitled to receive a Benefit from the Fund, a Member may choose to receive that Benefit by way of a lump sum or an income stream or as a combination of both. In some instances, the Member may be required to receive a Benefit as a lump sum and in other instances, as an income stream.

A Member may choose to receive a Lump Sum Benefit as an inspecie transfer of assets.

If a Benefit is paid to a Member who is 60 years of age and over, that payment will generally be 'tax free' to the Member.

There is no need for the Fund to be consistent as to the mode of payment of Benefits to Members. For example, a Pension might be paid to one Member and a lump sum to another.

#### Rule

**43.1.** A Member, or a Dependant of a Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of a Member, or any other person, may be entitled to receive one or more of:

- (a) a Lump Sum Benefit;
- (b) a Pension Benefit;
- (c) a Temporary Incapacity Benefit;
- (d) a Permanent Incapacity Benefit; and
- (e) such other Benefit as the Trustee might determine;

provided that any such Benefit would not result in the Fund breaching the Minimum Benefits provisions; becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund; or in breach of the Act or these Rules.

**43.2.** Individuals will be able to withdraw voluntary contributions from 1 July 2018 that were made to super post 1 July 2017 in order to purchase a first home. Up to \$15,000 of voluntary contributions made in a financial year count towards the amount that can be released. The maximum amount that can be released is \$30,000 of personal contributions plus any associated earnings.

#### Rule 44. When must Benefits be paid to a Member

##### Explanation

This Self Managed Superannuation Fund has been established to provide Benefits to the Members, or to their Dependants. This Rule ensures that Benefits are paid in accordance with the Core and Ancillary Purposes of the Fund.

## Rule

A Benefit must be paid to a Member, or to a Dependant of a Member, or to the Legal Personal Representative of a Member, or to some other person, if that Benefit is so required to be paid by the Rules or the *Act*.

### Rule 45. Payment of a Lump Sum Benefit

#### Explanation

The *SIS Act* contains complete rules requiring a Member's benefit to be preserved with the superannuation system. These rules apply to both Lump Sum Benefits and Pension Benefits (see Rule 45 below). Most persons will not be entitled to be paid a lump sum from a superannuation fund until they retire or turn 65 years of age.

## Rule

- 45.1.** Provided the Fund remains a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund and subject to the Rules, a Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member can at any time request, and the Trustee may at its discretion pay, a Lump Sum Benefit to the Member.
- 45.2.** Subject to Rule 45.3, the Trustee may only pay a Lump Sum Benefit to a Member that does not exceed the balance of that Member's Accumulation Account.
- 45.3.** The Trustee may determine that the whole or any part of a Reserve can be paid to the Member in addition to the payment of that amount made pursuant to Rule 45.2.

### Rule 46. Payment of a Pension Benefit

#### Explanation

The Rules allow the Trustee to pay a Pension, provided payment of the Pension is authorised by the *Act*. This means that the Pension must meet certain standards that are set out in the *SIS Regulations*, and the Rules of the Fund must reflect these standards.

The Fund may pay a Pension to a Member who has reached Preservation Age, even though that Member continues to work. This is known as a 'transition to retirement' Pension.

The Trustee must set out the terms and conditions of a Pension in writing and notify these to the Member prior to commencing the Pension. These terms and conditions then form part of the Fund's Rules.

Members of a Self Managed Superannuation Fund may be paid as a simple account based Pension (a Simple Pension). The other Pension types will not generally be available to a Member of a Self Managed Superannuation Fund. These Rules allow the payment of a Simple Pension with any or all of the balance of a Member's Account in the Fund.

The terms and conditions for this Simple Pension must include the following:

- A minimum Pension payment calculated in accordance with the Member's age in Table 1. must be made at least annually;
- the underlying capital of the Pension cannot be increased after the commencement date by the addition of any Contributions or rollovers;
- the Pension is able to be converted to a Lump Sum Benefit subject to special rules applying for transition to retirement pensions;
- the Pension cannot be used as security for any borrowings (income or underlying capital);

### Explanation cont.

- upon the Member's death, the Pension can be transferred to a Dependant as a reversionary Pension, or the balance of the Pension account may be cashed and paid as a lump sum to a Dependant or to the Legal Personal Representative of the Member; and
- The total amount of capital a person can transfer to retirement phase (with tax free earnings) to support the payment of one or more superannuation pensions will be limited to the Transfer Balance Cap. Every person with interests in retirement phase will have a personal Transfer Balance Cap which is measured by the balance of a person's Transfer Balance Account. A person's Transfer Balance Cap applies to all pension interests wherever held. Information that it holds (including information reported to it) about the balance of a person's Transfer Balance Account will be available from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).
- If a person exceeds their personal Transfer Balance Cap:
  - As of the 2017/2018 financial year all breaches will be limited to the 15% tax rate.
  - The Commissioner of Taxation will firstly issue an Excess Transfer Balance Determination to the person to identify the amount by which the person's Transfer Balance Account has exceeded their Transfer Balance Cap. If the excess amount is not removed within the required time a Commutation Authority will be issued directing one or more superannuation funds from which a person receives a superannuation pension to reduce the person's pension account by the amount of the Excess Transfer Balance.
  - The reduction can be achieved by the Fund paying the excess amount to the person as a Lump Sum Payment (provided a condition of release has been met) or transferring the amount to the person's Accumulation Account.
  - Failure to comply with a Commutation Authority will mean that the income stream will cease to be in retirement phase and will not qualify for tax-free earnings.
- The special rules applying, for a transition to retirement Pension, include that:
  - The Pension cannot be taken as a Lump Sum Benefit until the Member meets a condition of release such as retirement, death, permanent disability or 65 years of age;
  - The maximum Pension payment in any one year is limited to 10% of the balance of the Member's Pension Account; and
  - The pension rules restrict the type of Dependents to whom a reversionary Pension may be paid or transferred. The Rules prohibit the reversion or transfer of a Pension to a Dependant where that person is a Child of the Member and is an adult (25 years and older), unless they have a permanent disability that meets the provisions of the *Disability Services Act 1986* and are in need of ongoing support.

### Rule

- 46.1.** A Member or the Member's Legal Personal Representative may request the Trustee to pay a Pension to the Member, a Dependant of the Member, or a Legal Personal Representative of the Member, provided the Pension is taken to be a Pension for the purposes of the *SIS Act*. The payment of any Pension must not result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 46.2.** All parts of the *SIS Regulations* that provide standards for the payment of a Pension are incorporated in, and form part of, these Rules and any amount paid by the Fund as a Pension must be provided under those Rules.

**Table 1.**

Age of Member	% of account balance to be taken	% of account balance to be taken for 10/11	% of account balance to be taken for 11/12 & 12/13	% of account balance to be taken for 13/14 onwards
Under 65	4	2	3	4
65 - 74	5	2.5	3.75	5
75 – 79	6	3	4.5	6
80 – 84	7	3.5	5.25	7
85 – 89	9	4.5	6.75	9
90 - 94	11	5.5	8.25	11
95+	14	7	10.5	14

- 46.3.** The capital supporting a pension may not be added to by way of contribution or roll-over after the Pension has commenced.
- 46.4.** The Trustee may offer a Pension to a Member and must document the terms and conditions of the Pension and notify the Member in writing of these terms and conditions.
- 46.5.** Subject to Rule 46.2, the Trustee has sole discretion to apply any amount standing in a Member's Accumulation Account, a Member's Pension Account or a Reserve for the benefit of the provision of a Pension to a Member, a Dependant of the Member, a Legal Personal Representative of the Member or some other person.

## Incapacity

### **Rule 47. Member to advise Trustee of incapacity**

#### **Rule**

- 47.1.** If a Member wishes the Trustee to determine whether or not that Member is Temporarily Incapacitated or Permanently Incapacitated the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of that Member shall advise the Trustee of that. The Trustee shall before determining that a Member is Temporarily Incapacitated or is Permanently Incapacitated may require the Member to submit to any medical examination which the Trustee believes is reasonably necessary for the Trustee to determine whether or not the Member is Temporarily Incapacitated or is Permanently Incapacitated.
- 47.2.** On receipt of that advice and after receipt of any medical opinion that the Trustee might require, the Trustee shall determine whether or not the Member has been or is Temporarily Incapacitated or Permanently Incapacitated.

### **Rule 48. Benefits payable for Temporary Incapacity**

#### **Explanation**

The Trustee may be able to pay a Member a Temporary Incapacity Benefit, provided that the amount of that Benefit is not greater than the amount the Member was receiving from Gainful Employment. An amount received from Gainful Employment would include salary, wages, a share of the profit of a partnership, a distribution from a trust, a bonus, or any other form of benefit, provided it was linked to the provision of services by the Member.

## Rule

- 48.1.** Where the Trustee is of the opinion that the Member is Temporarily Incapacitated the Trustee may pay a Temporary Incapacity Benefit to the Member, provided such payment does not cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund for a period commencing from the time of that Temporary Incapacity to the earlier of:
- (a) that date the Member is re-engaged in the kind of employment engaged in by the Member immediately before becoming Temporarily Incapacitated;
  - (b) that date on which the Trustee forms an opinion that the Member has become Permanently Incapacitated;
  - (c) the date of the death of the Member; and
  - (d) such other time as is allowed under the *Act*.
- 48.2.** Subject to the *Act*, the amount of that Temporary Incapacity Benefit shall be no more than that amount which the Member was receiving from his Gainful Employment before that Temporary Incapacity.
- 48.3.** The Trustee may draw upon any Reserve to pay a Temporary Incapacity Benefit or, if there are no Reserves, deduct an amount from the Member's Account or any other account the Trustee so determines.

## Rule 49. Benefits payable for Permanent Incapacity

### Explanation

Where a Member is Permanently Incapacitated, the Trustee may pay the Member a Benefit until such time as the Member retires or dies. The Benefit may be a Lump Sum Benefit, a Pension or combination of a Lump Sum Benefit and Pension.

The Trustee might be able to make any such payment directly from that person's Member's Account. Alternatively or additionally, the payment might be Funded from a Reserve.

The Trustee may be able to claim a tax deduction for the payment of a Permanent Incapacity Benefit. Any such deduction may be used by the Trustee as an offset against same year or future year assessable income of the Fund.

## Rule

- 49.1.** If the Trustee is of the view that a Member has become Permanently Incapacitated and provided that any such payment does not result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, the Trustee in its absolute discretion may but is not obliged to:
- (a) pay all of any balance of the Member's Accumulation Account and Pension Accounts to the Member, a Dependant or Legal Personal Representative of the Member as a Lump Sum Benefit;
  - (b) pay part of any balance of the Member's Accumulation Account and Pension Accounts to the Member, a Dependant or Legal Personal Representative of the Member as a Lump Sum Benefit and the balance of the Member's Accounts (as increased from time to time) to the Member as a Pension; and
  - (c) pay all of any balance of the Member's Accumulation Account and Pension Accounts (as increased from time to time) to the Member, a Dependant or Legal Personal Representative of the Member as a Pension;
- 49.2.** The Trustee may also allocate an amount from any Reserves of the Fund to the benefit of a Member, a Dependant or Legal Personal Representative of the Member in the event of the Member's Permanent Incapacity for the purposes of paying a Lump Sum Benefit, a Pension or combination of both.

# Estate Planning

## Explanation

The assets of the Fund do not belong in whole or in part to any individual. That is, whilst a Member might think of his or her interest in the Fund as being an “asset” of that person, as a matter of law this is not the case.

This means that, when a Member dies, that Member will not be able to dispose of his or her interest in a fund by way of a Will.

To allow a Member to effectively dispose of his or her interest in a fund and to have some choice as to how to do so, these Rules allow:

- A Member to provide the Trustee with a Non Binding Death Benefit Nomination. The Member by way of that nomination requests that the Trustee pays Benefits in accordance with the Member’s wishes but does not compel the Trustee to so pay the Benefits. A Member might decide to provide a Trustee with a Non Binding Death Benefit Nomination where the Member wishes to provide some guidance to the Trustee (and to provide the Trustee with some measure of protection if the Trustee acts accordingly to that nomination) but, recognising that there may be a need for flexibility, does not want to bind the Trustee (Rule 50);
- A Member to provide the Trustee with a Binding Death Benefit Nomination in which the Member requires the Trustee to pay Benefits after that Member’s death to a Legal Personal Representative or Dependant of the Member. Whilst such requests are mandatory, they are restrictive as to whom Benefits may be paid, the mode of paying Benefits, and generally they only have a three year life. This is not the case with the Strategist Deed where a Binding Death Benefit is permanent if worded to that effect, unless altered by the Member (Rules 51.1 to 51.7). A Member who requires more certainty as to the application of Benefits payable on the death of a Member should consider including a Death Benefit request in the Rules as allowed by Rule 52 of the Rules.

## Rule 50. Non-binding Death Benefit Nomination

### Explanation

A Member might request the Trustee to pay a Benefit after the death of the Member to persons nominated by that Member. The Member might prefer (so as to not bind the Trustee) that this direction is made more as a statement of wishes than as a mandatory order.

### Rule

- 50.1.** A Member or the Legal Personal Representative of a Member may provide the Trustee with a Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination. This Nomination may request the Trustee, at the Trustee’s discretion, to provide Benefits on the death of the Member to persons named by the Member in that nomination.
- 50.2.** Subject to the *Act*, the Trustee must accept a Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination.
- 50.3.** A Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination is not binding upon the Trustee.
- 50.4.** Prior to the death of a Member, the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member, may confirm, amend or revoke a Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination previously given by the Member to the Trustee.

- 50.5.** A Member or the Legal Personal Representative of a Member may also direct the Trustee to act, do or carry out a particular course of action on the Member's death or incapacity. However the Trustee is not bound by any such direction and the Trustee must not comply with that direction, if it causes the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

## **Rule 51. Binding Death Benefit Nomination**

### **Explanation**

The *SIS Act* states that, if the Rules of a fund permit, a Member of the Fund may require the Trustee to provide any Benefits in respect of the Member, on or after the death of the Member, to the Legal Personal Representative or a Dependant of the Member. The Member does this by making what is commonly referred to as a Binding Death Benefit Nomination.

The Trustee must accept a Binding Death Benefit Nomination. However the Trustee must first provide the Member with sufficient information for the purpose of submitting a Binding Death Benefit Nomination. It is important to understand that the nomination can only be for the benefit of SIS beneficiaries as defined under the *SIS Act*.

The Member may amend a Binding Death Benefit Nomination at any time provided the Trustee is notified in writing of that amendment.

A Binding Death Benefit Nomination may be limited to the extent that a Member only nominates a person or persons and a proportion of the Member's Benefits to be paid to the person or each person. Accordingly a Member who wishes to have certainty about the manner in which Benefits are provided to a Dependant should consider making use of other options available as detailed in Rule 52. Alternatively, this Rule allows the Legal Personal Representative with consent of the Trustee after the death of a Member to apply the Member's Benefits as requested by the Legal Personal Representative.

### **Rule**

- 51.1.** The Trustee must, when required to do so by the *Act*, provide a Member with that information that the Trustee reasonably believes the Member reasonably needs for the purpose of submitting a Binding Death Benefit Nomination.
- 51.2.** A Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of a Member, may provide the Trustee with a Binding Death Benefit Nomination or a replacement to a prior Binding Death Benefit Nomination.
- 51.3.** The Trustee must accept a Binding Death Benefit Nomination completed in accordance with this Rule, and shall be bound to act in accordance with that Binding Death Benefit Nomination so long as, in doing so, the Fund is not in breach of the *Act*.
- 51.4.** A Binding Death Benefit Nomination (and any revocation or amendment to it):
- (a) must be in writing;
  - (b) must require the Trustee to provide any Benefits in respect of the Member, on or after the death of the Member, to a Legal Personal Representative or a Dependant of the Member;
  - (c) must be signed and dated by the Member in the presence of two witnesses, being persons:
    - (1) each of whom has turned 18; and
    - (2) neither of whom is a person mentioned in the notice; and
  - (d) must contain a declaration signed, and dated, by the witnesses stating that the notice was signed by the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of a Member in their presence.



- 51.5. Prior to the death of a Member, the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member may confirm, amend or revoke a Binding Death Benefit Nomination previously given by the Member to the Trustee. A confirmation must be in writing, dated and signed by the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member. An amendment or revocation of a Binding Death Benefit Nomination must be in writing and must be dated and signed by the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member in the presence of two witnesses each of whom has turned 18 and neither of whom is mentioned in the notice. The Trustee shall accept that confirmation amendment or revocation.
- 51.6. A Binding Death Benefit Nomination which requires a Benefit to be paid to the Spouse of a Member will be deemed to have been revoked if proceedings have been commenced pursuant to the *Family Law Act 1975* or some similar foreign legislation seeking the dissolution of that Member's marriage to that Spouse.
- 51.7. A member may revoke a Binding Death Benefit Nomination.
- 51.8. Unless sooner revoked by the Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member who gave the Binding Death Benefit Nomination, or deemed to have been revoked, a Binding Death Benefit Nomination would have an indefinite term unless the Member has stipulated otherwise.

## **Rule 52. Incorporation of a Death Benefit request in the Rules**

### **Explanation**

The *SIS Act* states that, if the Rules of a fund permit, a Member may request the Trustee to provide any Benefits in respect of the Member, on or after the death of the Member, to the Legal Personal Representative or a Dependant of the Member, provided any such request would not render the Fund to be a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

These Rules permit a Member to request that the Trustee establish a Death Benefit Rule. The request if accepted will bind the Trustee to pay a Member's Benefits upon the Member's death as that Member requests.

However before accepting a Member's request to establish a Death Benefit Rule, the Trustee should assess the taxation implications and cash flow requirements that may be faced by the Fund in the event of any Death Benefit becoming payable upon the Member's death.

If the Trustee is of the view that the Trustee may be unable to comply with the Member's request the Trustee may, after discussion with the Member, request that the Member resubmit the request. The Trustee may also need to reassess the Fund's insurance plan and increase any life insurance cover.

### **Rule**

- 52.1. A Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member may provide the Trustee with a notice in writing requesting the Trustee to establish a Death Benefit Rule that requires the Trustee to pay Benefits in the event of the death of the Member in a manner and form that the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member so chooses; including whether the Benefit is to be a Lump Sum Benefit, a Pension Benefit or combination of both.
- 52.2. The Trustee may accept or reject any notice referred to at Rule 52.1 and must reject such a notice if the Trustee holds a Binding Death Benefit Nomination from that Member. If the Trustee accepts the notice, the Trustee shall be bound to act in accordance with that Death Benefit Rule that would be established as a consequence of accepting the notice.
- 52.3. A Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member, may provide the Trustee with a notice in writing requesting the Trustee to delete or amend a Death Benefit Rule that was previously established at the request of the Member and, if amended, the Trustee shall act in accordance with that amended Death Benefit Rule.

- 52.4.** The Trustee shall not accept any notice referred to at Rule 52.1 or 52.3 if that would cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

### **Rule 53. Terms and Conditions of a Pension deemed to be a Rule**

#### **Explanation**

Rule 46.4 states that the Trustee must document the terms and conditions set down for the payment of a Pension and notify the Member of these terms and conditions. This Rule deems that those terms and conditions to be part of the Rules. This ensures that where, for example, the terms and conditions of a Pension provide for a reversion of the Pension on the death of the Member to their Spouse, Dependant or Legal Personal Representative and the Trustee is bound to act in accordance with those terms and conditions.

#### **Rule**

A Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member, may in writing notify the Trustee of his or her acceptance of the terms and conditions of a Pension payable according to Rule 46 as a Rule. Upon that acceptance by the Member, or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member, those terms and conditions will be deemed to be a Rule unless payment of the Pension causes the Fund to be a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

#### **Warning**

The 1 July 2017 superannuation amendments should be considered in relation to all pre-existing and contemplated pension arrangements.

## **Death Benefits**

### **Rule 54. What must happen on death of a Member**

#### **Explanation**

A purpose of the Fund is to provide Benefits to a Member's Dependents or Legal Personal Representative, on death of the Member. Where a Member dies, the Trustee may pay a Benefit to the Member's Dependents or Legal Personal Representative in accordance with any Binding or Non-Binding Death Benefit Nominations made by the Member or Death Benefit Rule established at the request of the Member. The Benefit may be a Lump Sum Benefit, a Pension or a combination of a Lump Sum Benefit and Pension.

Prior to any Benefits being paid, a person must be appointed Trustee in place of the deceased Member. Typically, this is the Legal Personal Representative of the Member. That person may only remain Trustee for the period until death Benefits commence to be paid, otherwise the Fund may lose its complying status.

#### **Rule**

##### **54.1.** On death of a Member:

- (a) if the Member was a Trustee the deceased Member's Legal Personal Representative is by reason of this Rule appointed a Trustee for the period from the date of death of the Member until the date of commencement of payment of any Benefits payable as a consequence of the death of the Member, provided the Legal Personal Representative is eligible, pursuant to these Rules, to be a Trustee and has consented to act as such; or

- (b) if the Member was a director of a company which is a Trustee, that company may continue as a Trustee from the date of death of the Member, provided the Legal Personal Representative of the Member is appointed as a director of the company for any such period; and the company and the Legal Personal Representative is otherwise eligible, pursuant to these Rules, to be a Trustee and has consented to act as such; and
- (c) subject to Rule 46, the Trustee may continue to pay any Pension previously payable to the Member to the Legal Personal Representative of the Member.

## **Rule 55. Payment of a Death Benefit**

### **Explanation**

The payment of a Benefit on death of a Member may be made from the Member's Account or a Reserve. The Trustee may also be able to claim a Tax deduction for the payment of such a Benefit but only in respect of a Member who dies before 1 July 2017 for a payment made before 1 July 2019.

After the death of a Member, the Trustee should determine whether it holds a Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination for the Member, a Binding Death Benefit Nomination for the Member, or has established a Death Benefit Rule at the request of the Member to pay Benefits to particular people in a particular manner and disperse Benefits as authorised by this Rule.

### **Rule**

- 55.1.** On the death of a Member, the Trustee shall distribute the balance of the Member's Accounts as a Benefit in accordance with this Rule to one or more of the Member's Dependants, the Member's Legal Personal Representative, or any other account in the Fund including another Member's Account or a Reserve, provided any such distribution does not cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 55.2.** If the Trustee holds a Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination for the deceased Member, the Trustee may, but is not obliged to, pay such Benefits to such persons as are nominated in that Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination of the deceased Member.
- 55.3.** If the Trustee holds a Binding Death Benefit Nomination for the deceased Member, the Trustee must pay such Benefits in the manner and form as are nominated in that Binding Death Benefit Nomination of the deceased Member. The Trustee is not required to make a payment under a Binding Death Benefit Nomination if that payment may result in the Fund becoming insolvent, or if it causes the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 55.4.** If, at the request of the deceased Member, the Trustee has established a Death Benefit Rule, the Trustee must pay any Benefits payable as a consequence of the death of that Member in accordance with that Death Benefit Rule. The Trustee must not establish a Death Benefit Rule if the Trustee holds a valid Binding Death Benefit Nomination. The Trustee is not required to make a payment under a Death Benefit Rule if that payment results in the Fund becoming insolvent or causes the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
- 55.5.** If the terms and conditions of a Pension payable to the deceased Member have been incorporated as a Rule, the Trustee must pay the Pension according to the terms of that Pension provided any such payment does not cause the Fund to become a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund. If the Trustee is not permitted to pay the Pension according to the terms of the Pension Rule, then Rules 55.1-55.4 apply wherever applicable.
- 55.6.** Except if one or more of Rules 55.1, 55.2, 55.3, 55.4 or 55.5 apply, the Trustee shall distribute or transfer the balance of the Member's Accounts as the Trustee in its absolute discretion may decide, provided the distribution or transfer is permitted by the *Act*.
- 55.7.** Notwithstanding Rule 55.1, the Trustee is authorised to pay such additional amounts to a Dependiant or the Legal Personal Representative of a deceased Member as the Trustee, in the Trustee's absolute discretion, may decide, including an amount from a Reserve, provided the payment does not result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund. These amounts are not to be taken as forming part of the deceased Member's Benefits.

# Conversion of Benefits

## Rule 56. Conversion of a Lump Sum Benefit into a Pension

### Explanation

Members in receipt of Benefits have the flexibility of converting their Benefits to another style of Benefit, provided that such a conversion is allowed under the Act and does not result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

### Rule

- 56.1.** At the request of a Member or, in the event of the Member's death, at the request of the Member's Dependant or Legal Personal Representative; and, subject to the Rules and the Act, the Trustee may convert any Lump Sum Benefit, payable to the Member by converting that benefit either in whole or part into a Pension payable to the Member or, if the Member is deceased, the Dependents or Legal Personal Representative of the Member.
- 56.2.** The Member or, in the event of the Member's death, the Member's Dependant or Legal Personal Representative must notify the Trustee of the type of Pension required under Rule 46 and the Trustee is to use the Lump Sum Benefit entitlement to Fund any Pension.

## Rule 57. Commutation of a Pension

### Explanation

As of 1 July 2017 with the introduction of the \$1.6 million indexed Transfer Balance Cap, the amount of capital that can support an individual's pension phase superannuation income streams from all superannuation providers and including a pension received as a result of the death of another person will be limited to the individual's Transfer Balance Cap. The value of lifetime pensions and other defined benefit income streams is counted towards a person's Transfer Balance Cap.

Exceeding that cap will lead to the issues referred in the explanation to Rule 46.

Members in retirement phase need to be aware of the terms of their pensions and the balance of their Transfer Balance Account.

The intended recipient of a Pension Benefit should be aware of and compare the balance of their Transfer Balance Account with their personal Transfer Balance Cap and consider their other superannuation interests before commuting all or part of an existing pension. It is important for Members and particularly intended recipients of Death Benefit and reversionary Pensions to plan and seek advice regarding their personal circumstances and their own pension interests before making decisions.

Where the Transfer Balance Account of an individual who is in pension phase exceeds the General Transfer Balance Cap by less than \$100,000.00, transitional arrangements regarding excess transfer balance tax for account based pensions will apply if the breach is rectified within 6 months. Any breach of a person's Transfer Balance Cap at any time will mean that proportional indexation increases will not be available in future years to increase that individual's personal Transfer Balance Cap.

If a Commutation Authority is issued to the Fund because of a Member's breach of their Transfer Balance Cap, the Trustee should make reasonable efforts to consult the Member on his or her preferred method of commuting the required amount of the Pension. If the Trustee cannot obtain the Member's preference, the Trustee must continue to act in the interests of the Member. This may extend to the Trustee establishing an accumulation account for the Member to receive the commuted amount.

## Rule

**57.1.** At the request of a Member or, in the event of the Member's death, at the request of the Member's Dependant or Legal Personal Representative and subject to the Rules and the *Act*, the Trustee may, subject to Rules 57.2 and 57.3 commute all or part of any Pension payable to the Member in accordance with Rule 57.4.

**57.2.** The Trustee must as soon as practical after receipt comply with:

- (a) a Commutation Authority (unless an exemption is available, such as because the relevant Member has died) and other obligations under Subdivision 136B of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth);
- (b) a Member's request to commute the whole or any part of the Member's Pension made in the following circumstances:
  - (1) in order to reduce the Member's Pension by an amount up to the Crystallised Reduction Amount referred to in an excess transfer balance determination issued to the Member; or
  - (2) where the purpose of the request is to remove the Member's Excess Transfer Balance;

and in complying with either the Member's request made under Rule 57.2(b) or a Commutation Authority, the Trustee must do so by the method specified in Rule 57.3 as preferred by the Member.

**57.3.** If the Trustee is unable to ascertain the Member's preferred method for commuting the amount required to comply with a Commutation Authority, the Trustee will in its discretion apply the required amount by a method specified in Rule 57.4 provided it is permitted by the *Act*. If the Trustee decides to apply the required amount as an allocation under Rule 57.4(b) but the Member does not have a Member's Accumulation Account at that time, the Trustee may establish a Member's Accumulation Account for the Member without obtaining the consent of the Member.

**57.4.** Any amount resulting from the commutation, subject to the *Act*, may be applied by the Trustee to:

- (a) by paying a Lump Sum Benefit or some other type of Pension to the Member, a Dependant or Legal Personal Representative of the Member; or
- (b) by allocating or transferring value to the Member's Accumulation Account.

**57.5.** Prior to commuting the Pension, the Trustee must determine the possible taxation consequences or commutation limits that may arise in relation to the commutation of the Pension and notify the Member, Dependant or Legal Personal Representative of the Member of this information.

## Rule 58. Enduring Powers of Attorney and Acts permitted

**58.1.** Any power or right which a member has under the terms of this deed may be exercised by the Member's Legal Personal Representative. If the Legal Personal Representative is the holder of an enduring power of attorney, the power or right must be exercised in accordance with and be authorised by the terms of the appointment. Without limiting the generality of the following and by way of example, the Member's Legal Personal Representative may:

- (a) execute, revoke or confirm a Binding or Non Binding Death benefit Nomination;
- (b) make contributions on behalf of the Member;
- (c) commute part or all of any pension;
- (d) appoint or vote for the appointment of a new director to the Trustee, if a corporation;
- (e) act in place of the Member as a director; and
- (f) make withdrawals from a Members account balance, in specie or in cash.

## Part Four: Changes to the Fund

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### Rule 59.      **Becoming a Small APRA fund**

#### **Explanation**

This Deed is not a suitable Deed for a fund that is not a Self Managed Superannuation Fund. A fund will not be a Self Managed Superannuation Fund if it has more than four Members.

If the Fund ceases to be a Self Managed Superannuation Fund it will be in breach of the *SIS Act*, unless its Trustee is an Approved Trustee. An Approved Trustee is some entity, such as a publicly listed Trustee company that APRA has declared may be appointed as the Trustee of a fund that is not a Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

Where a fund ceases being a Self Managed Superannuation Fund it must within 28 days of that change provide the Australian Taxation Office with details of that change.

In some instances, the Members of a fund might believe that even though the Fund has less than four Members and that, rather than the Members being the Trustees, an Approved Trustee should be the Trustee. The Members may not wish to undertake the responsibilities attached to the role of Trustee or may have particular family reasons for wanting an Approved Trustee to be the Trustee. This Rule allows an Approved Trustee to be appointed as the Trustee at any time. These Rules are not suitable to Funds where an Approved Trustee is the Trustee.

#### **Rule**

- 59.1.** Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, at any time the then Trustee may retire as the Trustee and appoint an Approved Trustee as the Trustee.
- 59.2.** If an Approved Trustee is appointed as the Trustee, the Members shall forthwith meet and agree to a replacement to these Rules.

### Rule 60.      **Amendment of the Deed or the Rules**

#### **Explanation**

Given that constant changes are made to the *Act* it is important the Rules of the Fund can be amended so as to ensure continued compliance with the *Act*. The Rules of most Funds are amended or replaced from time to time.

#### **Rule**

- 60.1.** Subject to any other provision of these rules, the Trustee may, in its absolute discretion, amend the Deed or the Rules (in whole or in part) by way of written resolution provided:
- (a) any change to the Deed or the Rules does not result in the Fund becoming a Non-Complying Superannuation Fund or being in breach of the *Act*;
  - (b) the amendment does not reduce the amount of any Benefit accrued or accruing to a Member as at the date of amendment, unless the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member has in writing consented to any such amendment;

- (c) the amendment does not amend the term of a Pension which has been incorporated as a Rule or a Death Benefit Rule, unless the Member or the Legal Personal Representative of the Member who accepted the term of the Pension, or who requested the Death Benefit Rule to be incorporated, has in writing consented to any such amendment;
- (d) the amendment does not allow a person, other than a Constitutional Corporation, to be eligible to be appointed as a Trustee, unless the Rules then provide, and will continue to provide after the amendment is made, that the Fund has, as its sole or primary purpose, the provision of old age pensions; and
- (e) the amendment does not allow the sole or primary purpose of the Fund to be a purpose other than the provision of old age pensions, unless the Rules provide, and will continue to provide after the amendment is made, that the Trustee must be a Constitutional Corporation.

*- End of Part Four -*

# Part Five: Winding Up of the Fund

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## Termination

### Rule 61. Termination of the Fund

#### Explanation

On termination of the Fund the Trustee should:

- Step One:** have the Fund audited;
- Step Two:** determine the Market Value of the Fund's assets;
- Step Three:** determine if the cash assets of the Fund are sufficient to discharge the Fund's debts and liabilities. If not, the Trustee will determine which assets will be disposed of to obtain sufficient cash;
- Step Four:** pay out all expenses of the Fund including any Taxes, administration costs, government imposts, amounts due to Members, other expenses plus any expense incurred to wind up the Fund;
- Step Five:** declare a final distribution amount (being that amount that is equal to the value of the assets of the Fund less expenses paid).

Any final distribution amount may at the Trustee's discretion (and subject to the *Act*) be distributed by the Trustee to any of:

- Members and former Members of the Fund;
- Relatives of any Member or former Member;
- any Legal Personal Representative of a Member or former Member;
- any other person; and
- a charity or public benevolent institution.

#### Rule

**61.1.** The Fund shall be wound-up and terminated on the first to occur of the date:

- (a) on which the Trustee resolves that the Fund should be wound up and terminated;
- (b) the Fund must be wound up for the purpose of the *Act*;
- (c) the Fund ceases to have Members; or
- (d) the Regulator requires that the Fund be wound up.

**61.2.** The Trustee shall on the Termination Date:

- (a) dispose of assets of the Fund in order to have sufficient cash to meet any debts and liabilities of the Fund. The Trustee has discretion to determine which of the Fund's assets are to be disposed of;
- (b) pay out any debts and liabilities of the Fund;



- (c) determine, subject to the *Act*, to whom any Benefits are to be paid, including former Members, trusts that former Members were beneficiaries of, the Legal Personal Representative of former Members or any other person. The Trustee retains sole discretion as to where Benefits are to be paid and how they are to be made including in-specie or cash Benefits and is to ensure that the payment of any Benefits does not breach the sole purpose test; and
- (d) pay out any Benefits due by the Fund to the Members. The Trustee retains sole discretion as to how these amounts are to be paid, including making an in-specie transfer of assets or cash amounts.

**61.3.** After the Trustee has made all such payments as the Trustee is required, or has resolved to pay pursuant to Rule 60.2, the Trustee may distribute the remaining assets of the Fund to such charities or public benevolent institutions as it might determine, provided any such payment does not breach the sole purpose test or otherwise render the Fund a Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.

- End of Part Five -

# Part Six: Interpretation

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## Governing Law

### **Rule 62. The governing law is the State in which the Trustee resides**

#### **Explanation**

The governing law is simply that law which is to be applied by a court if the court is required to consider the Rules.

The governing law is the State in which the Trustee resides.

#### **Rule**

The law applicable to the Fund is the law of the State or Territory of the Commonwealth of Australia where the Trustee resides.

## Status of the Act

### **Rule 63. The Act is paramount**

#### **Explanation**

The Rules define the *Act* to include the *SIS Act*, the *Income Tax Assessment Acts 1936 and 1997* and the regulations made pursuant to those acts.

If the Fund fails to comply with a provision of an *Act*, the Fund might become a Non- Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund (with the result that it would not be concessionally taxed).

If the Trustee contravenes a provision of the *Act*, the Trustee might be subject to a fine or criminal penalty. This Rule is designed to protect the Fund in the event that the Rules of the Fund, and the provisions of an *Act*, contain some unintentional inconsistency but more importantly, in case the provisions of the *Act* change (and it is almost certain that the provisions of the *Act* will, at sometime, change).

#### **Rule**

**63.1.** Provided there is no inconsistency between the provisions of these Rules and the *Act*, any authority or discretion given to the Trustee by the *Act* shall be incorporated into these Rules as if a Rule.

**63.2. The provisions of this clause 63 override any other provisions of this Deed**

The Trustees must comply with the requirements of the *Act* and are fully empowered (without being obliged) to comply with any provision or standard of the *Act* which is not a requirement.

**63.3. Power to comply with the Act**

(a) The Trustees may:

- (1) do anything that the Trustees are required to do or that the Trustees consider necessary, expedient or desirable to comply with any requirement of the *Act* (including expending monies of the Fund); and

- (2) refrain from doing anything (including, without limitation, delaying or refusing any request or transaction in connection with a Beneficiary's interest in the Fund) that would result in a breach of, or the Trustees breaching, a requirement of the Superannuation Law.
- (b) The Trustee may rely on anything (including any statutory presumptions available to it) in the *Act*, to the extent that the Trustees are entitled to do so in their capacity as Trustee of the Fund.
- (c) The Trustee is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Fund for any liabilities that the Trustees properly incur pursuant to this clause.

#### **63.4. Deemed compliance**

The Trustees is deemed to comply with the *Act* and the Rules if the Regulator:

- (a) is satisfied that the Trustee has complied with the *Act*;
- (b) determines that the Fund will be treated as if it had complied with the *Act*; or
- (c) has advised the Trustees that it will not take action against the Trustees or the Fund in respect of a failure to comply with the *Act*.

#### **63.5. Conflict with the Act**

- (a) To the extent that any provision, or part of a provision, of the Rules conflicts with the *Act* or is invalid for any other reason whatsoever:
  - (1) that provision, or part, must be read down, changed, construed or severed to avoid such conflict or invalidity; and
  - (2) to the extent that such conflict or invalidity cannot be avoided, the provision or part of the *Act* shall prevail to the extent of the conflict or invalidity only and the provision, or part, will be of no effect and will not affect the remaining Rules.
- (b) If a Rule would otherwise be void under the *Act* because it:
  - (1) subjects the Trustees to direction by another person; or
  - (2) permits a person to exercise a discretion without the consent of the Trustees;

other than in the circumstances permitted by the *Act*, the Trustee's consent is required for the giving of the direction or the exercise of the discretion.

## **Interpretation**

### **Rule 64. Rules as to interpretation**

- 64.1.** Explanations accompanying a Rule are for information and disclosure purposes only, but may be taken into account in interpreting a Rule:
- (a) in considering the purpose or object underlying a Rule;
  - (b) to confirm that the meaning of a Rule is its ordinary meaning conveyed by its text, taking into account the purpose or object underlying the Rule;
  - (c) in determining a Rule's meaning, if the Rule is ambiguous or obscure; and
  - (d) in determining the Rule's meaning if the ordinary meaning conveyed by its text, taking into account its context in the Rules and the purpose or object underlying the Rule leads to a result that is manifestly absurd or unreasonable.
- 64.2.** A reference to any person or body shall include a reference to a company, references to its respective authorised officers, agents, delegates, successors, assigns, executors and administrators.

- 64.3.** Words importing any one gender include all genders and words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa.
- 64.4.** Unless the contrary intention appears, when a word or phrase is given a particular meaning other parts of speech and grammatical forms of the word or phrase have a corresponding meaning.
- 64.5.** In determining whether the Fund will or will not be a Complying Superannuation Fund or Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, the Trustee shall only consider whether or not any course of action to be followed by the Trustee in relation to the Fund would or would not cause the Fund not to be a Complying Superannuation Fund or Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund; and must not take into account any discretion which might or might not be exercised by the Regulator.
- 64.6.** A reference to a provision of an *Act* includes a reference to any similar or a successor provision in that *Act* or to any similar provision in any successor *Act*.
- 64.7.** A reference in these Rules to “pay” includes a reference to “credit” or “distribute”.

## Definitions

### Rule 65. Definitions

In this Deed the following words or expressions have the meaning thereafter ascribed to them:

<b>Act</b>	The <i>SIS Act</i> , the <i>Tax Act</i> , the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> , the <i>Family Law Act 1975 (Part VIII B)</i> , the <i>Social Security Act 1991</i> , the <i>Veterans’ Entitlements Act 1986</i> , as the context applies and any successor acts and all regulations made pursuant to the foregoing acts.
<b>Ancillary Purposes</b>	Those purposes as defined in section 62 of the <i>SIS Act</i> including the purpose of providing such benefits as the Regulator approves in writing.
<b>Application Form</b>	An application form provided by the Trustees for prospective members to complete and submit to the Trustees as referred to at Rule 12.
<b>Approved Trustee</b>	A Trustee as approved by the Regulator pursuant to Part 2A and Part 2B of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>APRA</b>	The Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority or any successor authority to that authority.
<b>Associate</b>	A person who is an associate as defined by section 12 of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Auditor</b>	An auditor who is an Approved Auditor as defined in section 10(1) of the <i>SIS Act</i> or any successor <i>Act</i> or otherwise determined by the Regulator.
<b>Benefit</b>	A benefit or entitlement payable or distributable by the Fund including a Pension.
<b>Binding Death Benefit Nomination</b>	A death benefit nomination made by a Member in accordance with Rule 15 that must be followed by the Trustee in the event of the Member’s death.
<b>Civil Penalty Order</b>	An order or declaration made by a court under section 196 of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Child</b>	Any person defined as a child by the <i>Act</i> .

<b>Commencement Date</b>	In relation to a Pension has the meaning given by the <i>SIS Regulations</i> .
<b>Commutation Authority</b>	has the meaning given by Subdivision 136-B of Schedule 1 of the <i>Taxation Administration Act 1953</i> (Cth).
<b>Compliance Plan</b>	A plan established for the purpose of Rule 41.
<b>Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund</b>	A fund which is a complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund for the purposes of section 42A of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Constitutional Corporation</b>	A body corporate which is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a trading corporation formed within the limits of the Commonwealth of Australia (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xx) of the <i>Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia</i>); or</li> <li>(b) a financial corporation formed within the limits of the Commonwealth of Australia (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xx) of the <i>Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia</i>).</li> </ul>
<b>Contributions</b>	Amounts paid or property transferred to the Trustee for the Benefit of a Member or Members.
<b>Contributions Segment</b>	Means that part of a Superannuation Interest as defined in section 307-220 of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Core Purposes</b>	Those purposes as defined in section 62 of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Crystallised Reduction Amount</b>	Means the amount of the Excess Transfer Balance stated in an Excess Transfer Balance Determination.
<b>Crystallised Segment</b>	Means that part of a Superannuation Interest as defined in section 307-225 of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Death Benefit Rule</b>	A Rule established as a Rule by reason of Rule 52.
<b>Deed</b>	The Deed establishing the Fund as amended from time to time.
<b>Dependant</b>	Is a person that is defined as a dependant for the purposes of the <i>SIS Act</i> and includes the Spouse of the person, any Child of the person and any other person with whom the person had an interdependency relationship (as determined by the <i>SIS Act</i> ).
<b>Downsizer Contributions</b>	Means those non concessional contributions permitted to be made by a Member on or after 1 July 2018 under the terms of s292 of Schedule 2 to the <i>Treasury Laws Amendment (Reducing Pressure on Housing Affordability Measures No.1) Act 2017</i> .
<b>Earnings</b>	The earnings of the Fund determined in accordance with Rule 34.

<b>Element Taxed In The Fund</b>	Means that part of the Taxable Component as defined in section 307-275 of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Element Untaxed In The Fund</b>	Means that part of the Taxable Component as defined in section 307-275 of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Eligible Rollover Fund</b>	A fund defined by regulation 10.01 of the <i>SIS Regulations</i> as an eligible rollover fund.
<b>Employer</b>	Means for the purposes of Rule 3.4 a person whom some other person is taken to be an “employee” of for the purposes of section 17A of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Excess Concessional Contributions</b>	has the meaning given by section 291-20 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> .
<b>Excess Contributions Tax</b>	Any tax imposed by reason of the <i>Superannuation (Excess Concessional Contributions Tax) Act 2007</i> or the <i>Superannuation (Excess Non- Concessional Contributions Tax) Act 2006</i> or successor legislation.
<b>Excess Transfer Balance</b>	Is an amount at a particular time by which a person's Transfer Balance in his/her Transfer Balance Account exceeds his/her Transfer Balance Cap at that time.
<b>Excess Transfer Balance Determination</b>	A determination issued by the Commissioner of Taxation under Division 136 of Schedule 1 of the Tax Administration Act 1953 (CTH) of the amount of the Excess Transfer Balance.
<b>FHSS</b>	Means the First Home Super Saver scheme.
<b>FHSS Scheme Determination</b>	Means the Commissioner’s determination of the maximum amount that an individual can request to be released under the scheme, referred to scheme as the FHSS maximum releasable amount.
<b>FHSS Release Authority</b>	Means a release authority issued by the Commissioner of Taxation authorising the Trustee to release up to the FHSS releasable contributions amount to the Australian Taxation Office.
<b>Financial Year</b>	A year ended 30 June or that period of twelve months adopted by the Trustee as the Fund’s financial year.
<b>Fund</b>	The Self Managed Superannuation Fund established by the Deed.
<b>Gainful Employment</b>	That activity in which a person is engaged for gain or reward in any business, trade, profession, vocation, calling or occupation.
<b>General Transfer Balance Cap</b>	A person's General Transfer Balance Cap is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) for the 2017-2018 financial year--\$1,600,000; or</li> <li>(b) for the 2018-2019 financial year or a later financial year--the amount worked out by indexing annually the amount mentioned in paragraph (a) in accordance with Subdivision 960-M of the Tax Act and to the extent permitted in section 960-285 of the Tax Act.</li> </ul>

<b>Legal Personal Representative</b>	The executor of the Will or administrator of the estate of a deceased person, the Trustee of the estate of a person under a legal disability, or a person who holds an enduring power of attorney granted by a person or a person appointed by a court or tribunal as a financial manager or receiver for a member under a legal disability.
<b>Lump Sum</b>	A Benefit which is payable to a Member pursuant to Rule 45 in cash or in kind.  Includes an asset, in the context of payment of Benefits but not in circumstances of severe financial hardship or on compassionate grounds or to a former temporary resident under <i>SIS Regulations</i> 6.20A or 6.20B.
<b>Manager</b>	The person or entity appointed by the Trustee to manage the Fund.
<b>Market Value</b>	The amount that a willing buyer of an asset could reasonably be expected to pay to acquire the asset from a willing seller if the following assumptions were made: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) that the buyer and the seller dealt with each other at arm's length in relation to the sale;</li> <li>(b) the sale occurred after proper marketing of the asset; and</li> <li>(c) the buyer and seller acted knowledgeably and prudently in relation to the sale.</li> </ul>
<b>Member</b>	Any person accepted by the Trustee as a Member of the Fund.
<b>Member's Account</b>	An account established by the Trustee on behalf of a Member.
<b>Member's Accumulation Account</b>	A Member's Account established by the Trustee, the balance of which is the amount that can be paid to the benefit of a Member, their Dependant or Legal Personal Representative as a Lump Sum Benefit and/or a Pension.
<b>Member's Benefit</b>	The amount of a Benefit payable to a Member, their Dependant or Legal Personal Representative in the event of the Member's death as determined by the Trustee.
<b>Member's Pension Account</b>	A Member's Account established by the Trustee from which the payment of a Pension will be debited.
<b>Minimum Benefits</b>	An amount determined by the Trustee of the Fund as a minimum benefit for a Member pursuant to Part 5 of the <i>SIS Regulations</i> .
<b>Non-Binding Death Benefit Nomination</b>	A death benefit nomination as referred to in Rule 14 that is not binding upon the Trustee.
<b>Non-Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund</b>	A superannuation Fund that is not a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund.
<b>Non-Concessional Contributions</b>	has the meaning given by section 292-90 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> .

<b>Non-Concessional Contributions Cap</b>	has the meaning given by section 292-85 of <i>the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> .
<b>Payment Split</b>	A “payment split” as defined by section 90MD of the <i>Family Law Act 1975</i> .
<b>Pension</b>	Any pension payable by the Fund.
<b>Permanent Incapacity Benefit</b>	A Benefit payable pursuant to Rule 49.
<b>Permanently Incapacitated</b>	In relation to a Member means a Member who has ceased to be Gainfully Employed because of ill-health (whether physical or mental) where the Trustee is reasonably satisfied that that Member is unlikely, because of the ill health, ever again to be Gainfully Employed in any employment for which that Member is reasonably qualified by education, training or experience.
<b>Policy</b>	Means an insurance policy arranged by the Trustees in accordance with Rule 37.
<b>Preservation Age</b>	Means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) for a person born before 1 July 1960 — 55 years;</li> <li>(b) for a person born during the year 1 July 1960 to 30 June 1961 — 56 years;</li> <li>(c) for a person born during the year 1 July 1961 to 30 June 1962 — 57 years;</li> <li>(d) for a person born during the year 1 July 1962 to 30 June 1963 — 58 years;</li> <li>(e) for a person born during the year 1 July 1963 to 30 June 1964 — 59 years; and</li> <li>(f) for a person born after 30 June 1964 — 60 years.</li> </ul>
<b>Preserved Benefit</b>	A Benefit which Regulation 6.01 to the <i>SIS Act</i> states is a preserved benefit.
<b>Prescribed Documents</b>	Any documents that are prescribed documents for the purposes of the <i>Act</i> .
<b>Prescribed Information</b>	Any information which is prescribed information for the purposes of the <i>Act</i> .
<b>Product Disclosure Statement</b>	The product disclosure statement of which these Rules form part.
<b>Regulated Superannuation Fund</b>	A superannuation Fund that is a regulated superannuation Fund as defined within section 19 of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Regulator</b>	The Commissioner of Taxation or any person or entity appointed to regulate a Self Managed Superannuation Fund as defined in section 10(1) of the <i>SIS Act</i> .



<b>Related Party</b>	A person who is a related party as defined in section 10(1) of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Relative</b>	Means for the purposes of Rule 3.4 a person whom is defined as a “relative” by section 71A of the <i>SIS Act</i> and for the purposes of Rule 23 means a person who is a “relative” as defined by section 65 of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>Release Request</b>	A release authority provided by the Commissioner of Taxation authorising the Fund to release an amount from a Member's interest in the Fund and pay it according to the instructions in the release authority and includes a written notice authorising the Member to withdraw monies from the Fund to pay Excess Contributions Tax as referred to at Rules 18 and 21.
<b>Reserves</b>	An amount as referred to at Rule 35.
<b>Residential Premises</b>	Means land or a building that is occupied as a residence, or is intended to be occupied as defined in section 195-1 of the <i>A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999</i> (C'ith).
<b>Responsible Officer</b>	Means: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a director of a company;</li> <li>(b) a secretary of a company; and</li> <li>(c) an executive officer of a company.</li> </ul>
<b>Rules</b>	The rules of the Fund.
<b>Self Managed Superannuation Fund</b>	A fund that is a “Self Managed Superannuation Fund”, as defined in section 17A of the <i>SIS Act</i> .
<b>SIS Act</b>	The <i>Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993</i> .
<b>SIS Regulations</b>	The <i>Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994</i> .
<b>Specified Work Test</b>	Those conditions found in Part 6 of the SIS Regulations determining the time at which a person must be paid a Benefit from the Fund.
<b>Splittable Contribution</b>	An amount that has the meaning for the purposes of Part 6 of the SIS Regulations.
<b>Solvency Plan</b>	A plan established for the purposes of Rule 42.
<b>Spouse</b>	In relation to a person includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) another person who is legally married to the person;</li> <li>(b) another person who although not legally married to the person, lives with the person on a genuine domestic basis; and</li> </ul>

- (c) another person (whether of the same sex or a different sex) with whom the person is or was in a relationship that was registered under a law of a State or a Territory prescribed for the purposes of Section 2E of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1901* (Cth) as a kind of relationship prescribed for the purposes of that section.

**Standard-Employer-Sponsor** A person who is a standard-employer-sponsor as defined in section 16(2) of the *SIS Act*.

**Superannuation Entity** Means:

- (a) a superannuation Fund;
- (b) an approved deposit Fund;
- (c) a pooled superannuation trust; and
- (d) a life insurance company or similar entity;

whether such an entity is a resident or non – resident of Australia.

**Superannuation Interest** In relation to a Member, means an interest in the Fund or such other interest as defined in section 995-1(1) of the *Tax Act* as determined by the Trustee with reference to section 307-200 of the *Tax Act* and relevant Regulations.

**Tax** Includes all actual or anticipated tax, surcharge, levy or impost on income, capital gains and superannuation contributions, stamp, financial institutions, registration and other duties, bank accounts debits tax, goods and services tax and other taxes, levies, imposts, deductions and charges together with interest, fines and penalties (if any) and charges, fees or other amounts made or payable in respect of them.

**Tax Act** Either or both of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* and the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (as the case may be including any replacement, modification or supplement to those *Acts*).

**Taxable Component** Has the meaning given by section 995-1(1) of the *Tax Act*.

**Tax Free Component** Has the meaning given by section 995-1(1) of the *Tax Act*.

**Temporarily Incapacitated** In relation to a Member, means a Member who has ceased to be gainfully employed, including a Member who has ceased temporarily to receive any gain or reward under a continuing arrangement for the Member to be gainfully employed, because of ill-health (whether physical or mental) but does not mean a Member who is Permanently Incapacitated.

**Temporary Incapacity Benefit** A non-commutable income stream payable pursuant to Rule 48.

**Termination Date** The date on which the Fund terminates.

**Total Member Entitlements** That amount equal to the total value of all Members' Accounts.

<b>Transfer Balance</b>	A person's Transfer Balance in his/her Transfer Balance Account at a particular time equals the sum of the Transfer Balance Credits less the sum of the Transfer Balance Debits in the account at that time as set out in Subdivisions 294B and 294C of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Transfer Balance Account</b>	<p>A person's Transfer Balance Account tracks the net value of a person's superannuation interests supporting superannuation income streams in retirement phase, according to Transfer Balance Credits and Transfer Balance Debits to that account. A person starts to have a Transfer Balance Account on the later of:</p> <p>(a) 1 July 2017; and</p> <p>(b) the day the person first starts to be a retirement phase recipient (as defined in s.294-20 of the <i>Tax Act</i>) of a superannuation income stream (as defined in section 307-70 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Regulations 1997</i> (CTH)).</p>
<b>Transfer Balance Cap</b>	<p>A person's Transfer Balance Cap for the financial year in which a person first starts to have a transfer balance account is equal to the General Transfer Balance cap for that financial year.</p> <p>Note: The amount of the transfer balance cap is modified for child recipients: see Subdivision 294-E.</p>
<b>Transfer Balance Credit</b>	Has the meaning given by section 294-25 of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Transfer Balance Debit</b>	Has the meaning given by section 294-80 of the <i>Tax Act</i> .
<b>Trustee</b>	A person or company that has been appointed a Trustee of the Fund under Rule 4.
<b>Trustee Meeting</b>	A meeting as referred to at Rule 7.1.

- End of Part Six -

# The Deed

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## Establishment of Jameson Family Super

### Explanation

A superannuation Fund is a form of trust. Trusts are normally required to be established by Deed. By execution of this Deed, the Trustee formally establishes the Fund.

To benefit from concessional taxation rules, the sole purpose of the Fund must be the provision of superannuation Benefits or retirement, incapacity or death benefits to Members (or Relatives of deceased Members). The Fund might also be able to provide Pension Benefits to Members prior to the retirement of the Member. The Fund should not be formed to carry on a business.

In order for this Deed to be admissible as evidence in a court of law, it may have to be stamped in the local jurisdiction of the Trustee.

The Deed does not contain the Rules of the Fund. Rather the Rules of the Fund are contained in a separate document and unlike the Deed can be (and should be) amended from time to time to reflect legislative changes.

**THIS DEED** is made on .....

By:

**Jameson Family Pty Ltd ACN 633 056 667** ('the Trustee')

### WHEREAS

- A.** The Trustee is that person who has executed this Deed or, if more than one person, those persons collectively.
- B.** The Trustee wishes to establish a superannuation Fund ("the Fund").
- C.** By execution of this Deed the Trustee signifies its consent to its appointment as the first Trustee of the Fund and acknowledges that it has read and agrees to be bound by the Rules of the Fund.
- D.** The Trustee intends that the Fund should be a complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund as defined for the purposes of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993*.

Now it is hereby agreed:

**1. Initial Trustee**

The Trustee, if allowed by the Rules of the Fund to be appointed as a Trustee of the Fund, is hereby appointed as the Trustee of the Fund.

**2. Establishment of the Fund**

The Trustee hereby agrees to:

- (a) receive Contributions and any other amounts paid to it on behalf of Members; and
- (b) hold those Contributions and any income thereon according to the Rules of the Fund.

**3. Name of the Fund**

The name of the Fund will be Jameson Family Super, or such other name as the Trustee might determine in writing.

**4. Rules of the Fund**

The Rules of the Fund are those Rules attached to this Deed, any amendment of or substitution of those Rules, and any other rule that is deemed by any law to be a Rule of the Fund.

**5. Purpose of the Fund**

The Fund is to be maintained solely for the provision of one or more of those purposes referred to in section 62 of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* as Core Purposes or Ancillary Purposes, including any purpose that the Regulator (as defined by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993*) approves in writing.

**6. Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund**

The Fund must at all times do those things that allow it to be a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, as defined for the purposes of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* and must not do anything that would or might cause it not to be a Complying Self Managed Superannuation Fund, as defined for the purposes of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993*.

**7. Successor Acts**

A reference to an *Act* includes a reference to any successor act to that *Act*.

**8. Replacement Trustee**

If the Trustee or any person or entity appointed in place of the Trustee or in place of that other person or entity dies, is removed as a Trustee of the Fund, or retires as a Trustee of the Fund; such other person or entity as is appointed as Trustee by reason of the Rules will be the Trustee of the Fund.

**9. Amendment or replacement of rules of the Fund**

The rules of the Fund may be amended by new rules attached to this Deed or any amendment or substitution of the rules.

**10. Interpretation**

In this Deed words in the singular number include the plural and words in the plural include the singular.

# Execution

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This Deed establishing Jameson Family Super is hereby executed as a Deed.

EXECUTED AS A DEED by  
Jameson Family Pty Ltd ACN 633 056 667  
in accordance with section 127 of the  
*Corporations Act 2001*:

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Please Print Name of Sole Director

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Signature

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**ASIC**

Australian Securities & Investments Commission

**Australian Company**

JAMESON FAMILY PTY LTD

ACN 633 056 667

Extracted from ASIC's database at AEST 19:58:38 on 05/10/2022

### Company Summary

Name: JAMESON FAMILY PTY LTD

ACN: 633 056 667

Registration Date: 23/04/2019

Next Review Date: 23/04/2023

Status: Registered

Type: Australian Proprietary Company, Limited By Shares

Locality of Registered Office: UNDERWOOD QLD 4119

Regulator: Australian Securities & Investments Commission

Further information relating to this organisation may be purchased from ASIC.