

Dear Trustees,

Superannuation Fund Audit Engagement

Scope

You have requested I act as auditor of the McGeary Family Superannuation Fund as of, and for the year ended 30 June 2021. I am pleased to confirm my acceptance of the appointment and would now like to set out my understanding of the terms of this engagement.

Audit of the Financial Report

In accordance with *Section 35C of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 ("SIS")*, the financial report of a regulated superannuation fund must be audited by an approved auditor. The auditor must give the trustee a report on the special purpose financial report in the approved form within the prescribed time after the year of income to which the financial report relates.

The work undertaken by me to form an opinion is permeated by judgement, in particular regarding the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures for gathering of audit evidence and the drawing of conclusions based on the audit evidence gathered. In addition, there are inherent limitations in any audit, and these include the use of testing, the inherent limitations of any internal control structure, the possibility of collusion to commit fraud, and the fact that most audit evidence is persuasive rather than conclusive. As a result, my audit can only provide reasonable – not absolute – assurance that the financial report is free from material misstatement.

I direct your attention to the fact that it is each trustee's responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls, the safeguarding of superannuation fund assets, the selection of accounting policies, the preparation of the special purpose financial report and returns, and compliance with SIS. I note each trustee is responsible for providing access to all information that is relevant to the preparation of the financial report, and any additional information that may be required as part of the audit. In particular, I note each trustee is responsible for the implementation and operation of accounting and internal control systems that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error.

The audit of the financial report does not relieve the trustee of their individual responsibilities.

My audit will be conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. The objective of the audit is to obtain a reasonable assurance about whether the special purpose financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an audit report on the financial report.

My audit work involves examination, on a test basis, of evidence supporting the amounts and other disclosures in the financial report in order to form an opinion as to whether, in all material respects, the financial report is fairly stated in accordance with the accounting policies described in the notes thereto.

My audit will be planned and conducted primarily to enable me to express my professional opinion as to whether the financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards and other reporting requirements as adopted by the trustee, but, also, so as to have reasonable expectation of detecting material misstatements arising as a result of irregularities which would have a material effect on the

financial report. Unless otherwise agreed to, I assume no responsibility to design audit procedures to identify matters that may be appropriate to report to you.

As part of my audit, I will request from the trustees written confirmation concerning representations made to me in connection with the audit.

I am required by the Australian Auditing Standards to include an Emphasis of Matter paragraph in my audit report, and I note the anticipated wording will be:

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to note 1 of the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist the fund meet the requirements of the SMSF's governing rules, the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 and the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose.

Audit of SIS Compliance

I am also required to form an opinion in respect of compliance with certain aspects of SIS and the Regulations thereto. My report must refer to the following Sections and Regulations:

Sections: 17A, 35AE, 35B, 35C(2), 62, 65, 66, 67, 67A, 67B, 82-85, 103, 104, 104A, 105, 109, 126K;
and

Regulations: 1.06(9A), 4.09, 4.09A, 5.03, 5.08, 6.17, 7.04, 8.02B, 13.12, 13.13, 13.14, 13.18AA.

Report on Significant Matters

Under *Section 129* of SIS, I am required to report to you in writing, if during the course of, or in connection with, my audit, I become aware of certain contraventions of the Act or Regulations which I believe has occurred, are occurring or may occur. There are instances where I will be obligated to report the contravention(s) to the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). I am also required under *Section 130* to report to you and the ATO if I believe the fund may be about to become or may be in an unsatisfactory financial position.

Report on Other Matters

I am required to inform you of certain uncorrected misstatements identified during the audit, and I must obtain representations from you acknowledging the uncorrected misstatements have been brought to your attention, and that you have considered the effects of these misstatements to be either material or immaterial individually, and in aggregate to the financial report.

At the completion of the audit, I will prepare an audit management letter to advise you of any matters encountered during the course of the audit that I believe should be brought to your attention. I am also required to form an opinion on the accounting policies adopted in preparing the financial report. Please note you should not assume that matters reported to you, or that a report that there are no matters to be communicated, indicates that there are no additional matters that you should be aware of in meeting your responsibilities.

Privacy and Quality Control

The conduct of my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards means that information acquired by me in the course of my audit is subject to strict confidentiality requirements. I am also subject to the *Privacy Act 1988* in the handling of personal information. I will not use any personal information obtained during the audit for any purpose other than for the purpose of conducting the audit.

I will keep secure personal information obtained during the audit to ensure it is not misused, lost, or improperly accessed, modified or disclosed. After completing the audit, I will return to you any documents containing personal information that I obtain from you during the course of the audit, except for copies or extracts as required to be retained by auditing standards.

Information will not be disclosed by me to other parties except as required or allowed for by law or professional standards, or with your authority. My audit files may be subject to review as part of the quality control review program of The Certified Practising Accountants ("CPA Australia") which monitors compliance with professional standards by its members. My audit files may also be subject to review by the ATO and the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC"). I advise you that by signing this letter you acknowledge that, if requested, my audit files relating to this audit will be made available under any of these review programs. The same strict confidentiality requirements apply under the CPA Australia, ATO and ASIC reviews that apply to me as your auditor.

Fees

My fees, which will be billed as work progresses, are based on the time required to complete the engagement, plus direct out-of-pocket expenses. It is policy that my fees be collected within 14 days from the date the invoice was issued, and I trust that this arrangement is acceptable to you.

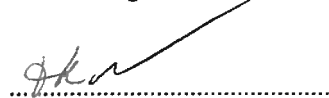
This letter will be effective for future years unless I advise you of its amendment or replacement, or if the engagement is terminated. Please sign and return the attached copy of this letter to indicate that it is in accordance with your understanding of the arrangements for my audit.

Prior to my accepting this appointment as auditor, I am obligated to contact your current auditor. Your signature below permits me to do this. Should you not wish me to contact your current auditor, please contact me to discuss.

Yours faithfully,

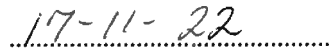
Anthony Boys ASIC Auditor No: 100014140

I understand and agree with the terms of this engagement.
Acknowledged on behalf of, McGeary Family Superannuation Fund by



Signed

David McGeary
Director



Dated

McGeary Family Superannuation Fund
10 Sunflower St
MILES END QLD 4825

11 November 2022

Anthony Boys
702/20 Hindmarsh Square
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Dear Sir,

McGeary Family Superannuation Fund Audit Representation Letter Year ended 30 June 2021

In connection with your examination of the special purpose financial report of the McGeary Family Superannuation Fund as of 30 June 2021, we acknowledge our responsibility for ensuring the financial report is in accordance with the accounting standards detailed in Note 1 to the financial statements. We confirm we have fulfilled our responsibility for the preparation of the financial report in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework and confirm that the financial report is free of material misstatement, including omissions, and that we have approved the financial report, as evidenced by our signature on the trustee declaration attached to the financial report.

The following representations are made which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief:

Accounting Policies

All the significant accounting policies of the fund are adequately described in Note 1 to the financial statements and are consistent with the policies adopted last year, unless otherwise detailed in the notes to the financial statements.

Fund Books / Records / Minutes

As agreed in the terms of the audit engagement, all financial books, records and related data have been made available to you, including relevant minutes of the trustee's meetings and this information has been retained in the appropriate format for the required period of time.

We confirm all transactions have been recorded and are reflected in the financial report.

Asset Form

The assets of the fund are being held in a form suitable for the benefit of the members of the fund.

Ownership and Pledging of Assets

- a) The fund has satisfactory title to all assets disclosed in the statement of financial position; and
- b) No assets of the fund have been pledged to secure liabilities of the fund (unless the charge is permitted by the legislation) or of others.

Investments

- a) Investments as of 30 June 2021 are carried in the books at market value. Such amounts are considered reasonable in the light of present circumstances;
- b) There are no commitments, fixed or contingent, for the purchase or sale of long-term investments, that have not been disclosed in the financial report;
- c) The investment strategy has been determined with due regard to risk, return, liquidity and diversification; and
- d) Every effort has been made to ensure investments are acquired, maintained and disposed of on an arm's length basis.

Trust Deed

The fund is being conducted in accordance with its governing rules.

Income Tax Assessment Act, Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act and Regulations

The fund is in compliance with the requirements of the relevant Income Tax Assessment Act, and the fund is being conducted in accordance with the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993, and Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994 ("SIS") (with the exception of any contraventions as identified by you as the auditor) and we specifically confirm:

- a) The trustees/directors of corporate trustee have been nominated and may only be removed in such manner and circumstances as are allowed in the trust deed;
- b) The trustee has complied with all the trustee standards set out in the regulations and the covenants prescribed by SIS Section 52B;
- c) No trustee/director of the corporate trustee is a disqualified person;
- d) The trustee has complied with the investment standards set out in SIS; and
- e) Information retention obligations have been complied with.

All known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with the relevant Income Tax Assessment Act or the SIS legislation whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial report, or that impact your obligation to report certain matters to the Australian Taxation Office have been disclosed to you.

Internal Controls

We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud. We have established and maintained an adequate internal control structure to facilitate the preparation of a reliable financial report and to ensure that the assets of the fund are safeguarded from fraud or error. We have assessed the risk that the financial report may be materially mis-stated as a result of fraud and advise we have no knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the fund.

The fund does not have a formal process for identifying, estimating or assessing business risks relevant to the financial reporting objectives, and this is considered appropriate in the circumstances. There are no specific risks arising from the information technology utilised by the fund that require attention by the trustee.

To monitor internal controls over financial reporting, we review all reports provided by the information technology systems utilised by the fund for accuracy. This assists in determining if the information is sufficiently reliable for financial reporting purposes.

In instances where the fund uses a custodian, we confirm we have not been advised of any fraud, non-compliance with laws and regulations or uncorrected misstatements that would affect the financial report of the fund.

Contributions

Contributions, if any, received by the fund have been reviewed in line with the limits imposed by the legislation, taking into account contributions paid to other superannuation funds, and any excessive contributions will be dealt with as required by the ATO.

Legal Matters

We confirm you have been advised of all significant legal matters, and that all known actual or possible litigation and claims have been adequately accounted for and been appropriately disclosed in the financial report.

Any minutes of meetings with the fund's legal counsel have been provided for audit review.

Related Parties

All related party transactions have been brought to your attention.

Subsequent Events

Other than those reported, there are no events subsequent to year end, nor any new litigation or claims referred to the fund's legal counsel, that would require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the financial report.

Going Concern Assumption

We confirm we have no knowledge of any events or conditions that would cast significant doubt on the fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Safeguarding Assets

We have considered the importance of safeguarding the assets of the fund, and we confirm we have the following procedures in place to achieve this:

- a) Authorised signatories on bank and investment accounts are regularly reviewed and considered appropriate; and
- b) Tangible assets are, where appropriate, adequately insured and appropriately stored.

Risk of Fraud

The nature, extent and frequency of assessments undertaken by us to conclude that there is a low risk that the financial report is materially misstated due to fraud, are informal and ad-hoc given the nature of the fund, however we confirm:

- a) The trustees are signatories on all transactions, no other party has the authority to act on behalf of the trustee; and
- b) Reconciliations are undertaken by the trustee or the fund's accountant for both investments held and all bank accounts maintained by the fund.

We have not identified any specific risks of fraud; however, we acknowledge that if fraud existed within the fund, the most likely areas of concern would be investments or cash being misappropriated or contributions being intercepted prior to being banked into the fund's bank account.

Procedures for Identifying and Responding to Fraud

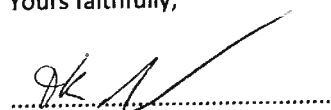
As trustee we believe adequate controls are in place to reduce the risk of fraud, however, should fraudulent activity be identified, the trustee would ensure all trustees are aware of the situation and the fund's accountant and auditor would be informed.

Depending on the situation, steps would be implemented to cease the fraudulent activity and further controls would be put in place to limit any future activity from affecting the fund.

Existence of Fraud

We confirm we have no knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the fund.

Yours faithfully,



Trustee

**MCGEARY FAMILY SUPERANNUATION FUND
2020-2021 FINANCIAL YEAR**

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

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1 Introduction

The crucial area of responsibility for a Trustee of a Self-Managed Superannuation fund (“SMSFs”) is investment management of the fund. Under the Superannuation Laws (the *Superannuation Industry Supervision Act 1993 - SISA*) the Trustee of every SMSF is required to set an investment objective and in addition prepare and implement an investment strategy for the fund. The investment objective and strategy must reflect the purpose and circumstances of the particular super fund and have particular regard to:

- Investing in such a way as to maximise investment returns for retirement purposes for all members of the SMSF and in that regard consider the risk associated in holding the investment.
- Ensuring that there is appropriate diversification in investments and consideration of the benefits of investing across a number of different asset classes (for example shares, property, fixed interest, cash, etc.);
- The ability of the super fund to pay benefits as well as other costs of the superannuation fund as they become due and payable which may include the repayment of principal and interest where the Trustee of the fund undertakes Limited Recourse Borrowing Arrangement.
- The necessity of the Trustee to consider the insurance needs and requirements of all members of the SMSF.

An appropriate investment strategy should set out the investment objectives of the super fund and detail the investment methods the Trustee of the fund may use to achieve those objectives. Trustees must ensure all investment decisions are made in accordance with the investment strategy and that they are in writing – *this is the law*. Trustee also needs to ensure that they prepare, implement and regularly review the SMSF’S investment strategy.

Investment Rules are one of the most important requirements of the SISA and breaches of this requirement can result in the Trustee being fined or sued for loss or damages. In addition, the super fund can lose its complying status.

Whilst Trustees are not prevented from engaging or authorising other persons to act on or to do certain things on their behalf (e.g., engaging the services of an investment adviser or financial planner), they are bound to retain control over the fund. Ultimate responsibility and accountability for running the fund in a prudent manner lies with the Trustees.

For more information go to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) website.

2 Investment Strategy Guideline – The Commissioners View

The ATO has released important guidelines in relation to investment objectives and investment strategies for Trustees of an SMSF and their advisers. An investment strategy should set out the investment objectives of the fund and detail the investment methods the Trustees may adopt to achieve these objectives.

The key obligations raised by the ATO concerning the fund’s investment objectives and investment strategy are as follows:

- The Trustees of an SMSF are solely responsible and directly accountable for the prudential management of their member’s benefits. They can use an adviser but ultimately, it is the Trustee who retains responsibility.
- As part of this prudential responsibility, the Trustees of an SMSF are required to prepare and implement an investment strategy for the superannuation fund;
- The strategy must reflect the purpose and circumstances of the fund and have particular regard to the membership profile, benefit structure, tax position and liquidity requirements of the fund;

- An investment strategy should set out the investment objectives of the fund and detail the investment methods the Trustees may adopt to achieve those objectives;
- It is the Trustees duty to make, implement and document decisions about investing fund assets and to carefully monitor the performance of those assets;
- The Trustees must ensure all investment decisions are made in accordance with the investment strategy;
- The investment strategy must be regularly reviewed;
- Insurance must be considered for all members of the fund; and
- Breaches of the investment strategy requirement may result in the Trustees being fined or sued for loss or damages. In addition, the fund could lose its complying status.

WHY AN INVESTMENT STRATEGY IS IMPORTANT

Where the fund does not complete an investment strategy or the ATO is of the view that the purported investment strategy does not amount to an investment strategy at all then there may be a breach of SIS Reg 4.09.

The breach may result, as noted in the ATO guidelines, in the following:

- The Trustee being liable to a monetary fine; the Trustee being able to be sued for any loss or damage caused as a consequence of the Trustee making an investment not covered by an investment strategy;
- The Superannuation Laws provide a defence to Trustees against an action for loss or damage suffered as a result of the Trustee making an investment. This defence is available when the Trustee can show that the investment was made in accordance with an investment strategy formulated and implemented under the investment strategy rules. If there is no investment strategy, then members of the fund may sue the Trustee for any loss or damage to their member benefits as a result of the Trustee making an investment not in accordance with the fund's investment strategy.
- The existence of a statutory defence allows Trustees to focus on the overall risks of the total investments, rather than the risk attached to each investment in isolation. This enables the Trustee to invest fund assets according to the investment strategy in what might, when considered in isolation, appear to represent a rather risky investment.

This emphasises the importance for Trustees to document their considerations and approaches to investment decision. An investment strategy must be reviewed regularly.

3 Investment Restrictions for SMSF trustees

SMSFs are restricted in the investments they can make. These restrictions aim to protect superannuation fund members from being overly exposed to risk and aim to ensure that the assets of the fund may be available to provide retirement income rather than providing current day support. In accordance with SISA the Trustees may not:

- Lend money or give other financial assistance to a member or a relative of a member of the fund.
- The use of superannuation assets by a member or members relative for no cost or on a guarantee to secure a personal loan would be in breach of the investment restrictions [SISA S65(1)].
- Intentionally acquire an asset from a member or a relative of a member of the fund (related party)
- unless it meets the following criteria: [SISA S66]
 - The asset is business real property, or a listed security; and
 - Is acquired at market value;
 - The asset is an "in-house asset" which, after being acquired by the Trustees would not result in the level of "in-house assets" of the fund exceeding more than 5% of the superannuation fund assets.

- Borrow any funds, other than to overcome cash flow problems in the payment of benefits or surcharge liabilities. Any borrowings may be restricted to a period not exceeding 90 days and may not exceed 10% of the market value of the fund's total assets. [SISA section 67]. However, the trustee of the fund may borrow pursuant to a limited recourse loan arrangement under SISA sections 67A and 67B to acquire a single acquirable asset that is allowed to be acquired by the Trustee of the fund.
- Acquire any fund assets for amounts other than arm's length consideration. Investments must be made and maintained on a strict commercial basis and any related party arrangement must not favour the related party although in certain conditions it may favour the Trustee of the SMSF. The purchase and sale price of super fund assets and the income from the assets should duly reflect a true market rate [SISA section 109].
- Trustees should consider the costs associated with the asset (i.e.: insurance costs particularly where there is an SMSF Borrowing). Also, where a fund acquires an asset which is utilised by the member at no cost, a breach of the Sole Purpose Test may have occurred.

4 The fund's Investment Guidelines

Trustees of SMSFs are responsible for determining investment strategies and selecting investments for each strategy consistent with the fund's investment objectives and more importantly the fund's purpose. The Trustee is responsible for monitoring on an ongoing basis whether investments remain consistent with investment strategies and remain appropriate for the fund. The Trustees are also responsible for periodically informing members of the fund's investment strategies and objectives. The Trustee of the fund may make and maintain an investment strategy for a single member of the fund or a specific superannuation interest in the fund such as a member's pension.

The governing rules of the fund allow the Trustee to invest in any or all (but not limited) to the following investment types:

Cash Management Trust

Prior to investing in any cash management trust, the Trustee should consider the rate of return and security of such investment against the expected rate of return offered by alternative investments to cash.

Debenture/Mortgage Funds

Prior to investing in any debenture/first or even second mortgage, the Trustee may consider the period of investment, the security offered, the accessibility of funds, the return, and likely interest rate movements. As there have been a number of failed debenture and mortgage funds in the past decade the Trustee should seek professional advice before investing in this type of asset class.

Unit Trusts

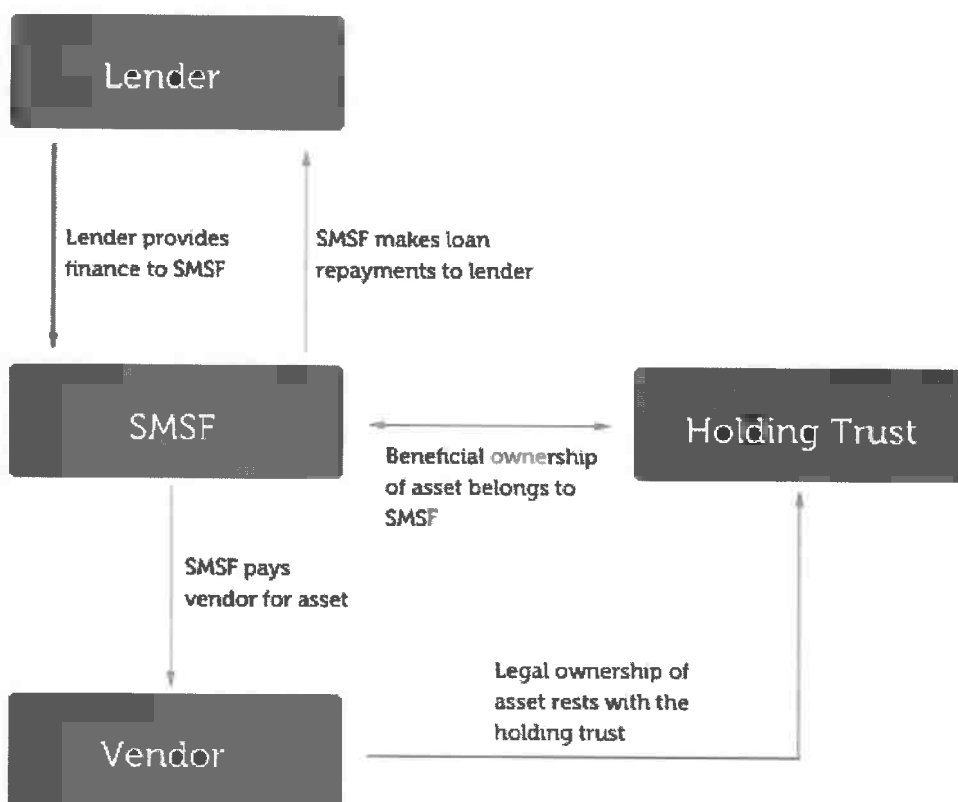
Prior to acquiring or disposing of any units in an unlisted unit trust the Trustee may:

- Obtain appropriate advice on whether the investment would constitute an impermissible in-house asset of the fund under SISA; and
- Obtain and consider valuations of all real and other property held by the unit trust to ensure the price of the units reflect true market value.

The Trustee may also ascertain the intentions of the Trustee of the unit trust in relation to borrowings (if any) and the use of the property as security.

Limited Recourse Borrowing Arrangement – SMSF Borrowing

SMSFs can now borrow via a limited recourse loan arrangement pursuant to section 67A of SISA. This must be done with the following structure:



Prior to using a Holding Trust for the purposes of a limited recourse loan the Trustee of the fund is to secure appropriate borrowing from a bank, credit union or even a related party and at the same time ensure the arrangement meets the limited recourse lending rules under the Superannuation Laws, does not breach any other laws and that the underlying property to be acquired is one that can be acquired by the Trustee. It must be a single acquirable asset such as commercial property or residential property.

The trustee is to include the value of the attached liability for the purposes of this investment strategy either directly or as a net value of the single acquired asset subject to the limited recourse loan arrangement.

Shares – Public Company

Prior to acquiring (or disposing) of any shares in public companies, the Trustee may consider the portfolio profile of the fund and the diversification of shareholding across different market sectors (industrial, retail, banking, mining and other sectors) with a view to attempting to obtain a reasonable diversification within the available assets. The Trustee may also consider advice in relation to expected capital growth and dividend income from the shareholding.

Shares – Private Company

Prior to acquiring or disposing of any shares in non-associated proprietary companies, the Trustee may obtain a valuation to satisfy itself that the price of the shares reflects true market values and constitute a prudent investment/disposal.

The Trustee may also consider the saleability, security and dividend return of the shares and may ensure that the acquisition is not an in-house asset beyond acceptable limits.

Direct Property

Prior to acquiring or disposing of any property to be held directly by the fund both within and outside Australia, the Trustee may obtain and consider property and rental valuations to satisfy the Trustee that the price of the property reflects the true market value and constitutes a prudent investment/disposal on an arm's length basis.

In obtaining a tenant (if any) for any property held by the fund, the Trustee may only enter into a lease with a fund member-, employer sponsor or their SISA Part 8 Associates where to do so would not constitute an impermissible in-house asset of the fund under SISA and provided that a written lease agreement is made, and the transaction is entered into on an arm's length basis with regular rental reviews. The Trustee should seek legal advice where a lease to a related party is contemplated.

In determining the proportion of fund assets to be invested directly in property, the Trustee may consider the liability profile and liquidity requirements of the fund.

Agribusiness Investment

Prior to investing in Agribusiness, the Trustee should consider the profile of the fund and seek expert advice on the appropriateness of the investment. Trustees should consider the protection, performance, risk and return (capital growth, liquidity and potential income) before acquiring investments in agribusiness. The Trustee should also consider the costs associated with the asset such as ongoing rent and maintenance and insurance costs.

Derivatives

Prior to investing in derivatives, the Trustee should have in place appropriate policies for their use, adequate controls on the use of derivatives and adequate checks on compliance with those controls.

For a derivative transaction to be allowed on existing investments, the Trustee must have prepared a Derivatives Risk Statement and only be entering into such a transaction for the purposes of:

- hedging against risk, not for speculation and;
- ensuring that the fund is not exposed to an asset class outside the limits set out in the investment strategy.

In-House Assets and Acquisition Restrictions

An in-house asset is where the Trustee of the fund invests, lends money or otherwise permits a related party of the fund to use an asset of the fund. Although an in-house investment is not directly prohibited – excluding loans to members or their relatives, there is a 5% limit on the amount of in-house assets an SMSF can hold.

The Trustee must not acquire an asset contrary to the restrictions contained in SISA with respect to fund members, employer sponsors or their Part 8 associates under SISA.

If in any doubt about the validity of an investment decision, the Trustee should seek professional advice or contact the ATO for assistance.

5 The Fund's Valuation Requirements

SIS Regulation 8.02B requires that when preparing accounts and statements required by subsection 35B(1) of the SISA, an asset must be valued at its market value. The term 'market value' takes the same meaning as provided in subsection 10(1) of the SISA, that is, the amount that a willing buyer of an asset could reasonably be expected to pay to acquire the asset from a willing seller if the following assumptions were made:

- that the buyer and seller dealt with each other at arm's length in relation to the sale;
- that the sale occurred after proper marketing of the asset; and
- that the buyer and seller acted knowledgeably and prudentially in relation to the sale.

6 Insurances in the Fund

As noted previously the SISR has been changed to include a requirement for Trustees of the fund to investigate whether the trustees of the fund should hold a contract of insurance that provides insurance cover for one or more members of the fund. In that regard the Explanatory Memorandum to the Regulation changes provides that:

"Regulation 4.09 requires trustees to formulate, regularly review and give effect to an investment strategy having regard to the whole circumstances of the fund. One circumstance SMSF trustees must have regard to is whether the trustees should hold insurance for their members, such as life insurance.

The Super System Review panel noted that less than 13 percent of SMSFs have insurance and that SMSF members were more likely to hold appropriate levels of insurance, or be able to hold insurance outside their superannuation, than members of other superannuation funds. In making its recommendation, the panel wanted to ensure that trustees consider holding insurance for SMSF members.

Trustees of SMSFs are expected to be self-reliant in determining the type and level of insurance cover members might require whether within or outside their SMSF. In meeting this requirement, trustees should have regard to the personal circumstances of their members and other legislative requirements such as the sole purpose test in section 62 SISA. Trustees may evidence this requirement by documenting decisions in the fund's investment strategy or minutes of trustee meetings that are held during the income year."

7 Investment Policy Statement

The SISA places certain duties, responsibilities and restrictions on Trustees when making investment decisions. They aim to protect and increase the member benefits for retirement, transition to retirement income stream and estate planning purposes. All investments must be made in accordance with the investment strategy.

A. Details of the fund

- McGeary Family Superannuation Fund
- The trustee of the fund is David McGeary

The fund has been established to provide retirement benefits for the members of the fund. Membership of the fund is voluntary, and upon joining, members are required to provide certain minimum information to the Trustees. The fund is maintained as an SMSF under SISA and regulated by the ATO.

A.1 Members

The Member of McGeary Family Superannuation Fund is:

Name of Member	Date of Birth
David McGeary	27/07/1960

A.2 Benefits

The current intention is to pay one or more benefits before or at retirement of the member provided the Superannuation Laws allow including the payment of:

- A lump sum
- An Accounts Based Pension
- A Transition to Retirement Income Stream, or
- Such other superannuation benefits as the Superannuation Laws allow.

The Trustee may invest fund assets having regard to the need to realise the investments at the members' dates of retirement, age preservation age, 60 (or such later date as the member nominates in accordance with the rules governing the payment of benefits from complying superannuation funds) or in the event of disability – whether permanent or temporary or upon the death of a member of the fund.

B. Investment Objective of the fund

The Trustees of the fund have the objective of maintaining the fund in line with the governing rules of the fund and SISA and through its investment strategy seeking to maximise the superannuation benefits of all members of the fund having regard to risk and reward.

C. Asset Management Strategy

In order to give effect to the investment objective of the fund, the Trustee may have regard to the investment principles outlined in the fund Rules in the implementation of its strategy and the actual making of its investments.

The Trustee must also satisfy that the proposed investment:

- Is permitted by the Trust Deed
- Complies with the law
- Is within the asset allocation of the adopted investment strategy

The Trustee may generally accept the following investments provided they comply with the investment strategy:

- Private or closely held unit trusts
- Private or unlisted companies
- Private business premises
- Domestic and international residential and commercial property
- Domestic companies listed on other exchanges
- Listed International securities
- Limited - Collectables, including art, coins, antiques
- Agribusiness investments

- Derivatives with limited investment risk

The Trustee may not accept these investments unless authorised by the Regulator:

- Family home
- Any mortgage where the family home is security
- Derivatives that have unlimited investment risk unless a Risk Management Strategy has been put in place by the Trustee
- In-house assets exceeding more than 5% of the superannuation fund's assets
- Assets not considered at arm's length or on a strictly commercial basis

D. Asset Class

It was resolved that the fund may also be permitted to invest in any or all of (but not limited to) the following investment types:

D.1 Investment Type

- Cash
- Property – both commercial and residential
- Australian Shares – both listed and unlisted shares
- International Shares – both listed and unlisted shares
- Australian Fixed Interest
- International Fixed Interest
- Mortgages
- Other

It was resolved that investments may be made directly or indirectly via unit trusts, instalment warrants, holding trusts or other vehicles as permitted under relevant statutes and regulations that may be deemed suitable by the Trustees.

Given the Trustees desire to maintain the flexibility of the fund, the Trustee has reserved the right to alter the investment mix of the fund at any time, in the manner they believe is the best at that time for the purpose of achieving the fund's objectives. The Trustees reserve the right to invest in any asset class not covered in the tables above.

D.2 Investment Risk and Return

It has been noted and accepted by the Trustees that growth assets such as Australian and International shares and property present greater potential risk and volatility than cash and fixed interest investments.

The Trustees recognise that the taxation benefits associated with the use of growth assets such as Australian and International shares and property may assist in achieving the fund's investment objectives. If the Trustee of the fund enters into a limited recourse loan or other borrowing arrangements in respect of the acquisition of a fund asset, then return may be enhanced however any market risk on the downside may be magnified. The Trustees of the fund are authorised to borrow and will take into account the benefits of leverage in their risk/return profile for the fund's investments.

E. Investment Management and Review

To monitor the success of the investment policy in achieving the investment objective, the Trustee may take the following action:

- a) compare the investment performance of the fund against a specific index;

- b) compare investment returns against cash rates available over a 12-month period.

The fund's investment strategy is to be reviewed at least annually to ensure that it remains appropriate to the objectives and circumstances of the fund and its member(s). The Trustee undertakes to communicate with the members should they feel that any change in strategy should be contemplated in order to better achieve the fund objective.

F. Investment Strategy

In order to achieve the investment objective of the fund, the Trustee wishes to adopt and pursue the strategy set out hereunder. The Trustee reserves the right to implement more than one strategy as it sees fit, and to offer separate strategies to members and even for member superannuation interests. The Trustee also reserves the right to implement separate and different action plans in the acquisition and disposal of assets pursuant to this strategy.

The Trustee may consider the implementation of this objective through a single asset strategy where it considers it to be appropriate, provided all other investment strategy criteria are met.

F.1 Detailed Investment Strategy

The investment strategy detailed below is a plan for making, holding and realising the assets of the fund to meet the specific objective of the Trustee of the fund as outlined above. It focuses on key parameters relating to making an investment in the fund with the purpose of maximising member's retirement balances or income streams.

F.2 Portfolio Allocation

In order to meet the investment objective of the fund the Trustee has determined McGeary Family Superannuation Fund shall broadly be invested in the following asset classes and managed around the following ranges:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation Range (%)
Cash	0-100%

F.3 Portfolio Diversification

In considering the degree of diversification appropriate to the fund, the Trustee has taken into account the following:

- a) the existing assets of the fund;
- b) the existing assets of the family other than assets held in the fund;
- c) its access to expert investment advice;
- d) the existing and projected membership and assets of the fund; and
- e) the current and expected future liabilities, cash flows and liquidity requirements of the fund

The Trustee is satisfied that the likely return and the potential gains to members retirement benefits from any inadequate diversification of its investments, including any geographical concentration of investments, outweigh the risks associated with the lack of diversification

F.4 Liabilities

The fund will need to have adequate funds held in cash/fixed interest to meet short term liabilities including insurance premiums, pension payments, lumpsum payments, tax liabilities, annual return fees, accounting

fees, audit fees and other operational expenses of the fund. Further monies may be retained from time to time in cash/fixed interest in order to take advantage of investment opportunities as they arise. The Trustees of the fund are of the opinion that the investment strategy is structured in such a manner that the fund is sufficiently liquid to discharge its current and future liabilities.

Where the Trustee of the fund has undertaken a limited recourse lending arrangement the Trustee will need to ensure that it maintains cash flow to cover any interest and principal repayments, insurance premiums and other expenses associated with the arrangement.

F.5 Cash Flow and Liquidity

Cash flow requirements for the fund depend on the payment of expenses, pensions, insurance premiums and any loan repayments and it is the Trustee's intention to hold enough cash on hand to ensure these and other cash payments are made.

F.6 Fund Demographics

The Trustee has implemented its strategy taking into account the dates of retirement of the members of the fund. It has also taken into account the expressed intention of the members to receive their benefits as a lump sum / account-based pensions upon retirement.

F.7 Performance Monitoring

To monitor the success of the investment strategy in achieving the investment objectives, the Trustee may take the following action:

- compare investment returns against cash rates and CPI available over a 12-month period or a specific investment index; and
- may review this strategy on an annual basis or on such other basis as it believes appropriate.

F.8 Benchmarks

The Trustee may measure its success criteria against certain benchmarks and indices although there is no requirement to do so. The nominated benchmarks for performance may be as follows:

- a) Australian shares - all ordinaries accumulation index;
- b) Liquid assets - average cash management trusts;
- c) Australian fixed trusts - commonwealth all series, all maturities and accumulation index;
- d) Property trusts - average of composite property accumulation index;
- e) Such loans as may not be prohibited by SIS, and whether or not the loan may also count as an in-house asset of the fund - average rate for comparable loans from major banks;
- f) Such leases of fund property as may be permitted by SISA, and whether or not the lease may also count as an in-house asset of the fund – at a commercial rate obtained by the Trustee from a qualified source;
- g) Such acquisitions of assets as may not be prohibited by SISA, and whether or not the acquisition may also count as an in-house asset of the fund - for a commercial price reflected in comparable markets.
- h) Moses/Myer index for Investment Grade Artwork
- i) A residential property index in the area where the Trustee invests.

F.9 Insurance

As was noted and emphasised earlier in this investment strategy – insurances play an important role in protecting the fund's and a member's superannuation benefits. Superannuation law requires trustees to formulate, regularly review and have regard to whether the trustees should hold insurance for their members, such as life insurance.

The Trustees of the fund have reviewed the member's superannuation benefits, their family and other circumstances and have decided to implement the following insurance strategy for the fund:

The Trustee of the fund has been made aware of the insurances of its members outside the fund and in some cases other superannuation funds and has decided not to hold any insurance on behalf of its members until circumstances change.

Resolution of the Trustee of McGeary Family Superannuation Fund

Date:

Present: David McGeary

Held: 10 Lake Kawana Boulevard, Birtinya QLD 4575

The Trustee of the above fund DO HEREBY RESOLVE as follows:

ADOPTION OF INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT, OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGY

It is noted that the Trustees have formulated investment objectives for the fund and an investment strategy to achieve those objectives, (the investment objectives and investment strategy together as attached) having regard to the whole of the circumstances of the fund, including:


- (i) the risk involved in making, holding and realising, and the likely return from the entity's investments having regard to its objectives and its expected cash flow requirements;
 - (ii) the composition of the entity's investments as a whole including the extent to which the investments are diverse or involve the entity in being exposed to risks from inadequate diversification;
 - (iii) the liquidity of the entity's investments having regard to its expected cash flow requirements;
- the ability of the entity to discharge its existing and prospective liabilities;
 - the fund profile;
 - anticipated future contributions;
 - past investment performance; and
 - the current investment portfolio and asset mix,

The Trustee resolved to adopt the investment objectives of the fund being "The Trustees of the fund have the objective of maintaining the fund in line with the governing rules of the fund and SISA and through its investment strategy seeking to maximise the superannuation benefits of all members of the fund having regard to risk and reward" and adopt and implement the investment strategy herein.

Executed by:

The Trustees

Signed by David McGeary:



David McGeary
Trustee

Dated: 17-11-22

McGeary Family Superannuation Fund

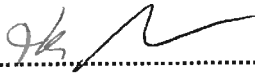
Trustee Declaration

In the opinion of the Trustees of the McGeary Family Superannuation Fund.

The Fund is not a reporting entity and this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to these financial statements.

- (i) the financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 present fairly the financial position of the Fund at 30 June 2021 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements; and
- (ii) the financial statements and notes to the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Trust Deed; and
- (iii) the operation of the Fund has been carried out in accordance with its Trust Deed and in compliance with the requirements of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 during the year ended 30 June 2021.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Butch & Jo Pty Ltd by:



Dated: 17.11.22

.....
David McGeary
Director: Butch & Jo Pty Ltd

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE DIRECTOR(S) OF THE CORPORATE TRUSTEE
BUTCH & JO PTY LTD ATF
MCGEARY FAMILY SUPERANNUATION FUND
HELD ON 17/11/22 AT
10 SUNFLOWER ST, MILES END QLD**

PRESENT

David McGeary

**ALLOCATION OF NET
INCOME:**

It was resolved that the income of the fund be proportionally allocated to members based on the members' daily weighted average balances. The following amounts of income, and related amounts of tax, are to be credited to / debited from member accounts:

	Income	Fund Tax	Conts Tax	Direct Tax
<i>Mr David McGeary</i>				
Accumulation	220	33	0	0
Death Benefit Pension	2	0	0	0

**REPORTING ENTITY
CONCEPT:**

It was resolved that, in the opinion of the trustee, the fund is not a reporting entity because it is unlikely that users exist who are unable to command the preparation of reports tailored so as to satisfy specifically all their information needs.

Therefore, the financial statements for the fund are to be prepared on the basis of the fund being a "non-reporting entity", and will therefore take the form of Special Purpose Financial Reports.

**REPORTS AND
STATEMENTS:**

The Financial Reports consisting of Statement of Financial Position, Operating Statement and Notes to the Financial Statements, Trustee's Declaration, Compilation Report, Auditor's Report and Member Statement for the period ended 30 June 2021 were tabled for consideration at the meeting.

It was resolved that the financial statements be adopted in their present format and that the statement by the trustees attached to the financial reports be signed by the Trustees, stating that:

1. the financial statements are drawn up so as to present fairly the financial position of the fund as at 30 June 2021, the benefits accrued as a result of operations and its cash flow for the year then ended;
2. the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the trust deed and Australian Accounting Standards as noted in Note 1 to the Financial Statements and
3. the fund has operated substantially in accordance with the trust deed and the requirements of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (SISA)*, during the year ended 30 June 2021.

INCOME TAX RETURN:

The completed Self-Managed Superannuation Fund Annual Return for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 was tabled for consideration at the meeting.

It was resolved that:

1. the particulars contained in the 2021 income tax return and the relevant records used to ascertain the taxable income, as shown, derived by the fund from all sources in and out of Australia during the year of income are true and correct and;
2. the fund satisfies the statutory requirements and conditions applicable to be classified as a 'Regulated Superannuation Fund/Complying Superannuation Fund' for the year of income and;
3. the income tax return be adopted in its present format and that the Return be signed by the Trustees.

REVIEW OF INVESTMENT STRATEGY:

The fund's investment performance for the year ended 30 June 2021 and existing investment strategy have been reviewed by the Trustees, after considering:

1. the risk involved in making, holding and realising, and the likely return from, the fund's investments having regard to its objectives and its expressed cash flow requirements;
2. the composition of the fund's investments as a whole including the extent to which the investments are diverse or involve the funds being exposed to risks from inadequate diversification;
3. the liquidity of the fund's investments having regard to its expected cash flow requirements;
4. the ability of the fund to discharge its existing and prospective liabilities;
5. whether the fund should hold a contract of insurance that provides insurance cover for members of the fund; and
6. the effect of the fund's investments on the above requirements and all matters relating to the prudential nature of the investment being continuously monitored, regularly reviewed and to make sure they adhere to fund's investment objectives and relevant legislation.

It was resolved that the aims and objectives of the investment strategy were being achieved and that the said investment strategy requires no further modification or adoption at this time.

TRUSTEE AND MEMBER STATUS:

Each of the trustee(s) confirmed that they are qualified to act as trustee(s) of the fund and that they are not disqualified persons as defined by Section 120 of the S/SA.

Each of the member(s) confirmed that they are a member of the fund and agreed to be bound by the provisions contained within the Trust Deed of the fund (and any subsequent amendments).

AUDITOR:

It was resolved that

Anthony Boys
of
Australian Super Audits Pty Ltd
702/20 Hindmarsh Square
ADELAIDE, SA 5000

act as the auditor of the fund for the next financial year.

TAX AGENT:

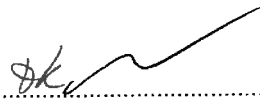
It was resolved that

Mrs Kim Jay
of
Initiative Group
Suite 2 The Edge East
10 Lake Kawana Blvd
BIRTINYA, QLD 4575

act as the tax agent of the fund for the next financial year.

CLOSURE:

There being no further business the meeting was closed.



.....
David McGeary
Director

Dated 17.11.22.....

Annual Pension Review Statement For the Financial Year 2021 / 2022

1. Fund Details

Fund Name	McGeary Family Superannuation Fund
Fund ABN	60 210 930 380
Fund Address	10 Sunflower St MILES END, QLD 4825

2. Member Details

Member's Name	Mr David McGeary
Date of Birth	27 July 1960
Gender	Male
Tax File Number Held	Yes
Claim Tax Free Threshold	Yes

3. Pension Details

Pension Account	Death Benefit Pension
Pension Type	Account Based
Start Date	21 March 2020
Reversionary Beneficiary	Not recorded
Purchase Price	5,228.31
Account Balance	5,101.41
Date of Balance	30 June 2021
Tax Free Proportion	100.00%

Income Stream Requirements

Minimum Pension	100.00
Maximum Pension*	Not Applicable

* Maximum Pension applies only to Transition to Retirement pensions, a limit of 10% of the member's account balance in income that can be drawn each year.


Pension Payment Details

Payment Frequency	Yearly
Selected Amount Strategy	Minimum
Selected Amount	100.00

4. Member Declaration

I intend on drawing income from my Account Based account during the 2021 / 2022 financial year in accordance with the above. I understand it is the Trustee's responsibility to ensure that the member draws an income stream in accordance with the relevant legislation.

Signature



Date

17 / 11 / 22

Electronic lodgment declaration (Form MS)

(for self-managed superannuation funds)

Part A: Taxpayer's declaration

This declaration is to be completed where the tax return is to be lodged via an approved ATO electronic channel. It is the responsibility of the taxpayer to retain this declaration for a period of five years after the declaration is made, penalties may apply for failure to do so.

Privacy

The ATO is authorised by the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* to request the provision of tax file numbers (TFNs). The ATO will use the TFNs to identify each partner or beneficiary or entity in our records. It is not an offence not to provide the TFNs. However, you cannot lodge your tax return electronically if you do not quote your TFN.

Taxation law authorises the ATO to collect information and disclose it to other government agencies, including personal information about the person authorised to sign the declaration. For information about privacy go to ato.gov.au/privacy

The Australian Business Register

The Commissioner of Taxation, as Registrar of the Australian Business Register, may use the ABN and business details which you provide on this tax return to maintain the integrity of the register.

Please refer to the privacy statement on the Australian Business Register (ABR) website (www.abr.gov.au) for further information – it outlines our commitment to safeguarding your details.

Electronic funds transfer – direct debit

Where you have requested an EFT direct debit some of your details will be provided to your financial institution and the Tax Office's sponsor bank to facilitate the payment of your taxation liability from your nominated account.

Tax file number

458781849

Fund name

McGeary Family Superannuation Fund

Year of return

2021

I authorise my tax agent to electronically transmit this tax return via an approved ATO electronic channel.

Important: Before making this declaration please check to ensure that all income has been disclosed and the tax return is true and correct in every detail. If you are in doubt about any aspect of the tax return, place all the facts before the Tax Office. The tax law provides heavy penalties for false or misleading statements on tax returns.

Declaration

I declare that:

- all of the information I have provided to the agent for the preparation of this document is true and correct
- I authorise the agent to give this document to the Commissioner of Taxation

Signature of trustee or director



Date

17/11-22

Part B: Electronic funds transfer consent

This declaration is to be completed when an electronic funds transfer (EFT) of a refund is requested and the tax return is being lodged through an approved ATO electronic channel.

This declaration must be signed by the partner, trustee, director or public officer prior to the EFT details being transmitted to the Tax Office. If you elect for an EFT, all details below must be completed.

Important:

Care should be taken when completing EFT details as the payment of any refund will be made to the account specified.

Agent's reference number

23067003

Account name

Butch & Jo Pty Ltd ATF McGeary Family Superannuation Fund

I authorise the refund to be deposited directly to the specified account.

Signature of trustee or director



Date

17-11-22

Part D: Tax agent's certificate (shared facility users only)

Declaration: I declare that:

- I have prepared this tax return in accordance with the information supplied by the trustees;
- I have received a declaration by the trustees that the information provided to me for the preparation of this tax return is true and correct, and;
- I am authorised by the trustees to lodge this tax return, including any applicable schedules.

Signature of tax agent



Date



Agent's contact name

MRS Kim Jay

Agent's phone

07 54378888

Agent's reference

23067003

Client's reference

MCGE0001