Application to become a Member

This Application Form contains your Death Benefit Nomination and undertakings which must be made by you. It is also accompanied by the Product Disclosure Statement relevant to the fund contained in Annexure A.

Part 1 Application and undertakings

- I apply to become an initial member of this fund under the trust deed.
- I make each of the following undertakings:
 - I am not in an employment relationship with another member who is not a relative of mine
 - I am not a disqualified person under superannuation law from being a director of the trustee of the fund.
 - I will comply with the trust deed.
 - Upon request, I will fully disclose in writing any information required by the trustee in respect of my membership of the fund. This includes disclosing:
 - Any circumstance which may lead to my entering into an employment relationship with any other member of the fund who is not also a relative of mine.
 - That I may become disqualified under superannuation law from being a director of the trustee of the fund.
 - Any information in relation to my medical condition.
- I will act as a director of the trustee of the fund.
- I understand the trust deed, particularly its terms concerning the benefits payable under it, and I have read and understood the attached Product Disclosure Statement, annexed and marked 'A'.
- I have read and understand the prescribed information relating to the collection of Tax File
 Numbers by the trustees of superannuation funds.

I attach a completed ATO Individual Tax File Number Notification form.

Applicant name	Geoffrey Thomas Ireland
Applicant address	5/123A Darling Street, Balmain, NSW 2041
Applicant occupation	Managing Director
Date of birth	3/04/1961
Applicant place of birth	

Part 2 Death benefit arrangements

This is a direction to the trustee as to how to apportion any benefit payable on the member's death. It is not a binding death benefit notice and the trustee retains the discretion as to how to apply any benefit payable upon the member's death.

I direct the directors of the trustee that the member's legal personal representative is to receive 100% of any death benefit that is payable if I die.

If the member's death benefit is paid to the member's legal personal representative in accordance with this notice, then the member directs the representative to apply the funds for the sole benefit of the member's estate.

If compliance with superannuation law prevents any part of the benefit being paid to the named person(s) then that part of the benefit will be dealt with in accordance with the fund's deed and in accordance with superannuation law.

Date:

01 April 2007

Signed as a deed

Signed sealed and delivered by Geoff Ireland (as Founding Member) in the presence of:

Witness

Print name

Geoff Ireland

First Notice: The types of death benefit arrangements and the order in which they take effect

The Fund's Deed allows three types of death benefit payment arrangements. They, and the order in which they take effect, are as follows:

- a death benefit agreement which binds the trustee and which does not expire, see
 Part H of the Deed;
- **binding death benefit notices or binding nomination forms** which bind the trustee but which expire after 3 years or earlier if replaced or revoked; and
- non-binding nomination forms which do not bind the trustee but which do not expire
 until replaced or revoked.

Death benefit agreements take priority over binding death benefit notices and non-binding nomination forms.

What you need to consider

When you, as a member, are considering signing a binding death benefit notice or a non-binding nomination form it is important to consider that:

- a death benefit agreement takes priority over any binding death benefit notice or any nonbinding nomination form;
- to the extent permitted by superannuation law, the trustee must pay or apply the relevant benefit in accordance with the death benefit agreement. Therefore if you sign a binding death benefit notice or a non-binding nomination form, then they will have no effect on any earlier or later death benefit agreement that you sign; and
- if any part of a death benefit agreement is invalid, then the trustee (as required by the Fund's Deed) will pay or apply the "invalid" part of the death benefit in accordance with any binding death benefit notice, or by reference to any non-binding nomination form, you have signed.

Second Notice: Consistency of death benefit arrangements with pension terms

It is important to consider how any death benefit nomination or death benefit agreement interacts with the arrangements for payment of a pension to a reversionary beneficiary. The terms of the pension, and the terms of the death benefit nomination or death benefit agreement should be considered together.

For instance, if the pension terms require an automatic reversionary pension, then the death benefit nomination or death benefit agreement has no effect in relation to that pension. If the member wants to ensure all these arrangements – under pension terms, a death benefit nomination or death benefit agreement – are consistent, or to deliberately vary from one to the other, then careful drafting is required and the member should seek professional advice.

Product Disclosure Statement

Ireland Superannuation Fund

Geoffrey Thomas Ireland 5/123A Darling Street Balmain, NSW, 2041

Definitions

Where a term is capitalised in this PDS, the meaning is either explained below or is explained in the trust deed:

Accumulation Account means the account established for you by the trustee. Each member of the fund has an Accumulation Account, into which are paid that member's contributions or contributions made on behalf of that member, as well as other amounts specific to that member (such as the proceeds of an insurance policy taken out by the trustee for your benefit).

Annuity means what it means under superannuation law. Essentially, it refers to a financial product which is purchased by providing a lump sum (capital) to the financial product supplier who undertakes to pay you an income for a specified time. Unlike a pension, the capital disappears when you purchase the annuity and you receive a contractual right to receive income.

Commute has the same meaning as under superannuation law. Generally, it refers to when a right to receive a **regular payment** (like pension or annuity payments) is converted into the right to receive a **lump sum payment**.

Dependant – in relation to a member, former member or beneficiary (the 'primary person'), means each of the following:

- the spouse or widow or widower of that primary person.
- any child of that primary person, including a person who, in the trustee's opinion, is or was
 actually maintained by the primary person as the child of the primary person.
- any person with whom the primary person has an interdependency relationship.
- any other person who, in the trustee's opinion, was substantially dependent on the primary person at the relevant time.

Pension refers to a financial product which is purchased by providing a lump sum (capital) to the financial product supplier, who invests the lump sum, manages that investment, and pays you a regular income from the proceeds of those investments. As well as paying you the proceeds of the investments, the financial product supplier may include in your payments part of the initial capital you contributed.

Pension Dependant means a dependant of a member to whom a pension may be paid on the member's death, as defined by regulation 6.21(2A) of the SIS Regulations.

Preservation Age means what it means under superannuation law. Essentially it is the minimum age after which your benefit arising from a preserved payment may be paid to you. Those ages are set out in paragraph **Error! Reference source not found.**

Preserved Payment means a payment made to the fund which is required to be preserved under superannuation law if the fund is to be a complying superannuation fund.

Retirement occurs:

- if you have reached a Preservation Age less than 60, and
 - an arrangement under which you were gainfully employed comes to an end; and
 - the trustee is reasonably satisfied that you never intend to become gainfully employed (either full time or part time); or
- if you have reached age 60 and an arrangement under which you were gainfully employed has come to an end and either of the following circumstances apply;
 - you have attained that age on or before ending employment; or
 - the trustee is reasonably satisfied that you never intend to become gainfully employed (either full time or part time).

Superannuation Contributions Surcharge means an amount which you may be liable to pay if your taxable income is greater than the relevant superannuation surcharge level for a year of income.

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 - I will comply with the trust deed.
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 Numbers by the trustees of superannuation funds.

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Applicant name	Elinor Ireland	
Applicant address	5/123A Darling Street, Balmain, NSW 2041	
Applicant occupation		
Date of birth	01/03/1967	
Applicant place of birth		

Part 2 Death benefit arrangements

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I direct the directors of the trustee that the member's legal personal representative is to receive 100% of any death benefit that is payable if I die.

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If compliance with superannuation law prevents any part of the benefit being paid to the named person(s) then that part of the benefit will be dealt with in accordance with the fund's deed and in accordance with superannuation law.

Date:

01 April 2007

Signed sealed and delivered by Elinor Ireland (as Founding Member) in the presence of:

Witness

Print name

Munor Includ

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Annexure A

Product Disclosure Statement

Ireland Superannuation Fund

Elinor Ireland 5/123A Darling Street Balmain, NSW, 2041

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