LEASE OF REAL ESTATE

(with Guarantee & Indemnity)

(Commercial Property)

Between the Landlord: **Debham Superannuation Fund** ABN: 23 435 171 014

and the Tenant:

G & D Wills Design & Construction

Pty Ltd ACN 006 338 325

and the Guarantor:

Graham Arthur Wills

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LEASE OF REAL ESTATE

(WITH GUARANTEE & INDEMNITY)

(Commercial Property)

The Landlord leases-the **Premises** to the **Tenant** for the Term and at the Rent and on the conditions set out in the lease, together with all necessary access over any common areas.

The Guarantor, if any, agrees to be bound by the Guarantor's obligations set out in this lease.

EXECUTED AS A DEED ON

DATE: 06/02/2017

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TENANT'S OBLIGATIONS * 2.

[* Please refer to the "Important Notice To The Person Preparing This Lease " on the title page]

The Tenant must -2.1

- pay the Rent without any deductions to the Landlord on the days and in the way 2.1.1 stated in Item 9 without the need for a demand. The Landlord may direct in writing that the Rent be paid to another person. The Rent is reviewed on each review date specified in Item 16
 - on a market review date, the Rent is reviewed in accordance with clause
 - on a CPI review date, the Rent is reviewed in accordance with clause 18. (c)
 - on a fixed review date, the Rent is either increased by the fixed percentage (c) or changed by or to the fixed amount, in either case specified in Item 16 in respect of that review date.

pay when due the outgoings listed in Item 10 for which the Tenant receives notices 2.1.2 cirectly, and reimburse within 7 days those which the Landlord requests; but:

- land tax, if it is one of the outgoings, is to be calculated on a single holding basis of the Premises, unless the Premises are only part of the Building in which case land tax is to be calculated as if the Land were the single holding. However, if the Act applies, the Tenant is not liable to pay or reimburse land tax, and
- the Tenant is not obliged to pay special fees or charges for capital items (c) levied by a body corporate.

produce receipts for paid outgoings within 7 days of a request. 2.1.3

pay when due all charges for the provision of services to the Premises including 2.1.4 gas, electricity, water and telephone.

pay when due the expenses of operating, maintaining and repairing any heating, 2.1.5 cooling or air conditioning equipment exclusively serving the Premises but excluding expenses of a capital nature.

comply with the Landlord's reasonable requirements in relation to the use of the 2.1.6 Landlord's Installations or any services provided by the Landlord.

pay or reimburse within 7 days of a request the premiums and charges for the 2.1.7 following insurance policies taken out by the Landlord:

damage to and destruction of the Premises, for their full replacement (a) value, for the risks listed in Item 11,

removal of debris. (b)

breakdown of Landlord's Installations, (c)

breakage of glass, (b)

public risk for any single event for the amount stated in Item 12, or if none (e) is stated, for \$10 million, and

loss of rent and outgoings for the period stated Item 13, or if none is stated, for 9 months.

pay when due the costs of removal of waste and sewage. 2.1.8

pay the appropriate apportionment of the outgoings listed in Item 10 and the 2.1.9 premiums referred to in clause 2.1.7 at the start and end of the Term, and in each of these cases the Landlord must produce the relevant assessments and invoices to support the calculation.

pay on demand interest at the rate stated in Item 14 on any Rent or other money 2.1.10 which the Tenant has not paid within 7 days of the due date. Interest is to be calculated daily from the due date and continues until the overdue money is paid.

pay on demand the Landlord's reasonable expenses of -2.1.11

- the negotiation, preparation, settling, execution and stamping of this lease. (a)
- change, transfer, surrender or ending of this lease, except at the end of the (b) Term, or where the change occurs at the Landlord's request.

the subletting of the Premises. (c)

any breach of this lease by the Tenant. (b)

the exercise or attempted exercise by the Landlord of any right or remedy (e) against the Tenant.

but, if the Act applies, only to the extent to which the Act permits recovery.

pay any stamp duty on this lease, on any renewal, and any additional stamp duty 2.1.12 after a review of Rent.

comply with all laws relating to the use or occupation of the Premises. 2.1.13

- 3.3.6 promptly give written notice to the Landlord or Landlord's agent of -
 - (a) damage to the **Premises** or of any defect in the structure of or any of the services to the **Premises**.
 - (b) service by any authority of a notice or order affecting the Premises,
 - (c) any hazards threatening or affecting the Premises,
 - (d) any hazards arising from the Premises for which the Landlord might be liable.
- 3.3.7 immediately make good damage caused to adjacent property by the **Tenant** or the **Tenant's Agents**.
- permit the Landlord, its agents or workmen to enter the Premises during the normal business hours, after giving reasonable notice except in cases of emergency -
 - (a) to inspect the Premises,
 - (b) to carry out repairs or agreed alterations, and
 - (c) to do anything necessary to comply with notices or orders of any relevant authority.
 - bringing any necessary materials and equipment.
- 3.3.9 carry out repairs within 14 days of being served with a written notice of any defect or lack of repair which the **Tenant** is obliged to make good under this lease. If the **Tenant** does not comply with the notice, the **Landlord** may carry out the repairs and the **Tenant** must repay the cost to the **Landlord** on demand.
- 3.3.10 unless the Act applies, only use persons approved by the Landlord to repair and maintain the Premises.
- 3.3.11 take all precautions required by law against fire, but not if this requires structural alterations or installation of equipment unless they are required by the nature of the **Tenant's** use of the **Premises**.
- 3.3.12 comply with all reasonable directions of the Landlord or the insurer of the Premises as to the prevention, detection and control of fire.
- 3.3.13 on vacating the **Premises**, remove all signs and make good any damage caused by installation or removal.
- 3.3.14 take reasonable precautions to secure the **Premises** and their contents from theft, keep all doors and windows locked when the **Premises** are not in use, and comply with the **Landlord's** directions for the use and return of keys or keycards.
- 3.3.15 permit the Landlord or its agent access to the Premises at reasonable times by appointment to show the Premises -
 - (a) to prospective purchasers at any time during the Term, and
 - (b) to prospective tenants within 3 months before the end of the Term and to affix "for sale" or "to let" signs in a way that does not unduly interfere with the
- permitted use.
 3.3.16 refund on demand all increases in insurance premiums paid by the Landlord as the result of the Tenant's use of the Premises.
- 3.3.17 carry on its business efficiently and, subject to any applicable laws, keep the **Premises** open during the business hours which are normal for the permitted use.
- 3.3.18 maintain any grounds and gardens of the **Premises** in good condition, tidy, free from weeds and well watered.
- 3.4 The Tenant is not obliged -
 - 3.4.1 to repair damage against which the Landlord must insure under clause 6.2 unless the Landlord loses the benefit of the insurance because of acts or omissions by the Tenant or the Tenant's Agents.
 - 3.4.2 to carry out structural repairs or make payments of a capital nature unless the need for them results from -
 - (a) negligence by the Tenant or the Tenant's Agents, or
 - (b) failure by the Tenant to perform its obligations under this lease, or
 - (c) the Tenant's use of the Premises.

6. LANDLORD'S OBLIGATIONS *

[* Please refer to the " Important Notice To The Person Preparing This Lease " on the title page]

- 6.1 The Landlord must give the Tenant quiet possession of the Premises without any interruption by the Landlord or anyone connected with the Landlord as long as the Tenant does what it must under this lease.
- 6.2 The Landlord must take out policies of insurance against the risks listed in Item 11 at the start of the Term and must keep them current as long as the Tenant pays or reimburses the premiums and charges for those covered by the Tenant's obligations in sub-clause 2.1.7.
- 6.3 The **Landlord** must give to the **Tenant** the written consent to this lease of all mortgagees or debenture holders whose interests would otherwise have priority over this lease.
- 6.4 The Landlord must keep the structure (including the external faces and roof) of the Building in a sound and watertight condition, but, subject to section 52 of the Act (if the Act applies), is not responsible for repairs which are the responsibility of the Tenant under clause 3.4.2.
- 6.5 If the Act applies, the Landlord must perform the obligations imposed on it by section 52 of the Act.

7. EVENTS OF DEFAULT AND LANDLORD'S RIGHTS

- 7.1 The Landlord may re-enter the Premises and end this lease if
 - 7.1.1 the **Tenant** does not pay the **Rent** for 14 days after being given written notification that the **Rent** is due but unpaid (a common law demand is not necessary), or
 - 7.1.2 the Tenant does not meet its obligations under this lease, or
 - 7.1.3 the **Tenant** is a corporation and
 - an order is made or a resolution is passed to wind it up except for reconstruction or amalgamation, or
 - (b) goes into liquidation, or
 - (c) is placed under official management, or
 - (d) has a receiver, including a provisional receiver, or receiver and manager of any of its assets or an administrator appointed, or
 - (e) has an inspector appointed under the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act, or
 - (f) without the Landlord's written consent, there is a different person in effective control of the Tenant as a result of changes in
 - (i) membership of the company or its holding company;
 - (iii) beneficial ownership of the shares in the company or its holding
 - (iii) beneficial ownership of the business or assets of the company, but this paragraph does not apply if the **Tenant** is a public company listed on the Australian stock exchange, or a subsidiary of one.

"Effective control" means the ability to control the composition of the board of directors or having more than 50% of the shares giving the right to vote at general meetings, or

- 7.1.4 a warrant issued by a court to satisfy a judgement against the **Tenant** or a **Guarantor** is not satisfied within 30 days of being issued; or
- 7.1.5 a Guarantor is a natural person and
 - (a) becomes bankrupt, or
 - (b) takes or tries to take advantage of Part X of the Bankruptcy Act, or
 - (c) makes an assignment for the benefit of their creditors, or
 - (d) enters into a composition or arrangement with their creditors, or
 - (e) is unable to pay their debts when they fall due; or
- 7.1.6 a **Guarantor** is a corporation and one of the events specified in (a) to (e) of clause 7.1.3 occurs in relation to it; or
- 7.1.7 the Tenant, without the Landlord's written consent
 - (a) discontinues its business on the Premises, or
 - (b) leaves the **Premises** unoccupied for 7 days.
- 7.2 Re-entry by the Landlord ends this lease, but the Landlord retains the right to sue the Tenant for unpaid money or for damages for breaches of its obligations under this lease.
- 7.3 For the purpose of section 146(1) of the Property Law Act 1958, 14 days is fixed as the period within which the **Tenant** must remedy a breach capable of remedy and make reasonable compensation in money.

- 10.2 If the Tenant vacates the Premises during the Term, whether or not it ceases to pay Rent:
 - the Landlord may -10.2.1
 - accept the keys. (a)
 - enter the Premises to inspect, maintain or repair them, or (b)
 - show the Premises to prospective tenants or purchasers, (c)

without this being re-entry or waiver of the Landlord's rights to recover Rent or other money under this lease.

- this lease continues until a new tenant takes possession of the Premises, unless the 10.2.2 Landlord
 - accepts a surrender of the lease, or (a)
 - notifies the Tenant in writing that the Landlord accepts the Tenant's (b) repudiation of the lease, or
 - ends the lease by re-entry. (C)

RENT REVIEWS TO MARKET * 11.

[* Please refer to the * Important Notice To The Person Preparing This Lease " on the title page]

11.1 In this clause "review period" means the period following each market review date listed in Item 16 until the next review date or until the end of this lease.

The review procedure on each market review date is -

- Each review of rent may be initiated by either party unless Item 17 states otherwise 11.1.1 but, if the Act applies, the review is compulsory.
- A party may initiate a review by giving the other party a written notice stating the current market rent which it proposes as the Rent for the review period. Unless the Act applies, if the party receiving the notice does not object in writing to the proposed rent within 14 days, it becomes the Rent for the review period.
- If -11.1.3
- the Act does not apply and the party receiving the notice serves an objection to the proposed rent within 14 days and the parties do not agree (a) on the Rent within 14 days after the objection is served, or
 - the Act applies and the parties do not agree on what the Rent is to be for (b) the review period

the parties must appoint a Valuer (if the Act applies, a specialist retail valuer) to determine the current market rent.

If the Act does not apply and if the parties do not agree within 28 days after the objection is served, on the name of the Valuer, the Valuer must be nominated by the senior office-bearer of the Australian Property Institute - Victorian Division, at the request of either party. If the Act applies, the specialist retail valuer is to be appointed by agreement of the parties, or failing agreement, by the Small Business Commissioner.

- In determining the current market rent for the Premises the Valuer must -11.1.4
 - consider any written submissions made by the parties within 21 days of their being informed of the Valuer's appointment, and
 - determine the current market rent as an expert (b)
 - and, unless the Act applies -
 - assume that the Premises are available to be leased on the same conditions as those contained in this lease including any options for renewal, but with a tenant in possession,
 - take into account the conditions of this lease including the permitted use, (d)
 - assume that the Tenant has met all its obligations under this lease, (e)
 - ignore the Tenant's Installations and all improvements made by the (f) Tenant to the Premises without obligation to do so,
 - ignore the goodwill of the Tenant's business, and
 - take into account current market rents for comparable premises in the (g) (h)
- The Valuer must determine a current market rent at least equal to the Rent 11.1.5 immediately before the review.
- Sub-clause 11.1.5 does not apply if the Act applies. 11.1.6
- The Valuer must make the determination of the current market rent and inform the 11.1.7 parties in writing of the amount of the determination and the reasons for it as soon as possible after the end of the 21 days allowed for submissions by the parties.

OBLIGATIONS OF GUARANTOR(S) UNDER GUARANTEE AND INDEMNITY *

[* Please refer to the "Important Notice To The Person Preparing This Lease " on the title page]

15.1 The Guarantor in consideration of the Landlord having entered into this lease at the Guarantor's request -

guarantees that the Tenant will perform all its obligations under this lease for the 15.1.1 Term and any renewed term or terms and during any period of overholding after the end of the Term, and

must pay on demand any amount which the Landlord is entitled to recover from the 15.1.2

Tenant under this lease, and

indemnifies the Landlord against all loss resulting from the Landlord's having 15.1.3 entered into this lease whether from the Tenant's failure to perform its obligations under it or from this lease being or becoming unenforceable against the Tenant.

15.2 The liability of the Guarantor will not be affected by -

the Landlord granting the Tenant or a Guarantor time or any other indulgence, or 15.2.1 agreeing not to sue the Tenant or another Guarantor, or

failure by any Guarantor to sign this document, or 15.2.2

transfer (except in accordance with the Act, if the Act applies) or variation of this 15.2.3 lease, but if this lease is transferred the Guarantor's obligations, other than those which have already arisen, end when the Term ends and do not continue into a term renewed by a new tenant nor a period of overholding.

the fact that this lease cannot be registered at the Land Registry. 15.2.4

15.3 The Guarantor agrees that -

- the Landlord may retain all money received including dividends from the Tenant's 15.3.1 bankrupt estate, and need allow the Guarantor a reduction in its liability under this guarantee only to the extent of the amount received, and
- the Guarantor must not seek to recover money from the Tenant to reimburse the 15.3.2 Guarantor for payments made to the Landlord until the Landlord has been paid in ful, and
- the Guarantor must not prove in the bankruptcy or winding up of the Tenant for any 15.3.3 amount which the Landlord has demanded from the Guarantor, and
- the Guarantor must pay the Landlord all money which the Landlord refunds to the 15.3.4 Tenant's liquidator or trustee in bankruptcy as preferential payments received from the Tenant.
- 15.4 If any of the Tenant's obligations are unenforceable against the Tenant, then this clause is to operate as a separate indemnity and the Guarantor indemnifies the Landlord against all loss resulting from the Landlord's inability to enforce performance of those obligations. The Guarantor must pay the Landlord the amount of the loss resulting from the unenforceability.
- 15.5 If there is more than one Guarantor, this guarantee binds them jointly and each of them individually.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION 16.

- 16.1 Unless the Act applies, if the words "The mediation procedure applies to this lease" are included in Item 21, the mediation procedure applies to this lease. In that event the parties must attempt to resolve any dispute by the mediation procedure, except disputes about:
 - unpaid Rent and interest charged on it,

review of Rent, 16.1.2

a dispute to be resolved in another way prescribed by any other provision of this 16.1.3 lease.

16.2 The mediation procedure is -

a party may start mediation by serving a mediation notice on the other party. 16.2.1

the notice must state that a dispute has arisen and identify what the dispute is. 16.2.2

the parties must jointly request appointment of a mediator. If the parties fail to agree 16.2.3 on the appointment within 7 days of service of the mediation notice, either party may apply to the President of the Law Institute of Victoria or the nominee of the President to appoint a mediator.

once the mediator has accepted the appointment the parties must comply with the 16.2.4 mediator's instructions.

- if the dispute is not resolved within 30 days of the appointment of the mediator, or 16.2.5 any other period agreed by the parties in writing, the mediation ceases.
- 16.3 The mediator may fix the charges for the mediation which must be paid equally by the parties.
- 16.4 If the dispute is settled, all parties must sign the terms of agreement and these terms are binding on the parties.

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS 19.

Any additional provisions set out in Item 22 -

19.1 bind the parties, and

19.2 if inconsistent with any other provisions of this lease, override them.

IF PREMISES ONLY PART OF BUILDING

- 20.1 If the Premises are only a part of the Building, the provisions of this clause apply.
- 20.2 The Landlord
 - may adopt whatever name it chooses for the Building and change the name from 20.2.1
 - reserves all proprietary rights to the name of the Building and any logo adopted for 20.2.2 the Building.
- 20.3 The Landlord reserves for itself the use of all external surfaces of the Building and areas outside the Building.
- 20.4 The Building, Common Areas and Landlord's Installations remain under the absolute control of the Landlord which may manage them and regulate their use as it considers appropriate. In particular the Landlord has the right
 - to close off the Common Areas as often as the Landlord reasonably considers appropriate to prevent rights of way or user arising in favour of the public or third 20.4.1
 - to exclude persons whose presence the Landlord considers undesirable, 20.4.2
 - to grant easements over any parts of the Land which do not materially and 20.4.3 adversely affect the Tenant's use,
 - to install, repair and replace, as necessary, the pipes and conduits necessary or desirable for the provision of services to the various parts of the Building, and 20.4.4
 - to repair, renovate, alter or extend the Building but, in doing so, the Landlord must not cause more inconvenience to the Tenant than is reasonable in the 20.4.5 circumstances.
 - If the Act applies, these rights may only be exercised in a manner and to the extent consistent with the Act.
- 20.5 The Tenant must not obstruct the Common Areas or use them for any purpose other than the purposes for which they were intended.
- 20.6 The Tenant must comply with the Building Rules. The Landlord may change the Building Rules from time to time and the Tenant will be bound by a change when it receives written notice of it. The Landlord must not adopt a Building Rule or change the Building Rules in a way that is inconsistent with this lease. To the extent that a Building Rule is inconsistent with this lease, the lease prevails.
- 20.7 In relation to Building Outgoings, the parties agree
 - the Landlord must pay the Building Outgoings when they fall due for payment;
 - the Tenant must pay or reimburse the Landlord the proportion specified in Item 10, 20.7.1
 - at least one month before the start of an Accounting Period, the Landlord may 20.7.2 (but if the Act applies, the Landlord must) give the Tenant an estimate of Building 20.7.3 Outgoings for the Accounting Period.
 - the Tenant must pay its share of the estimated Building Outgoings by equal monthly instalments during the Accounting Period on the days on which Rent is 20.7.4
 - if the Act applies, the Landlord must make a statement of Building Outgoings 20.7.5 available during each Accounting Period as required by the Act,
 - within three months after the end of an Accounting Period, the Landlord must give the Tenant a statement of the actual Building Outgoings for the Accounting 20.7.6 Period (if the Act applies and requires that the statement be certified, the statement must be certified as required by the Act), and
 - the Tenant must pay the amount short paid or the Landlord must repay the amount over paid for Building Outgoings, as the case may be, within one month after a 20.7.7 statement is provided under clause 20.7.6 or within four months after the end of the Accounting Period, whichever is earlier.

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SCHEDULE

Item 1	Landlord
[1.1]	Debham Super Fund 2 Myuna Crt Patterson Lakes 3196. ABN: 23 435 171 014.
Item 2 [1.1]	Tenant G & D Wills Design & Construction Pty Ltd (ACN 006 338 325) of 2 Myuna Court, Patterson Lakes 3197
Item 3 [1.1]	Guarantor Graham Arthur Wills of 2 Myuna Court, Patterson Lakes 3197
Item 4 [1.1]	Premises Lot 3, 263-271 Wells Road, Chelsea Heights 3196
	Land Lot 3, 2 6 3-271 Wells Road, Chelsea Heights 3196 (being the land contained in Certificate of Title Volume 10952 Folio 340)
Item 5 [1.1]	Landlord's installations Fixture and fittings as inspected
Item 6 [1.1]	Rent \$28,415-20 per annum plus any GST
Item 7 [1.1]	Tenant's installations
Item 8 [1.1]	Term of the lease One (1) year starting on 15th january, 2017 and ending on 14th january, 2018
Item 9 [2.1.1]	How rent is to be paid Monthly in advance
Item 10 [2.1.2]	Outgoings which the Tenant must pay or reimburse all municipal rates, levies and assessments, water rates and charges including water consumption charges, land tax calculated on a single holding basis unless the Retail Leases Act 2003 states otherwise, body corporate fees

Item 15 [2.2.1]	Permitted use warehouse and office
Item 16 [2.1.1, 11, 18]	Review date(s) On the renewal of this Lease the annual rent shall be determined in accordance with Clause 11 hereof
Item 17 [2.1.1, 11, 18]	Who may initiate reviews The Landlord
Item 18 [12]	Further term(s) One (1) further term of one (1) year
Item 19 [12]	Latest date for exercising option On the day being three months prior to the expiration of this Lease
Item 20 [13]	Security deposit S Nil
Item 21 [16.2]	The mediation procedure applies to this lease
Item 22	Additional Provisions
[19]	11 1 1
GST	
22.1.1	Definitions "GST" means any consumption tax imposed by government, which operates during the term or any renewal or holding over period and includes (without limitation) a goods and services tax, a broad-based consumption or indirect tax and value added tax. "GST Law" includes any law introducing, related to or in furtherance of, a GST. "Input Tax Credit" in relation to a supply, means a credit under the GST Law for the GST payable by the recipient in respect of the supply. "Price" means the consideration for a taxable supply without any discount for GST. "Tax Invoice" in relation to a supply, means an invoice for the supply required by the GST Law to support a claim by the recipient for an Input Tax Credit for the GST on the supply.
22.1.2	Recipient to pay GST on taxable supply under Lease An amount payable by a party under the Lease, in respect of a supply by the other party which is a taxable supply under the GST Law, unless