

# Contract for Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme

Eleventh Edition

This document has been approved by The Real Estate Institute of Queensland Limited and the Queensland Law Society Incorporated as being suitable for the sale and purchase of Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme in Queensland except for new residential property in which case the issue of GST liability must be dealt with by special condition.

The Seller and Buyer agree to sell and buy the Property under this contract.

REFERENCE S	CHFDUI F
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SELLER'S	AGENT								
NAME:	Richardson & Wrench	Projects QLD							
ABN:			LICENCE NO:						
ADDRESS:	59A Melbourne Street								
SUBURB:	SOUTH BRISBANE		STATE:	QLD	POSTCODE: 4101				
PHONE: 07 3177 45	MOBILE:	FAX:	EMAIL:		4101				
ELLER	*								
NAME:	Skymark Construction F	ty Ltd A.C.N. 167 231 16	5	A	BN:				
ADDRESS:	c/- MSJA Lawyers								
	Level 3, 371 Queen Stre	Level 3, 371 Queen Street							
SUBURB:	BRISBANE		STATE:	QLD	POSTCODE:	4000			
PHONE:	MOBILE:	FAX:	EMAIL:						
	ABN:								
IAME:				AE	BN:				
			ole a series	AE	SN:				
NAME: ADDRESS: SUBURB;			STATE:	AE	POSTCODE:				
ADDRESS:	MOBILE:	FAX:	STATE: EMAIL:	AE					
ADDRESS: GUBURB; PHONE:	LICITOR	FAX:		AE	POSTCODE:	olicitor notified to the Buye			
ADDRESS:  UBURB:  'HONE:  ELLER'S SOI			EMAIL:		POSTCODE:	olicitor notified to the Buye			
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ADDRESS:  UBURB;  HONE:  LLER'S SOI  AME:  EF:  DDRESS:	LICITOR MSJA Lawyers		EMAIL:		POSTCODE:	olicitor notified to the Buye			



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BUYER				AS.	770	USTOE	FOR R	ONE	conay nry 1
NAME:	Royle Ke	ennedy Investment	s Pty Ltd A.C.N. 619 284		•	ABN:	must	PROPO	nry 1
ADDRESS:	6 Baybre	eze Crescent							
SUBURB:	MURRUI	MBA		STATE:	QLD		POSTCODE:	4503	
PHONE:	1.0	MOBILE: 0458 566 651	FAX:	EMAIL: Jasemtb	1974@	email.com			
NAME: ADDRESS:						ABN:			
SUBURB:				STATE:			POSTCODE:		
PHONE:		MOBILE:	FAX:	EMAIL:					
BUYER'S AGI	ENT (Il applica	ible)							
NAME:									
ABN:			LI	CENCE NO:					
ADDRESS:									
SUBURB:				STATE:		PO	STCODE:		
PHONE:		MOBILE:	FAX:	EMAIL:					
BUYER'S SOL	ICITOR (II ap	plicable)					or any other s	olicitor notilied	to the Seller
NAME:	Qld Law (	Эгоир							
REF:			CONTACT:	CHIZA	5	moon	/ •	_	
ADDRESS:	GPO Box	1405						_	
SUBURB:	BRISBAN	E		STATE:	QLD	)	POSTCODE	: 4001	
PHONE: 07 3221 800	)	MOBILE:	FAX: 07 3229 9090			roup.com.au		<del> </del>	
ROPERTY	ADDRESS:	Lot 14 "Koto", 10	0 Monmouth Street	CHRIS	8612	9910	QLD LAW -	GROUP .	an ac
	SUBURB:	MORNINGSIDE		<b>***</b>	STA	ATE: QLD		POSTCODE:	4170
Pescription:	Lot	14		On:	BUP	☐ GTP 🔽	SP 290107		
	Scheme:	Koto				Community Ti	tles Scheme: 510	78	
itle Reference:		51131961							
resent Use:		Residential							

Brisbane City Council

Local Government:

Excluded Fixtures:



Included Chattels:	- 7				
meloded chatters;					
			<del></del>		
PRICE					
Deposit Holder:	ALSM	Lawyers			
Deposit Holder's Tru	st Accour	nt: MSJA Lawy	rers Trust Account		
	Bank:	Macquarie Ban	k		
	BSB:	184-446	Account No:	3044-38542	
Purchase Price:	\$ 460,0	00.00			<ul> <li>Unless otherwise specified in this contract, the Purchase Price includes any GST payable on the supply of the Property to the Buyer.</li> </ul>
Deposit:	\$ 2,000	.00	Initial Di specifie	eposit payable on d below.	the day the Buyer signs this contract unless another time is
	NI	- /			
	\$ 44,00	0,00 ste.	Balance	Deposit (if any) p	eyable on: satisfaction of Finance Condition
Default Interest Rate:	9	6	= If no Que	figure is inserted, ensland Law Socie	the Contract Rate applying at the Contract Date published by the sty Inc will apply.
FINANCE					All and the second seco
Finance Amount:	\$ Suffici	ent to Complete		ss all of "Finance / ract is not subject i	Amount", "Financier" and "Finance Date" are completed, this to finance and clause 3 does not apply.
Financier:	Buyer's	Chaice			
Finance Date:	14 days	from Contract Da	ate		
BUILDING AND/OR PE	ST INSPE	CTION DATE			
Inspection Date:	14 days	from Contract Da		ection Date' is not 4.1 does not apply	completed, the contract is not subject to an inspection report and
MATTERS AFFECTING	PROPER	TY			-
Title Encumbrances	*				■ WARNING TO SELLER: You are required to
Is the Property sold so	ubject to	any Encumbrano	es?   No   Yes, list	ted below	disclose all Title Encumbrances which will remain after settlement (for example, easements on your title and statutory easements for sowerage and drainage
					which may not appear on a title search). Fellure to disclose these may entitle the Buyer to terminate the contract or to compensation. It is NOT sufficient to
					state "refer to title", "search will reveal", or similar.
Tenancies:					
TENANTS NAME:			<ul> <li>If the j comple</li> </ul>	roperty is sold wit ete details from Re	h vacant possession from settlement, Insert 'Nil'. Otherwise esidential Tenancy Agreement.
TERM AND OPTIONS:					Nygoping Agent Control of the Contro
STARTING DATE OF TER	RM:	ENDING DATE OF	TERM: RENT:		BOND:
			s	\$	
			•		



Managing Agent:				
PROPERTY MANA	GFR:			
ADDRESS:				
ADDRESS;				
SUBURB:		STATE:	POSTC	ODE:
PHONE:	FAX:	MOBILE:	EMAIL:	
POOL SAFETY FOR	NON-SHARED POOLS			
Complete the follow	ving questions if there	is a non-shared pool in the Lot		
Q	l. Is there a non-share	d pool on the Lot?	_	WARNING TO SELLER: Failure to comply wi
	Yes		_	the Pool Safety Requirements is an offence was ubstantial penalties.
	No Clause 4.2 of	this contract does not apply		WARNING TO BUYER: If there is no Compliance or Exemption Certificate at Settlement, the Buyer becomes responsible at
Q2	Certificate for the no	s Yes, is there a Compliance or Exe n-shared pool at the time of contrac	emption t?	its cost to obtain a Pool Safety Centificate with 90 days after settlement. The Buyer can also become liable to pay any costs of rectification necessary to comply with the Pool Safety
	Yes Clause 5.3(1)( No Clause 4.2 appl	f) applies lies (except for auction and some other o		Requirements to obtain a Pool Safety Certificate. The Buyer commits an offence and can be liable to substantial penalties if the Buy fails to comply with this requirement.
				If there is a pool on the Lot and Q2 is not completed then Clause 4.2 applies.
Q3	. If the answer to Q2 is been given prior to co	No, has a Notice of No Pool Safety		Note: This is an obligation of the Saller under Section 16 of the Building Regulation 2005.
	T Yes			
	No			
POOL SAFETY INSPE	CTOR			
Pool Safety Inspector:			The Pool Safety Inspector and Bullding Regulation 20	must be licensed under the Building Act 1975 06.
Pool Safety Inspection Date:			Clause 4.2(2) applies excep auction and some other exc	pt where this contract is formed on a sale by cluded sales.
	NTIES AND CONTRACT			
The Seller gives noti	ce to the Buyer of the	following matters:		
a) Latent or Patent	t Defects in Common i	Property or Body Corporate Assets (	ai C	VARNING TO SELLER: The Body Corporate nd Community Management Act 1997 and the iontract include warranties by the Seller about to Body Corporate and the Scheme land.
b) Actual or Contin	gent or Expected Liab	(d))* cl	reach of a warranty may result in e demages laim or termination by the Buyer. Sellers should onsider whether to carry out an Inspection of th ody Corporate records to complete this section	
c) Circumstances i	n Relation to Affairs of	f Body Corporate (s 223(3))*		
Nil		, , , , , ,		
d) Exceptions to Wa	arranties in clause 7.4(	3)*	1	
	Corporate Resolutions	(clause 8.4)*		
Nil				

\*Include in attachment if insufficient space

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The

ADDITIONAL BO	ODY CORPORATE INFORMATION							
Interest Sched	ule Lot Entitlement of Lot:	416						
Aggregate Inter	rest Schedule Lot Entitlement:	10002 429						
Contribution Sc	hedule Lot Entitlement of Lot:							
Aggregate Coni	tribution Schedule Lot Entitlement:	10002						
INSURANCE POL	LICIES							
Insurer:	No: QRSC18000310							
Building:	\$6,380,000							
Public liability:	\$20,000,000							
Other:	Appeal Expenses - \$100,000; Car Government Audit - \$25,000; Lega \$1,000,000; Voluntary Workers - \$	II Defence Exp - \$50,000: Lot Owi	rea Contents - \$63 ners Fixtures - \$30	,800; Fidelity Guarantee - \$100,000; 10,000; Office Bearers Liability -				
	OR SHARED POOLS be following questions if there is a st	pared pool on the Land.						
A. Is there a shar	red pool on the Land or on adjacent	land used in association with the	Land?	T Yes V No				
B. If the answer to for the shared	o A is Yes, is there a Compliance or pool at the time of contract?	Exemption Certificate		Γ Yes Γ Nα				
C. If the answer to	o B is No, has a Notice of No Pool \$	Safety Certificate been given prior	to contract?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Note: This is an obliq	gation of the Selier under Section 16 of ti	he Bullding Regulation 2006.	_					
ELECTRICAL SAFE	TY SWITCH AND SMOKE ALARM		This section must be	completed unless the Lot is vacant.				
The Seller gives Purpose Socket (select whicheve installed in the	r is applicable)		<ul> <li>WARNII in this se Seller si complete</li> </ul>	NG: By giving felse or misleading information scillon, the Seller may incur a penalty. The sould seek expert and qualified advice about ing this section and not rely on the Seller's complete this section.				
not installed in	the residence							
The Seller gives (select whichever	notice to the Buyer that a Complian	t Smoke Alarm(s) is/are:	■ WARNIN Alagn is	IG: Failure to install a Compliant Smoke an offence under the Fire and Emergency				
installed in the	· ·		Services	Act 1990.				
not installed in	the residence							
EIGHBOURHOOD (	DISPUTES (DIVIDING FENCES AND TE	REES) ACT 2011						
Disputes (Dividing (select whichever	*	he Land:	■ WARNING Neighbou	G: Failure to comply with s83 rhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and				
is affected by	d by any application to, or an order made rative Tribunal (QCAT) in relation to a tre an application to, or an order made by, a copy of which has been given to the Bi	Trees Act) 2011 by giving a copy of an order or application to the Buyer (where applicable) prior to Buyer signing the contract will entitle the Buyer to terminate the contract prior to Settlement.						

signing the contract.

is affected by an application to, or an order made by, QCAT in relation to a tree on the Land, a copy of which has been given to the Buyer prior to the Buyer

#### **GST WITHHOLDING OBLIGATIONS**

is the Buyer registered for GS1 and acquiring the Land for a creditable purpose? (select whichever is applicable)	
Yes	

₩ No

[Note: An example of an acquisition for a creditable purpose would be the purchase of the Land by a building contractor, who is registered for GST, for the purposes of building a house on the Land and selling it in the ordinary course of its business.]

The Seller gives notice to the Buyer in accordance with section 14-255(1)(a) of the Withholding Law that:

(select whichever is applicable)

the Buyer is not required to make a payment under section 14-250 of the Withholding Law in relation to the supply of the Property

the Buyer is required to make a payment under section 14-250 of the Withholding Law in relation to the supply of the Property. Under section 14-255(1) of the Withholding Law, the Seller is required to give further details prior to settlement.

- WARNING: the Buyer warrants in clause 2.5(6) that this information is true and correct.
- WARNING: All sellers of residential premises or potential residential land are required to complete this notice. Section 14-250 of the Withholding Law applies to the sale of 'new residential premises' or 'potential residential land' (subject to some exceptions) and requires an amount to be withheld from the Purchase Price and paid to the ATO. The Seller should seek logal advice if unsure about completing this section.





# The REIQ Terms of Contract for Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme (Pages 8-16) Eleventh Edition Contain the Terms of this Contract.

# SPECIAL CONDITIONS

19	e Annexure A PU OFF  O SITUAT		BG NCEI VCLUNGO	1F18D W17H	prior	70 ·	80-17CE #1	TOUT	r L
SET	TLEMENT				-				
SET DAT	TLEMENT	30 days from Contra	act Date				or the next Busine Business Day in t		
	CE FOR TLEMENT:	Brisbane					■ If Brisbane is inse Brisbane CBD.		
It is	recommende stract and his	y be subject to a 5 byer terminates the color than the Buyer obtain or her cooling-off right signature above I warranteference Schedule or a	an independent pr ghts, before signing	and the relies	ation and Indepen	dent legal		ę	ase price
SELLER: SELLER:	By placing my s named in the Ro Seller to sign.	eu Tho/issa signature above ! warran eference Schedule or au	at that I am the Seiler uthorised by the	WITNESS:	[Note: No witness i	s required if	the Seller signs usin	ng an	
DEPOSIT HOLDER:				คอเฮ (ก	cknowledges having at amount and any E it Holder for the parti	Balance Deo	osit when received a	agrees to is	



# TERMS OF CONTRACT

# FOR RESIDENTIAL LOTS IN A COMMUNITY TITLES SCHEME

#### 1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 In this contract:
  - terms in bold in the Reference Schedule and the Disclosure Statement have the meanings shown opposite them unless the context requires otherwise; and
  - (2) (a) "Approved Safety Switch" means a residual current device as defined in the Electrical Safety Regulation 2013;
    - (b) "ATO" means the Australian Taxation Office;
    - (c) "ATO Clearance Certificate" means a certificate issued under s14-220(1) of the Withholding Law which is current on the date it is given to the Buyer;
    - (d) "Balance Purchase Price" means the Purchase Price, less the Deposit, adjusted under clause 2.6;
    - (e) "Bank" means an authorised deposit-taking Institution within the meaning of the Banking Act 1959 (Cth).
    - "Body Corporate" means the body corporate of the Scheme;
    - (g) "Body Corporate Debt" has the meaning in the Regulation Module but excludes the Body Corporate Levies for the period which includes the Settlement Date;
    - (h) "Body Corporate Levies" means regular periodic contributions levied on the owner of the Lot (including, if applicable, levied under an exclusive use by-law) excluding any Special Contribution;
    - (i) "Bond" means a bond under the Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008;
    - "Building" means any building that forms part of the Lot or in which the Lot is situated;
    - (k) "Building Inspector" means a person licensed to carry out completed residential building Inspections under the Queensland Building and Construction Commission Regulations 2003;
    - (I) "Business Day" means a day other than:
      - (i) a Saturday or Sunday;
      - (ii) a public holiday in the Place for Settlement; and
      - (iii) a day in the period 27 to 31 December (inclusive)
    - (m) "CGT Withholding Amount" means the amount determined under section 14-200(3)(a) of the Withholding Law or, if a copy is provided to the Buyer prior to settlement, a lesser amount specified in a variation notice under section 14-235;
    - (n) "Compliance or Exemption Certificate" means:
      - (i) a Pool Safety Certificate; or
      - a building certificate that may be used instead of a Pool Safety Certificate under section 246AN(2) of the Building Act 1975; or
      - an exemption from compliance on the grounds of impracticality under section 245B of the Building Act 1975;
    - (o) "Compliant Smoke Alarm" means a smoke alarm complying with the requirements for smoke alarms in domestic dwellings under the Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990;
    - "Contract Date" or "Date of Contract" means the date inserted in the Reference Schedule;
    - "Court" includes any tribunal established under statute;
    - (r) "Disclosure Statement" means the statement under section 206 (existing lot) or section 213 (proposed lot) of the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997;
    - (s) "Electronic Signature" means an electronic method of signing that identifies the person and indicates their intention to sign the contract;

- (t) "Encumbrances" includes:
  - (i) unregistered encumbrances;
  - (ii) statutory encumbrances; and
  - (iii) Security Interests.
- (u) "Essential Term" includes, in the case of breach by:
  - (i) the Buyer: clauses 2.2, 2.5(1), 2.5(5), 5.1 and 6.1; and
  - (ii) the Seller: clauses 2.5(5), 5.1, 5.3(1)(a) (d), 5.3(1)(e)(ii) 8. (iii), 5.3(1)(f), 5.5 and 6.1;

but nothing in this definition precludes a Court from finding other terms to be essential;

- (v) "Exclusive Use Areas" means parts of the common property for the Scheme allocated to the Lot under an exclusive use by-law;
- (W) "Financial Institution" means a Bank, building society or credit union;
- "General Purpose Socket Outlet" means an electrical socket outlet as defined in the Electrical Safety Regulation 2013;
- (y) "GST" means the goods and services tax under the GST Act:
- "GST Act" means A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act and includes other GST related legislation;
- (aa) "GST Withholding Amount" means the amount (if any) determined under section 14-250 of the Withholding Law required to be paid to the Commissioner of Taxation;
- (bb) "Improvements" means fixed structures in the Lot (such as stoves, hot water systems, fixed carpets, curtains, blinds and their fittings, clothes lines, fixed satellite dishes and television antennae, in-ground plants) but does not include the Reserved Items;
- (cc) "Keys" means keys, codes or devices in the Seller's possession or control for all locks or security systems on the Property or necessary to access the Property;
- (dd) "Land" means the scheme land for the Scheme;
- (ee) "Notice of no pool safety certificate" means the Form 36 under the Building Regulation 2006 to the effect that there is no Pool Safety Certificate issued for the Land and/or the Lot;
- (ff) "Notice of nonconformity" means a Form 26 under the Building Regulation 2006 advising how the pool does not comply with the relevant pool safety standard:
- (9g) "Outgoings" means:
  - rates or charges on the Lot by any competent authority (for example, council rates, water rates, fire service levies) but excludes land tax; and
  - (ii) Body Corporate Levies:
- (hh) "Pest Inspector" means a person licensed to undertake termite inspections on completed buildings under the Queensland Building and Construction Commission Regulations 2003;
- (ii) "Pool Safety Certificate" has the meaning in section 231C(a) of the Building Act 1975;
- "Pool Safety Requirements" means the requirements for pool safety contained in the Building Act 1975 and Building Regulation 2006;
- (kk) "Pool Safety Inspection Date" means the Pool Safety Inspection Date inserted in the Reference Schedule. If no date is inserted in the Reference Schedule, the Pool Safety Inspection Date is taken to be the earlier of the following:
  - the Inspection Date for the Building and/or Pest Inspection; or

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- (ii) 2 Business Days before the Settlement Date;
- "Pool Safety Inspector" means a person authorised to give a Pool Safety Certificate;
- (mm) "PPSR" means the Personal Property Securities Register established under Personal Property Securities Act 2009 (Cth);
- (nn) "Property" means:
  - (i) the Lot;
  - (ii) the right to any Exclusive Use Areas;
  - (iii) the Improvements:
  - (iv) the Included Chattels;
- (00) "Regulation Module" means the regulation module for the Scheme;
- (pp) "Rent" means any periodic amount, including outgoings, payable under the Tenancies;
- (qq) "Reserved items" means the Excluded Fixtures and all chattels in the Lot and Exclusive Use Areas other than the Included Chattels;
- (n) "Scheme" means the community titles scheme containing the Lot;
- (ss) "Security Interests" means all security interests registered on the PPSR over Included Chattels and Improvements;
- (tt) "Special Contribution" means an amount levied by the Body Corporate under the Regulation Module for a liability for which no provision or inadequate provision has been made in the budget of the Body Corporate;
- (UU) "Transfer Documents" means:
  - the form of transfer under the Land Title Act 1994 required to transfer title in the Lot to the Buyer; and
  - any other document to be signed by the Seller necessary for stamping or registering the transfer.
- (vv) "Transport Infrastructure" has the meaning defined in the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994; and
- (ww) "Withholding Law" means Schedule 1 to the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth).
- 1.2 Words and phrases defined in the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 have the same meaning in this contract unless the context Indicates otherwise.

#### 2. PURCHASE PRICE

#### 2.1 GST

- Unless otherwise specified in this contract, the Purchase Price includes any GST payable on the supply of the Property to the Buyer.
- (2) If a party is required to make any other payment or reimbursement under this Contract, that payment or reimbursement will be reduced by the amount of any input tax credits to which the other party (or the representative member for a GST group of which it is a member) is entitled.

#### 2.2 Deposit

- The Buyer must pay the Deposit to the Deposit Holder at the times shown in the Reference Schedule. The Deposit Holder will hold the Deposit until a party becomes entitled to it.
- (2) The Buyer will be in default if It:
  - (a) does not pay the Deposit when required;
  - (b) pays the Deposit by a post-dated cheque; or
  - pays the Deposit by cheque which is dishonoured on presentation.
- (3) The Seller may recover from the Buyer as a liquidated debt any part of the Deposit which is not paid when required.

#### 2.3 Investment of Deposit

- If:
- the Deposit Holder is instructed by either the Seller or the Buyer; and
- (2) is lawful to do so;
- the Deposit Holder must:

- (3) invest as much of the Deposit as has been paid with any Financial Institution in an interest-bearing account in the names of the parties; and
- (4) provide the parties' tax file numbers to the Financial Institution (if they have been supplied).

#### 2.4 Entitlement to Deposit and Interest

- (1) The party entitled to receive the Deposit is:
  - (a) if this contract settles, the Seller;
  - if this contract is terminated without default by the Buyer, the Buyer; and
  - (c) if this contract is terminated owing to the Buyer's default, the Seller.
- (2) The interest on the Deposit must be paid to the person who is entitled to the Deposit.
- (3) If this contract is terminated, the Buyer has no further claim once it receives the Deposit and Interest unless the termination is due to the Seller's default or breach of warranty.
- (4) The Deposit is invested at the risk of the party who is ultimately entitled to it.

#### 2.5 Payment of Balance Purchase Price

- On the Settlement Date, the Buyer must pay the Balance Purchase Price by Bank cheque as the Seller or the Seller's Solicitor directs.
- (2) Despite any other provision of this contract, reference to a "Bank cheque" in clause 2.5:
  - includes a cheque drawn by a building society or credit union on itself;
  - does not include a cheque drawn by a building society or credit union on a Bank;

and the Seller is not obliged to accept a cheque referred to in clause 2.5(2)(b) on the Settlement Date.

- ) If both the following apply:
  - (a) the sale is not an excluded transaction under s14-215 of the Withholding Law; and
  - the Seller has not given the Buyer on or before settlement for each person comprising the Seller either:
    - (i) an ATO Clearance Certificate; or
    - a variation notice under s14-235 of the Withholding Law which remains current at the Settlement Date varying the CGT Withholding Amount to nil,

#### then:

- (c) for clause 2.5(1), the Seller irrevocably directs the Buyer to draw a bank cheque for the CGT Withholding Amount in favour of the Commissioner of Taxation or, if the Buyer's Solicitor requests, the Buyer's Solicitor's Trust Account;
- (d) the Buyer must lodge a Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding Purchaser Notification Form with the ATO for each person comprising the Buyer and give copies to the Seller with the payment reference numbers (PRN) on or before settlement;
- (e) the Seller must return the bank cheque in paragraph
   (c) to the Buyer's Solicitor (or if there is no Buyer's Solicitor, the Buyer) at settlement; and
- (f) the Buyer must pay the CGT Withholding Amount to the ATO in accordance with section 14-200 of the Withholding Law and give the Seller evidence that it has done so within 2 Business Days of settlement occurring.
- (4) For clause 2.5(3) and section 14-215 of the Withholding Law, the market value of the CGT asset is taken to be the Purchase Price less any GST included in the Purchase Price for which the Buyer is entitled to an input tax credit unless:
  - the Property includes items in addition to the Lot and improvements; and
  - (b) no later than 2 Business Days prior to the Settlement Date, the Seller gives the Buyer a valuation of the Lot and Improvements prepared by a registered valuer.

in which case the market value of the Lot and Improvements will be as stated in the valuation.

- (5) If the Buyer is required to pay the GST Withholding Amount to the Commissioner of Taxation at settlement pursuant to section 14-250 of the Withholding Law:
  - the Seller must give the Buyer a notice in accordance with section 14-255(1) of the Withholding Law;
  - (b) prior to settlement the Buyer must lodge with the ATO:
    - a GST Property Settlement Withholding Notification form ("Form 1"); and
    - (ii) a GST Property Settlement Date Confirmation form ("Form 2"):
  - (c) on or before settlement, the Buyer must give the Seller copies of:
    - (i) the Form 1;
    - confirmation from the ATO that the Form 1 has been lodged specifying the Buyer's indgement reference number and payment reference number;
    - (iii) confirmation from the ATO that the Form 2 has been lodged; and
    - (iv) a completed ATO payment slip for the Withholding Amount;
  - (d) the Seller irrevocably directs the Buyer to draw a bank cheque for the GST Withholding Amount in favour of the Commissioner of Taxation and deliver it to the Seller at settlement; and
  - (e) the Seller must pay the GST Withholding Amount to the ATO in compliance with section 14-250 of the Withholding Law promptly after settlement.
- (6) The Buyer warrants that the statements made by the Buyer in the Reference Schedule under GST Withholding Obligations are true and correct.

#### 2.6 Adjustments to Balance Purchase Price

- (1) The Seller is liable for Outgoings and is entitled to Rent up to and including the Settlement Date. The Buyer is liable for Outgoings and is entitled to Rent after the Settlement Date.
- (2) Subject to clauses 2.6(3), 2.6(5) and 2.6(17), Outgoings for periods including the Settlement Date must be adjusted:
  - (a) for those paid, on the amount paid;
  - (b) for those assessed but unpaid, on the amount payable (excluding any discount); and
  - (c) for those not assessed:
    - on the amount the relevant authority or the Body Corporate advises will be assessed (excluding any discount); or
    - if no advice on the assessment to be made is available, on the amount of the latest assessment (excluding any discount).
- (3) If there is no separate assessment of rates for the Lot at the Settlement Date and the Local Government informs the Buyer that it will not apportion rates between the Buyer and the Seller, then:
  - (a) the amount of rates to be adjusted is that proportion of the assessment equal to the ratio of the interest schedule lot entitlement of the Lot to the aggregate interest schedule lot entitlement of the Scheme; and
  - (b) if an assessment of rates includes charges imposed on a "per lot" basis, then the portion of those charges to be adjusted is the amount assessed divided by the number of lots in that assessment.
- (4) The seller is liable for land tax assessed on the Lot for the financial year current at the Settlement Date. If land tax is unpaid at the Settlement Date and the Office of State Revenue advises that it will issue a final clearance for the Lot on payment of a specified amount, then the Buyer may deduct the specified amount from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and must pay it promptly to the Office of State Revenue.
- (5) Any Outgoings assessable on the amount of water used must be adjusted on the charges that would be assessed on the total water usage for the assessment period, determined by assuming that the actual rate of usage shown by the meter reading made before settlement

- continues throughout the assessment period. The Buyer must obtain and pay for the meter reading.
- (6) If any Outgoings are assessed but unpaid at the Settlement Date, then the Buyer may deduct the amount payable from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and pay it promptly to the relevant authority or the Body Corporate, as appropriate. If an amount is deducted under this clause, the relevant Outgoing will be treated as paid at the Settlement Date for the purposes of clause 2.6(2).
- (7) Arrears of Rent for any rental period ending on or before the Settlement Date belong to the Setter and are not adjusted at settlement.
- (8) Unpaid Rent for the rental period including both the Settlement Date and the following day ("Current Period") is not adjusted until it is paid.
- (9) Rent already paid for the Current Period or beyond must be adjusted at settlement.
- (10) If Řent payments are reassessed after the Settlement Date for periods including the Settlement Date, any additional Rent payment from a Tenant or refund due to a Tenant must be apportioned under clauses 2.6(7), 2.6(8), 2.6(9) and 2.6(10).
- (11) Payments under clause 2.6(10) must be made within 14 days after notification by one party to the other but only after any additional payment from a Tenant has been received.
- (12) The Selfer is liable for:
  - (a) any Special Contribution for which a levy notice has been issued on or before the Contract Date; and
  - any other Body Corporate Debt (including any penalty or recovery cost resulting from non-payment of a Body Corporate Debt) owing in respect of the Lot at settlement.

The Buyer is liable for any Special Contribution levied after the Contract Date.

- (13) If an amount payable by the Seller under clause 2.6(12) is unpaid at the Settlement Date, the Buyer may deduct the specified amount from the Balance Purchase Price at settlement and must pay it promptly to the Body Corporate.
- (14) For the purposes of clause 2.6(12), an amount payable under an exclusive use by-law will be treated as levied on the date it is due.
- (15) The cost of Bank cheques payable at settlement:
  - (a) to the Seller or its mortgagee are the responsibility of the Buyer; and
    - (b) to parties other than the Seller or its mortgagee are the responsibility of the Seller.
- (16) The Seller is not entitled to require payment of the Balance Purchase Price by means other than Bank cheque without the consent of the Buyer.
- (17) Upon written request by the Buyer, the Seller will, prior to Settlement, give the Buyer a written statement, supported by reasonable evidence, of:
  - all Outgoings and all Rent for the Property to the extent they are not capable of discovery by search or enquiry at any office of public record or pursuant to the provisions of any statute; and
  - (b) any other Information which the Buyer may reasonably require for the purpose of calculating or apportioning any Outgoings or Rent under this clause 2.6

If the Seller becomes aware of a change to the information provided the Seller will as soon as practicably provide the updated information to the Buyer.

#### 3. FINANCE

- 3.1 This contract is conditional on the Buyer obtaining approval of a loan for the Finance Amount from the Financier by the Finance Date on terms satisfactory to the Buyer. The Buyer must take all reasonable steps to obtain approval.
- 3.2 The Buyer must give notice to the Seller that:
  - approval has not been obtained by the Finance Date and the Buyer terminates this contract; or
  - the finance condition has been either satisfied or waived by the Buyer

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- 3.3 The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 3.2 by 5pm on the Finance Date. This is the Seller's only remedy for the Buyer's failure to give notice.
- 3.4 The Selier's right under clause 3.3 is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of satisfaction, termination or waiver pursuant to clause 3.2.

# 4. BUILDING AND PEST INSPECTION REPORTS AND POOL SAFETY

4.1 Building and Pest Inspection

(1) This contract is conditional on the Buyer obtaining a written building report from a Building Inspector and a written pest report from a Pest Inspector (which may be a single report) on the Property by the Inspection Date on terms satisfactory to the Buyer. The Buyer must take all reasonable steps to obtain the reports (subject to the right of the Buyer to elect to obtain only one of the reports).

The Buyer must give notice to the Seller that:

- a satisfactory Inspector's report under clause 4.1(1)
  has not been obtained by the Inspection Date and the
  Buyer terminates this contract. The Buyer must act
  reasonably; or
- (b) clause 4.1(1) has been either satisfied or waived by the Buyer.
- (3) If the Buyer terminates this contract and the Seller asks the Buyer for a copy of the building and pest reports, the Buyer must give a copy of each report to the Seller without delay.
- (4) The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 4.1(2) by 5pm on the Inspection Date. This is the Seller's only remedy for the Buyer's failure to give notice.
- (5) The Seller's right under clause 4.1(4) is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of satisfaction, termination or waiver pursuant to clause 4.1(2).

## 4.2 Pool Safety for non-shared pool on Lot

1) This clause 4.2 applies if:

- there is a pool on the Lot and the answer to Q2 of the Reference Schedule is No or Q2 is not completed (for a non-shared pool on the Lot); and
- this contract is not a contract of a type referred to in section 160(1)(b) of the Property Occupations Act 2014.
- (2) This contract is conditional upon:
  - (a) the issue of a Pool Safety Certificate; or
  - a Pool Safety Inspector issuing a Notice of nonconformity stating the works required before a Pool Safety Certificate can be issued,

by the Pool Safety Inspection Date.

- (3) The Buyer is responsible for arranging an inspection by a Pool Safety Inspector at the Buyer's cost. The Seller authorises:
  - (a) the Buyer to arrange the inspection; and
  - the Pool Safety Inspector to advise the Buyer of the results of the Inspection and to give the Buyer a copy of any notice issued.
- (4) If a Pool Safety Certificate has not issued by the Pool Safety Inspection Date, the Buyer may give notice to the Seller that the Buyer:
  - (a) terminates this contract; or
  - (b) waives the benefit of this clause 4.2

The Buyer must act reasonably.

- (5) The Seller may terminate this contract by notice to the Buyer if notice is not given under clause 4.2(4) by 5pm on the Pool Safety Inspection Date.
- (6) The Seller's right under clause 4.2(5) is subject to the Buyer's continuing right to give written notice to the Seller of termination or waiver pursuant to clause 4.2(4).
- (7) The right of a party to terminate under this clause 4.2. ceases upon receipt by that party of a copy of a current Pool Safety Certificate.
- (8) If the Buyer terminates this contract under clause 4.2(4)(a), and the Seller has not obtained a copy of the Notice of nonconformity issued by the Pool Safety Inspector, the Seller may request a copy and the Buyer must provide this to the Seller without delay.

#### 5. SETTLEMENT

#### 5.1 Time and Date

- Settlement must occur between 9am and 4pm AEST on the Settlement Date.
- (2) If the parties do not agree on where settlement is to occur, it must take place in the Place for Settlement at the office of a solicitor or Financial Institution nominated by the Seller, or, if the Seller does not make a nomination, at the land registry office in or nearest to the Place for Settlement.

5.2 Transfer Documents

- The Transfer Documents must be prepared by the Buyer's Solicitor and delivered to the Seller a reasonable time before the Settlement Date.
- (2) If the Buyer pays the Seiler's reasonable expenses, it may require the Seiler to produce the Transfer Documents at the Office of State Revenue nearest the Place for Settlement for stamping before settlement.

5.3 Documents and Keys at Settlement

- (1) In exchange for payment of the Balance Purchase Price, the Seller must deliver to the Buyer at settlement:
  - any Instrument of title for the Lot required to register the transfer to the Buyer; and
  - (b) unstamped Transfer Documents capable of immediate registration after stamping; and
  - (c) any instrument necessary to release any Encumbrance over the Property in compliance with the Seller's obligation in clause 7.2; and
  - if requested by the Buyer not less than 2 clear Business Days before the Settlement Date, the Keys; and
  - (e) if there are Tenancies:
    - (i) the Seller's copy of any Tenancy agreements;
    - (ii) a notice to each tenant advising of the sale in the form required by law; and
    - (iii) any notice required by law to transfer to the Buyer the Seller's interest in any Bond; and
  - (f) if the answer to Q2 in the Reference Schedule is Yes, a copy of a current Compliance or Exemption Certificate, if not already provided to the Buyer.
- (2) If the Keys are not delivered at Settlement under clause 5.3 (1)(d), the Seller must deliver the Keys to the Buyer. The Seller may discharge its obligation under this provision by authorising the Seller's Agent to release the Keys to the Buyer.

#### 5.4 Assignment of Covenants and Warranties

At settlement, the Seller assigns to the Buyer the benefit of all:

1) covenants by the tenants under the Tenancies;

- (2) guarantees and Bonds (subject to the requirements of the Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008) supporting the Tenancies; and
- (3) manufacturers' warranties regarding the Included Chattels;

(4) builders' warranties on the Improvements;

to the extent that they are assignable and the Buyer accepts the assignment. However, the right to recover arrears of Rent Is not assigned to the Buyer and section 117 of the *Property Law Act* 1974 does not apply.

5.5 Possession of Property and Title to Included Chattels On the Settlement Date, in exchange for the Balance Purchase Price, the Seller must give the Buyer vacant possession of the Lot and Exclusive Use Areas except for the Tenancies. Title to the Included Chattels passes at settlement.

5.6 Reservations

- The Seller must remove the Reserved Items from the Property before settlement.
- (2) The Seller must repair at its expense any damage done to the Property in removing the Reserved Items. If the Seller fails to do so, the Buyer may repair that damage.
- (3) Any Reserved Items not removed before settlement will be considered abandoned and the Buyer may, without limiting its other rights, complete this contract and appropriate those Reserved Items or dispose of them in any way.
- (4) The Seller indemnifies the Buyer against any damages and expenses resulting from the Buyer's actions under clauses 5.6(2) or 5.6(3).

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#### 6. TIME

#### 6.1 Time of the Essence

Time is of the essence of this contract, except regarding any agreement between the parties on a time of day for settlement.

#### 6.2 Suspension of Time

- This clause 6.2 applies if a party is unable to perform a Settlement Obligation solely as a consequence of a Natural Disaster but does not apply where the inability is
  - (a) damage to, destruction of or diminution in value of the Property or other property of the Seller or Buyer, or
  - termination or variation of any agreement between a party and another person whether relating to the provision of finance, the release of an Encumbrance, the sale or purchase of another property or otherwise.
- (2)Time for the performance of the parties' Settlement Obligations is suspended and ceases to be of the essence of the contract and the parties are deemed not to be in breach of their Settlement Obligations.
- An Affected Party must take reasonable steps to minimise the effect of the Natural Disaster on its ability to perform its Settlement Obligations.
- When an Affected Party is no longer prevented from performing its Settlement Obligations due to the Natural Disaster, the Affected Party must give the other party a notice of that fact, promptly.
- When the Suspension Period ends, whether notice under clause 6.2(4) has been given or not, either party may give the other party a Notice to Settle.
- A Notice to Settle must be in writing and state:
  - (a) that the Suspension Period has ended;
  - (b) a date, being not less than 5 nor more than 10 Business Days after the date the Notice to Settle is given, which shall become the Settlement Date; and
  - that time is of the essence.
- When Notice to Settle is given, time is again of the essence (7)of the contract.
- In this clause 6.2:
  - "Affected Party" means a party referred to in clause (a)
  - (b) "Natural Disaster" means a Isunami, flood, cyclone, earthquake, bushfire or other act of nature;
  - "Settlement Obligations" means, in the case of the Buyer, its obligations under clauses 2.5(1) and 5.1(1) and, in the case of the Seller, its obligations under clauses 5.1(1), 5.3(1)(a) - (e) and 5.5;
  - "Suspension Period" means the period during which the Affected Party (or if both the Buyer and Seller are Affected Parties, either of them) remains unable to perform a Settlement Obligation solely as a consequence of a Natural Disaster.

#### 7 MATTERS AFFECTING THE PROPERTY

#### Title

The Lot is sold subject to the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 and the by-laws of the Body Corporate.

#### Encumbrances

The Property is sold free of all Encumbrances other than the Title Encumbrances, Tenancies, statutory easements implied by part 6A of the Land Title Act 1994 and interests registered on the common property for the Scheme.

#### Requisitions

The Buyer may not deliver any requisitions or enquiries on title.

#### Seller's Warrantles

- The Seller warrants that, except as disclosed in this contract, at settlement:
  - it will be the registered owner of an estate in fee simple in the Lot and will own the improvements and Included Chattels:
  - it will be capable of completing this contract (unless the Seller dies or becomes mentally incapable after the Contract Date); and
  - there will be no unsatisfied judgment, order (except for an order referred to in clause 7.6(1)(b)) or writ affecting the Property.

- The Seller warrants that, except as disclosed in this contract, at the Contract Date and at settlement there are no current or threatened claims, notices or proceedings that may lead to a judgment, order or writ affecting the Property.
- The Seller warrants that, except as disclosed in this contract, at the Contract Date:
  - there is no unregistered lease, easement or other right capable of registration and which is required to be registered to give indefeasibility affecting the common property or Body Corporate assets:
  - there is no proposal to record a new community management statement for the Scheme and it has not received a notice of a meeting of the Body Corporate to be held after the Contract Date or notice of any proposed resolution or a decision of the Body Corporate to consent to the recording of a new community management statement for the Scheme;
  - all Body Comorate consents to improvements made to common property and which benefit the Lot, or the registered owner of the Lot, are in force; and
  - the Additional Body Corporate Information is correct (if completed).
- If the Seller breaches a warranty in clause 7.4(1) or clause 7.4(2), the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller.
- - the Seller breaches a warranty in clause 7.4(3); or (a)
  - the Additional Body Corporate Information is not (b) completed:

and, as a result, the Buyer is materially prejudiced, the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given within 14 days after the Contract Date but may not claim damages or compensation.

- Clauses 7.4(4) and 7.4(5) do not restrict any statutory rights the Buyer may have which cannot be excluded by this contract.
- (a) The Seller warrants that, except as disclosed in this contract or a notice given by the Seller to the Buyer under the Environmental Protection Act 1994 ("EPA"), at the Contract Date:
  - there is no outstanding obligation on the Seller to give notice to the administering authority under EPA of notifiable activity being conducted on the Land; and
  - the Seller is not aware of any facts or circumstances that may lead to the Land being classified as contaminated land within the meaning of EPA.
  - If the Seller breaches a warranty in clause 7.4(7), the Buyer may:
    - terminate this contract by notice in writing to the Seller given no later than 2 Business Days before the Settlement Date; or
    - complete this contract and claim compensation, but only if the Buyer claims it in writing before the Settlement Date.
- The Seller does not warrant that the Present Use is lawful. Survey and Mistake
  - The Buyer may survey the Lot.
  - (2) If there is:
    - (a) an error in the boundaries or area of the Lot;
    - (b) an encroachment by structures onto or from the Lot;
    - a mistake or omission in describing the Lot or the (c) Seller's title to it:

#### which is:

- (d) immaterial: or
- material, but the Buyer elects to complete this

the Buyer's only remedy against the Seller is for compensation, but only if claimed by the Buyer in writing on or before settlement.

- The Buyer may not delay settlement or withhold any part of the Balance Purchase Price because of any compensation claim under clause 7.5(2).
- If there is a material error, encroachment or mistake, the Buyer may terminate this contract before settlement.

Requirements of Authorities

- Subject to clause 7.6(5), any valid notice or order by any competent authority or Court requiring work to be done or money spent in relation to the Property ("Work or Expenditure") must be fully compiled with:
  - if issued before the Contract Date, by the Seller before the Settlement Date:
  - if issued on or after the Contract Date, by the Buyer.
- If any Work or Expenditure that is the Seller's responsibility under clause 7.6(1)(a) is not done before the Settlement Date, the Buyer is entitled to claim the reasonable cost of work done by the Buyer in accordance with the notice or order referred to in clause 7.6(1) from the Seller after settlement as a debt.
- Any Work or Expenditure that is the Buyer's responsibility under clause 7.6(1)(b), which is required to be done before the Settlement Date, must be done by the Seller unless the Buyer directs the Seller not to and indemnifies the Seller against any liability for not carrying out the work. If the Seller does the work, or spends the money, the reasonable cost of that Work or Expenditure must be added to the Balance Purchase Price.
- The Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller if there is an outstanding notice at the Contract Date under section 246AG of the Building Act 1975 that affects the Property. The Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller if there is an outstanding notice at the Contract Date under sections 247 or 248 of the Building Act 1975 or sections 167 or 168 of the Planning Act 2016 that affects the Property or Land.
- Clause 7.6(1) does not apply to orders disclosed under section 83 of the Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011.

#### **Property Adversely Affected**

- If at the Contract Date:
  - the Present Use is not lawful under the relevant town (a) planning scheme;
  - the Land is affected by a proposal of any competent (b) authority to alter the dimensions of any Transport Infrastructure or locate Transport Infrastructure on the
  - (c) access or any service to the Land passes unlawfully through other land;
  - any competent authority has issued a current notice to treat, or notice of intention to resume, regarding any part of the Land;
  - there is an outstanding condition of a development approval attaching to the Lot under section 73 of the Planning Act 2016 or section 96 of the Economic Development Queensland Act 2012 which, if complied with, would constitute a material mistake or omission in the Seller's title under clause 7.5(2)(c);
  - the Property is affected by the Queensland Heritage Act 1992 or is included in the World Heritage List;
  - the Property is declared acquisition land under the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011; or
  - there is a charge against the Lot under s104 of the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975,

and that has not been disclosed in this contract, the Buyer may terminate this contract by notice to the Seller given on or before settlement.

- If no notice is given under dause 7.7(1), the Buyer will be treated as having accepted the Property subject to all of the matters referred to in that clause.
- (3) The Seller authorises the Buyer to:
  - inspect records held by any authority, including Security Interests on the PPSR, relating to the Property or the Land; and
  - apply for a certificate of currency of the Body Corporate's insurance from any insurer,

7.8 Dividing Fences

Notwithstanding any provision in the Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011, the Seller need not contribute to the cost of building any dividing fence between the Lot and any adjoining land owned by it. The Buyer waives any right to claim contribution from the Seller.

#### **RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS UNTIL SETTLEMENT**

#### 8.1 Risk

The Property is at the Buyer's risk from 5pm on the first Business Day after the Contract Date.

#### Access

After reasonable notice to the Seller, the Buyer and its consultants may enter the Property:

once to read any meter;

for inspections under clause 4;

- once to inspect the Property before settlement; and
- once to value the Property before settlement.

8.3 Seller's Obligations After Contract Date

The Seller must use the Property reasonably until settlement. The Seller must not do anything regarding the Property or Tenancies that may significantly alter them or result in later expense for the Buyer.

The Seller must promptly upon receiving any notice, proceeding or order that affects the Property or requires work on the Property, give a copy to the Buyer.

Without limiting clause 8.3(1), the Seller must not without the prior written consent of the Buyer, give any notice or seek or consent to any order that affects the Property or make any agreement affecting the Property that binds the Buyer to perform.

#### **Body Corporate Meetings**

The Seller must promptly give the Buyer a copy of:

- (a) any notice it receives of a proposed meeting of the Body Corporate to be held after the Contract Date;
- resolutions passed at that meeting and prior to settlement.
- The Buyer may terminate this contract by notice in writing to the Seller given before settlement if it is materially prejudiced by:
  - any resolution of the Body Corporate passed after the Contract Date, other than a resolution, details of which are disclosed to the Buyer in this contract; or
  - where the Scheme is a subsidiary scheme, any resolution of a body corporate of a higher scheme.
- In clause 8.4(2) a resolution includes a decision of the Body Corporate Committee to consent to recording a new community management statement.
- If the Buyer is not given a copy of the resolutions before settlement, it may sue the Seller for damages.

#### 8.5 Information Regarding the Property

Upon written request of the Buyer but in any event before settlement, the Seller must give the Buyer:

- (1) copies of all documents relating to any unregistered interests in the Property;
- full details of the Tenancies to allow the Buyer to properly manage the Property after settlement;
- sufficient details (including the date of birth of each Seller who is an individual) to enable the Buyer to undertake a search of the PPSR.

#### 8.6 Possession Before Settlement

If possession is given before settlement:

- the Buyer must maintain the Property in substantially its condition at the date of possession, fair wear and tear
- entry into possession is under a licence personal to the Buyer revocable at any time and does not: (a)
  - create a relationship of landlord and tenant; or
  - waive the Buyer's rights under this contract;
- the Buyer must insure the Property to the Seller's satisfaction; and
- the Buyer indemnifies the Seller against any expense or damages incurred by the Seller as a result of the Buyer's possession of the Property.

#### Seller's Obligations After Contract Date

The Seller must promptly upon receiving any notice, proceeding or order that affects the Property or requires work on the Property, give a copy to the Buyer.

(2) After the Contract Date, the Seller must not without the prior written consent of the Buyer, give any notice, seek or consent to any order or make an agreement that affects the Property.

#### **PARTIES' DEFAULT**

Seller and Buyer May Affirm or Terminate
Without limiting any other right or remedy of the parties including those under this contract, or any right at common law, if the Seller or Buyer, as the case may be, fails to comply with an Essential Term, or makes a fundamental breach of an intermediate term, the Seller (in the case of the Buyer's default) or the Buyer (in the case of the Seller's default) may affirm or terminate this contract.

#### 9.2 If Seller Affirms

If the Seller affirms this contract under clause 9.1, it may sue the Buyer for:

- damages;
- (2) specific performance; or
- damages and specific performance.

#### 9.3 If Buyer Affirms

If the buyer affirms this contract under clause 9.1, it may sue the Seller for:

- damages;
- specific performance; or
- damages and specific performance.

#### If Seller Terminates

If the Seller terminates this contract under clause 9.1, it may do all or any of the following:

- resume possession of the Property;
- forfeit the Deposit and any interest earned;
- sue the Buyer for damages;
- resell the Property.

#### If Buyer Terminates

If the Buyer terminates this contract under clause 9.1, it may do all or any of the following:

- recover the Deposit and any interest earned;
- sue the Seller for damages.

#### Seller's Resale

- If the Seller terminates this contract and resells the Property, the Seller may recover from the Buyer as liquidated damages:
  - any deficiency in price on a resale; and (a)
  - its expenses connected with any repossession, any (b) failed attempt to resell, and the resale;

provided the resale settles within 2 years of termination of this contract.

Any profit on a resale belongs to the Seller.

# Seller's Damages

The Seller may claim damages for any loss it suffers as a result of the Buyer's default, including its legal costs on an indemnity basis and the cost of any Work or Expenditure under clause 7.6(3).

#### Buyer's Damages

The Buyer may claim damages for any loss it suffers as a result of the Seller's default, including its legal costs on an indemnity basis.

#### Interest on Late Payments

- The Buyer must pay interest at the Default Rate: (1)
  - on any amount payable under this contract which is not paid when due; and
  - on any judgement for money payable under this contract.
- Interest continues to accrue:
  - under clause 9.9(1)(a), from the date it is due until
  - under clause 9.9(1)(b), from the date of judgement until paid.
- Any amount payable under clause 9.9(1)(a) in respect of a period prior to settlement must be paid by the Buyer at settlement. If this contract is terminated or if any amount remains unpaid after settlement, interest continues to accrue.
- Nothing in this clause affects any other rights of the Seller under this contract or at law.

#### 10. GENERAL

#### 10.1 Seller's Agent

The Seller's Agent is appointed as the Seller's agent to introduce

#### 10.2 Foreign Buyer Approval

The Buyer warrants that either:

- the Buyer's purchase of the Property is not a notifiable action; or
- the Buyer has received a no objection notification, under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

#### 10.3 Duty

The Buyer must pay all duty on this contract.

#### 10.4 Notices

- Notices under this contract must be in writing. (1)
- Notices under this contract or notices required to be given (2)by law may be given and received by the party's solicitor.
- (3) Notices under this contract or required to be given by law may be given by:
  - (a) delivering or posting to the other party or its solicitor;
  - sending it to the facsimile number of the other party or its solicitor stated in the Reference Schedule (or another facsimile number notified by the recipient to the sender); or
  - sending it to the email address of the other party or its solicitor stated in the Reference Schedule (or another email address notified by the recipient to the sender).
- Subject to clause 10.4(5), a notice given after this contract is entered into in accordance with clause 10.4(3) will be treated as given:
  - 5 Business Days after posting;
  - if sent by facsimile, at the time indicated on a clear transmission report; and
  - if sent by email, at the time it is sent
- Notices given by facsimile, by personal delivery or by email between 5pm on a Business Day (the "first Business Day") and 9am on the next Business Day (the "second Business Day") will be treated as given or delivered at 9am on the second Business Day.
- If two or more notices are treated as given at the same time under clause 10.4(5), they will be treated as given in the order in which they were sent or delivered.
- Notices or other written communications by a party's solicitor (for example, varying the Inspection Date, Finance Date or Settlement Date) will be treated as given with that
- party's authority.
  For the purposes of clause 10.4(3)(c) and clause 12.2 the notice or information may be contained within an email, as an attachment to an email or located in an electronic repository accessible by the recipient by clicking a link in an

#### 10.5 Business Days

- If anything is required to be done on a day that is not a Business Day, it must be done instead on the next Business Day.
- If the Finance Date or Inspection Date fall on a day that is not a Business Day, then it falls on the next Business Day.

#### 10.6 Rights After Settlement

Despite settlement and registration of the transfer, any term of this contract that can take effect after settlement or registration remains in force.

#### 10.7 Further Acts

If requested by the other party, each party must, at its own expense, do everything reasonably necessary to give effect to this contract.

#### 10.8 Severance

If any term or part of a term of this contract is or becomes legally ineffective, invalid or unenforceable in any jurisdiction it will be severed and the effectiveness, validity or enforceability of the remainder will not be affected.

#### 10.9 Interpretation

Plurals and Genders (1)

Reference to:

- the singular includes the plural and the plural includes (a) the singular;
- (b) one gender includes each other gender:
- (c) a person includes a body corporate; and

a party includes the party's executors, administrators. successors and permitted assigns.

#### (2) **Parties**

- (a) If a party consists of more than one person, this contract binds them jointly and each of them individually.
- A party that is a trustee is bound both personally and in its capacity as a trustee.

#### Statutes and Regulations

Reference to statutes includes all statutes amending, consolidating or replacing them.

Inconsistencies

If there is any inconsistency between any provision added to this contract and the printed provisions, the added provision prevails.

Headings

Headings are for convenience only and do not form part of this contract or affect its interpretation.

#### 10.10 Counterparts

- This contract may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which will together be deemed to constitute one and the same contract
- A counterpart may be electronic and signed using an Electronic Signature.

#### 11. ELECTRONIC SETTLEMENT

#### 11.1 Application of Clause

- Clause 11 applies if the Buyer, Seller and each Financial Institution involved in the transaction agree to an Electronic Settlement and overrides any other provision of this contract to the extent of any inconsistency.

  Acceptance of an invitation to an Electronic Workspace is
- taken to be an agreement for clause 11.1(1).
- Clause 11 (except clause 11.5(2)) ceases to apply if either party gives notice under clause 11.5 that settlement will not be an Electronic Settlement.

## 11.2 Completion of Electronic Workspace

- The parties must:
  - ensure that the Electronic Workspace is completed and all Electronic Conveyancing Documents and the Financial Settlement Schedule are Digitally Signed prior to settlement; and
  - do everything else required in the Electronic Workspace to enable settlement to occur on the Settlement Date.
- If the parties cannot agree on a time for settlement, the time to be nominated in the Workspace is 4pm AEST.
- If any part of the Purchase Price is to be paid to discharge an Outgoing:
  - the Buyer may, by notice in writing to the Seller, (a) require that the amount is paid to the Buyer's Solicitor's trust account and the Buyer is responsible for paying the amount to the relevant authority;
  - for amounts to be paid to destination accounts other than the Buyer's Solicitor's trust account, the Seller must give the Buyer a copy of the current account for the Outgoing to enable the Buyer to verify the destination account details in the Financial Settlement Schedule.
- If the Deposit is required to discharge any Encumbrance or pay an Outgoing at settlement:
  - the Deposit Holder must, if directed by the Seller at least 2 Business Days prior to Settlement, pay the Deposit (and any interest accrued on investment of the Deposit) less commission as clear funds to the Seller's Solicitor;
  - the Buyer and the Seller authorise the Deposit Holder to make the payment in clause 11.2(4)(a);
  - the Seller's Solicitor will hold the money as Deposit Holder under the Contract;
  - the Seller and Buyer authorise the Seller's Solicitor to pay the money as directed by the Seller in accordance with the Financial Settlement Schedule.

#### 11.3 Electronic Settlement

- Clauses 5.1(2) and 5.2 do not apply.
- Payment of the Balance Purchase Price electronically as directed by the Seller's Solicitor in the Financial Settlement

- Schedule satisfies the Buyer's obligation in clause 2.5(1) and 2.5(3)(f).
- (3) The Seller and Buyer will be taken to have complied with:
  - (a) clause 2.5(3)(c), (e) and (f); and
  - clause 2.5(5)(d) and (e),

(as applicable) if at settlement the Financial Settlement Schedule specifies payment of the relevant amount to the account nominated by the Commissioner of Taxation.

- The Seller will be taken to have complied with clauses 5.3(1)(b) and (c) if, at settlement, the Electronic Workspace contains Transfer Documents and (if applicable) releases of the Encumbrances (other than releases of Encumbrances referred to in clause 11.3(4)) for Electronic Lodgement in the Land Registry.
- The Seller will be taken to have complied with clause 5.3(1)(c), (d), (e) and (f) if the Seller's Solicitor:
  - confirms in writing prior to settlement that it holds all relevant documents which are not suitable for Electronic Lodgement and all Keys (if requested under clause 5.3(1)(d)) in escrow on the terms contained in the QLS E-Conveyancing Guidelines;
  - gives a written undertaking to send the documents and Keys (if applicable) to the Buyer or Buyer's Solicitor no later than the Business Day after settlement; and
  - if requested by the Buyer, provides copies of documents in the Seller's Solicitors possession.
- (6) A party is not in default to the extent it is prevented from complying with an obligation because the other party or the other party's Financial Institution has not done something in the Electronic Workspace.
- Any rights under the contract or at law to terminate the contract may not be exercised during the time the Electronic Workspace is locked for Electronic Settlement.

#### 11.4 Computer System Unavailable

- If settlement fails and cannot occur by 4pm AEST on the Settlement Date because a computer system operated by the Land Registry, Office of State Revenue, Reserve Bank, a Financial Institution or PEXA is Inoperative, neither party is in default and the Settlement Date is deemed to be the next Business Day. Time remains of the essence.
- A party is not required to settle if Electronic Lodgement is not available. If the parties agree to Financial Settlement without Electronic Lodgement, settlement is deemed to occur at the time of Financial Settlement.

#### 11.5 Withdrawal from Electronic Settlement

- Either party may elect not to proceed with an Electronic Settlement by giving written notice to the other party.
- A notice under clause 11.5(1) may not be given later than 5 Business Days before the Settlement Date unless an Electronic Settlement cannot be effected because:
  - the transaction is not a Qualifying Conveyancing Transaction; or
  - a party's solicitor is unable to complete the transaction due to death, a loss of legal capacity or appointment of a receiver or administrator (or similar) to their legal practice or suspension of their access to PEXA; or
  - (c) the Buyer's or Seller's Financial Institution is unable to settle using PEXA.

#### If clause 11.5(2) applies:

- the party giving the notice must provide satisfactory evidence of the reason for the withdrawal; and
- the Settlement Date will be extended to the date 5 Business Days after the Settlement Date.

#### 11.6 Costs

Each party must pay its own fees and charges of using PEXA for Electronic Settlement,

#### 11.7 Definitions for clause 11

In clause 11:

"Digitally Sign" and "Digital Signature" have the meaning in the ECNL.

"ECNL" means the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (Queensland)

"Electronic Conveyancing Documents" has the meaning in the Land Title Act 1994.

- "Electronic Lodgement" means lodgement of a document in the Land Registry in accordance with the ECNL.
- "Electronic Settlement" means settlement facilitated by PEXA. "Electronic Workspace" means a shared electronic workspace within PEXA that allows the Buyer and Seller to affect Electronic Lodgement and Financial Settlement.
- "Financial Settlement" means the exchange of value between Financial Institutions in accordance with the Financial Settlement Schedule.
- "Financial Settlement Schedule" means the electronic settlement schedule within the Electronic Workspace listing the source accounts and destination accounts.
- "PEXA" means the system operated by Property Exchange Australia Ltd for settlement of conveyancing transactions and lodgement of Land Registry documents.
- "Qualifying Conveyancing Transaction" a transaction that is not excluded for Electronic Settlement by the rules issued by PEXA, Office of State Revenue, Land Registry, or a Financial Institution involved in the transaction.

## 12. ELECTRONIC CONTRACT AND DISCLOSURE

#### 12.1 Electronic Signing

- If this contract is signed by any person using an Electronic Signature, the Buyer and the Seller:
- (a) agree to enter into this contract in electronic form; and
- (b) consent to either or both parties signing the contract using an Electronic Signature.

#### 12.2 Pre-contract Disclosure

The Buyer consents to the Seller's use of electronic communication to give any notice or information required by law to be given to the Buyer and which was given before the Buyer signed this contract.

& The

#### ANNEXURE A

#### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

#### 1. INTERPRETATION

The parties agree that:

- (a) the REIQ Terms of Contract for Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme (Tenth Edition) are varied as set out in this Annexure A; and
- (b) where the provisions of this Annexure A are inconsistent with the REIQ Terms of Contract for Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme (Tenth Edition), the provisions of this Annexure A will prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.

#### 2. PPSR

The Buyer may only request a release of any security interest registered on the PPSR where the Buyer at least 7 days prior to Settlement establishes such interest directly encumbers the title to the Lot and will remain in effect following settlement.

#### 3. GST

#### 3.1. Amendment

Clause 2.1 of the REIQ Terms of Contract for Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme (Tenth Edition) is deleted.

## 3.2. GST Inclusive Purchase Price

The Purchase price includes any GST payable on the supply of the Lot to the Buyer.

#### 3.3. Margin Scheme

The Seller elects and the Parties agree that the Seller will adopt the Margin Scheme (as that term is defined in the GST Act) for the calculation of GST

## 4. ADJUSTMENTS TO PURCHASE PRICE

#### 4.1. Amendment

- (a) Clause 2.6 of the REIQ Terms of Contract for Residential Lots in a Community Titles Scheme (Tenth Edition) is deleted.
- (b) Clause 1.1(2)(dd) is deleted and replaced with the following:

#### "(dd) "Outgoings" means:

- rates or charges on the Lot by any competent authority (for example, council rates, land tax, water rates, fire service levies);
- ii. Body Corporate Levies;

- iii. land tax; and
- iv. Body Corporate insurance premiums paid by the Seller.

## 4.2. Basis of Adjustment

- (c) The Seller is liable for Outgoings for the Lot up to and including the Settlement Date. The Buyer is liable for all Outgoings for the Lot after the Settlement Date.
- (d) Outgoings (other than land tax) must be apportioned:-
  - (i) if they are paid, on the amount actually paid;
  - (ii) if they are unpaid, on the amount payable disregarding any early payment discount; and
  - (iii) if they are not separately assessed, for the Lot, on the amount and in the manner reasonably specified by the Seller's Solicitor (which may be based on the proportion of land area or lot entitlements the Lot has compared to the Property or rest of the Scheme).
- (e) If Outgoings are apportioned in the Seller's favour but are unpaid, the Seller must pay those Outgoings by the due date shown in the relevant assessment or (if there is no separate assessment) a reasonable time after the relevant assessment issues.

#### 4.3. Land Tax

Land Tax must be adjusted: -

(a) in accordance with the following formula:-

Land tax paid or payable by the Seller on the Base Parcel for the land tax year current at the Settlement Date Interest schedule lot entitlement of the Lot Aggregate interest schedule lot entitlements of the

Scheme

- (b) on the basis it is paid; and
- (c) in this special condition the expression "Base Parcel" means the land from which the Scheme was created, being Lots 15 and 16 on Registered Plan 12834, Title Reference 12872041 and Lots 17 to 19 on Registered Plan 12834, Title Reference 17540051.

#### 4.4. No clearance

If a land tax clearance certificate has not issued or any other Outgoing has been unpaid for the Lot or Land on or before Settlement: -

- (a) the Buyer cannot:-
  - (i) delay or refuse to complete or require that any of the Balance Purchase Price be retained; or

- (ii) make or demand any payment from the Balance Purchase Price;
- (b) the Seller undertakes to pay the land tax owing or to be assessed on the Lot or the Land up to and including the Settlement Date and the Buyer accepts that undertaking; and
- (c) if Outgoings are capable of being identified at Settlement, the ones that are subject to this Special Condition are to be adjusted under Special Condition 4.1 as if they had been paid by the Seller.

#### 4.5. Readjustment

If an Outgoing is adjusted on an amount that proves to be different from the actual amount of the Outgoing for the relevant period then either party may require a readjustment. The Seller need not comply with an Obligation to pay an Outgoing until the readjustment is made. The Buyer must pay the Seller's reasonable legal costs of any readjustment.

## 5. POWER OF ATTORNEY AND PROXY

#### 5.1. Definition

In this Special Condition 5, "BCCM Act" means the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 (Qld).

#### 5.2. Appointment

For the Term as defined under Special Condition 5.5 the Buyer (jointly and severally if there is more than one Buyer) appoints the Seller and its directors, separately, to be the Buyer's attorney to act in the name of the Buyer for the purposes set out in this Special Condition and to exercise all of the Buyer's voting rights at general meeting of the Body Corporate to the fullest extent permitted by law.

## 5.3. Section 219 statement

The Buyer acknowledges having received the statement provided for in Section 219 of the BCCM Act prior to entering into this Contract.

#### 5.4. Instrument

The Buyer must execute and return to the Seller any other document given by the Seller to Buyer reasonably required to give effect to this Special Condition 5.

## 5.5. Term

The Term of the appointment: -

- (a) begins upon the earlier of:-
  - delivery to the Seller of a power of attorney executed by the Buyer under this Special Condition 5; or
  - (ii) the Settlement Date; and

(b) expires on the date which is one year after the Scheme is established.

## 5.6. Ratification

The attorney may do all acts and sign any documents to give effect to its appointment and the Buyer ratifies and confirms all things done by the attorney and proxy to the exclusion of the Buyer and all the voting rights of the Buyer at general meetings of the Body Corporate.

#### 5.7. Revocation or Variation

The Buyer may not revoke or vary the Power of Attorney or Proxy during the Term except with the express prior written consent of the attorneys.

#### 5.8. Deed

This Special Condition 5 operates as a Deed.

## 5.9. If the Buyer Sells the Lot

- (a) If the Buyer sells or transfers ownership of the Lot while the power of attorney is still in force, the Buyer must have the transferee sign a deed (on terms reasonably satisfactory to the Seller) in which the transferee:-
  - gives the Seller a power of attorney in the same terms as this Special Condition 5; and
  - (ii) undertakes to comply with the continuing Obligations and restrictions on the Buyer under this Contract, including granting a proxy in favour of the Seller.
- (b) The deed of covenant and power of attorney under this Special Condition must be prepared by the Seller's Solicitor at the Buyer's cost.
- (c) The Buyer acknowledges that failure to comply with this Special Condition may affect the Seller's ability to complete the development of the Scheme or sell all the lots in the Scheme and the Buyer indemnifies the Seller against all loss and damage incurred by the Seller as a result.

#### 5.10. Terms of appointment

The Buyer appoints the Seller and its officers jointly and severally to be its true and lawful attorney for it in its name, at its expense and as its act and deed to exercise and perform to its exclusion as proprietor of the Lot all its voting rights at general meetings of the Body Corporate but only in relation to:-

- (a) authorising or ratifying the engagement or authorisation of a person as a body corporate manager, service contractor or letting agent on terms substantially the same as the draft documents contained in the Disclosure Statement as amended from time to time by or on behalf of the original owner;
- (b) authorising a service contractor or letting agent to occupy a part of the common property for the purposes of their engagement or authorisation;

- (c) consenting to the Body Corporate entering into and the recording of a new community management statement for the Scheme with the Department of Natural Resources and Mines, where that variation will not materially prejudice me/us (including without limitation to amend or insert a by-law; change the description of the future development of the scheme where those variations do not materially prejudice me/us and authorising any variation to the lot entitlements of any one or more lots in the Scheme other than the Lot);
- (d) consenting to the recording of a new community management statement for the Scheme for any purpose and when required or permitted under the BCCM Act;
- (e) authorising or ratifying the entry by the Body Corporate into agreements and deeds in terms substantially the same as the drafts contained in the Disclosure Statement as amended from time to time by or on behalf of the original owner,
- (f) authorising or ratifying the entry by the Body Corporate into agreement for the provision of services or utilities to the Body Corporate and the Scheme;
- (g) consenting to the assignment, amendment, termination, release, abandonment, compromise or renewal of any service contract, letting authorisation, the management rights for the Scheme or any part of them, or rights under them;
- the grant or allocation of exclusive use rights, licences, leases, easements or any other disposal of the common property or body corporate assets;
- entering into arrangements with the body corporate for any adjacent scheme for use
  of the Scheme's recreational facilities or for the use of the recreational facilities of
  that adjacent scheme;
- approving the reconfiguration or amalgamation of any lots or Common property in the Scheme or the Development (other than the Lot) and the recording of a new community management statement in relation to the reconfiguration or amalgamation;
- (k) adopting a resolution to acquire any additional land into the Scheme whether as a Lot or common property and the recording of a new community management statement in relation to that acquisition;
- authorising any easement or licence for construction purposes in favour of the original owner relating to the staging of constructions works;
- (m) the granting of consent to any appeal to be lodged in the Planning and Environment Court under the Sustainable Planning Act 2009 (Qld) pursuant to Section 60(7) of the BCCM Act consequent upon the Council failing or refusing to endorse a community management statement notation within 40 days after the community management statement or any new community management statement is submitted to the Council for endorsement;
- entry into an agreement referred to in Section 20 of the BCCM Act;
- (o) the fixing, adoption, variation or ratification of budgets or contributions to be levied by the Body Corporate under the Regulation Module applying to the Scheme;

- (p) any motion or resolution in relation to matters specified in Section 77(3) of the Regulation Module applicable to the Scheme;
- (q) voting on amendments to any motion in accordance with Section 94 of the Regulation Module applicable to the Scheme;
- (r) the giving of any consent or provision of any authorisation required or connected with a matter arising for consideration by the Body Corporate, or the Committee of the Body Corporate, under the First CMS or any other subsequent CMS for the Scheme, a building management statement or development approval that affects all or any part of the Scheme land;
- (s) the composition and/or election of members of the committee of the Body Corporate;
- (t) any proposal to prohibit or restrict the use of proxies to the extent contemplated by the BCCM Act or Regulation Module for the Scheme;
- the issue of continuing or future contravention notices in respect of by-laws for the Scheme;
- (v) the issue of a notice under Section 203 of the BCCM Act;
- (w) an application for orders to the adjudicator or any person under the dispute resolution provisions of the BCCM Act;
- (x) making an application for external review of a decision under Chapter 7, Part 1 External Review of Decisions under the BCCM Act;
- (y) any proposal by the Body Corporate to take any steps contemplated in accordance with Chapter 3, Part 3 – Financial and Property Management, of the BCCM Act and the related provisions of the Regulation Module for the Scheme;
- any proposal by or put by the Seller to the Body Corporate to take any steps contemplated in accordance with Chapter 2, Part 3 - Common property, of the BCCM Act and the related provisions of the Regulation Module for the Scheme;
- (aa) the election of executive and ordinary members of the Committee of the Body Corporate and Body Corporate representatives; and
- (bb) the calling of general meetings of the Body Corporate or committee meetings to consider any matter referred to in this Special Condition.

#### 5.11. Acknowledgment and Proxy

The Buyer (jointly and severally) ratifies and confirms whatever the attorney does or causes to be done pursuant to this power of attorney and, without limiting the generality of the term 'attorney' where used in this power of attorney, declare that the expression includes 'proxy' for the purposes of the BCCM Act, the Regulation Module and the by-laws of the Body Corporate.