

Annual Report 2023

Buderim Community Enterprises
Limited

Community Bank
Buderim

ABN 62 136 810 074

Bendigo & Adelaide Bank report

For year ending 30 June 2023

Community Bank Report 2023

BEN Message

August 2023

Community and customer will always be at the heart of what we do at Bendigo and Adelaide Bank.

Together, we're setting up Community Banking for the future - growing our impact as a leading social impact movement to transform communities across Australia.

As we continue to evolve to meet the needs of our customers, we should feel proud that more Australians are choosing to do their banking with us and trust us with their financial goals. Our position as Australia's most trusted bank (Roy Morgan) reflects the esteem we are held in by our customers, and communities.

This year has been particularly significant for us. After five years apart, we had the opportunity to come together in person and connect through our State Connect program and in Bendigo at our National Conference in September. It has also been a record-breaking year for Community Bank with more than \$32 million invested into local communities nationwide. This is our highest year on record and underscores our ongoing commitment to our customers and communities.

Reflecting on the 25 years since we opened our first Community Bank, I'm so grateful to the hard work of many passionate Directors (past and present). Everything we have done and continue to do is focused on our purpose to feed into the prosperity of our customers and communities, not off it.

On behalf of the Bank, thank you for continuing to play an essential role in supporting your community. I look forward to seeing us grow together and make a positive impact for generations to come.

Warmest regards,

Justine Minne
Bendigo and Adelaide Bank

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Chairperson's Report - Year Ending 30 June, 2023

On behalf of the Board of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited, it is once again my pleasure to present the Annual Report. This report covers the 2022/23 financial year ending June 30, 2023.

In the annual report to shareholders at the last Annual General Meeting last year, it was reported that trading conditions remained difficult with historically low interest rates and strong competition resulting in a reduced profit for the year. Thanks largely to ever increasing rises in the cash rate during the year, profitability has been greatly increased. I am pleased to report an audited Net Profit after tax for the year of \$331,680 which is almost ten times last years' profit. Net increase in Cash and Cash equivalents even greater with a result of \$423,898. This is an outstanding result which has allowed the company to repay all borrowings for the first time since the establishment of the company in 2010.

As a result of these earnings, the future of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited is now assured, and we are in a position to continue to grow and provide a greater amount of profits to support the Buderim community. Although we are now in a more secure financial position, forecasts for trading in the current financial year are more restrained with reduced profit forecast as margins come back to more traditional levels.

We made the difficult decision last year to restrict the hours of teller staff. Branch opening hours have not been affected. Our customers have accepted this inconvenience as we are now in a better position to supply staff for other purposes during opening hours. The Board has no plans to reduce staff and replace them with machines even though Community Bank Buderim has more proportionally customer staff than any other bank in the town. Our aim is to provide the best customer experience possible.

Although the market remains competitive, branch footings have continued to rise and stood at over \$120 million at the end of the period. This shows the commitment of branch staff to continue to meet the requirements of our customers.

It has been a pleasure to work with your Board. During the year, the Board accepted with regret the resignation of treasurer David Johnston. New directors Lara Higson, Ruth Wade and Jonathon Sullivan have added new depth to the Board with Lara taking over as Treasurer and Ruth as Company Secretary.

The Board wishes to thank the dedicated staff of Debbie, Simon and Callie and, in particular, our branch manager Peter. It is the dedication and people skills of this team which continue to drive the growth of the business. We also welcome Kerri who brings new skills to our new administration position.

The Board are happy with the performance of the Company and will continue to strive to continue strive to continue to build on the solid base we have now achieved.

Rick Beasley
Chair
Buderim Community Enterprises Limited

Manager's Report - Year Ending 30 June, 2023

I am pleased to present my annual report for Community Bank, Buderim, summarising our performance and key highlights for the year ending 30 June 2023.

Changes in the Banking Landscape: The banking sector has undergone significant transformations, with a major shift towards digital banking. Community Bank Buderim has adapted by integrating modern technologies while maintaining our commitment to personalised, face-to-face interactions through our teller services and customer relationship officers.

We continue to offer in-person assistance to our clients, reaffirming our dedication to exceptional service and community engagement.

Strong Financial Performance: We have witnessed remarkable financial growth, with Profit before income tax expense growing from \$45,000 in 2022 to an impressive \$442,000 in 2023. This has been achieved by an increase in interest rates and margins, and the continued growth in footings. The branch achieved a robust 15% increase in total footings (comprising lending and deposits), showcasing the trust and confidence our community places in our services.

Loans Growth and Target Achievement: While loans growth was slightly subdued, we still achieved a commendable 73% against our target, in what was a difficult lending growth market. This indicates the effectiveness of our lending strategies and customer relationship management.

Welcome to New Team Members: We were delighted to welcome Simon, a Lending Specialist, and Callie, a Customer Service Officer, to our team in the last year. Their expertise and dedication further enhances our service offerings to benefit our customers.

Community Contribution: Staying true to our commitment of giving back, Buderim Community Enterprises Ltd proudly continue to contribute to the Buderim community every year, reinforcing our dedication of feeding into the local community rather than feeding off it. As our profits continue to grow, so will our contributions back to worthy groups, such as local sporting clubs. We are also the main sponsors of some of Buderim's largest events, including Buderim Christmas Carols and Jazz in the Park.

In finishing, I believe that Community Bank Buderim has demonstrated resilience and adaptability amidst evolving industry landscapes. We remain resolute in our mission to serve our community while embracing changes and advancements in the banking sector.

Sincerely,

Peter Macdonnell

Branch Manager, Community Bank Buderim

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited

ABN 28 136 810 074

Financial Report - 30 June 2023

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2023

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name:	Richard Cartwright Beasley
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Rick Beasley has spent a lifetime working in the beef industry most recently in developing Australian livestock identification and traceability system. He was instrumental in the foundation of the Buderim Mens Shed and elected inaugural president until 2018. A member of Rotary for almost 41 years.
Special responsibilities:	Chair
Name:	Geoffrey Reynolds Hole
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Journalism in national press and TV, Media management and speech writing at high levels in Federal and State politics and the corporate world. For 15 years to retirement chief adviser in these areas to chairman of Westfield, and member of five Buderim not for profit Committees.
Special responsibilities:	Marketing and Sponsorship Committee
Name:	Helen Margaret Jones
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Relocated from Darwin, NT to Sunshine Coast, Qld in July 2011. Former HR and Corporate management professional with NT public sector, career spanning 38 years. Graduate member - Australian Institute of Company Directors, Fellow - Institute of Public Administration. Member - Australian Human Resources Institute. Extensive experience as sports administrator, fundraiser and coach. Joined BCEL early 2013 in voluntary capacity. Appointed Director of the company in June 2014.
Special responsibilities:	Deputy Chair, Chair of Marketing and Sponsorship Committee.
Name:	Dr. Keith James Solomon
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Dr Solomon is a former teacher, School Principal, CAE Lecturer and University Assistant Vice Chancellor/International Director. Dr Solomon acted as a management consultant to a number of national/international medical, local government and development agencies including United Nations, AUSAID, USAID, Asian Development Bank, British Commonwealth Local Government Forum, and the International Union of Local Government Authorities. He is a former Director of Buderim Foundation, a Director of the Rotary Club of Buderim and a committee member of the Probus Club of Buderim.
Special responsibilities:	Nil.
Name:	Gregory Paul Bradley
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	An experienced program manager in the NGO and education sectors have worked at World Vision Australia, University of the Sunshine Coast and currently as Executive Manager at Destiny Rescue. Skilled in sponsorship management, fundraising/philanthropy, marketing management, public relations, organisational development and team leadership. An active supporter of various local and international charitable organisations and passionate about making a difference in the local community. Qualifications include a Bachelor of Arts (International Relations) and Graduate Diploma of Business Administration.
Special responsibilities:	Marketing and Sponsorship Committee

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited

Directors' report

30 June 2023

Name: Ruth Margaret Wade
Title: Non-executive director (appointed 5 July 2022)
Experience and expertise: Consultant - retired to Sunshine Coast in 2016. Ruth holds a Bachelor Business and an MBA and is an Accredited Mediator. Formerly Chair of GasFields Commission Queensland, CEO of Queensland Farmers' Federation, Executive Director of Ricegrowers' Association of Australia, and Part-time member of the National Native Title Tribunal. She is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, the Institute of Managers and Leaders, and the Resolution Institute. She is currently Secretary of the BWMCA ANZAC Day Sub-Committee and an active supporter of various charitable organisations.
Special responsibilities: Company secretary

Name: Lara Kae Higson
Title: Non-executive Director (appointed 5 July 2022)
Experience and expertise: Senior executive with over 30 years experience spanning multiple business functions in operations and corporate environments in and outside Australia. Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (GAICD), and holds qualifications including a Bachelor of Business, Certified Practising Accountant (CPA), Master of Business Administration (MBA), and Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance & Investment. Non-executive Director of not-for-profit Bloomhill Cancer Care.
Special responsibilities: Treasurer

Name: Jonathan Sullivan
Title: Non-executive director (appointed 29 November 2022)
Experience and expertise: Jonathan is a residential real estate sales consultant. Jonathan has past experience in project management - agriculture/transport and project management - FMCG - Unilever. Jonathan is a member of the Mountain Creek Sharks JAFCA and the Buderim foundation. Jonathan holds a Bachelor of Business Management, Advanced Diploma of Business and a Cert III in Civil Construction
Special responsibilities: Nil

Name: David Peter Johnston
Title: Non-executive director (resigned 5 July 2022)
Experience and expertise: David has 30 years experience working in the accountancy profession. He holds a Bachelor of Business (Accounting). David also spent five years working in the human services sector. He is currently self-employed as an accountant. He is a member of the Rotary Club of Buderim.
Special responsibilities: Treasurer

Company secretary

The company secretary is Gregory Paul Bradley. Gregory was appointed to the position of secretary on 22 February 2022.

There have been two company secretaries holding the position during the financial year:

- Gregory Paul Bradley was appointed secretary on 22 February 2022. and ceased as secretary on 26 July 2022.
- Ruth Margaret Wade was appointed secretary on 26 July 2022.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of operations

The profit for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$331,680 (30 June 2022: \$34,468).

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2023

The company has seen a significant increase in its revenue during the financial year. This is a result of the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) increasing the cash rate by 3.25% during the financial year moving from 0.85% to 4.10% as at 30 June 2023. The increased cash rate has had a direct impact on the revenue received by the company, increasing the net interest margin income received under the revenue share arrangement the company has with Bendigo Bank.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Meetings of directors

The number of directors meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

	Board		Marketing Committee	
	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended
Richard Cartwright Beasley	11	8	6	4
Geoffrey Reynolds Hole	11	11	6	5
Helen Margaret Jones	11	10	6	5
Dr. Keith James Solomon	11	8	-	-
Gregory Paul Bradley	11	6	6	4
Ruth Margaret Wade	11	10	-	-
Lara Kae Higson	11	9	-	-
Jonathan Sullivan	7	4	-	-
David Peter Johnston	-	-	-	-

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest.

Directors' interests

The interest in company shareholdings for each director are:

	Balance at the start of the year	Changes	Balance at the end of the year
Richard Cartwright Beasley	-	-	-
Geoffrey Reynolds Hole	2,501	-	2,501
Helen Margaret Jones	2,000	-	2,000
Dr. Keith James Solomon	-	-	-
Gregory Paul Bradley	-	-	-
Ruth Margaret Wade	-	-	-
Lara Kae Higson	-	-	-
Jonathan Sullivan	-	-	-
David Peter Johnston	-	-	-

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2023

Indemnity and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and the manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 24 to the accounts.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors



Richard Cartwright Beasley
Chair

26 September 2023



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550
ABN: 65 684 604 390
afs@afsbendigo.com.au
(03) 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Andrew Frewin Stewart', is positioned above the printed name.

Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550
Dated: 26 September 2023

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Joshua Griffin', is positioned above the printed name.

Joshua Griffin
Lead Auditor

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	6	972,627	561,968
Other revenue		10,889	20,134
Total revenue		<u>983,516</u>	<u>582,102</u>
Employee benefits expense	7	(324,788)	(335,597)
Advertising and marketing costs		(11,046)	(5,806)
Occupancy and associated costs		(18,351)	(16,182)
System costs		(16,447)	(18,216)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	7	(78,207)	(76,384)
Finance costs	7	(19,988)	(20,405)
General administration expenses		(64,857)	(51,882)
Total expenses before community contributions		<u>(533,684)</u>	<u>(524,472)</u>
Profit before community contributions and income tax expense		449,832	57,630
Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense		<u>(7,563)</u>	<u>(11,672)</u>
Profit before income tax expense		442,269	45,958
Income tax expense	8	<u>(110,589)</u>	<u>(11,490)</u>
Profit after income tax expense for the year	19	331,680	34,468
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>331,680</u>	<u>34,468</u>
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	26	41.32	4.29
Diluted earnings per share	26	41.32	4.29

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	20,525	310
Trade and other receivables	10	81,654	31,841
Total current assets		<u>102,179</u>	<u>32,151</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11	41,692	59,745
Right-of-use assets	12	74,827	119,723
Intangible assets	13	22,869	35,937
Deferred tax assets	8	157,508	268,097
Total non-current assets		<u>296,896</u>	<u>483,502</u>
Total assets		<u>399,075</u>	<u>515,653</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	46,216	18,074
Borrowings	15	-	403,683
Lease liabilities	16	62,826	59,536
Total current liabilities		<u>109,042</u>	<u>481,293</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	-	14,617
Lease liabilities	16	43,800	106,626
Lease make good provision	17	27,426	25,990
Total non-current liabilities		<u>71,226</u>	<u>147,233</u>
Total liabilities		<u>180,268</u>	<u>628,526</u>
Net assets/(liabilities)		<u>218,807</u>	<u>(112,873)</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	18	765,372	765,372
Accumulated losses	19	(546,565)	(878,245)
Total equity/(deficiency)		<u>218,807</u>	<u>(112,873)</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	765,372	(912,713)	(147,341)
Profit after income tax expense	-	34,468	34,468
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	34,468	34,468
Balance at 30 June 2022	<u>765,372</u>	<u>(878,245)</u>	<u>(112,873)</u>
Balance at 1 July 2022	765,372	(878,245)	(112,873)
Profit after income tax expense	-	331,680	331,680
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	331,680	331,680
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u>765,372</u>	<u>(546,565)</u>	<u>218,807</u>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		1,031,744	632,226
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(514,280)	(505,922)
Interest and other finance costs paid		<u>(11,052)</u>	<u>(8,770)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	25	<u>506,412</u>	<u>117,534</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment	11	(2,190)	-
Payments for intangible assets		<u>(13,288)</u>	<u>(13,288)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(15,478)</u>	<u>(13,288)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of lease liabilities	16	<u>(67,036)</u>	<u>(64,945)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(67,036)</u>	<u>(64,945)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		423,898	39,301
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>(403,373)</u>	<u>(442,674)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	<u><u>20,525</u></u>	(403,373)

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2023

Note 1. Reporting entity

The financial statements cover Buderim Community Enterprises Limited (the company) as an individual entity, which is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is Shop 4B/72 Burnett Street, Buderim QLD 4556.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 26 September 2023. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Going concern

The financial statements for the financial year end 30 June 2023 have been prepared on the basis that the company is a going concern and it would continue its operations for a foreseeable future.

Note 3. Significant accounting policies

The company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Changes in accounting policies, standards and interpretations

There are a number of amendments to accounting standards issued by the AASB that became mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2022, and are therefore relevant for the current financial year. The amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when, it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the company's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when, it is either expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle, it is held primarily for the purpose of trading, it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Expected credit losses (ECL) are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received. At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the ECL (if any) as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end. Due to the reliance on Bendigo Bank the company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company. The company also performed a historical assessment of receivables from Bendigo Bank and found no instances of default. As a result no ECL has been made in relation to trade receivables as at 30 June 2023.

Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except when the amount of GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the revenue or expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the company's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrance of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Lease make good provision

A provision has been made for the present value of anticipated costs for future restoration of leased premises. The provision includes future cost estimates associated with closure of the premises. The calculation of this provision requires assumptions such as application of closure dates and cost estimates. The provision recognised for each site is periodically reviewed and updated based on the facts and circumstances available at the time. Changes to the estimated future costs for sites are recognised in the statement of financial position by adjusting the asset and the provision. Reductions in the provision that exceed the carrying amount of the asset will be recognised in profit or loss.

Note 5. Economic dependency

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank. The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry March 2025.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

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Note 5. Economic dependency (continued)

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

Note 6. Revenue from contracts with customers

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Margin income	881,521	474,066
Fee income	37,558	39,651
Commission income	53,548	48,251
	<u>972,627</u>	<u>561,968</u>

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement. Under *AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (AASB 15), revenue recognition for the company's revenue stream is as follows:

<u>Revenue stream</u>	<u>Includes</u>	<u>Performance obligation</u>	<u>Timing of recognition</u>
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission, and fee income	When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates, interest rates and funds transfer pricing and other factors, such as economic and local conditions.

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Note 6. Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Margin income

Margin on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

	Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
plus:	any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit
minus:	any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Commission income

Commission income is in the form of commission generated for products and services sold. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation.

The company receives trailing commission for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on receipt as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of income without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission income is outside the control of the company, and is a significant judgement area.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

Note 7. Expenses

Employee benefits expense

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Wages and salaries	255,948	271,804
Superannuation contributions	31,801	32,081
Expenses related to long service leave	6,121	(279)
Other expenses	30,918	31,991
	<u>324,788</u>	<u>335,597</u>

Accounting policy for employee benefits

Bendigo Bank seconded employees to work for the company. Bendigo Bank charges the cost of these employees through the monthly profit share arrangement. The company recognises these expenses when recording the monthly invoice. No annual leave or long service leave liabilities are recognised for the company as these are Bendigo Bank employees.

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Note 7. Expenses (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation expense

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Depreciation of non-current assets</i>		
Leasehold improvements	19,394	19,407
Plant and equipment	849	944
	<u>20,243</u>	<u>20,351</u>
<i>Depreciation of right-of-use assets</i>		
Leased land and buildings	44,896	42,965
<i>Amortisation of intangible assets</i>		
Franchise fee	2,178	2,178
Franchise renewal process fee	10,890	10,890
	<u>13,068</u>	<u>13,068</u>
	<u><u>78,207</u></u>	<u><u>76,384</u></u>

Leases recognition exemption

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Expenses relating to low-value leases	<u>5,689</u>	<u>7,310</u>

The company pays for the right to use information technology equipment. The underlying assets have been assessed as low value and exempted from recognition under *AASB 16 Leases*. Expenses relating to low-value exempt leases are included in system costs expenses.

Note 8. Income tax

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Income tax expense</i>		
Movement in deferred tax	(634)	(2,110)
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	111,223	13,600
	<u>110,589</u>	<u>11,490</u>
Aggregate income tax expense	<u>110,589</u>	<u>11,490</u>
<i>Prima facie income tax reconciliation</i>		
Profit before income tax expense	442,269	45,958
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	110,567	11,490
Tax effect of:		
Non-deductible expenses	<u>22</u>	<u>-</u>
Income tax expense	<u>110,589</u>	<u>11,490</u>

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Note 8. Income tax (continued)

	2023 \$	2022 \$
<i>Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)</i>		
Provision for lease make good	6,856	6,498
Accrued expenses	-	185
Carried-forward tax losses	142,627	253,850
Lease liabilities	26,657	41,541
Property, plant and equipment	75	(4,046)
Right-of-use assets	(18,707)	(29,931)
	<u>157,508</u>	<u>268,097</u>
Deferred tax asset	<u>157,508</u>	<u>268,097</u>

Accounting policy for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Accounting policy for current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Accounting policy for deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried-forward tax losses, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Note 9. Cash and cash equivalents

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	<u>20,525</u>	310

Reconciliation to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year

The above figures are reconciled to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balances as above	20,525	310
Bank overdraft (note 15)	<u>-</u>	(403,683)
Balance as per statement of cash flows	<u>20,525</u>	<u>(403,373)</u>

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Note 9. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Financial Position cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held with banks. For the statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents also includes bank overdrafts, which are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Note 10. Trade and other receivables

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Trade receivables	75,866	25,829
Prepayments	5,788	6,012
	<u>81,654</u>	<u>31,841</u>

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Note 11. Property, plant and equipment

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Leasehold improvements - at cost	172,345	172,345
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(139,889)</u>	<u>(120,495)</u>
	32,456	51,850
Plant and equipment - at cost	73,953	71,763
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(64,717)</u>	<u>(63,868)</u>
	9,236	7,895
	<u>41,692</u>	<u>59,745</u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Leasehold improvements \$	Plant and equipment \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	71,257	8,839	80,096
Depreciation	<u>(19,407)</u>	<u>(944)</u>	<u>(20,351)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2022	51,850	7,895	59,745
Additions	-	2,190	2,190
Depreciation	<u>(19,394)</u>	<u>(849)</u>	<u>(20,243)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u>32,456</u>	<u>9,236</u>	<u>41,692</u>

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

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Note 11. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	5 to 15 years
Plant and equipment	1 to 40 years
Computer software	5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Changes in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for property, plant and equipment including useful lives, residual values, and depreciation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

Note 12. Right-of-use assets

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Land and buildings - right-of-use	642,327	642,327
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(567,500)</u>	<u>(522,604)</u>
	<u>74,827</u>	119,723

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	155,177
Remeasurement adjustments	7,511
Depreciation expense	<u>(42,965)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2022	119,723
Depreciation expense	<u>(44,896)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u>74,827</u>

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Refer to note 16 for more information on lease arrangements.

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Note 13. Intangible assets

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Franchise fee	32,187	32,187
Less: Accumulated amortisation	<u>(27,286)</u>	<u>(26,197)</u>
	<u>4,901</u>	<u>5,990</u>
Franchise renewal fee	110,934	110,934
Less: Accumulated amortisation	<u>(92,966)</u>	<u>(80,987)</u>
	<u>17,968</u>	<u>29,947</u>
	<u><u>22,869</u></u>	<u><u>35,937</u></u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Franchise fee	Franchise renewal fee	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2021	8,168	40,837	49,005
Amortisation expense	<u>(2,178)</u>	<u>(10,890)</u>	<u>(13,068)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2022	5,990	29,947	35,937
Amortisation expense	<u>(2,178)</u>	<u>(10,890)</u>	<u>(13,068)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	<u><u>3,812</u></u>	<u><u>19,057</u></u>	<u><u>22,869</u></u>

Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

<u>Asset class</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful life</u>	<u>Expiry/renewal date</u>
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	March 2025
Franchise renewal fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	March 2025

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Change in estimates

During the financial year, the company assessed estimates used for intangible assets including useful lives, residual values, and amortisation methods. There were no changes in estimates for the current reporting period.

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Note 14. Trade and other payables

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Trade payables	2,914	1,121
Other payables and accruals	43,302	16,953
	<u>46,216</u>	<u>18,074</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Other payables and accruals	-	14,617
	<u>-</u>	<u>14,617</u>

Accounting policy for trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Where the company is liable to settle the amount within 12 months of the reporting date, the liability is classified as current. All other obligations are classified as non-current.

Note 15. Borrowings

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Bank overdraft	-	403,683
	<u>-</u>	<u>403,683</u>

Financing arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at the reporting date to the following lines of credit:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Total facilities		
Bank overdraft	300,000	570,000
	<u>300,000</u>	<u>570,000</u>
Used at the reporting date		
Bank overdraft	-	403,628
	<u>-</u>	<u>403,628</u>
Unused at the reporting date		
Bank overdraft	300,000	166,372
	<u>300,000</u>	<u>166,372</u>

Bank overdraft

The bank overdraft is used for cash management purposes. The bank overdraft has a rolling renewal date and is reviewed annually by the lender, Bendigo Bank. It is secured by a floating charge over the company's assets. As at balance date, the lender does not intend to reduce or end the overdraft facility within the next 12 months.

Accounting policy for borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Note 16. Lease liabilities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Land and buildings lease liabilities	67,036	67,036
Unexpired interest	(4,210)	(7,500)
	<u>62,826</u>	<u>59,536</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Land and buildings lease liabilities	44,690	111,726
Unexpired interest	(890)	(5,100)
	<u>43,800</u>	<u>106,626</u>

Reconciliation of lease liabilities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Opening balance	166,162	213,322
Remeasurement adjustments	-	7,511
Lease interest expense	7,500	10,274
Lease payments - total cash outflow	(67,036)	(64,945)
	<u>106,626</u>	<u>166,162</u>

Maturity analysis

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Not later than 12 months	67,036	67,036
Between 12 months and 5 years	44,690	111,726
	<u>111,726</u>	<u>178,762</u>

Accounting policy for lease liabilities

Lease liabilities were measured at amounts equal to the present value of enforceable future payments of the term reasonably expected to be exercised, discounted at the appropriate incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate and lease payments in a renewal option if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. For leases of property the company has elected to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability.

The company has applied judgement in estimating the remaining lease term including the effects of any extension options reasonably expected to be exercised, applying hindsight where appropriate.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if the company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option, or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

The company assesses at the lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise extension options. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

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Note 16. Lease liabilities (continued)

Where the company is a lessee for the premises to conduct its business, extension options are included in the lease term except when the company is reasonably certain not to exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the leased premises.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to nil.

The company's lease portfolio includes:

Lease	Discount rate	Non-cancellable term	Renewal options	Reasonably certain to exercise options	Lease term end date used in calculations
Buderim branch	5.39%	5 years	N/A	N/A	March 2025

Note 17. Lease make good provision

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Lease make good	<u>27,426</u>	<u>25,990</u>

Lease make good

In accordance with the branch lease agreement, the company must restore the leased premises to the original condition before the expiry of the lease term. The company has estimated the provision to be \$30,000 for the Buderim branch lease, based on experience and consideration of the expected future costs to remove all fittings as well as the cost to remedy any damages caused during the removal process. The lease is due to expire on 28 February 2025 at which time it is expected the face-value costs to restore the premises will fall due.

Accounting policy for provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable the company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. The provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Note 18. Issued capital

	2023 Shares	2022 Shares	2023 \$	2022 \$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	802,740	802,740	802,740	802,740
Less: Equity raising costs-----			<u>(37,368)</u>	<u>(37,368)</u>
	<u>802,740</u>	<u>802,740</u>	<u>765,372</u>	<u>765,372</u>

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being \$1 per share. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Rights attached to issued capital

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

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Note 18. Issued capital (continued)

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 217. As at the date of this report, the company had 233 shareholders (2022: 233 shareholders).

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 19. Accumulated losses

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	(878,245)	(912,713)
Profit after income tax expense for the year	<u>331,680</u>	<u>34,468</u>
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	<u><u>(546,565)</u></u>	<u>(878,245)</u>

Note 20. Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 21. Financial instruments

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Trade and other receivables	75,866	25,829
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>20,525</u>	<u>310</u>
	<u>96,391</u>	<u>26,139</u>
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	46,216	32,691
Lease liabilities	106,626	166,162
Bank overdrafts	<u>-</u>	<u>403,683</u>
	<u>152,842</u>	<u>602,536</u>

Accounting policy for financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The company's financial instruments include trade debtors and creditors, cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and lease liabilities.

Trade receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price when they originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs (where applicable), when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 21. Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the rights are transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and rewards associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial risk management

The company has exposure to credit, liquidity and market risk arising from financial instruments. The company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not use derivative instruments. Risk management is carried out directly by the board.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and earnings on those are subject to movements in market interest rates. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$20,525 at 30 June 2023 (2022: \$310).

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers.

The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings, Bendigo Bank is rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

Financing arrangements

Unused borrowing facilities at the reporting date:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Bank overdraft	300,000	166,372

The bank overdraft facilities may be drawn at any time and may be terminated by the bank without notice.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 21. Financial instruments (continued)

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flow amounts are gross and undiscounted and therefore may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2023				
Trade and other payables	46,216	-	-	46,216
Lease liabilities	67,036	44,690	-	111,726
Total non-derivatives	113,252	44,690	-	157,942

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2022				
Bank overdraft	403,683	-	-	403,683
Trade and other payables	18,074	14,617	-	32,691
Lease liabilities	67,036	111,726	-	178,762
Total non-derivatives	488,793	126,343	-	615,136

Note 22. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were directors of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements.

Richard Cartwright Beasley
 Geoffrey Reynolds Hole
 Helen Margaret Jones
 Dr. Keith James Solomon
 Gregory Paul Bradley

Ruth Margaret Wade
 Lara Kae Higson
 Jonathan Sullivan
 David Peter Johnston

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

There are no executives within the company whose remuneration is required to be disclosed.

Note 23. Related party transactions

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 24. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Andrew Frewin Stewart, the auditor of the company:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<i>Audit services</i>		
Audit or review of the financial statements	5,400	5,200
<i>Other services</i>		
Taxation advice and tax compliance services	1,390	850
General advisory services	4,240	1,880
Share registry services	2,930	2,670
	<u>8,560</u>	<u>5,400</u>
	13,960	<u>10,600</u>

Note 25. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax expense for the year	331,680	34,468
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	78,207	76,384
Lease liability interest	7,500	10,274
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in trade and other receivables	(49,813)	(10,183)
Decrease in deferred tax assets	110,589	11,491
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	26,813	(6,261)
Increase in other provisions	1,436	1,361
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>506,412</u>	<u>117,534</u>

Note 26. Earnings per share

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Profit after income tax	331,680	34,468
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>802,740</u>	<u>802,740</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u><u>802,740</u></u>	<u><u>802,740</u></u>
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	41.32	4.29
Diluted earnings per share	41.32	4.29

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2023

Note 26. Earnings per share (continued)

Accounting policy for earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Note 27. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 28. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

Note 29. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Buderim Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' declaration
30 June 2023

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the notes to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors



Richard Cartwright Beasley
Chair

26 September 2023



Andrew Frewein Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550
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Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- Statement of changes in equity
- Statement of cash flows
- Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies
- The directors' declaration of the company.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Buderim Community Enterprises Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report may also include "other information" on the company's operations and financial results and financial position as set out in the financial report, typically in a Chairman's report and Manager's report, and reports covering governance and shareholder matters.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify that a material inconsistency appears to exist when we read the annual report (or become aware that the other information appears to be materially misstated), we will discuss the matter with the directors and where we believe that a material misstatement of the other information exists, we will request management to correct the other information. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



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Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550
Dated: 26 September 2023



Joshua Griffin
Lead Auditor

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This Annual Report has been printed on 100% Recycled Paper

 **Bendigo Bank**