

# Capital Allowance & Tax Depreciation Schedule

Maximising the cash return from investment properties

Life Is Good Superannuation Fund 8A & 8B Miami Way DORA CREEK, NSW 2264



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2 July 2015

Life Is Good Superannuation Fund PO Box 205 GRANVILLE, NSW 2142

Dear Sir/Madam,

Thank you for choosing BMT Tax Depreciation to complete your Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule.

The document outlines the relevant information, legislation and methodology used in the assessment of the potential depreciation deductions for 8A & 8B Miami Way DORA CREEK, NSW 2264.

For your convenience we have included an explanation, summary and comparison of the two different methods you can choose to calculate an assets decline in value. This provides you or your Tax Adviser the information necessary to make a more informed decision specific to your circumstances.

We trust our service and the deductions outlined in the following schedules have and will exceed your expectations. We strive for excellence and would truly appreciate your feedback.

We are committed to the continual professional development of our service and report so we can fortify our relationship as your preferred Tax Depreciation and Capital Allowance Specialist.

For further information on property taxation and relevant property news we invite you to visit our website at www.bmtqs.com.au where you will find an array of free investment tools and resources you can use, order or download at any time.

Should you require any further information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact one of our Depreciation Specialists or our Chief Executive Officer Mr Bradley Beer at the office on (03) 9654 2233.

Once again, thank you for choosing BMT Tax Depreciation and we look forward to working with you in the future.

Yours sincerely,

BMT Tax Depreciation Pty Ltd

Quantity Surveyors

AIQS, RICS, AVAA, Tax Agent: 53712009

Tax Depreciation



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# BMT Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule overview

Please find following a summary of the information BMT Tax Depreciation have used when preparing this Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule. The ownership structure plays a significant part in the methodology that is used and subsequently changes the structure of the report and the calculations used therein. Any changes to the ownership entity or structure will make this report inaccurate.

Report prepared for: Life Is Good Superannuation Fund

Property address: 8A & 8B Miami Way DORA CREEK, NSW 2264

Ownership interest: 100%

Co-owners must divide the income and expenses for the rental property in line with their 'interest' in the property. The two co-owner structures are:

- Joint tenants each holds an equal interest in the property, or
- Tenants in common may hold unequal interests in the property, for example, one may hold a 20% interest and the other an 80% interest

Co-owned depreciating assets, as outlined in section 40-35 of the ITAA 1997, are able to be calculated and deducted based on each owner's interest in the asset, and not the whole asset. For example, joint tenants with an equal 50% share can claim an immediate write-off for items under \$600 as each co-owner's share is less than \$300 each. When an owner's share of an asset is valued at \$1,000 or less it can also be added to a low-value pool.

Property type: Residential

Purchase price: \$510,000

Settlement date: 27 March 2015

Schedule start date: 28 March 2015



# Methodology

The Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule prepared for Life Is Good Superannuation Fund on 8A & 8B Miami Way DORA CREEK, NSW 2264 has been prepared and calculated in accordance with the legislation applicable on the 2 July 2015.

The Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule is based on BMT Tax Depreciation's understanding of the Commissioner of Taxation's assumed intent and the interpretation of the relevant tax rulings and supportive documents:

- The Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, (ITAA) 1936, Part 3, Division 3A, Sections 54, 55, 56, 60, 61 and 62
- The basis of depreciation of an item of plant and equipment includes its purchase price (ITAA Sect 42-65) delivery and installation costs (IT 2197) and the costs associated with bringing the plant into full operation (ITAA97 Sect 8-1)
- Capital allowances in accordance with Division 10D, Sections 124ZF-ZH and Section 1234ZFB and ITAA 1997 Division 40, 42 and 43
- Changes from the Ralph Review of Business Taxation of 21 September 1999
- Legislation by the Australian Taxation Office in Market Valuations for Tax Purposes
- Documentation and procedures defined in the Australian Accounting Standards AASB 116 Property,
  Plant and Equipment and AASB13 Fair Value Measurement
- Taxation Ruling TR 2014/4 Income Tax: Effective Life of Depreciating Assets

It is a requirement to advise BMT Tax Depreciation when any actual costs in whole or part thereof are available prior to the preparation of the Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule. Where costs have been provided, they have been used and noted accordingly in this schedule. In the event that costs are not available, BMT Tax Depreciation use the estimating procedures and methodology provided to estimate a fair market value based on cost advice as at the 2 July 2015. Where applicable, all cost estimates are adjusted to that of the historical date in which the actual construction or installation took place.

The construction expenditure has been determined on the basis of the actual cost incurred in relation to the construction of a building.

Construction expenditure calculated includes:

- Preliminary expenses such as architects' fees, engineering fees and the cost of foundation excavations
- Builders or Contractors margin
- Professional fees such as Architects, Engineers and Surveyors
- Contingencies
- All plant and equipment

The construction expenditure calculated excludes:

- Site clearance, earthworks that are permanent, can be economically maintained and are not integral to the installation or construction of a structure
- Demolition of existing structures
- Soft landscaping
- Cost of acquiring land
- Developers profit and overheads



The following additional information has been used in the preparation of the Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule:

- Written and verbal information provided by Life Is Good Superannuation Fund
- Verbal information provided by Lake Macquarie City Council
- Site inspection conducted by BMT Tax Depreciation on 27 March 2015
- Purchase price of \$510,000

The following assumptions have been made in the preparation of the Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule.

- That all items of plant and equipment listed in the schedule are owned by the tax payer
- That you are not entitled to input tax credits and therefore GST is included in the appropriate items within the schedule
- That no schedule of depreciation allowances existed or formed a condition of the purchase documentation
- Qualifying expenditure and depreciation rates have been calculated with the understanding that the property is used for the production of assessable income, excluding short-term traveller's accommodation or non-residential usage
- No additional actual costs in whole or part thereof are available at this time
- The owners are not carrying on a rental property business

Owners are advised to discuss and confirm the above assumptions with their Tax Adviser prior to using this Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule.

#### Disclaimer

This report and the information contained within it has been prepared by BMT Tax Depreciation Pty Ltd, as property depreciation and construction cost consultants and not in any other capacity on the basis of estimated costs and information provided to us by the client. It is intended for use only by the client. The contents of this report are advice on construction costs only. The contents of this report are not legal, accounting or taxation advice. The client must consult with their own legal, accounting or taxation advisers before relying on these schedules. The report and the schedules have been prepared in accordance with legislation in force at the time the asset was acquired and the date this report was produced.

BMT Tax Depreciation Pty Ltd is not responsible for the results of the actions taken on the basis of the information provided in this report or any error in or omission from this report. The construction cost estimate has been prepared for depreciation purposes only. It is not an estimate of replacement cost not is suitable for any other purpose. Neither the whole nor any part of this report or any reference thereto may be included in any published, circular or statement, nor published in part or in full in any way, without the express prior written approval from BMT Tax Depreciation Pty Ltd.



#### Experience and qualifications

It is a legislative requirement that you use an appropriately qualified person to prepare a Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule under Tax Ruling 97/25. A Quantity Surveyor is one of the few professionals recognised to have appropriate construction costing skills to estimate building costs for the purpose of establishing a cost to claim your capital works and tax depreciation deductions.

Please find following BMT Tax Depreciation's relevant qualifications and associations with governing bodies:

## AIQS - Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors

As a member of the AIQS, a professional standards body, BMT Tax Depreciation upholds its professionalism and standards to the highest level. The institute plays an important role by ensuring that industry standards and information are continuously updated.

#### RICS - Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors

BMT Tax Depreciation are proud members of RICS, allowing us access to the latest methodology being used by Surveyors across Australia and the world.

#### AVAA - Auctioneers & Valuers Association of Australia

BMT Tax Depreciation is also a member of the AVAA. The AVAA works to elevate and maintain the standards of professional knowledge and sound practice relating to accurately valuing a variety of plant and equipment.

# PIPA- Property Investment Professionals of Australia

As a member of PIPA, BMT are committed to maintaining high levels of professional standards through their work in educating property investors on the benefits of tax depreciation.

## Registered Tax Agent

BMT Tax Depreciation are registered Tax Agents qualified to prepare depreciation schedules for any rental, commercial or investment property under the Tax Agents Services Act 2009. **Our Tax Agents number is 53712009** 



# Summary of capital expenditure

Purchase price \$510,000

Expenditure after purchase: (renovations/additional works)

\$11,504

Total expenditure \$521,504



Division 40 - plant and equipment

\$23,437

The calculations for plant and equipment assets have been prepared in accordance with the relevant Taxation Ruling in place at the time of preparing this report. This ruling discusses the methodology outlined by the Commissioner of Taxation to determine the effective life of depreciating assets under section 40-100 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (ITAA 1997).

#### Division 43 - capital works allowance

\$16,877

Division 43, as outlined in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (ITAA 1997), allows a deduction for capital expenditure incurred in the construction of any capital works. The deduction claimed as a capital works allowance depends on the type of construction and the date construction started. See the definition of Division 43 and the table under this heading within the glossary of key terms for further clarification of the qualifying dates for capital works deductions. The deductible amount for division 43 excludes both division 40 above and any non-qualifying balance of capital expenditure.

#### Balance of capital expenditure

\$481,190

This represents all items that do not qualify for capital works deductions or decline in value and any capital works deductions which are already exhausted. Construction expenditure that cannot be claimed (as per Australian Taxation Office guidelines) include:

- land
- expenditure on clearing the land prior to construction
- earthworks that are permanent, and are not integral to the construction
- expenditure on soft landscaping
- demolition

#### Total capital expenditure

\$521,504



# Capital Allowance and Tax Depreciation Schedule summary

# Total deductions - 40 year forecast

The forty year projection summary outlines the total yearly deductions available over the lifetime of the property. These totals include the division 43 and division 40 components as a total yearly deduction. Both the diminishing value (DV) and prime cost (PC) method values are shown for easy comparison.

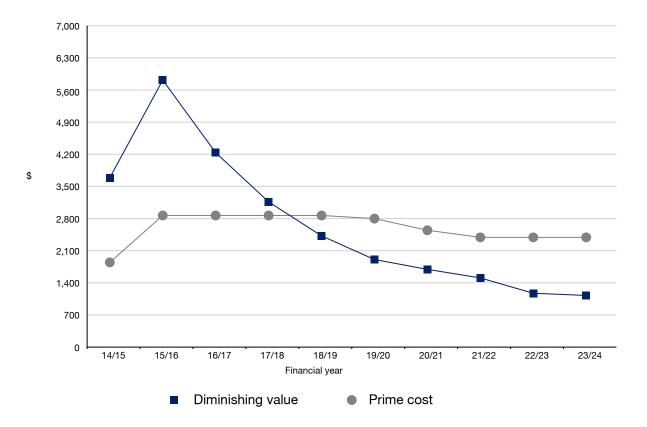
Years 1-21								
Period	Total de	ductions						
	DV (\$)	PC (\$)						
28-Mar-15 to 30-Jun-15	3,688	1,845						
1-Jul-15 to 30-Jun-16	5,816	2,867						
1-Jul-16 to 30-Jun-17	4,235	2,867						
1-Jul-17 to 30-Jun-18	3,164	2,867						
1-Jul-18 to 30-Jun-19	2,423	2,867						
1-Jul-19 to 30-Jun-20	1,908	2,799						
1-Jul-20 to 30-Jun-21	1,693	2,545						
1-Jul-21 to 30-Jun-22	1,507	2,390						
1-Jul-22 to 30-Jun-23	1,173	2,390						
1-Jul-23 to 30-Jun-24	1,125	2,390						
1-Jul-24 to 30-Jun-25	880	1,966						
1-Jul-25 to 30-Jun-26	728	759						
1-Jul-26 to 30-Jun-27	635	685						
1-Jul-27 to 30-Jun-28	575	473						
1-Jul-28 to 30-Jun-29	537	473						
1-Jul-29 to 30-Jun-30	510	473						
1-Jul-30 to 30-Jun-31	497	473						
1-Jul-31 to 30-Jun-32	487	473						
1-Jul-32 to 30-Jun-33	481	473						
1-Jul-33 to 30-Jun-34	478	473						
1-Jul-34 to 30-Jun-35	476	473						

Years 22	-41	
Period	Total dedu Div 40 ar	uctions for nd Div 43
	DV (\$)	PC (\$)
1-Jul-35 to 30-Jun-36	476	473
1-Jul-36 to 30-Jun-37	474	473
1-Jul-37 to 30-Jun-38	474	473
1-Jul-38 to 30-Jun-39	473	473
1-Jul-39 to 30-Jun-40	473	473
1-Jul-40 to 30-Jun-41	473	473
1-Jul-41 to 30-Jun-42	473	473
1-Jul-42 to 30-Jun-43	473	473
1-Jul-43 to 30-Jun-44	432	432
1-Jul-44 to 30-Jun-45	288	288
1-Jul-45 to 30-Jun-46	288	288
1-Jul-46 to 30-Jun-47	288	288
1-Jul-47 to 30-Jun-48	288	288
1-Jul-48 to 30-Jun-49	288	288
1-Jul-49 to 30-Jun-50	288	288
1-Jul-50 to 30-Jun-51	288	288
1-Jul-51 to 30-Jun-52	288	288
1-Jul-52 to 30-Jun-53	288	288
1-Jul-53 to 30-Jun-54	288	288
1-Jul-54 to 30-Jun-55	197	197
Total	40,314	40,314



# 10 year forecast comparison graph

This graphical representation of the diminishing value method and prime cost method compares the yearly claims from both methods against each other. It demonstrates the diminishing value method's increased deductions over the first few years and the prime cost method's greater deductions in later years.





# Division 43 - capital works allowance

The table below outlines the division 43 building write-off allowance available to be claimed for additional works completed to this property. The depreciation calculated has been deemed to be on structural elements only completed after the ATO legislated dates.

Works	Date	Rate	Original cost (\$)
Additional Works	17-Mar-04	2.5 %	7,418
Additional Works	28-Mar-15	2.5 %	11,504

# Calculation for write-off provision:

Period	Original Division 43 (\$)
28-Mar-15 to 30-Jun-15	124
1-Jul-15 to 30-Jun-16	473
1-Jul-16 to 30-Jun-17	473
1-Jul-17 to 30-Jun-18	473
1-Jul-18 to 30-Jun-19	473
1-Jul-19 to 30-Jun-20	473
1-Jul-20 to 30-Jun-21	473
1-Jul-21 to 30-Jun-22	473
1-Jul-22 to 30-Jun-23	473
1-Jul-23 to 30-Jun-24	473



# Diminishing value method summary

Date	Effective life	Pooled plant	Division 40	Division 43	Total
28-Mar-15 to 30-Jun-15	1,758	1,806	3,564	124	3,688
1-Jul-15 to 30-Jun-16	2,409	2,934	5,343	473	5,816
1-Jul-16 to 30-Jun-17	1,928	1,834	3,762	473	4,235
1-Jul-17 to 30-Jun-18	1,542	1,149	2,691	473	3,164
1-Jul-18 to 30-Jun-19	1,234	716	1,950	473	2,423
1-Jul-19 to 30-Jun-20	987	448	1,435	473	1,908
1-Jul-20 to 30-Jun-21	616	604	1,220	473	1,693
1-Jul-21 to 30-Jun-22	307	727	1,034	473	1,507
1-Jul-22 to 30-Jun-23	245	455	700	473	1,173
1-Jul-23 to 30-Jun-24	0	652	652	473	1,125
1-Jul-24 to 30-Jun-25	0	407	407	473	880
1-Jul-25 to 30-Jun-26	0	255	255	473	728
1-Jul-26 to 30-Jun-27	0	162	162	473	635
1-Jul-27 to 30-Jun-28	0	102	102	473	575
1-Jul-28 to 30-Jun-29	0	64	64	473	537
1-Jul-29 to 30-Jun-30	0	37	37	473	510
1-Jul-30 to 30-Jun-31	0	24	24	473	497
1-Jul-31 to 30-Jun-32	0	14	14	473	487
1-Jul-32 to 30-Jun-33	0	8	8	473	481
1-Jul-33 to 30-Jun-34	0	5	5	473	478
1-Jul-34 to 30-Jun-35	0	3	3	473	476
1-Jul-35 to 30-Jun-36	0	3	3	473	476
1-Jul-36 to 30-Jun-37	0	1	1	473	474
1-Jul-37 to 30-Jun-38	0	1	1	473	474
1-Jul-38 to 30-Jun-39	0	0	0	473	473
1-Jul-39 to 30-Jun-40	0	0	0	473	473
1-Jul-40 to 30-Jun-41	0	0	0	473	473
1-Jul-41 to 30-Jun-42	0	0	0	473	473
1-Jul-42 to 30-Jun-43	0	0	0	473	473
1-Jul-43 to 30-Jun-44	0	0	0	432	432
1-Jul-44 to 30-Jun-45	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-45 to 30-Jun-46	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-46 to 30-Jun-47	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-47 to 30-Jun-48	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-48 to 30-Jun-49	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-49 to 30-Jun-50	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-50 to 30-Jun-51	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-51 to 30-Jun-52	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-52 to 30-Jun-53	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-53 to 30-Jun-54	0	0	0	288	288
1-Jul-54 to 30-Jun-55	0	0	0	197	197



# Prime cost method summary

Date	Effective Life Plant	Division 43	Total
28-Mar-15 to 30-Jun-15	1,721	124	1,845
1-Jul-15 to 30-Jun-16	2,394	473	2,867
1-Jul-16 to 30-Jun-17	2,394	473	2,867
1-Jul-17 to 30-Jun-18	2,394	473	2,867
1-Jul-18 to 30-Jun-19	2,394	473	2,867
1-Jul-19 to 30-Jun-20	2,326	473	2,799
1-Jul-20 to 30-Jun-21	2,072	473	2,545
1-Jul-21 to 30-Jun-22	1,917	473	2,390
1-Jul-22 to 30-Jun-23	1,917	473	2,390
1-Jul-23 to 30-Jun-24	1,917	473	2,390
1-Jul-24 to 30-Jun-25	1,493	473	1,966
1-Jul-25 to 30-Jun-26	286	473	759
1-Jul-26 to 30-Jun-27	212	473	685
1-Jul-27 to 30-Jun-28	0	473	473
1-Jul-28 to 30-Jun-29	0	473	473
1-Jul-29 to 30-Jun-30	0	473	473
1-Jul-30 to 30-Jun-31	0	473	473
1-Jul-31 to 30-Jun-32	0	473	473
1-Jul-32 to 30-Jun-33	0	473	473
1-Jul-33 to 30-Jun-34	0	473	473
1-Jul-34 to 30-Jun-35	0	473	473
1-Jul-35 to 30-Jun-36	0	473	473
1-Jul-36 to 30-Jun-37	0	473	473
1-Jul-37 to 30-Jun-38	0	473	473
1-Jul-38 to 30-Jun-39	0	473	473
1-Jul-39 to 30-Jun-40	0	473	473
1-Jul-40 to 30-Jun-41	0	473	473
1-Jul-41 to 30-Jun-42	0	473	473
1-Jul-42 to 30-Jun-43	0	473	473
1-Jul-43 to 30-Jun-44	0	432	432
1-Jul-44 to 30-Jun-45	0	288	288
1-Jul-45 to 30-Jun-46	0	288	288
1-Jul-46 to 30-Jun-47	0	288	288
1-Jul-47 to 30-Jun-48	0	288	288
1-Jul-48 to 30-Jun-49	0	288	288
1-Jul-49 to 30-Jun-50	0	288	288
1-Jul-50 to 30-Jun-51	0	288	288
1-Jul-51 to 30-Jun-52	0	288	288
1-Jul-52 to 30-Jun-53	0	288	288
1-Jul-53 to 30-Jun-54	0	288	288
1-Jul-54 to 30-Jun-55	0	197	197



# Diminishing value method schedule (years 1 - 5)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate	Depreciation Allowance					
	28-Mar-15 (\$)	Life (Years)	(DV)	28-Mar-15 30-Jun-15 Year 1 (\$)	1-Jul-15 30-Jun-16 Year 2 (\$)	1-Jul-16 30-Jun-17 Year 3 (\$)	1-Jul-17 30-Jun-18 Year 4 (\$)	1-Jul-18 30-Jun-19 Year 5 (\$)	1-Jul-19 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effective	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	844	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	104
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	2,801	10	20.0 %	146	531	425	340	272	1,087
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	295	5	100.0 %	295	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	2,312	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	287
Carpet	6,176	10	20.0 %	321	1,171	937	749	600	2,398
Ceiling Fans	427	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	53
Curtains	762	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	94
Door Closers	224	10	100.0 %	224	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	447	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	56
Garbage Bins	248	10	100.0 %	248	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	101	10	100.0 %	101	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	153	15	100.0 %	153	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	813	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	101
Light Shades	915	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	113
Rangehoods	844	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	104
Shower Curtains	76	2	100.0 %	76	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	492	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	61
Stoves	1,776	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	220
Vinyl	3,731	10	20.0 %	194	707	566	453	362	1,449
Subtotal	23,437			1,758	2,409	1,928	1,542	1,234	6,127
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	13,805			1,758	2,409	1,928	1,542	1,234	4,934
Total Division 40 - Pooled (Page 18)	9,632			1,806	2,934	1,834	1,149	716	1,193
Total Division 40	23,437			3,564	5,343	3,762	2,691	1,950	6,127
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	16,877			124	473	473	473	473	14,861
Total Depreciation	40,314			3,688	5,816	4,235	3,164	2,423	20,988



# Diminishing value method schedule (years 6 - 10)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate	Depreciation Allowance					
	1-Jul-19 (\$)	Life (Years)	(DV)	1-Jul-19 30-Jun-20 Year 6 (\$)	1-Jul-20 30-Jun-21 Year 7 (\$)	1-Jul-21 30-Jun-22 Year 8 (\$)	1-Jul-22 30-Jun-23 Year 9 (\$)	1-Jul-23 30-Jun-24 Year 10 (\$)	1-Jul-24 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effectiv	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	104	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	10
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	1,087	10	20.0 %	217	0	0	0	0	132
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	287	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	27
Carpet	2,398	10	20.0 %	480	384	307	245	0	614
Ceiling Fans	53	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	5
Curtains	94	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	9
Door Closers	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	56	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	6
Garbage Bins	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	101	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	9
Light Shades	113	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	11
Rangehoods	104	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	10
Shower Curtains	0	2	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	61	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	6
Stoves	220	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	21
Vinyl	1,449	10	20.0 %	290	232	0	0	0	226
Subtotal	6,127			987	616	307	245	0	1,086
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	4,934			987	616	307	245	0	0
Total Division 40 - Pooled (Page 19)	1,193			448	604	727	455	652	1,086
Total Division 40	6,127			1,435	1,220	1,034	700	652	1,086
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	14,861			473	473	473	473	473	12,496
Total Depreciation	20,988			1,908	1,693	1,507	1,173	1,125	13,582



# Diminishing value method schedule (years 11 - 15)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	fe (DV)	Depreciation Allowance					
	1-Jul-24 (\$)	Life (Years)		1-Jul-24 30-Jun-25 Year 11 (\$)	1-Jul-25 30-Jun-26 Year 12 (\$)	1-Jul-26 30-Jun-27 Year 13 (\$)	1-Jul-27 30-Jun-28 Year 14 (\$)	1-Jul-28 30-Jun-29 Year 15 (\$)	1-Jul-29 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effectiv	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	10	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	132	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	12
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	27	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	2
Carpet	614	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	59
Ceiling Fans	5	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curtains	9	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Door Closers	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	6	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garbage Bins	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	9	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Light Shades	11	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rangehoods	10	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shower Curtains	0	2	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	6	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoves	21	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	2
Vinyl	226	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	21
Subtotal	1,086			0	0	0	0	0	96
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Division 40 - Pooled (Page 20)	1,086			407	255	162	102	64	96
Total Division 40	1,086			407	255	162	102	64	96
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	12,496			473	473	473	473	473	10,131
Total Depreciation	13,582			880	728	635	575	537	10,227



# Diminishing value method schedule (years 16 - 20)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate	Depreciation Allowance					
	1-Jul-29 (\$)	Life (Years)	(DV)	1-Jul-29 30-Jun-30 Year 16 (\$)	1-Jul-30 30-Jun-31 Year 17 (\$)	1-Jul-31 30-Jun-32 Year 18 (\$)	1-Jul-32 30-Jun-33 Year 19 (\$)	1-Jul-33 30-Jun-34 Year 20 (\$)	1-Jul-34 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effectiv	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	0	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	12	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	2	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carpet	59	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	6
Ceiling Fans	0	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curtains	0	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Door Closers	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	0	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garbage Bins	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	0	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Light Shades	0	5	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rangehoods	0	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shower Curtains	0	2	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	0	6	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoves	2	12	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vinyl	21	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	0	2
Subtotal	96			0	0	0	0	0	8
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Division 40 - Pooled (Page 21)	96			37	24	14	8	5	8
Total Division 40	96			37	24	14	8	5	8
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	10,131			473	473	473	473	473	7,766
Total Depreciation	10,227			510	497	487	481	478	7,774



# Diminishing value method pooling schedule (years 1 - 5)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allow	ance		TWDV @ 1-Jul-19 (\$)
	Pooling Start (\$)	Life (Years)		28-Mar-15 30-Jun-15 Year 1 (\$)	1-Jul-15 30-Jun-16 Year 2 (\$)	1-Jul-16 30-Jun-17 Year 3 (\$)	1-Jul-17 30-Jun-18 Year 4 (\$)	1-Jul-18 30-Jun-19 Year 5 (\$)	
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Pooling	Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	844	10	37.5 %	158	257	161	101	63	104
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	*870	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	2,312	10	37.5 %	434	704	440	275	172	287
Carpet	*982	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ceiling Fans	427	5	37.5 %	80	130	81	51	32	53
Curtains	762	6	37.5 %	143	232	145	91	57	94
Door Closers	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	447	10	37.5 %	84	136	85	53	33	56
Garbage Bins	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	813	12	37.5 %	152	248	155	97	60	101
Light Shades	915	5	37.5 %	172	279	174	109	68	113
Rangehoods	844	12	37.5 %	158	257	161	101	63	104
Shower Curtains	0	2	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	492	6	37.5 %	92	150	94	59	36	61
Stoves	1,776	12	37.5 %	333	541	338	212	132	220
Vinyl	*927	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal	9,632			1,806	2,934	1,834	1,149	716	1,193
Total - Pooled Items	9,632			1,806	2,934	1,834	1,149	716	1,193

Items marked by an \* are allocated to the low-value pool in later years.



# Diminishing value method pooling schedule (years 6 - 10)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allowa	ance		TWDV @
	Pooling Start (\$)	Life (Years)	(DV)	1-Jul-19 30-Jun-20 Year 6 (\$)	1-Jul-20 30-Jun-21 Year 7 (\$)	1-Jul-21 30-Jun-22 Year 8 (\$)	1-Jul-22 30-Jun-23 Year 9 (\$)	1-Jul-23 30-Jun-24 Year 10 (\$)	1-Jul-24 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Pooling	Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	104	10	37.5 %	39	24	15	10	6	10
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	*870	10	37.5 %	0	326	204	128	80	132
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	287	10	37.5 %	108	67	42	26	17	27
Carpet	*982	10	37.5 %	0	0	0	0	368	614
Ceiling Fans	53	5	37.5 %	20	12	8	5	3	5
Curtains	94	6	37.5 %	35	22	14	9	5	9
Door Closers	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	56	10	37.5 %	21	13	8	5	3	6
Garbage Bins	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	101	12	37.5 %	38	24	15	9	6	9
Light Shades	113	5	37.5 %	42	27	17	10	6	11
Rangehoods	104	12	37.5 %	39	24	15	10	6	10
Shower Curtains	0	2	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	61	6	37.5 %	23	14	9	6	3	6
Stoves	220	12	37.5 %	83	51	32	20	13	21
Vinyl	*927	10	37.5 %	0	0	348	217	136	226
Subtotal	1,193			448	604	727	455	652	1,086
Total - Pooled Items	1,193			448	604	727	455	652	1,086

Items marked by an \* are allocated to the low-value pool in later years.



# Diminishing value method pooling schedule (years 11 - 15)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allowa	ance		TWDV @
	Pooling Start (\$)	Life (Years)	(DV)	1-Jul-24 30-Jun-25 Year 11 (\$)	1-Jul-25 30-Jun-26 Year 12 (\$)	1-Jul-26 30-Jun-27 Year 13 (\$)	1-Jul-27 30-Jun-28 Year 14 (\$)	1-Jul-28 30-Jun-29 Year 15 (\$)	1-Jul-29 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Pooling	Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	10	10	37.5 %	4	2	2	1	1	0
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	132	10	37.5 %	50	31	19	12	8	12
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	27	10	37.5 %	10	6	4	3	2	2
Carpet	614	10	37.5 %	230	144	90	56	35	59
Ceiling Fans	5	5	37.5 %	2	1	1	1	0	0
Curtains	9	6	37.5 %	3	2	2	1	1	0
Door Closers	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	6	10	37.5 %	2	2	1	1	0	0
Garbage Bins	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	9	12	37.5 %	3	2	2	1	1	0
Light Shades	11	5	37.5 %	4	3	2	1	1	0
Rangehoods	10	12	37.5 %	4	2	2	1	1	0
Shower Curtains	0	2	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	6	6	37.5 %	2	2	1	1	0	0
Stoves	21	12	37.5 %	8	5	3	2	1	2
Vinyl	226	10	37.5 %	85	53	33	21	13	21
Subtotal	1,086			407	255	162	102	64	96
Total - Pooled Items	1,086			407	255	162	102	64	96

Items marked by an \* are allocated to the low-value pool in later years.



# Diminishing value method pooling schedule (years 16 - 20)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allowa	ance		TWDV @
	Pooling Start (\$)	Life (Years)	(DV)	1-Jul-29 30-Jun-30 Year 16 (\$)	1-Jul-30 30-Jun-31 Year 17 (\$)	1-Jul-31 30-Jun-32 Year 18 (\$)	1-Jul-32 30-Jun-33 Year 19 (\$)	1-Jul-33 30-Jun-34 Year 20 (\$)	1-Jul-34 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Pooling	Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	12	10	37.5 %	5	3	2	1	1	0
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	2	10	37.5 %	1	1	0	0	0	0
Carpet	59	10	37.5 %	22	14	9	5	3	6
Ceiling Fans	0	5	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curtains	0	6	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Door Closers	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garbage Bins	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	0	12	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Light Shades	0	5	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rangehoods	0	12	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shower Curtains	0	2	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	0	6	0.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoves	2	12	37.5 %	1	1	0	0	0	0
Vinyl	21	10	37.5 %	8	5	3	2	1	2
Subtotal	96			37	24	14	8	5	8
Total - Pooled Items	96			37	24	14	8	5	8

Items marked by an \* are allocated to the low-value pool in later years.



# Prime cost method schedule (years 1 - 5)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allow	ance		TWDV @
	28-Mar-15 (\$)	Life (Years)	(PC)	28-Mar-15 30-Jun-15 Year 1 (\$)	1-Jul-15 30-Jun-16 Year 2 (\$)	1-Jul-16 30-Jun-17 Year 3 (\$)	1-Jul-17 30-Jun-18 Year 4 (\$)	1-Jul-18 30-Jun-19 Year 5 (\$)	1-Jul-19 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effective	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	844	10	10.0 %	22	84	84	84	84	486
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	2,801	10	10.0 %	73	280	280	280	280	1,608
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	295	5	100.0 %	295	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	2,312	10	10.0 %	60	231	231	231	231	1,328
Carpet	6,176	10	10.0 %	161	618	618	618	618	3,543
Ceiling Fans	427	5	20.0 %	22	85	85	85	85	65
Curtains	762	6	16.7 %	33	127	127	127	127	221
Door Closers	224	10	100.0 %	224	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	447	10	10.0 %	12	45	45	45	45	255
Garbage Bins	248	10	100.0 %	248	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	101	10	100.0 %	101	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	153	15	100.0 %	153	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	813	12	8.3 %	18	68	68	68	68	523
Light Shades	915	5	20.0 %	48	183	183	183	183	135
Rangehoods	844	12	8.3 %	18	70	70	70	70	546
Shower Curtains	76	2	100.0 %	76	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	492	6	16.7 %	21	82	82	82	82	143
Stoves	1,776	12	8.3 %	39	148	148	148	148	1,145
Vinyl	3,731	10	10.0 %	97	373	373	373	373	2,142
Subtotal	23,437			1,721	2,394	2,394	2,394	2,394	12,140
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	23,437			1,721	2,394	2,394	2,394	2,394	12,140
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	16,877			124	473	473	473	473	14,861
Total Depreciation	40,314			1.845	2.867	2.867	2.867	2,867	27,001



# Prime cost method schedule (years 6 - 10)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allowa	ance		TWDV @
	1-Jul-19 (\$)	Life (Years)	(PC)	1-Jul-19 30-Jun-20 Year 6 (\$)	1-Jul-20 30-Jun-21 Year 7 (\$)	1-Jul-21 30-Jun-22 Year 8 (\$)	1-Jul-22 30-Jun-23 Year 9 (\$)	1-Jul-23 30-Jun-24 Year 10 (\$)	1-Jul-24 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effective	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	486	10	10.0 %	84	84	84	84	84	66
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	1,608	10	10.0 %	280	280	280	280	280	208
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	1,328	10	10.0 %	231	231	231	231	231	173
Carpet	3,543	10	10.0 %	618	618	618	618	618	453
Ceiling Fans	65	5	20.0 %	65	0	0	0	0	0
Curtains	221	6	16.7 %	127	94	0	0	0	0
Door Closers	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	255	10	10.0 %	45	45	45	45	45	30
Garbage Bins	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	523	12	8.3 %	68	68	68	68	68	183
Light Shades	135	5	20.0 %	135	0	0	0	0	0
Rangehoods	546	12	8.3 %	70	70	70	70	70	196
Shower Curtains	0	2	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	143	6	16.7 %	82	61	0	0	0	0
Stoves	1,145	12	8.3 %	148	148	148	148	148	405
Vinyl	2,142	10	10.0 %	373	373	373	373	373	277
Subtotal	12,140			2,326	2,072	1,917	1,917	1,917	1,991
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	12,140			2,326	2,072	1,917	1,917	1,917	1,991
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	14,861			473	473	473	473	473	12,496
Total Depreciation	27,001			2,799	2,545	2,390	2,390	2,390	14,487



# Prime cost method schedule (years 11 - 15)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allowa	ance		TWDV @
	1-Jul-24 (\$)	Life (Years)	(PC)	1-Jul-24 30-Jun-25 Year 11 (\$)	1-Jul-25 30-Jun-26 Year 12 (\$)	1-Jul-26 30-Jun-27 Year 13 (\$)	1-Jul-27 30-Jun-28 Year 14 (\$)	1-Jul-28 30-Jun-29 Year 15 (\$)	1-Jul-29 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effective	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	66	10	10.0 %	66	0	0	0	0	0
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	208	10	10.0 %	208	0	0	0	0	0
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	173	10	10.0 %	173	0	0	0	0	0
Carpet	453	10	10.0 %	453	0	0	0	0	0
Ceiling Fans	0	5	20.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curtains	0	6	16.7 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Door Closers	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	30	10	10.0 %	30	0	0	0	0	0
Garbage Bins	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	183	12	8.3 %	68	68	47	0	0	0
Light Shades	0	5	20.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rangehoods	196	12	8.3 %	70	70	56	0	0	0
Shower Curtains	0	2	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	0	6	16.7 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoves	405	12	8.3 %	148	148	109	0	0	0
Vinyl	277	10	10.0 %	277	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal	1,991			1,493	286	212	0	0	0
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	1,991			1,493	286	212	0	0	0
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	12,496			473	473	473	473	473	10,131
Total Depreciation	14,487			1,966	759	685	473	473	10,131



# Prime cost method schedule (years 16 - 20)

Tax Grouping	Total Cost @	Effective	Basic Rate		Dep	reciation Allowa	ance		TWDV @
	1-Jul-29 (\$)	Life (Years)	(PC)	1-Jul-29 30-Jun-30 Year 16 (\$)	1-Jul-30 30-Jun-31 Year 17 (\$)	1-Jul-31 30-Jun-32 Year 18 (\$)	1-Jul-32 30-Jun-33 Year 19 (\$)	1-Jul-33 30-Jun-34 Year 20 (\$)	1-Jul-34 (\$)
Division 40 - Plant & Equipment (Effective	e Life Rates)								
Existing Unit Specific									
Air Conditioner - Room Units	0	10	10.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Conditioner - Split Systems	0	10	10.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bathroom Accessories - Freestanding	0	5	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blinds	0	10	10.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carpet	0	10	10.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ceiling Fans	0	5	20.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curtains	0	6	16.7 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Door Closers	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exhaust Fans	0	10	10.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garbage Bins	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heat, Light & Exhaust Units	0	10	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heaters - Electric	0	15	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hot Water Systems	0	12	8.3 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Light Shades	0	5	20.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rangehoods	0	12	8.3 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shower Curtains	0	2	100.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smoke Alarms	0	6	16.7 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoves	0	12	8.3 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vinyl	0	10	10.0 %	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Division 40 - Effective Life Rate	0			0	0	0	0	0	0
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance									
Total Division 43 (Page 11)	10,131			473	473	473	473	473	7,766
Total Depreciation	10,131			473	473	473	473	473	7,766



# Grouped depreciation rates - diminishing value method

BMT Tax Depreciation has allocated each asset into a group based on their rate of depreciation. The following tables provide a summary of the total deductions available for each depreciation rate for both the diminishing value method and the prime cost method of depreciation. This may assist when entering depreciation into accounting software packages.

Basic rate	Years								
(%)	28-Mar-15 30-Jun-15 Year 1 (\$)	1-Jul-15 30-Jun-16 Year 2 (\$)	1-Jul-16 30-Jun-17 Year 3 (\$)	1-Jul-17 30-Jun-18 Year 4 (\$)	1-Jul-18 30-Jun-19 Year 5 (\$)				
2.5	124	473	473	473	473				
18.75	1,806	0	0	0	0				
20	661	2,409	1,928	1,542	1,234				
37.5	0	2,934	1,834	1,149	716				
100	1,097	0	0	0	0				
Total	3,688	5,816	4,235	3,164	2,423				

Basic rate		Years								
(%)	1-Jul-19 30-Jun-20 Year 6 (\$)	1-Jul-20 30-Jun-21 Year 7 (\$)	1-Jul-21 30-Jun-22 Year 8 (\$)	1-Jul-22 30-Jun-23 Year 9 (\$)	1-Jul-23 30-Jun-24 Year 10 (\$)					
2.5	473	473	473	473	473					
18.75	0	0	0	0	0					
20	987	616	307	245	0					
37.5	448	604	727	455	652					
100	0	0	0	0	0					
Total	1,908	1,693	1,507	1,173	1,125					



# Grouped depreciation rates - prime cost method

Basic Rate			Years		
(%)	28-Mar-15 30-Jun-15 Year 1 (\$)	1-Jul-15 30-Jun-16 Year 2 (\$)	1-Jul-16 30-Jun-17 Year 3 (\$)	1-Jul-17 30-Jun-18 Year 4 (\$)	1-Jul-18 30-Jun-19 Year 5 (\$)
2.5	124	473	473	473	473
8.33	75	286	286	286	286
10	425	1,631	1,631	1,631	1,631
16.67	54	209	209	209	209
20	70	268	268	268	268
100	1,097	0	0	0	0
Total	1,845	2,867	2,867	2,867	2,867

Basic Rate			Years		
(%)	1-Jul-19 30-Jun-20 Year 6 (\$)	1-Jul-20 30-Jun-21 Year 7 (\$)	1-Jul-21 30-Jun-22 Year 8 (\$)	1-Jul-22 30-Jun-23 Year 9 (\$)	1-Jul-23 30-Jun-24 Year 10 (\$)
2.5	473	473	473	473	473
8.33	286	286	286	286	286
10	1,631	1,631	1,631	1,631	1,631
16.67	209	155	0	0	0
20	200	0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2,799	2,545	2,390	2,390	2,390



# Glossary of Terms

# **Building first use**

Properties generally depreciate for forty years from their construction completion date. When a purchaser becomes the first owner of a brand new investment property, they are entitled to claim depreciation for the full forty years as long as they own the property.

#### **Building price indices**

The building price index is a statistical based method of measuring building price movements over time. It is a composite index with weighted factors on an industry-wide basis.

#### Division 40

Division 40 refers to the plant and equipment assets contained within the property. These assets are deemed to be mechanical or easily removed from the property as opposed to items that are permanently fixed to the structure of the building. These are assets which are also listed as recognised plant and equipment assets by the Australian Taxation Office. Unlike deductions available for division 43, depreciation of plant and equipment is not limited by age. It is the condition and quality of each item as well as the individual effective life of the asset as set by the Australian Taxation Office which contributes to the depreciable amount. Some examples of plant and equipment assets include carpet, blinds, ovens as well as less obvious items such as door closers.

See the definitions also provided for plant and equipment assets and effective life within this glossary of terms.

#### Division 43

Division 43 refers to a deduction available for the wear and tear of the building. Also known as a capital works deduction. A deduction can be claimed for the building, structural improvements and fixed assets of a property at a rate of either 2.5% or 4% each year depending on the classification of the property's use and the property's construction commencement date as demonstrated in the following table.

Current Australian Taxation Office legislation states that a property owner is eligible to claim a deduction for the division 43 on income producing properties that commenced construction between the 18th of July 1985 and the present time. The depreciation available for building write-off can only be claimed for a maximum of forty years after the construction completion date. Examples of assets that will qualify for division 43 include walls, roof, tiles, built in robes, cabinets, fixed bathroom fittings and vanities.

Property owners may also be able to claim building write-off for renovations that have been completed to a property, even if these renovations were completed by a previous owner of the property.

#### Diminishing value method

The diminishing value method is one of two methods used to claim depreciation for plant and equipment assets. Under the diminishing value method the decline in value is calculated using the asset's base value. The base value of an asset is, broadly, its cost plus any costs incurred on the asset since you first held it less the decline in value of the asset up to the end of the prior year.



The formulas for the diminishing value method are:

Diminishing value m	Diminishing value method								
For depreciating assets you started to hold on or after 10th May 2006									
Base value*	X	Days held	X	200%					
		365		asset's effective life					
For depreciating ass	sets you started to ho	old prior to 10th May	2006						
Base value*	Χ	Days held	Χ	150%					
		365		asset's effective life					

<sup>\*</sup> For the income year in which an asset is first used or installed ready for use for any purpose, the **base value** is the asset's cost. For a later income year, the base value is the asset's opening adjustable value plus any amounts included in the asset's second element of cost for that year.

This method assumes that the decline in value each year is a constant proportion of the amount not yet written off and produces a progressively smaller decline in value over time.

This method results in a higher rate of depreciation deductions in the first five to ten years of owning the property.

Once a method has been chosen, this cannot be changed. For this reason, it is recommended to the property owner that they consult with an Accountant or a Financial Advisor for advice on which method will best suit their individual investment strategy and to ensure the best results are obtained.

#### Effective life

Australian Taxation Office legislation provides an effective life for each individual asset claimable as plant and equipment. Depreciation of plant and equipment based on this effective life is determined by the current Australian Taxation Office legislation in place at the time of this schedule being completed. See plant and equipment assets.

See the definitions also provided for division 40 and plant and equipment assets within this glossary of terms.

### Immediate write-off

Individual assets which cost \$300 or less can usually be written off as an immediate deduction in the year of their acquisition. This means an investor can claim 100% of the value of an asset in the same financial year as its purchase so long as the asset meets certain criteria as set by the Australian Taxation Office.

To be eligible for the immediate write-off, an asset must be used for the purpose of producing assessable income that was not income from carrying out a business. The asset also cannot be part of a set of assets acquired in the income year that together cost more than \$300. The cost of individual assets that have been acquired after the 1st of July 2001 that are the same asset type (or are considered to be identical or substantially identical in accordance with Australian Taxation Office legislation) must be added together when applying the \$300 threshold. If their combined total cost is more than \$300, they cannot be written off in the year of purchase (unless there are multiple owners and their interest in the asset is less than \$300). Alternatively, you may be able to allocate the asset to a low-value pool.



# Life of the property

From the date of construction completion, the Australian Taxation Office has determined that the owner of any property eligible to claim depreciation can do so for forty years. Therefore investors can claim the full forty years on a brand new building, while only the balance of the forty year period from the construction completion date can be claimed for an older property.

# Low-value pooling

From 1 July 2000, an optional low-value pooling arrangement for plant was introduced. It applied to certain plant costing less than \$1,000 or having an undeducted cost of less than \$1,000.

Under the UCA, you can allocate low-cost assets and low value assets to a low-value pool.

You work out the decline in value of an asset you hold jointly with others based on the cost of your interest in the asset. This means if you hold an asset jointly and the cost of your interest in the asset or the opening adjustable value of your interest is less than \$1,000, you can allocate your interest in the asset to your low-value pool. Once you choose to create a low-value pool and allocate a low-cost asset to it, you must pool all other low-cost assets you start to hold in that income year and in later income years. However, this rule does not apply to low-value assets. You can decide whether to allocate low-value assets to the pool on an asset-by-asset basis.

Assets which are placed into a low-value pool are able to be claimed by the property owner at a rate of 18.75% in the year of purchase and 37.5% every year thereafter.

#### Low-cost assets

A low-cost asset is a depreciable asset that has an opening value of less than \$1,000 in the year of acquisition.

# Low-value assets

A low-value asset is a depreciable asset that has a written down value of less than \$1,000. That is, the value of the asset may have been greater than \$1,000 in the year of acquisition however the value remaining after a previous year's depreciation deduction is less than \$1,000.

## Non-depreciable components

Examples of non-depreciable components include land value, market premiums, rates, taxes, holding costs and assets which have not been deemed to be depreciable according to current Australian Taxation Office legislation, for example soft landscaping.

## Not one of a number of identical or substantially identical items

Items are identical if they are the same in all respects. Items are substantially identical if they are the same in most respects even though there may be some minor or incidental differences. Factors to consider include colour, shape, function, texture, composition, brand and design.

The total cost of the asset and any other identical or substantially identical asset that you acquire in the income year must not exceed \$300. Do not take into account assets that you acquired in another income year.

#### Not part of a set

You need to determine whether items form a set on a case-by-case basis. You can regard items as a set if they are, dependent on each other, marketed as a set, or designed and intended to be used together. It is the cost of a set of assets you acquire in the income year that must not exceed \$300. You cannot avoid the test by buying parts of a set separately.



### Plant and equipment items

Depreciation can be claimed for assets recognised as plant and equipment items by current Australian Taxation Office legislation. Each asset is assigned an effective life by the Australian Taxation Office and is depreciated based on this effective life. Some examples of plant and equipment assets include carpet, blinds, ovens as well as less obvious items such as door closers.

See the definitions also provided for division 40 and effective life within this glossary of terms.

#### **Preliminaries**

Construction preliminaries refers to the associated expenses or costs that contractors incur in the completion of a project, for example a site office or heating of a site office, rather than the actual building working materials like the bricks and mortar.

#### Prime cost method

Under the prime cost method the decline in value is generally calculated as a constant percentage of the asset's cost and reflects a uniform decline in value over time. The formula is:

Prime cost method				
Asset's cost	Χ	Days held	X	100%
		365		asset's effective life

<sup>\*</sup> The cost of an asset includes both the amount you pay for it as well as any additional amounts you spend on transporting it and installing it. Cost also includes amounts you spend on improving the asset.

Once a method has been chosen, this cannot be changed. For this reason, it is recommended to the property owner that they consult with an Accountant or a Financial Advisor for advice on which method will best suit their individual investment strategy and to ensure the best results are obtained.

#### Pro-rata calculations

Pro-rata calculations are used to show a portion of a total quantity. When an investment property is rented part way through a year, depreciation claims are required to be based on a pro-rata calculation of the time that the property (or asset acquired and installed within the property) was income producing.

#### Split report

Ownership structures influence how depreciation deductions are calculated. Properties with multiple owners can create a complex tax situation. A BMT Tax Depreciation Schedule makes life easier for Accountants by splitting depreciation deductions to ensure the owners' claims are maximised. BMT Tax Depreciation can take into account any number of owners and ownership percentages from 2 owners at 60:40 or even 4 owners at 70:15:10:5.

## **Uniform Capital Allowance**

Under the Uniform Capital Allowance a depreciating asset starts to decline in value when you first use it (or install it ready for use) to produce income. You can deduct an amount equal to the decline in value for an income year of a depreciating asset that you held for any time during the year.

You must decide whether to calculate the decline in value of a depreciating asset using the prime cost or diminishing value method. Please refer to the definitions for prime cost and diminishing value method within this glossary of terms for further information on these methods.

Generally, the effective life of a depreciating asset is how long it can be used by any entity for a taxable purpose, or for the purpose of producing income. The effective life of an asset is based on the wear and tear, assuming that it will be maintained in reasonably good order and condition. BMT Tax



Depreciation always adopt the effective life of particular assets as determined by the Commissioner of Taxation unless advised otherwise.				

# Disclaimer

BMT Tax Depreciation Pty Ltd does not accept any contractual, tortious or any other form of liability for any consequences, loss or damage as a result of any other person acting upon or using this tax depreciation schedule.



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