# Trust Deed and Articles Fred Pattison Retirement Fund

# A Pension Fund

certify this to be a true copy of the document shown and reported to me as the original

Carla Andrea Barcelo

A Justice of the Peace in and for the state of NSW Reg. No. 195790

THIS TRUST DEED is made the twenty-second day of October two thousand thirteen

Frederick Pattison of 55 Elsie ST, BORONIA in the State of Victoria (hereinafter and in the BETWEEN

Articles called "the Founding Member") of the one part

AND

Fred Pattison Pty Ltd (ACN 166400684) a Company whose Registered Office is 1 Chifley SQ, SYDNEY in the State of New South Wales (hereinafter and in the Articles called "the

Trustees") of the other part

# WHEREAS

- The Founding Member desires to establish and maintain an indefinitely continuing Fund A. (hereinafter and in the Articles called "the Fund") for the sole or primary purpose of providing oldage pension benefits for persons who become Members of the Fund in the event of the retirement of the Member and benefits for Dependants of each Member of the Fund in the event of the death of the Member.
- The Trustees have agreed to act as the first Trustees of the Fund. B.
- C. The Founding Member has agreed to be the first Member of the Fund.

# NOW THIS DEED WITNESSES that:

- The Founding Member hereby establishes an indefinitely continuing Fund which is vested 1. in the Trustees for the sole or primary purpose of providing old-age pension benefits for each Member of the Fund in the event of the retirement of the Member and for the benefit of any Dependants of each Member in the event of the death of the Member and any other ancillary benefits approved by the Regulator.
  - The Trustees hereby declare that they hold all of the assets of the Fund in trust to be (b) applied in accordance with the provisions of this Deed and will administer them in accordance with the Articles for the time being in force.
- This Fund is called the Fred Pattison Retirement Fund. 2.
- The Fund comes into operation on the twenty-second day of October two thousand thirteen 3. (hereinafter and in the Articles called "the Commencement Date").
- This Deed and Articles extends to the successors and assigns of each of the parties hereto and 4. of each such other party as shall by instrument in writing adopt this Deed.
- The Articles (annexed hereto and as amended from time to time) shall have the same force and 5. effect as if set out in the body of this Deed.
- The Trustees with the agreement of a simple majority of the Members may at any time by oral 6. resolution or by instrument in writing amend all or any of the provisions of this Deed PROVIDED
  - any amendment which reduces any benefit that has accrued to any Member or which (a) affects the basis for calculating the amount of Retirement Benefit of any Member in a way that reduces that amount with respect to the period of membership before the date of the amendment and which retrospectively reduces benefits afficilities of the document member, shall require the written approval of the Regulatehowallathe intertibulity of the document member, shall require the written approval of the Regulatehowallathe intertibulity of the document or any other requirement of the Regulator; and Dated: ,06/01/2016

Carla Andrea Barcelo A Justice of the Peace in and

for the state of NSW Reg. No. 195790

- (b) no amendment introduced primarily for the purpose of securing:
  - (i) exemption or relief from liability for income tax under the provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Acts 1936 and 1997; and/or
  - (ii) compliance with the provisions of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (hereinafter and in the Articles called "the Super Act")

shall be deemed to be detrimental to interests of the Members; and

the Trustees shall give to each Member as soon as practicable thereafter, a written statement explaining the nature and purpose of the amendment and the effect (if any) of the amendment on the entitlements of the Members.

# **EXECUTION**

**EXECUTED** as a deed

# **EXECUTED BY**

Fred Pattison Pty Ltd

(ACN 166400684) IN ITS CAPACITY

AS TRUSTEE

Under Section 127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001

Director - Frederick Pattison

SIGNED SEALED AND EXECUTED

Witness

Founding Member - Frederick Pattison

Witness Name

I certify this to be a true copy of the document shown and reported to me as the original

Dated: 06/01/2016

Carla Andrea Barcelo

A Justice of the Peace in and

for the state of NSW Reg. No. 195790

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# CHAPTER 1: DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

1.1 In these Articles (that are an annexure to the Deed) unless the context indicates otherwise the following words and expressions have the following meanings:

Act:

means the Income Tax Assessment Acts, 1936 and 1997, the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act, 1993, the Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992, the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992, the Corporations Act 2001, the Superannuation (Government Co-Contribution for Low Income Earners) Act 2003, the Social Security Act, 1991, the Family Law Act 1975, the Family Law Legislation Amendment Act 2001, the Bankruptcy Act 1966 or the Veteran's Entitlement Act 1996 as the context shall require and includes any Regulations, amendments thereto, declarations or orders made or issued thereunder or any replacement or additional legislation in respect of the regulation of superannuation funds.

Account based Pension:

means an income stream that is paid by the Trustees from the Member's Individual Account that conforms to the requirements of Regulation 1.06(9A) of the Super Act.

Adopted Child:

means a person adopted by a Member:

- (a) under the law of a State or Territory relating to the adoption of children; or
- (b) under the law of any other place relating to the adoption of children, if the validity of the adoption would be recognised under the law of any State or Territory of Australia.

Allocated Pension:

means an income stream that is paid by the Trustees from the Member's Individual Account that conforms to the requirements of Regulation 1.06(4) and/or (5) of the Super Act.

Approved Deposit Fund:

means a fund established in accordance with Section 10 of the Super Act as an indefinitely continuing fund the sole purpose of which is to act as an investment repository for eligible termination benefits.

Auditor:

means an independent registered auditor or such other person who satisfies the definition of "approved auditor" in the Regulations of the Super Act.

Binding Nomination Form:

means a form approved by the Trustees that specify death benefit nominations are binding on the Trustees.

Child:

n relation to a person, includes an Adopted Child, a step-child or an ex-nuptial child of a person.

Class Specification:

means the benefit design details of each class for the purposes of Article 2.6 and may include, but not be limited to, the following matters:

- (a) eligibility requirements
- (b) type of contributions
- (c) type of pensions available
- (d) level of insurance
- (e) proportion of Member's Individual Account and amounts received by the Trustee in respect of the Member to be invested in each Investment Fund

Commencement

Day:

in relation to a Pension, means the first day of the period to which the first pension payment relates.

Company:

includes any company, corporation, or semi-government body or authority which is incorporated in or under the laws of a country, if the validity of the incorporation would be recognised under the law of any State or Territory, or the Act.

Constitutional Corporation:

means an entity as defined in the Super Act.

Contributions-Splitting

Superannuation

Benefit:

has the same meaning as under the Super Law.

Deed:

means this Trust Deed and Articles thereto and all amendments and variations thereto which have been validly made from time to time.

**Deferred Benefit:** 

means a benefit payable in accordance with Article 5.10 (a).

Dependant:

means:

- (i) a Spouse or Child of a Member; or
- (ii) any person who, under Super Law would be regarded to be in an interdependent relationship with that Member at the time of the Member's death, or
- (iii) any other person who is a Dependant under the Super Law

Designated Beneficiary:

means a Dependant or Legal Personal Representative specified in writing by a Member to the Trustees.

Employee:

means a person who is in the employment of an Employer, and if the Employer is a Company, includes a director of that Company. For the purposes of Article 2.9 (if and when provided and required by the Act and without limiting the above meaning of the term *employee*) a Member of the Fund who is an employee of a participating Employer, is also taken to be an employee of another person (the other person) if the participating Employer is:

- (a) a Relative of the other person; or
- (b) either of the following:
  - (i) a Constitutional Corporation of which the other person, or a Relative of the other person, is a director; or
  - (ii) a Constitutional Corporation related to that Constitutional Corporation; or
- (c) the trustee of a trust of which the other person or Relative of the other person, is a beneficiary; or
- (d) a partnership, where:
  - the other person (or a Relative of the other person) is a partner in the partnership; or
  - (ii) the other person (or a Relative of the other person) is a director of a Constitutional Corporation that is a partner in the partnership; or

(iii) the other person (or a Relative of the other person) is a beneficiary of a trust, if the trustee of the trust is a partner in the partnership.

Employer:

means a Company, trust, partnership, sole trader or other entity approved by who contributes to the Fund on behalf of a Member and engages the Member to perform work including under a sub-contract.

# Employer-Financed Vested Benefit

means any part or all of the contributions made by the Employer of that Member voluntarily and/or by specific agreement with that Member and/or in accordance with certified agreements or consent awards ratified by the Australian Conciliation and Arbitration Commission (or relevant State Commission or Tribunal) and conferred on that Member to be an entitlement on resignation or withdrawal and includes amounts to which that Member becomes entitled upon withdrawal or as a result of the exercise of a discretion by the Trustees or the Employer as to the amounts of benefits payable upon withdrawal or which are otherwise deemed by the Super Law to be an Employer-Financed Vested Benefit.

Flagging Order:

has the same meaning as in the Family Law Act 1975.

Flag Lifting Agreement:

has the same meaning as in the Family Law Act 1975.

Forfeited Benefits Register:

means the register established and maintained in accordance with Article 4.13.

Fully Commutable Pension:

means an income stream paid by the Trustees under this Deed where the person entitled to the income stream has the sole right to convert the income stream in whole or in part to an equivalent lump sum (as determined by the Trustees) and such right to convert the income stream is exercisable at the time of entitlement or at any time thereafter provided that such conversion is acceptable under Super Law.

Fund:

means the fund established by this Deed.

**Fund Account:** 

means the account of the Fund established in accordance with Article 4.9.

In House Assets:

means an investment defined as an In-House Asset under the Super Act

**Individual Account:** 

means the separate account maintained under each class of membership maintained for each Member of the Fund in accordance with Article 2.6 and Article 4.10.

**Investment Fund:** 

means each authorised investment fund created in accordance with to Article 4.5.

Legal Personal Representative:

means the person or persons who are the executor or administrator of the Estate of a deceased person, the trustee of the Estate of a person under a legal disability or a person who holds an enduring power of attorney.

Life Expectancy:

means the life expectancy period as published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics and prescribed for use by the Regulator or an Act

Market Linked Pension:

means an income stream that is paid by the Trustees from the Member's Individual Account that conforms to the requirements of Regulation 1.06(8) of the Super Act.

Member:

means the Founding Member and any person for whom the Trustee has received an application to join the Fund and who has been approved by the

Trustees as a Member of the Fund and who has not ceased to be a Member of the Fund and includes persons in receipt of a Pension from the Fund or through the Trustees of the Fund, by virtue of membership or by being a Designated Beneficiary of a Member or a Designated Beneficiary of a former Designated Beneficiary who since became a Member, as well as former Members who continue to have rights or contingent rights to benefits under the Fund.

# Member-Financed Benefit:

means the accumulation of a Member's contributions plus the amount transferred to the Fund in respect of that Member being a benefit from the previous fund that had, prior to that transfer, become vested in a Member, together with the Net Earnings allocated on those contributions and transfers. The Member-Financed Benefit shall at all times be calculated in accordance with the Regulations of the Super Act.

#### Minor Member:

means a Child under age 18 enrolled as a Member by an eligible application under the Super Law.

# Net Earnings:

means the proportion of the Net Income of the Fund for a period, not exceeding 12 months, allocated by the Trustees to a Members' Individual Account and Reserves. The Trustees may determine an interim net earning rate for the purposes of allocating net earnings for benefits payable during the year or after the year if the Fund's Accounts are not finalised PROVIDED THAT the Trustees in determining the proportion of the Net Income and realised profits (or losses) uses an interim rate of earnings which is determined with regard to the manner in which the earning rate actually credited in the previous period was determined, the likely investment conditions in the following period and any particular matters which are likely to influence the earning rate in the period AND THAT such interim rate of earnings be applied consistently to all Members leaving the Fund PROVIDED FURTHER THAT the interim earning rate may be amended before the end of the period when it is considered that the use of another rate is more appropriate having regard to the beforementioned factors.

## Net Income:

means the total investment income plus realised capital profits (or losses) less any taxes, administration and other reasonable costs incurred in running each Investment Fund as determined by the Trustees. The Trustees may also take into account any unrealised capital profits or losses less provision for any tax. The Trustees may transfer a part of the Net Income in any year to one or more Reserves.

# Nominated Guarantee

Period:

means in relation to a Complying Lifetime Pension a period no greater than

- a) The life expectancy of the Member at the Commencement Date provided it is less than 20 years, or
- b) 20 years in all other cases.

Non-Member Spouse:

means a person who was the spouse of a Member and the Member has an interest subject to a payment split under the Family Law Act 1975.

# Normal Retirement

Date:

means in respect of a Member the day of attaining age 65 or such other age as specified by the Regulations of the Super Act.

Pension:

means an income stream that is funded from the Member's Individual Account or from the Pension Reserve and payable by the Trustees to a Member and at all times satisfies the definition of pension in the Super Act.

#### Pension Reserve:

means a reserve established by the Trustees in accordance with Article 4.12.

# Permanent Disablement:

means in relation to a Member:

- (a) the loss of:
  - two limbs: or
  - the sight of both eyes: or
  - one limb and the sight of one eye (where "limb" includes a "whole hand" or "whole foot"); or
- (b) such other permanent incapacity (as defined in the Super Act) as the Trustees shall regard as Permanent Disablement certifying that in their opinion the Member is unlikely ever to be able to work again in a job for which the Member is reasonably qualified by education, training or experience,

subject to the condition that every determination of permanent disablement shall be decided by the Trustees after consideration of medical evidence and their decision shall be conclusive and binding on the Trustees and Members.

# Preserved Benefit:

means the value of a Member's benefit entitlement in Chapter 5 less the Restricted Non-Preserved Benefit amount and the Unrestricted Non-Preserved Benefit amount.

# Preservation Age:

means 55 years or such other age as is permitted or required by the Super Law from time to time.

Regulator:

means the government authority or other body under Section 10 of the Super Act that supervises and administers the compliance of funds with the Super-Law

### Release Authority:

means a documented authority issued by the Regulator stating the amount of excess contributions tax that a Member of the Fund is liable to pay.

## Relative:

for the purposes of Article 2.9 (if and when provided and required by the Act) and in relation to a Member or a Trustee means:

- (a) a parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, aunt, uncle, great aunt, great uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin or second cousin of the individual or of their Spouse or former Spouse; or
- another individual having such a relationship to the individual or their (b) Spouse or former Spouse because of adoption or remarriage; or
- the Spouse or former Spouse of the individual, or Member referred to (c) in paragraph (a) or (b).

#### Reserve:

means the provision or reserve within the Fund established by the Trustees in accordance with to Article 4.11.

# Restricted Non-preserved

Benefit:

has the meaning attributed to it in the Regulations of the Super Act.

Retirement/ Retires:

means Retirement/Retires as defined in the Regulations of the Super Act.

Retirement Benefits:

means those benefits payable in the form specified in Article 5.2.

Reversionary Beneficiary:

means a person that a Member nominates or the Trustees determine is eligible to receive their benefit entitlement as a Pension on the death of the Member. The Beneficiary must satisfy any eligibility requirements imposed by the Super Law.

# Splittable Contribution:

means a contribution to the Fund or other amounts stipulated under the Super Law allocated on or after 1 January 2006 but does not include:

- (a) an amount that has been rolled over or transferred to the Fund;
- (b) such other amounts as prescribed by the Super Law.

Splitting Order:

has the same meaning as in the Family Law Act 1975.

Spouse:

in relation to a Member, includes another person who, although not legally married to the Member, lives with the Member on a bona fide domestic basis as the husband or wife of the Member.

Superannuation Agreement:

has the same meaning as in the Family Law Act 1975.

Super Act:

means the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993.

Super Law:

means any provisions or requirements of an Act that must be complied with in order to obtain the maximum income tax and social security concessions available and satisfy regulatory requirements in respect of superannuation.

Temporary
Disablement:

means the continuous disability of a Member due to physical or mental disability, bodily injury, illness, disease or infirmity rendering a Member unable to perform their normal duties for their Employer or at their place of work and not incurred or inflicted for the purpose of obtaining a benefit from the Fund. Every determination of temporary disablement shall be decided by the Trustees after consideration of medical evidence and their decision shall be conclusive and binding upon The Trustees and Members.

Term:

means a period equivalent to the Life Expectancy or such other period stipulated by the Super Law, for which pension payments will be made to a Member who has a Market Linked Pension or a Complying Fixed Term Pension.

Trustees:

the first Trustees of the Fund or any other Trustees of the Fund appointed from time to time pursuant to and in accordance with these Articles.

Unrestricted Non-preserved Benefit:

has the meaning attributed to it in the Regulations of the Super Act.

- 1.2 In this Deed, unless inconsistent with the subject matter or context:
  - (a) words importing the plural number shall include the singular and vice versa;
  - (b) words importing one gender shall include the other gender;
  - (c) reference to a person includes a body corporate.
- 1.3 The Index to this Deed and the headings inserted in any Article are for convenience only and shall not affect the interpretation of the provisions of that Article or the Deed.
- 1.4 If any term defined in the Act is used in this Deed but not defined herein then such term shall have the same meaning that it has for the purposes of the Act.
- 1.5 References to legislation or a provision of any legislation include modifications or re-enactments of the legislation, or any legislative provision substituted for, and all legislation and statutory instruments and regulations issued under the legislation.

- 1.6 This Deed extends to the successors and assigns of each of the parties hereto and of each such other party as shall by instrument in writing adopt this Deed.
- 1.7 "Including" and similar expressions are not words of limitation.
- Where a word or expression is given a particular meaning, other parts of speech and grammatical forms of that word or expression have a corresponding meaning.

# **CHAPTER 2: MEMBERSHIP**

# APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

- 2.1 (a) Every person who is invited by the Trustees to participate in the Fund shall apply in writing in a form approved by the Trustees for admission to membership of the Fund and on approval by the Trustees shall become a Member of the Fund.
  - (b) The Trustees shall not be obliged to invite a person to participate in the Fund.
  - (c) The Trustees shall give to a person invited to participate in the Fund a written document that conforms with the requirements of the Super Law, containing details of the kinds of benefits provided to Members by the Fund, the conditions relating to those benefits and the method of determining entitlements to Members. The document shall be given to the person at a time no later than that specified in the Super Law.
  - (d) The total number of Members of the Fund shall not exceed four at any time.
- 2.2 The completed and signed application of a person shall constitute agreement by that person:
  - (a) to become a Member of the Fund; and
  - (b) to be bound by the terms and conditions of this Deed.
- 2.3 In the case of a Minor Member, the application must be signed by the Child's Legal Personal Representative consenting to the opening of the account. If the Child does not have a Legal Personal Representative then the consent must be obtained from the Child's parent or guardian.
- 2.4 In the case of a Non-Member Spouse applying to become a Member of the Fund, the Trustee has no obligation to accept the application for membership.
- 2.5 A Member shall cease to be a Member of the Fund at a date determined by the Trustees.

# **CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP**

- 2.6 The Trustees of the Fund shall have the power to create classes of membership of the Fund. Each class of membership will be determined by the Trustees and have a Class Specification.
- 2.7 Each Member will be advised by the Trustees of their class of membership. The Trustees may change a Member's class by written notice.

#### MEMBERS: RELATIONSHIP WITH TRUSTEES

- 2.8 Members and Trustees of the Fund must at all relevant times satisfy the conditions and/or possess any necessary relationship with each other and amongst themselves as required for a self managed superannuation fund under the Super Law.
- 2.9 Without limiting the generality of Article 2.8 (if and when the Act so provides and requires)
  - (a) where the Trustee is a Constitutional Corporation and there is only one Member of the Fund, then
    - (i) the Member must be the sole director of that Constitutional Corporation; or
    - the Member must be one of only two directors of that Constitutional Corporation and the other director a Relative of the Member; or
    - the Member must be one of only two directors of that Constitutional Corporation and the Member must not be an Employee of the other director where the other person is not a Relative of the Member.



- (b) where the Trustee is a Constitutional Corporation and there is more than one Member, all Members must be directors of the Constitutional Corporation.
- (c) where the Trustees are individuals and there is only one Member of the Fund; then
  - (i) the Member and one other person who is a Relative of the Member must act as Trustees; or
  - (ii) the Member and one other person, who is not a Relative, where the Member must not be an Employee of the other person, must act as Trustees.
- (d) where the Trustees are individuals and there is more than one Member of the Fund, then all Members must act as Trustees.
- (e) the Fund does not fail to satisfy the conditions specified above in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Article by reason only that:
  - (i) a Member of the Fund has died and the Legal Personal Representative of the Member is a Trustee of the Fund or a director of a Constitutional Corporation that is a Trustee of the Fund, in place of the Member, during the period:
    - A. beginning when the Member of the Fund died; and
    - B. ending when death benefits commence to be payable in respect of the Member of the Fund; or
  - (ii) the Legal Personal Representative of a Member of the Fund is a Trustee of the Fund or a director of a Constitutional Corporation that is the Trustee of the Fund, in place of the Member, during any period when:
    - A. the Member of the Fund is under a legal disability; or
    - B. the Legal Personal Representative has an enduring power of attorney in respect of the Member of the Fund; or
  - (iii) the parent or guardian of the Member is a Trustee of the Fund in place of the Member where the Member is under a legal disability because of age and does not have a Legal Personal Representative.
- (f) Trustees must ensure that before a new Member is admitted, that new Member satisfies the requirements of paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Article. If, after admission, these requirements cease to be satisfied in relation to a Member, the Trustees must ensure that they are satisfied within six months of the date they cease to be satisfied, such that the Fund's structure complies with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Article.

# PORTABILITY: TRANSFER FROM ANOTHER FUND

- 2.10 (a) Should a Member request the transfer of part or all of their entitlement in another superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund or annuity to the Fund, the Trustees may make such arrangements as they think proper for any transfer of assets (including cash) to the Fund and may make arrangements regarding any other matter which in their opinion is necessary to admit such Member to membership of the Fund PROVIDED THAT such part or the whole (as the case may be) of the Member's transferred amount that is a Preserved Benefit will be retained as a Preserved Benefit until it is payable under the Super Law.
  - (b) The Trustees must hold the money or assets referred to in Article 2.10(a) as part of the Fund and reflect the transferred amount in the particular Member's Individual Account as it determines.
  - (c) On any transfer in accordance with this Article 2.10, the amount of any entitlement for the Member in respect of the transferred amount is the amount or the value of the assets transferred as determined by the Trustees and the composition of it must be as determined by the Trustees having regard to the information provided by the trustee of the other superannuation fund, Approved Deposit Fund or annuity.



(d) From 1 January 2006 the Trustees may accept into the Fund on behalf of a Member the rollover (including internal rollover), transfer or allotment of a Contributions-Splitting Superannuation Benefit and may impose any conditions on such acceptance as the Trustees decide.

# PORTABILITY: TRANSFER TO ANOTHER FUND

- 2.11 (a) Should a Member request the transfer of their entitlement to another superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund or annuity (Other Fund), the Trustees may with the agreement of the Member transfer (by a payment in cash or transfer in specie), in lieu of part or all of any other benefit to which the Member may be entitled under this Deed, directly to the Trustees of that other superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund or directly to the life office or other financial institution granting that annuity (as the case may be) such portion of the assets of the Fund as the Trustees consider equitable (Rollover Payment) PROVIDED THAT the transfer of that part (if any) of the total benefit being transferred which is a Preserved Benefit may only be transferred to a superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund which has the appropriate provisions to continue to preserve such part of the transferred amount as is required by the Super Law may only be applied toward the purchase of an annuity which may not commence payments prior to Preservation Age and which cannot be surrendered prior to that age (as the case may be).
  - (b) The receipt of the Rollover Payment by a proper officer of the Other Fund is a complete discharge to the Trustees of all liabilities in respect of it and the Trustees have no responsibility to see to its application.
  - (c) The Member or former Member must complete and execute a Rollover Payment notification or any other documents and provide to the Trustees any information required to enable the Rollover Payment to be made.
  - (d) The Trustees must pay any benefits as required by the Super Law to an eligible rollover fund as determined by the Trustees, being a fund that satisfies the Super Law to enable it to accept the payment.
  - (e) (i) From 1 January 2006, a Member of the Fund may apply to the Trustees to rollover, transfer or allot some or all of the Member's Splittable Contributions made in a financial year to the Member's Spouse.
    - (ii) The Trustees, from 1 January 2006, may accept an application to rollover, transfer or allot Splittable Contributions in any circumstances permitted by the Super Law or may impose such conditions as it decides on the acceptance of a contributions-splitting application and may pay a Contributions-Splitting Superannuation Benefit to effect such application.
    - (iii) The Trustees have discretion to reject any contributions-splitting application made by a Member without providing reasons.

# TEMPORARY ABSENCE FROM EMPLOYMENT

2.12 Where the Trustees are satisfied that a Member who has left employment for whatever reason is likely to return to employment within a reasonable period, they may with the consent of the Member make such arrangements in regard to the benefit entitlement of the Member as they consider appropriate.

#### **INFORMATION**

2.13 (a) Every Member, Dependent and Employer when requested by the Trustees shall furnish any information the Trustees in their absolute discretion shall deem necessary for the purposes of the operation of the Fund and without limiting the generality of the foregoing such information may, but not limited to the following:

- (i) evidence of age of a Member or Dependant:
- (ii) evidence of gainful employment at the time of joining the Fund and contributions to the Fund;
- (iii) in the case of a Member, medical evidence at the commencement of their membership of the Fund or at any other time while a Member of the Fund;
- (iv) in the case of a Member receiving a Pension, evidence establishing an entitlement to a Pension;
- (v) in the case of a Dependant, evidence of the death of the Member or any other Dependant.

If any Member or Dependant fails to comply with the request for information the Trustees may suspend the payment of any benefits or Pensions.

Where the information is not furnished within six months of the first request and/or where the information furnished by or in respect of a Member or Dependant in any statement submitted to the Trustees is fraudulently incorrect in any material particular, the benefits payable to or in respect of such Member or Dependant may cease or may be forfeited in part or whole by such amounts as shall be determined by the Trustees in their absolute discretion.

- (b) (i) The Trustees shall provide the Members and prospective Members, or cause the Members and prospective Members, to be provided with such statements, notices, documents and information concerning the administration of the Fund as is required by Super Law, including prescribed information on request and information concerning significant events. The Trustees shall retain for so long as they are relevant and, in any event, for at least ten years or for such other period as required by the Super Act, copies of all reports given to the Members.
  - (ii) If the Trustees cause someone else to provide a Member or prospective Member with such a statement, notice, document or such information, the Trustees shall, if required by Super Law, obtain from that person a written declaration stating that the person has provided the Member or prospective Member with a statement, notice, document or information, as the case may be.
- (c) The Trustees shall provide Employers with such notices, statements and other information as may be required by Super Law.



# CHAPTER 3: CONTRIBUTIONS

- 3.1 Each Member (or Spouse of the Member) shall contribute to the Fund such amount as they determine and if agreed between the Member and their Employer, the Employer shall deduct contributions so determined from their remuneration from time to time.
- 3.2 (a) The Trustees shall only accept a contribution by the Employer, Member, Member's Spouse or permitted person in respect of a Child Account that is in accordance with the requirements of the Super Act.
  - (b) The Trustees shall accept contributions for any Member from any party permitted to contribute for that Member in accordance with the Super Law.
  - (c) Subject to requirements of the Super Law, each Employer shall pay its contributions and its Members' contributions to the Trustees in such a manner and at such time or times as is agreed upon between each Employer and the Trustees.
- 3.3 (a) Each Employer shall advise the Trustees of the amount of contributions made in respect of each Member that are fully vested within any time frame required under the Super Law.
  - (b) Each Member shall advise the Trustees of the amount of contributions made in respect of them that shall be claimed as a tax deduction.
- Where the Member has a controlling interest in the Employer, a contribution from the Member does not constitute a contribution from an Employer in respect of a Member.
- 3.5 Any payment by a Member or an Employer direct to any investment manager, life insurance office or other financial institution or entity, and notified to the Trustee shall be deemed to be both a payment by that Member or Employer into the Fund and a payment by the Trustees of the Fund to such investment manager, life insurance office or other financial institution or entity. Any contribution may be paid by cheque, cash, assignment or transfer of ownership of any benefits or assets (including life insurance policies).
- 3.6 The Trustees shall be entitled to refund any contribution in respect of a Member that does not satisfy the requirements of the Super Law.
- 3.7 When contributions are made in respect of a Member and the Member is a member of more than 1 class, the Member must state in relation to which class or classes the contribution is being made and the specific amounts to be allocated by the Trustee to the appropriate Individual Account or Accounts.
- 3.8 A contribution may be made:
  - (a) in cash; or
  - (b) by transfer of assets, but only if the Trustees determine that the asset transferred is an appropriate investment for the Fund and there is no breach of Article 4.3.

If a contribution is made by transfer of an asset, the Trustees must obtain a valuation of the asset as soon as is reasonably practicable.

- 3.9 If a Member or the Regulator has given a Release Authority to the Trustees requiring tax on excess contributions to be paid, the Trustees must pay an amount equal to the tax payable within 30 days of receiving the Release Authority (or such other time as the Super Law stipulates) to:
  - (a) the Member;
  - (b) the Regulator; or
  - (c) as required by the Release Authority provided it complies with the Super Law.

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# **CHAPTER 4: THE FUND**

- 4.1 The Fund shall comprise the following:
  - (a) any contributions by, for and on behalf of Members, including Government co-contributions, spouse contributions, or shortfall amounts paid by the Australian Taxation Office;
  - (b) contributions by any Employer;
  - (c) interest, dividends and other proceeds arising from any investment and the accumulation thereof;
  - (d) payments from any death or disablement insurance policy;
  - (e) payments from any life office or other financial institution granting an annuity; and
  - (f) monies, investments and other property transferred to the Fund from any other superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund by way of or permitted by law.

# **INVESTMENTS**

- 4.2 All monies belonging to the Fund but not required to meet current payments may be invested by the Trustees in or upon investments, whether secured or unsecured, of any kind (not limited to investments of trust funds) and in any country of the world as the Trustees in their absolute discretion shall think fit and without limiting the generality of the foregoing either directly or indirectly in:
  - (a) any one or more of the investments authorised by the laws of Australia or of any of its States or Territories for the investment of trust funds;
  - (b) debentures of, or preference or ordinary shares or stock in, or registered notes or bills of exchange either secured or unsecured issued by, or unsecured loans to, or share or stock options offered by any company in Australia or elsewhere;
  - (c) trading savings or merchant banks, building societies, friendly societies, authorised or unofficial dealers in the short term money market or other deposit-taking institutions acceptable to the Trustees;
  - (d) units or sub-units in any unit trust or any mutual fund:
  - (e) real or leasehold property;
  - (f) life insurance policies, accident and sickness or disability policies, either alone or jointly with some other person;
  - (g) the purchase of immediate or deferred annuities contingent on the life of a Member or Dependant (either alone or jointly) or for a fixed period;
  - (h) deposits at call or for fixed terms with an Employer (provided they comply with the "inhouse" standards and/or limitations imposed by the Super Act.);
  - (i) any other investment which the Trustees consider to be appropriate and which is acceptable under the Super Law with full power to vary, replace and otherwise deal with such investments as fully and effectively and with the same unrestricted powers in all respects as a person absolutely and beneficially entitled dealing with their own property may do.
- 4.3 (a) Any asset that is a loan to, an investment in a related party or related trust or subject to a lease or lease arrangement between the Trustees and a related party shall at all times comply with the In-House Assets standards and/or limitations imposed by the Super Act.
  - (b) Acquisitions of assets from Members, relatives of Members and related parties shall at all times comply with the investment standards and/or limitations imposed by the Super Act.

- (c) Notwithstanding the general provisions of Article 4.2 the Trustees shall at all times comply with the requirements of the Super Law and the guidelines of the Regulator in relation to the investments of the Fund.
- 4.4 Investments may be held in such name or names as the Trustees shall from time to time determine. Such names may include the name of a nominee of the Trustees of the Fund, whether an individual or a Company. No Member has or acquires any beneficial or other interest in a specific investment of the Fund or the investments of the Fund as a whole except where the Trustees have determined to hold specific investments to the account of and in respect solely of a Member or class of Members.

#### **INVESTMENT FUNDS**

- 4.5 Whenever the Trustee makes an investment or group of investments these investments may be designated as an Investment Fund. In that circumstance the Trustee shall give the Investment Fund a name fairly reflecting the investment policy and nature of this Investment Fund that distinguishes it from other Investment Funds.
- 4.6 Each Investment Fund will have a separate calculation of Net Income based on the net asset value relating to the underlying assets of the Investment Fund and the expenses, costs and charges that relate to that Investment Fund.

# **BORROWING RESTRICTIONS**

4.7 The Trustees shall not borrow or raise money, whether by way of a secured or unsecured loan or other method, except in accordance with Super Law.

#### **EXPENSES**

4.8 All costs, charges and expenses incurred in the establishment, management and administration of the Fund incurred from time to time which are not paid by an Employer or the Members shall be paid out of the Fund.

# **FUND ACCOUNT**

- 4.9 The Trustees shall cause a Fund Account to be maintained in which shall be recorded:
  - (a) an Individual Account for each Member;
  - (b) the amount (if any) recorded in each Reserve established in accordance with Article 4.11;
  - (c) the amount (if any) recorded in the Pension Reserve established in accordance with Article 4.12:
  - (d) the amount (if any) recorded in the Forfeited Benefits Register established in accordance with Article 4.13; and
  - (e) all other assets of the Fund as specified in Article 4.1 of this Deed.

# MEMBER'S INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNT

- 4.10 An Individual Account shall be maintained for each Member of the Fund in which shall be recorded for each year of their membership the following financial data:
  - (a) the contributions by their Employer in respect of the Member;
  - (b) the contributions (if any) by, for or on behalf of the Member;
  - (c) that proportion of any amount transferred into the Fund on the Member's behalf pursuant to Article 2.10 which the Trustees with the Member's agreement determine to be Member-Financed Benefits, non preserved Employer-Financed benefits and preserved Employer-Financed benefits;
  - (d) the proceeds of any insurance cover effected by the Trustees for the benefit of the Member (to the extent the proceeds of the cover are not already credited to the Individual Account of the Member);
  - (e) any Net Income in respect of the Member's Individual Account allocated to each Investment Fund;
  - (f) any allocations from the Forfeited Benefits Register in accordance with Article 5.21;
  - (g) any transfers from the Pension Reserve or any other Reserve in accordance with Articles 4.11 and 4.12;
  - (h) any amounts rolled over, transferred or allotted to the Member's Individual Account as part of a contributions split;
  - (i) any other amounts able or required to be credited to the Member's individual Account in accordance with the Act;
  - government taxes, surcharges, charges or duties, if any, that the Trustee determines relate to the contributions, transfers or investments in the Member's Individual Account,
  - (k) the cost of insurance cover (if any) effected by the Trustees for the benefit of the Member;
  - (l) the benefits (if any) paid to the Member (including any amount transferred out of the Fund on the Member's behalf pursuant to Article 2.11);
  - (m) any allocations tφ the Forfeited Benefits Register in accordance with Article 5.20;
  - (n) any transfers to the Pension Reserve or any other Reserve in accordance with Articles 4.11 and 4.12;
  - (o) any amount that must be paid to a Non-Member Spouse's account;
  - (p) any amounts to be rolled over, transferred or allotted from the Member's Individual Account as part of a contributions split;
  - (q) any other amounts able or required to be debited to Member's Individual Account in accordance with the Act.

The balance of the Individual Account for a Member is (a) plus (b) plus (c) plus (d) plus (e) plus (f) plus (g) plus (h) plus (i) minus (j) minus (k) minus (l) minus (m) minus (n) minus (o) minus (p) minus (q).

# **RESERVES**

- 4.11 The Trustees may establish a provision or Reserve within the Fund for any purpose they think fit that is permissible under the Super Law and without limiting the generality of the foregoing the following Reserves may be established,
  - (a) a Taxation Reserve (in which are recorded any unpaid or expected taxation liabilities);

- (b) a Defined Benefit Reserve (for the accumulation of monies for benefits to be paid to members other than from a Member's Individual Account);
- (c) an Investment Fluctuation Reserve (to allow for Net Income to be retained from time to time to provide an earning rate to be declared);
- (d) an Expense Reserve (to pay costs incurred in the running of the Fund); and
- (e) a Suspended Benefit Reserve (for the purposes of Article [2.13(a)]),

and the Trustees may transfer any amount from the Net Income of the Fund, contributions or Individual Account of any Member to any one or more of the Reserves and vice versa and between the Reserves as they consider appropriate.

# THE PENSION RESERVE

- 4.12 When required, the Trustee shall establish and maintain a Pension Reserve in respect of the Fund, which shall not be allocated between Members and shall record in relation thereto, after the close of each income calculation period:
  - (a) the accrual of:
    - (i) any amounts transferred from the Member's Individual Account; and
    - (ii) any annuity payments received from any annuity policy effected by the Trustee; and
    - (iii) any allocations from the Forfeited Benefits Register in accordance with Article 5.21; and
    - (iv) any transfers from a Reserve established pursuant to Article 4.11; and
    - (v) any transfers from the Net Income of the Fund in accordance with Article 1.1,

and

- (b) the deduction of:
  - (i) each of the Pensions paid by the Fund from the Pension Reserve: and
  - (ii) the cost of any annuity policies effected by the Trustees; and
  - (iii) any allocations to the Forfeited Benefits Register in accordance with Article 5.20, and
  - (iv) any transfers to a Reserve in accordance with Article 4.11; and
  - (v) any transfers to the Net Income in accordance with Article 1.1.

# FORFEITED BENEFITS REGISTER

- 4.13 A Forfeited Benefits Register shall be maintained and shall record, where benefits are forfeited for any particular Member:
  - (a) the amount of benefit forfeited or the extent to which a benefit paid or payable to or in respect of a Member is less than the balance of their Individual Account or any transfers from the Pension Reserve under this Deed; and
  - (b) the manner in which the Trustees have applied this amount in accordance with Article 5.21.

# **CHAPTER 5: BENEFIT ENTITLEMENT**

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT

- 5.1 Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, a Member shall be entitled to a Retirement Benefit in the event that:
  - (a) the Member attains their Normal Retirement Date; or
  - (c) any other event permitted or required by the Super Law.
  - The Retirement Benefit shall be payable by agreement between the Member and the Trustees in any combination of forms of Pensions and in the proportions so agreed.
- 5.2 The amount of the Retirement Benefit payable as a Pension shall be equivalent to the balance of a Member's Individual Account.

#### **DEATH BENEFIT**

- 5.3 (a) Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, should a Member die before being entitled to a Retirement Benefit, a death benefit in the form of a lump sum or Pension shall be payable in accordance with Articles 5.5, 5.6 and 5.13 as applicable. The death benefit shall be equal to the proceeds of Member plus the Member-Financed Benefit and the Employer Financed Vested Benefit of the Member at the date of payment, plus such amount as shall be determined by the absolute discretion PROVIDED THAT the value of the said death benefit the balance of the Member's Individual Account or that Member's actuarial share of the Defined Benefit Reserve, as the case may be.
  - (b) Should a Member die while entitled to a Retirement Benefit, after a Pension has commenced, then a death benefit in the form of a lump sum or Pension shall be payable in accordance with the conditions agreed between the member and the trustee at the commencement of the Pension and the Super Law. The Death Benefit shall be equal to the balance of the Members' Individual Account and/or that Member's actuarial share of the Pension Reserve as the case may be, at the date of payment.
- 5.4 Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, should a Member die while entitled to a Deferred Benefit, a death benefit shall be payable in accordance with Articles 5.5, 5.6 and 5.13 of an amount equal to the balance of the Member's Individual Account at the date of payment.

# DEATH BENEFIT - BINDING NOMINATIONS AND DESIGNATED BENEFICIARIES

- 5.5 (a) (i) Where a Designated Beneficiary has been nominated in writing by a Member on a Binding Nomination Form, and the Designated Beneficiary is a valid nomination in accordance with the Super Law, then that nomination (including any proportion specified) is binding on the Trustees. Such nomination (including any proportion) may only be changed by written notice given to the Trustees by the Member.
  - (ii) Where there is a binding nomination of a Designated Beneficiary but the Member has failed to specify the proportion in which the Designated Beneficiary is to take any benefit then the Member will be deemed to have made the following nominations as to proportions:
    - (A) where only one Designated Beneficiary is nominated a nomination of 100 percent to that Designated Beneficiary;
    - (B) where more than one Designated Beneficiary is nominated the Designated Beneficiaries are to take in equal shares.
  - (iii) Where there has been a valid and binding nomination of a Designated Beneficiary, such that Article 5.5(b) or (c) is not applicable then the death benefit must be paid to the surviving Designated Beneficiary in the proportions specified by the Member (or deemed so specified).



- (b) Where:
  - (i) a Legal Personal Representative of the Member's Estate can be determined or has been appointed within six months of the death of the Member; and
  - (ii) (A) a Designated Beneficiary has not been nominated in writing; or
    - (B) the nomination of the Designated Beneficiary is not a valid nomination; or
    - (C) a Designated Beneficiary has been nominated in writing but has pre-deceased the Member or cannot be located within twelve months after letters of administration or probate have been granted and the Trustees have made reasonable endeavours to locate the Designated Beneficiary,

then the death benefit or portion thereof, that the Designated Beneficiary would otherwise have been entitled to receive had it not been for the circumstance described in this Article 5.5 (b) (ii), must be paid to the Estate of the Member.

- (c) Where:
  - (i) Article 5.5(b)(i) is not applicable; and
  - (ii) Article 5.5(b)(ii)(A) or (B) or (C) is applicable

then all entitlements that would have otherwise been paid to a Designated Beneficiary from the Fund, shall be treated as a Forfeited Benefit as provided for in the Super Act, or in the absence of any such provision, shall be treated by the Trustees in accordance with provisions of Chapter 5 (in particular Articles 5.20 and 5.21).

# DEATH BENEFIT - NON-BINDING NOMINATIONS AND DESIGNATED BENEFICIARIES

Where a Designated Beneficiary has been nominated in writing by a Member without using a Binding Nomination Form, then that nomination (including any proportion specified) is not binding on the Trustees. The Trustees will pay the benefit arising from the death of the Member to the Dependants of that Member or to such one or more of the Dependants and Legal Personal Representatives to the exclusion of other Dependants in such proportion and manner as the Trustees in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

# PERMANENT DISABLEMENT BENEFIT

5.7 Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, should a Member depart from the workforce before being entitled to a Retirement Benefit on the grounds of Permanent Disablement they shall be entitled to a Permanent Disablement Benefit payable in the form of a lump sum or Pension of an amount equal to the proceeds of any insurance effected on the life of the Member for the benefit of the Member plus the Member-Financed Benefit and the Employer Financed Vested Benefit of the Member at the date of payment, plus such an amount as shall be determined by the Trustees in their absolute discretion PROVIDED THAT the value of the said Permanent Disablement Benefit shall not exceed the balance of the Member's Individual Account or that Member's actuarial share of the Defined Benefit Reserve (including the proceeds of any insurance on the life of the Member) at the date of payment.

#### TEMPORARY DISABLEMENT PENSION

5.8 Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, should a Member remain in the workforce but be absent from work for a period of not less than four weeks on the grounds of Temporary Disablement they shall be entitled to a Temporary Disablement pension of such an amount as shall be determined by the Trustees in their absolute discretion PROVIDED THAT the amount of the said Temporary Disablement pension shall be not less than the proceeds of any disablement insurance policy arranged by the Trustees and in all cases such benefits payable cease at the time the Member recovers from their Temporary Disablement or becomes eligible for another benefit payment

pursuant to these Articles PROVIDED FURTHER THAT the said Temporary Disablement pension shall not be payable for in excess of two years (or such other period as may be permitted by the Regulator) from the date of commencement of the said pension.

### OTHER TERMINATIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

- Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, should a Member cease employment before being entitled to a Retirement Benefit for any reason not specified in Articles 5.1 to 5.8 (inclusive) the Trustees may in their absolute discretion decide to pay a withdrawal benefit in accordance with Article 5.11. The entitlement and the amount thereof shall be determined by the Trustees in their absolute discretion PROVIDED THAT the amount of the said withdrawal benefit shall not exceed the balance of the Member's Individual Account at the date of payment PROVIDED FURTHER THAT the amount of the said withdrawal benefit shall not be less than the Member-Financed Benefit and the Employer-Financed Vested Benefit of the Member at the date of withdrawal and any other requirements of the Super Law PROVIDED ULTIMATELY THAT the Preserved Benefit shall not be payable to the Member prior to the Member's Preservation Age except in accordance with the Regulations of the Super Act.
- 5.10 Subject to the Regulations of the Super Act a withdrawal benefit may be paid in any one or more of the following forms by agreement between the Trustees and the Member entitled to the benefit:
  - (a) retained in the Retirement from Benefit"); Fund and paid as a lump sum or Pension payable at the Member's Retirement from Benefit");
  - (b) transferred to another superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund or life office or other financial institution that grants annuities in accordance with Article 2.11; or
  - (c) paid as a lump sum at the date of entitlement; or
  - (d) paid as a Pension commencing on the date of entitlement; or
  - (e) paid in any combination of the forms specified in (a) to (d) (inclusive) above and in the proportions so agreed.

# WITHDRAWAL BENEFIT

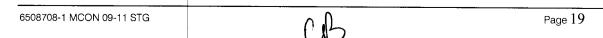
Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, a Member who is entitled to an Unrestricted Non-preserved benefit may at any time request the Trustees to pay a withdrawal benefit (including a rollover benefit) payable in the form of a lump sum or a Pension of an amount, as agreed between the Member and the Trustees, up to the amount of the Unrestricted Non-preserved benefit PROVIDED THAT any Pension actuarial value does not exceed the Member's Unrestricted Non-preserved benefit.

# **BENEFIT FORMULA**

5.12 The Trustees may decide to determine the amount of the Death Benefit, Permanent Disablement Benefit, Temporary Disablement Pension or withdrawal benefit provided by this Deed by way of a predetermined formula and they shall advise Members of such formula in writing. The Trustees after advising Members, may vary or dispense with the said formula or any one or more thereof PROVIDED THAT the amount of any benefit calculated in accordance with any such formula prior to the date of variation or dispensation of the relevant benefit is not reduced without the consent of those Members so affected.

# ALTERNATE FORMS OF BENEFITS

5.13 A person entitled to a benefit from the Fund may with the consent of the Trustees arrange in lieu of the original form of payment of the benefit, to receive part or all of it in some other form of equivalent value including a lump sum. Where the original benefit entitlement was in the form of a



Pension then the Lump Sum equivalent cannot exceed the value of the Member's Individual Account.

# **PAYMENT OF BENEFITS**

- 5.14 A Member, Designated Beneficiary or Legal Personal Representative of a Member who wishes to claim a benefit from the Fund shall apply in writing in a form approved by the Trustees.
- 5.15 Subject to Article 5.5, the determination as to whether any person is entitled to a benefit from the Fund and if so, the amount of such benefit payment shall be made by the Trustees whose decision shall be final.
- 5.16 The Trustees shall alter the entitlement to and the payment of benefits from this Fund as required to ensure compliance of the Fund with the Super Law.
- 5.17 Should the person entitled to a benefit be under the age of majority, the Trustees may pay all or part of the benefit to any other person who in the opinion of the Trustees is the parent or guardian or person having the actual custody or control of the minor to be held in trust for application on behalf of the minor (or their Dependants) and the receipt by the person to whom the benefit is paid shall be a good and sufficient discharge to the Trustees to the fullest extent permitted by law and the Trustees shall not be bound to see or determine the application thereof.
- 5.18 The Trustees shall deduct from the benefit entitlement the taxation liability in respect of that benefit for that Member or Dependant and remit the tax so deducted to the Commissioner of Taxation.
- 5.19 The benefit entitlement of the Member or their Dependants (after the deduction of tax) may be paid by cheque, cash or transfer of ownership of assets as the Trustees in their absolute discretion think fit. The Trustees may on the request of the Member or Dependant to whom a benefit is payable transfer investments of the Fund of equivalent value to such Member or Dependant in lieu of paying the whole or part of the amount otherwise payable under this Deed.

# FORFEITURE OF BENEFITS

- 5.20 (a) Subject to the \$uper Law, benefits payable out of the Fund may at the discretion of the Trustees be forfeited and, the amount recorded in the Forfeited Benefits Register if:
  - the person otherwise entitled thereto assigns, alienates or charges such benefits or part thereof; or
  - (ii) the person otherwise entitled thereto in the opinion of the Trustees commits fraud or is guilty of dishonesty, defalcation or serious misconduct; or
  - (v) Article 5.5(c) is applicable; or
  - (vi) the benefit does not otherwise vest.
  - (b) Subject to the provisions of the Super Act, the Trustees may not recognise, encourage or sanction:
    - (i) any assignment of a Member's benefit; or
    - (ii) any charge over the Member's minimum benefit, preserved benefit or non-commutable income stream, as defined in the Super Act.

#### APPLICATION OF FORFEITED BENEFITS

- 5.21 Subject to the requirements of the Super Law, the Trustees may at their sole discretion apply any benefits forfeited by Members or remaining in the Fund by virtue of the provisions of this Deed towards any one or more of the following purposes:
  - (a) the provision of supplementary benefits for retired Members of the Fund;

- (b) the provision on a reasonable basis of additional benefits for existing Members of the Fund;
- (d) the payment of any contribution due by a Member who is suffering hardship;
- (e) the payment to any Employer in accordance with the Super Act;
- (f) the payment of monies to the Commissioner of Taxation as unclaimed monies in accordance with Article 5.22; and
- (g) any other purpose approved by the Regulator,

PROVIDED THAT forfeited benefits shall be applied only for the benefit of Members, their Dependants and Retired Members who were at the date of the forfeiture entitled to benefits under this Deed.

# **UNCLAIMED MONEY**

5.22 The Trustees shall comply with the requirements of the Super Law in relation to payment of unclaimed money. If a benefit (other than a Pension) has become payable in accordance with this Article and the Trustees are unable to pay the benefit because the Trustees, after making reasonable endeavours to locate the person to whom the benefit is payable, are unable to do so, the Trustees shall treat the benefit as unclaimed money and pay it to the Commissioner of Taxation in accordance with the requirements of the Super Law.

# FINANCIAL HARDSHIP

5.23 The Trustees may, in their absolute discretion, pay part or all of the Member's withdrawal benefit (calculated in accordance with Articles 5.12 and 5.13) to a Member who is not entitled to be paid a benefit under the balance of this Deed, if the Member satisfies the requirements of the Super Act and the Trustees are satisfied that the Member is in severe financial hardship.

# PAYMENT OF BENEFIT OR AMOUNTS IN OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES

The Trustees may, in their absolute discretion, pay all or part of the amount of the balance of the Member's Individual Account to a Member, or another person, in the circumstances provided for in the Super Act, notwithstanding the restrictions imposed by this Deed.

# **CHAPTER 6: PENSIONS**

# **FULLY COMMUTABLE PENSIONS**

- 6.1 (a) The terms and characteristics of a Fully Commutable Pension shall be agreed between the Member and the Trustees prior to the commencement of the said Pension. This may include the initial payment level, duration and rate of increase of the Pension.
  - (b) The terms and characteristics of a Fully Commutable Pension in the course of payment may be altered with the consent of the Trustees and the person who is entitled to the benefit PROVIDED THAT the level of benefits in any year is within any guidelines required by the Super Law.
  - (c) The last instalment of any Fully Commutable Pension that is an Allocated Pension or an Account based Pension, shall fall due for payment upon the last day of the month immediately preceding the earlier of the date of the Member's death or, if they are survived by a Spouse, the date of death of the said Spouse or the date the balance of the Member's Individual Account is less than the amount of the next Fully Commutable Pension payment due.
  - (d) If the Fully Commutable Pension is not an Allocated Pension or an Account based Pension then the last instalment shall fall due at the end of the period specified at commencement of the Pension or at the date of the Member's death.
  - (e) Where a Fully Commutable Pension ceases for reasons, excluding those in Article 6.1(c) and there is a residual in the Member's Individual Account, the residual shall be paid to the Member as their final benefit entitlement.
  - (f) Where a Fully Commutable Pension ceases for the reasons excluding those in Article 6.1(d) and the pension is paid from the Pension Reserve, the residual paid to the member from the Pension Reserve shall be in accordance with any limits imposed by the Super Law.
  - (g) By agreement between the Member and the Trustees prior to the date of commencement of a Fully Commutable Pension, the Member may specify in writing, the form of their death benefit, should they die while in receipt of a Fully Commutable Pension. The form of the death benefit may be either as a lump sum and/or a Pension.
  - (h) Prior to commencement of a Fully Commutable Pension, the Member may elect to provide the Trustees with a nomination of a Reversionary Beneficiary by completion of a nomination form in accordance with either Article 5.5 or Article 5.6.
  - (i) In the event of the death of the Member who was entitled to a Fully Commutable Pension who did not specify the form in which their death benefit is to be paid, the Trustees shall pay the residual of the Member's Individual Account or the remaining entitlement from the Pension Reserve, as the case may be, to their Designated Beneficiary in a form agreed by the Trustee and Beneficiary, or in any other case as a lump sum to the Member's Legal Personal Representative.
  - (j) In the event of the death of the Member's surviving Designated Beneficiary who was in receipt of a Fully Commutable Pension the death benefit shall be paid as a lump sum equal to the residual capital value of the Fully Commutable Pension or such other form of benefit as permitted by the Super Law.
  - (k) An actuarial certificate is prepared by a qualified actuary in relation to the any Commutable Pension other than an Allocated Pension or an Account based Pension subject to the Trustees obligations under the Super Act and Regulations if and when required.

## MARKET LINKED PENSIONS

- The terms and characteristics of a Market Linked Pension shall be agreed between the Member and the Trustees prior to the commencement of the said Pension. This may include the selected Term, details of a Reversionary Beneficiary, if any, and any such other characteristics as required by the Trustees and/or the Super Law.
- For the purposes of ensuring that Market Linked Pensions comply with the provisions of the Super Law, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the Trustees shall ensure that:
  - (a) the Market Linked Pension is paid to the Member for a specified Term taking into account the initial selection of a Reversionary Beneficiary if required;
  - (b) the sum of the Market Linked Pension benefit payable to the Member in each year will be determined in adcordance with the Super Law;
  - (c) the Market Linked Pension does not have a residual capital value;
  - (d) the Market Linked Pension cannot be commuted except:
    - (i) within six months after the Commencement Day of the Market Linked Pension; or
    - (ii) by payment on the death of the Member, to the benefit of a Designated Beneficiary, or if there is no Designated Beneficiary, to the Estate of the Member; or
    - (iii) if the payment resulting from the commutation is transferred directly to the acquisition of another benefit where that benefit is provided under rules that meet Regulation 1.06 (2) or (3),(7), or (8) of the Super Act or under a contract that meets the standards of Regulation 1.05 (2), (3),(9), or (10) of the Super Act; or
    - (iv) to pay a superannuation contributions surcharge;
  - (e) if a Reversionary Beneficiary has been selected and the member dies, then the Market Linked Pension cannot be commuted under Article 6.3(d)(ii);
  - (f) if the Market Linked Pension reverts it does not have a reversionary benefit greater than 100 percent of the residual amount of the Member's Individual Account that was payable before the reversion;
  - (g) if the Market Linked Pension is commuted, the commuted amount cannot exceed the residual amount of the Member's Individual Account that was payable immediately before the commutation;
  - (h) the Market Linked Pension cannot be transferred to a person, except:
    - (i) to a Designated Beneficiary on the death of the Member; or
    - (ii) to the Estate of the Member if there is no Designated Beneficiary; and
  - (i) the capital value of the Market Linked Pension and the income from it cannot be used as security for a borrowing.

# **ALL TYPES OF PENSIONS**

- 6.4 (a) The Trustees shall ensure that all Pensions are income streams that comply with the Regulations of the Super Act.
  - (b) Subject to Articles 6.7 and 6.8, the terms and characteristics of a Pension will be as agreed between the Member and the Trustees prior to the commencement of the relevant Pension. This may include the selected Term, details of a Reversionary Beneficiary, if any, and any other characteristics as required by the Trustees and/or the Super Law.
- 6.5 (a) Pensions shall be payable monthly or quarterly or at such other interval as agreed between the Member and the Trustees, but not less than annually.

- (b) The first instalment of any Pension shall fall due for payment on the first day of each month or quarter, commencing on the first day of the first month immediately following the last day of the month in which the Member acquired the Pension.
- 6.6 (a) The Trustees may from time to time determine the Fund's liability for any tax, duty, or other impost as may be imposed on them after the commencement of a Pension and may, if the Trustees are not prohibited by law from doing so, adjust the Pension payments to be made during the remainder of the Pension.
  - (b) The Trustees may reduce the payments to be made under a Pension and retain any part of the Pension Reserve in order to provide funds to meet any liability of the Trustees to pay any surcharge or other tax, if the Trustees are not prohibited by law from doing so.
  - (c) The Trustees may deduct any tax due on any Pension payment or other benefit paid or termination payment and remit it to the Commissioner of Taxation or other duly empowered fiscal authority if required to do so.
  - (d) If a new or an increase in an existing tax, duty, charge or impost is imposed upon the investments that the Trustees use to fund Pension payments and the Trustees are of the reasonable opinion that the new imposition will prejudice its capacity to fund those payments, the Trustees may, subject to the Super Law and the requirements of the Super Act and any other lawful requirements, renegotiate with the Member other terms for the payment of a Pension.

# **FAMILY LAW PROVISIONS**

- 6.7 The Trustees must do all that is necessary pursuant to the Super Law to comply with the following:
  - (a) Superannuation Agreement;
  - (b) Flagging Order;
  - (c) Flag Lifting Agreement; or
  - (d) Splitting Order;

once the Trustees are satisfied that the order or agreement (as the case may be) provided by the relevant party satisfies the Super Law.

The Trustees are entitled to charge a reasonable fee for the provision of any information and in respect to any payment split pursuant to Article 6.7.

# **CHAPTER 7: THE TRUSTEES**

## APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES

- 7.1 (a) The first Trustees shall be appointed by the Founding Member and subsequent Trustees shall be appointed by the Members by simple majority vote in a meeting (where such simple majority of Members have aggregate benefits in their Individual Accounts which are greater than 50 percent of the total benefits in Individual Accounts in the Fund).
  - (b) The number of individual Trustees shall be at least two except where the Trustee is a Constitutional Corporation and it may be the sole Trustee.
  - (c) The first Chairman and subsequent Chairman of Trustees shall be elected by a simple majority vote of the Trustees.
  - (d) Any Employer, directors of any Employer, Constitutional Corporation or Member is eligible to be a Trustee of the Fund in accordance with the Super Act PROVIDED:
    - (i) they are not disqualified persons under the Super Law; and
    - (ii) to the extent that the Super Act provides and requires, they satisfy any necessary conditions, relationship or other requirements referred to in Articles 2.8 and 2.9.
- 7.2 With regard to the first Trustees and any subsequent Trustees whether individuals or a Constitutional Corporation, their eligibility, appointment, representation, composition and any other matter shall at all times comply with all of the Regulations of the Super Act, and any changes in Trustees shall be notified to the Regulator as prescribed in the Super Law.
- 7.3 In such circumstances as the Trustees may deem expedient the Trustees may appoint either in respect of the whole of the Fund or any part thereof new Trustees in any country in the world and may transfer assign and set over the whole or part of the investments of the Fund to any such new Trustees upon similar trusts and subject to similar terms and conditions to those declared in this Deed and either subject to the control of the Trustees or to the exclusion of such control and the Trustees shall in such event be indemnified and held harmless against any loss which may arise from the exercise of this power.

# RETIREMENT OF TRUSTEES

- 7.4 Any one Trustee shall cease to be a Trustee ("Retiring Trustee"):
  - (a) when the Members resolve by simple majority at a meeting (where such simple majority of Members have aggregate benefits in their Individual Accounts which are greater than 50 percent of the total benefits in Individual Accounts in the Fund) that such Trustee shall cease to be a Trustee; or
  - (b) when the Trustees serve notice in writing to that effect at a meeting where not less than 50 percent of Members are present; or
  - (c) where the Trustee is an individual:
    - (i) upon their death;
    - (ii) upon being declared legally incompetent;
    - (iii) upon becoming bankrupt;
    - (iv) upon being disqualified by operation of any law; or
    - (v) where a Trustee ceases to be a Member of the Fund.
  - (d) where the Trustee is a Constitutional Corporation, upon an administrator or receiver being appointed or an order being made for the winding up of the Trustee other than for the purposes of amalgamation or reconstruction, and in any such event the Trustee shall be deemed to be discharged from the trusts hereof.

- (e) The Retiring Trustee shall execute such documents and do all such things as may be necessary to give effect to such discharge.
- (f) The office of the Trustee must be filled at all times and in the event of a vacancy occurring, a new Trustee or Trustees must be appointed within 90 days of the vacancy occurring. If for any reason there is no Trustee of the Fund at any time the Members must undertake the duties of the Trustee to the extent that it is necessary to appoint a new Trustee in accordance with these Articles.

# **MEETING OF TRUSTEES**

- 7.5 Where there are two or the trustees, the Trustees (or if a Trustee is a Constitutional Corporation, their validly appointed representative) shall meet together for the dispatch of business after being given reasonable notice and regulate their meetings as they consider appropriate. Two Trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Any matter may be determined by a simple majority of the Trustees voting at any duly constituted meeting of the Trustees and such simple majority decision shall be deemed to be the decision of the Trustees. Each Trustee present at such a meeting shall be entitled to one vote and subject to the Regulations and the Super Act the Chairman shall be entitled to have a second or casting vote.
- 7.6 Where a Constitutional Corporation is acting as sole Trustee, the Trustee must decide all questions which would properly come before a meeting of the Trustees as if the Fund had individual Trustees, in accordance with the Corporations Law and the Trustee's Constitution.
- 7.7 Where there are two or more Trustees, a resolution in writing signed by all the Trustees (or if a Trustee is a Constitutional Corporation, all the directors thereof or a validly appointed representative) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Trustees duly convened and held.
- 7.8 The Trustees shall appoint a secretary who may be one of the Trustees. A minute book shall be kept by such secretary and there shall be entered in such minute book particulars of all minutes of all meetings of the Trustees as well as all resolutions of the Trustees. Such minutes shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting. Any minutes so signed shall in the absence of fraud be prima facie evidence of the matters stated in such minutes.

# CONFIDENTIALITY

7.9 The Trustees and every new Trustee on their appointment shall observe strict confidentiality with regard to the affairs, accounts and transactions of each Employer and of the Fund both while they are a Trustee and at all times thereafter.

#### SIGNING OF DOCUMENTS

- 7.10 (a) The Trustees shall open a current account or any other type of account, including a cash management trust account, at any bank, building society, credit union or financial institution as they may decide. The operation of the account shall be by the Trustees and/or such other person as the Trustees shall from time to time by resolution so determine.
  - (b) All cheques and other negotiable or transferable instruments for payments or transfers out of the Fund and all receipts for monies paid or transferred into the Fund shall be signed, drawn, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be by any one or more of the Trustees or such other person or persons as the Trustees shall from time to time by resolution so determine.
  - (c) Should the Trustees apply for insurance cover on the life of any Member or on the lives of any group of Members such application or proposal may be signed by any one of the Trustees (or in the event that a Constitutional Corporation is acting as sole Trustee then it may be signed by any one of the directors thereof) PROVIDED THAT the resolution to effect the insurance was made at a properly convened meeting of the Trustees.

# TRUSTEES' DISCRETION AND INDEMNITY

- 7.11 (a) The Trustees in the exercise of the authorities powers and discretions hereby vested in them shall have an absolute and uncontrolled discretion and may exercise or enforce all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions from time to time and at any time or may refrain from exercising all or any of such authorities, powers and discretions from time to time or at all times and the Trustees' decisions as to the final interpretation and effect of this Deed shall be final.
  - (aa) The Trustees may exercise or concur in exercising all the powers and discretions hereby vested in them or otherwise conferred by law notwithstanding that any person being a Trustee or any person being a director or shareholder of a Trustee (being a company) has or may have a direct or personal interest (whether as trustee of any other settlement or in their personal capacity or as a shareholder or director or member or partner of any company or partnership or as a unit holder in any unit trust or beneficiary of any discretionary trust or otherwise) in the mode or result of exercising such power or discretion or may benefit either directly or indirectly as a result of the exercise of any such power or discretion and notwithstanding that the Trustee for the time being is the sole Trustee;
  - (b) The Trustees shall not be liable for:
    - (i) any losses except losses arising from their own wilful misconduct;
    - (ii) the acts or defaults of an Employer;
    - (iii) any act or acts done bona fide in conformity with the decisions of the Trustees hereunder;
    - (iv) the neglect or default of any actuary, auditor, solicitor, banker, accountant, administrator or other agent employed in good faith by the Trustees.
  - (c) The Trustees and each of them shall be indemnified against all liabilities incurred by them in the proper execution of their duties hereunder and shall have a lien on the Fund for such indemnity. The costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Trustees in and incidental to the administration and winding up of the Fund or otherwise in relation thereto to the extent to which they are not paid by an Employer shall be paid out of the Fund.
  - (d) If the Trustees become liable for any income tax, other tax, duty or charge in respect of any investment income or capital appreciation of the Fund they may deduct an amount equal to such liability from either income or capital of the Fund.
  - (e) Nothing in this Article or elsewhere in this Deed shall:
    - (i) permit the Trustees and each director of the Company Trustee to be indemnified against liabilities for acts or omissions that are dishonest or attributable to an intentional or reckless failure to exercise the degree of care and diligence required of a Trustee;
    - (ii) permit the Trustees and each director of the Company Trustee to be indemnified for any penalty or fine imposed on them under an Act.
  - (f) Except for any liability arising by virtue of their default or neglect, the Trustees shall not be bound to make any payment to or at the direction of Members except out of the Fund.

#### PROTECTION OF FUND

7.12 Assets of the Fund including assets held in the name of the Trustees are not part of the Estate of the Trustees in their individual personal or corporate capacity for any purpose whatsoever including any claim on the assets of the Trustees by reason of debts or obligations incurred by the Trustees in such individual capacity. The Trustees have no possessory lien on any assets of the Fund in order to satisfy debts or obligations arising otherwise than as Trustees of the Fund and

subject to Article 4.7 may not charge any assets of the Fund whether specifically or generally otherwise than for the purposes of the Fund and in accordance with the Super Act.

# **RECORDS**

- 7.13 (a) The Trustees shall keep or cause to be kept a complete record of all persons who become Members and Employers of the Fund and of all other matters essential for the working of the Fund. The accounting records of the Fund must be retained for at least five years, or for such other period required by the Super Act, must be kept in Australia and must be kept in the English language or in a form in which they are readily accessible and readily convertible into the English language.
  - (b) The Trustees must keep and retain for at least ten years:
    - (i) records of all changes of Trustees;
    - (ii) records of changes of directors of a Company Trustee;
    - (iii) consents to act as Trustees or directors of a Company Trustee: and
    - (iv) records or minutes of Trustee resolutions and meetings.

#### **ANNUAL AUDIT**

- 7.14 (a) The Trustees shall comply with such reporting standards and shall maintain such records as are required under the Super Law and shall cause to be prepared an Income and Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet for the Fund as at 30 June each year. An Auditor who satisfies the requirements of the Regulations of the Super Act shall be appointed by the Trustees and they shall provide to the Trustees such written certificates as may be required by the Super Law from time to time. The Trustees shall provide the Auditor with all papers accounts and documents connected with the Fund in this regard.
  - (b) Whenever the Super Law requires it to do so, the Trustees shall notify the Regulator of any event that has a significant adverse effect on the financial position of the Fund and shall provide the Regulator with such information as is prescribed by the Super Act.

# **COMPENSATION OF TRUSTEES**

7.15 No Trustee of the Fund may receive any compensation or remuneration from the Fund or from any person for any duties of services performed by the Trustee in relation to the Fund.

# **POWER OF TRUSTEES**

- 7.16 In addition to the powers which they have by law and which are otherwise granted to them by this Deed the Trustees shall have the following powers:
  - (a) to commence carry on or defend proceedings related to the Fund or the rights of Members, former Members and Dependants;
  - (b) to insure or reinsure any risks, contingencies or liabilities of the Fund with any insurance company, friendly society, superannuation fund or like body;
  - (c) to issue or provide pensions or annuities to Members or their Dependants;
  - (d) to deduct income tax from the payment of a benefit to a Member and remit the tax so deducted to the Commissioner of Taxation in accordance with the Act;
  - (e) to retain the services of professional consultants whether persons, firms or Companies in relation to the management administration or investment of the Fund and to delegate to

- such consultants such powers as they shall see fit from time to time and pay in accordance with Article 4.8 the fees payable to such professional consultants;
- (ea) to delegate in writing the exercise of all or any of the powers or discretionary authorities hereby vested in the Trustees or otherwise conferred by law and to execute any powers of attorney or other instruments necessary to effectuate such purpose;
- (eb) to appoint any person as custodian to hold legal title for any asset acquired or to be acquired by the Trustees on such terms as the Trustees think fit;
- (f) to pay from the Fund such fees, taxes, duties or charges levied upon the Fund by the Super Law as may be required from time to time;
- (g) to provide the Regulator at all times with such information regarding the Fund, the Employer or the Members and Dependants, as required;
- (h) to alter the benefit entitlement and/or payment to ensure the Fund complies with the Super Law;
- (i) to borrow money and to secure its repayment in any manner and on any terms (including with or without security) which the Trustees may consider advisable, in order to acquire an asset, or for other purposes acceptable pursuant to the Super Law;
- (j) to indemnify or undertake to indemnify any person, company, government or institution in respect of any claims, matters or things relating to the Fund or to the rights of Members or former Members in respect of the Fund; and
- (k) generally to do all acts and things as the Trustees may consider necessary or expedient for the administration, maintenance and preservation of the Fund (including maintaining the Fund's complying status under the Super Act) and in the performance of their obligations under this Deed.

# **COVENANTS BY THE TRUSTEES**

- 7.17 The Trustees hereby covenant:
  - (a) to act honestly in all matters concerning the Fund;
  - (b) to exercise, in relation to all matters affecting the Fund, the same degree of care, skill and diligence as an ordinary prudent person would exercise in dealing with property of another for whom the person felt morally bound to provide;
  - (c) to ensure that the Trustees' duties and powers are performed and exercised in the best interests of the Members;
  - (d) to keep the money and other assets of the Fund separate from any money and assets, respectively:
    - (i) that are held by the Trustees personally; or
    - that are money or assets, as the case may be, of a standard employer sponsor, or an associate of a standard employer-sponsor, of the Fund;
  - (e) not to enter into any contract, or do anything else, that would prevent the Trustees from or hinder the Trustees in, properly performing or exercising the Trustees' functions and powers;
  - (f) to formulate and give effect to an investment strategy that has regard to the whole of the circumstances of the Fund including, but not limited to, the following:
    - the risk involved in making, holding and realising, and the likely return from, the Fund's investments having regard to its objectives and its expected cash flow requirements;

- (ii) the composition of the Fund's investments as a whole including the extent to which the investments are diverse or involve the entity in being exposed to risks from inadequate diversification;
- (iii) the liquidity of the Fund's investments having regard to its expected cash flow requirements;
- (iv) the ability of the Fund to discharge its existing and prospective liabilities;
- (g) if there are any Reserves in the Fund to formulate and to give effect to a strategy for their prudential management, consistent with the Fund's investment strategy and its capacity to discharge its liabilities (whether actual or contingent) as and when they fall due; and
- (h) to allow a Member access to any prescribed information or any prescribed documents.

These covenants are deemed to include all covenants as specified from time to time in the Super Act.

#### **MEETING OF MEMBERS**

- 7.18 A Member or Trustee may call a meeting of Members of the Fund by serving a written notice to the Trustees and Members of the Fund. The notice must state the purpose of the meeting and the time and date of the meeting. Members must receive at least 14 day's notice of the meeting.
- 7.19 Each Member shall be entitled to one vote for each dollar of value in the balance of their Member's Individual Account. A Member may be present in person or by proxy. A Member may appoint a person to be their proxy provided at least 2 days notice is given to the other Members and the Trustees.
- 7.20 A quorum for the meeting will occur if Members or their proxies representing at least 50% of the total available votes are present.
- 7.21 A simple majority of total available votes of all members is required to determine all issues considered at the meeting.

# NOTICE OF AMENDMENTS

7.22 The Trustees shall notify each Member in writing of any amendment to these Articles or to the Trust Deed to which these Articles are an annexure as soon as practical after the said amendment explaining the nature and purpose of the amendment and the effect (if any) of the amendment on the entitlement of the Member.

# WINDING UP THE FUND

- 7.23 The Trust hereby declared shall be terminated and the Fund shall be wound up:
  - (a) by a resolution of the Trustees;
  - (b) by a resolution of a meeting of Members where at least 75% of the Members of the Fund are present at such a meeting; or
  - (c) at the earliest of the death or prior termination of membership of the last Member or Dependant entitled to benefits from the Fund.
- 7.24 Upon termination of the Fund in accordance with Article 7.23 the Trustees shall:
  - (a) advise the Members and any Dependants in writing that the Fund shall be wound up on a specified date (hereinafter referred to as "the Closure Date");
  - (b) at the Closure Date immediately make a call for any arrears of contributions and not accept further contributions;

- (c) for each Member at the Closure Date, hold in trust their part of the net assets as determined by the Trustees for so long as the Member remains and in this regard the Trustees shall hold such Member's part of the net assets upon the same trusts as are declared in this Deed or transfer them to another superannuation fund pursuant to Article 2.11; and
- (d) subject to paragraph (c) of this Article 7.24 effect the payment of the allocated net assets in accordance with this Deed as the Trustees with the agreement of each Member or Dependant may determine PROVIDED THAT such proportion or the whole (as the case may be) of that Member's allocated net assets that are attributable to Preserved Benefits may only be paid to the Member on or after their retirement from the workforce after attaining Preservation Age or transferred to another superannuation fund or Approved Deposit Fund pursuant to Article 2.11 of this Deed or in any other circumstance permitted by the Super Law.
- 7.25 In the event of the winding up of the Fund pursuant to paragraph (c) of Article 7.23 due to the death of the Designated Beneficiary of the last Member or at the death of the last Member if they have no Designated Beneficiary and the Fund has remaining assets, then a death benefit shall be payable on behalf of such last Member or on behalf of the Designated Beneficiary of such last Member in accordance with Article 5.5 of an amount equal to the remaining assets in the Fund.

# TRANSFER OF PERFORMANCE

7.26 At the request of the Founding Member or the death of the Founding Member the Trustees may elect to accept the performance by another nominated Member of the obligations of the Founding Member in this Deed. Such acceptance by the Trustees shall discharge the Founding Member from any further obligations under this Deed and henceforth the nominated Member shall be construed as the Founding Member for the purposes of this Deed PROVIDED THAT the nominated Member undertakes in FURTHER HOWEVER THAT such transfer of performance shall in no way relieve the Founding Member from any obligations under this Deed which relate to the period up to and immediately preceding the transfer of performance to the nominated Member.

# REPORTING

- 7.27 (a) The Trustees shall provide written reports to the Members which contain all information required by the Regulations to the Super Act regarding disclosure and reporting requirements from time to time.
  - (b) The Trustees shall provide such written reports to the Regulator as the Super Law may require from time to time.

# **VALUATION**

7.28 At 30 June in each year or at any other time the Trustees consider appropriate (including at the time of payment of a benefit to a Member), the Trustees must make or arrange to make a valuation of all assets of the Fund (including the value of any policy of insurance held by the Fund) at that date.

# CHAPTER 8: MISCELLANEOUS

- 8.1 Except as provided in Article 7.23 the trust constituted by this Deed shall continue during the life of the survivor of all the lineal descendants now living of His Late Majesty King George VI and twenty-one years after the death of such survivor and such further period (if any) as may from time to time be permitted by law, PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT this provision shall not apply where the laws of the State or Territory of Australia applicable to this Deed provide that the Rule against Perpetuities shall not apply.
- Where the laws applicable to this Deed are the laws of the State of South Australia the provisions of section 35(b) of the Trustees Act 1936-1953 of that State are hereby expressly excluded from application to this Deed.
- 8.3 This Deed shall be governed and construed and shall take effect in accordance with the laws of the State or Territory of the principal residence of the Founding Member. The Employers, Members and Dependants shall accept the jurisdiction of the Courts of that State or Territory.
- 8.4 Nothing in this Deed shall affect the powers of any Employer with regard to the remuneration, terms of employment or dismissal of an Employee, or any other dealing of any Employer with the Employee. The fact of being a Member shall not be used as a ground for claiming or increasing damages in any claim by the Member for alleged wrongful termination of employment or for claiming the payment of any amount on retrenchment.
- In addition to any means authorised by law any notice to be given to the Trustees, an Employer or Member, must be sent to the current address, facsimile number or email address of the Trustees, the Employer or Member, as notified by them in writing from time to time. Notices will be taken to be given:
  - (a) (in the case of delivery in person or by post) when delivered, received or left at the Trustees', Employer's or Member's address;
  - (b) (in the case of delivery by facsimile) on production of a transmission report by the machine from which the facsimile was sent which indicates that the facsimile was sent in its entirety to the number of the recipient;
  - (c) (in the case of delivery by email address) on production of a copy of a sent email and return receipt from the terminal from which the email was sent which indicates that the email was sent in its entirety to the email address of the recipient,

but if delivery or receipt is later than 2.00pm (local time) it will be taken to have been duly given at the commencement of the following day.

- 8.6 (a) Despite anything to the contrary in this Deed, the Trustees must comply with the Super Law.
  - (b) Any requirement of the Super Law which is required to be included in this Deed (and which is not included) is deemed to be included for as long as it is a requirement of the Super Law.
  - (c) In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Deed and the Super Law then the Super Law shall prevail.
- 8.7 The terms and conditions of this Deed as they apply to the Fund as duly altered, modified, added to or cancelled from time to time shall be binding on the Trustees and each Member, Dependant, Employer and Legal Personal Representative and all persons claiming through them respectively as if such Member, Dependant, Employer or Legal Personal Representative has been party to this Deed.
- The Fund and no other Fund shall comprise the only trust property in respect of which the duties and obligations of the Trustees arise under this Deed.
- 8.9 All amounts payable hereunder shall be calculated in Australian dollars according to the current rate of exchange at the date of payment.
- 8.10 Notwithstanding the Trustees' powers and discretions under this Deed, it is acknowledged that the Trustees may interact with an entity or individual to whom any one or more of the Trustees or

directors of a Constitutional Corporation may have a direct or personal interest. When the Trustees deal with such an entity or individual, then all dealings will be conducted on an arms length basis as required under the Super Law.

- 8.11 If at any time the sole or primary purpose of the Fund is the provision of old age pensions then this Deed must not then be amended to provide for a different sole or primary purpose unless this Deed is also amended to require (or at that time requires) that the Trustee must be, and must continue to be, a Constitutional Corporation.
- 8.12 If at any time the sole or primary purpose of the Fund is not the provision of old age pensions this Deed must not be amended to allow an individual to be appointed as a Trustee of the Fund unless this Deed is also amended to provide (or at that time provides) that the sole or primary purpose of the Fund is, and will continue to be, the provision of old age pensions.
- 8.13 If anything in this Deed is unenforceable, illegal or void, then it is severed and the rest of this Deed remains in force.

