VICTOR MANUEL MARQUES DOS SANTOS and EDALINA DA CONCEICAO DOS SANTOS

"the Trustee"

SUPERANNUATION FUND TRUST DEED DOS SANTOS SUPERANNUATION FUND

Effective Date: 26 August 2015



Level 2 247 Adelaide Street BRISBANE QLD 4000

Telephone: (07) 3252 5044
Facsimile: (07) 3252 1075
Email: mail@merthyrlaw.com.au

KLH:KMC::20150401:Super Fund Deed (including Resolution and Governing Rules) - Dos Santos Super (457815R1)

SUPERANNUATION FUND TRUST DEED

THIS DEED is made on the date specified in Part 1 of the Schedule, effective as at the date specified in Part 2 of the Schedule ("the Effective Date").

BY: The party or parties specified in Part 3 of the Schedule ("the Trustee")

BACKGROUND:

The Trustee with effect as of the Effective Date establishes:

- A. The Superannuation Fund known by the name set out in Part 4 of the Schedule ("the Fund") as a self managed superannuation fund.
- B. The Trustee has agreed to act as Trustee of the Fund and will hold the Fund's property on trust in accordance with this Deed and the attached Governing Rules.
- C. The Members of the Fund at the Effective Date are those or intended to be those set out in Part 5 of the Schedule.
- D. The purpose of the Fund is to provide superannuation benefits to members and death benefits in respect of members.
- E. The Trustee desires to maintain the Fund as a complying Superannuation Fund under the Tax Acts.

OPERATIVE PARTS:

With effect from the Effective Date:

- 1. The Trustee establishes the Fund to be administered in accordance with this Deed and the Governing Rules.
- 2. The Trustee will act as initial Trustee of the Fund and will be bound by this Deed and the Governing Rules.
- 3. This Deed and the Governing Rules may be varied in accordance with Rule 22 of the Governing Rules.
- 4. Words defined in this Deed shall have the same meaning given to them in Rule 1 of the Governing Rules.

THE SCHEDULE

PART 1: Date of this Deed

26 /8/15

PART 2: Effective Date

26 AUGUST 2015

PART 3: The Trustee

VICTOR MANUEL MARQUES DOS SANTOS AND EDALINA DA CONCEICAO DOS SANTOS

PART 4: The Fund

DOS SANTOS SUPERANNUATION FUND

PART 5:

Commencing Members

Member Name	Member Address	Member Tax File Number
VICTOR MANUEL MARQUES DOS SANTOS	28 Ironbark Place, Bridgeman Downs	424226477
EDALINA DA CONCEICAO DOS SANTOS	28 Ironbark Place, Bridgeman Downs	414229739

EXECUTED AND DELIVERED AS A DEED:

SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED by VICTOR MANUEL MARQUES DOS SANTOS in the presence of:	}
Signature of Witness	VICTOR MANUEL MARQUES DOS SANTOS
Name of Witness (Please Print)	
SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED by EDALINA DA CONCEICAO DOS SANTOS in the presence of:	EDALINA DA CONCEICAO DOS SANTOS
Signature of Witness	EDALINA DA CONCEICAO DOS SANTOS
Name of Witness (Please Print)	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTERPRETATION		
2.	THE FUND		
	2.1	Fund Composition	9
	2.2	Purpose of the Fund	9
	2.3	Applicable Law	9
	2.4	Commencement	9
	2.5	Sub-Funds	9
3.	THE 1	TRUSTEE	10
	3.1	Ceasing to Act as Trustee	10
	3.2	Trustee as a Member	10
	3.3	Retirement of Trustee	11
	3.4	Death of Trustee Member	11
	3.5	Members may Appoint or Remove a Trustee or Trustees	11
	3.6	Member Representation	11
	3.7	Eligible Persons	1 1
	3.8	Enduring Power of Attorney	11
	3.9	One Trustee	11
4.	MEMBERS		12
	4.1	Application	12
	4.2	Applicants' Information	12
	4.3	Deemed Membership	12
	4.4	Removal of Members	12
5.	CONTRIBUTIONS BY EMPLOYERS AND OTHER PERSONS		12
	5.1	Non-Member Contributions	12
	5.2	Trustee to be Advised	12
	5.3	Deemed Payments	13
	5.4	Refusal to Accept	13
	5.5	Bound by Deed	13
	5.6	Retirement Exemption	13
	5.7	Shortfall Component	13
	5.8	Defective Contributions	13
	5.9	Payment Splits	14
6.	CONTRIBUTIONS BY MEMBERS		16
	6.1	Member Contributions	16
	6.2	Deemed Payment	16
	6.3	Payment on Behalf of a Member	16
	6.4	No Enquiry	16
	6.5	Retirement Exemption	16

	6.6	Form of Contributions	16
	6.8	Restrictions for Member-Contributed Property	17
7.	INVESTMENTS AND POWERS		17
	7.1	General	17
	7.2	Restriction	17
	7.3	Exercise of Powers and Discretions	17
	7.4	Specific Investments	18
	7.5	Delegation of Powers	18
	7.6	Conflict of Interest	18
8.	INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES		18
	8.1	Investment in Life Policies and Annuities	18
	8.2	Payment of Premiums and Application of Proceeds	19
	8.3	Insurance and Reserve Account	19
9.	TRANS	SFER BENEFITS TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS	19
	9.1	Transfer from Another Fund	19
	9.2	Transfer from Another Fund: Preserved Benefits	19
	9.3	Transfer to Another Fund	19
	9.4	Transfer to Another Fund: Preserved Benefits	19
	9.5	Transfer to Eligible Rollover Fund	20
	9.6	Transfer in Specie	20
10.	BENEF	TITS	20
	10.1	Voluntary Benefit Age	20
	10.2	Compliance with Act	20
	10.3	Benefit Preference	20
	10.4	Provision of Benefit	20
	10.5	Form of Benefit	20
	10.6	Binding Death Nominations	20
	10.7	Death	21
	10.8	The Member Mentally Unable to Conduct His Affairs	21
	10.9	Payment to Minors	21
	10.10	Preserved Benefits	21
	10.11	Income Tax	22
	10.12	Anti-Detriment Payment	22
	10.13	Family Law	22
	10.14	Repayment	23
11.	MEMB	ER'S RIGHTS	23
12.	RECORDS ACCOUNTS AND AUDITING		24
	12.1	Records	24
	12.2	Other Accounts	25
	12.3	Application of Reserve Account	26
	12.4	Debits to Pension Accounts	27

	12.5	Commutation of Old Age Pension	27
	12.6	Flexibility of Pension	27
	12.7	Member Classes	27
	12.8	Keeping the Accounts and Records	27
	12.9	Application of Pension Accounts	27
	12.10	Auditor and Actuary	28
13.	ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES AND VALUATIONS		28
	13.1	Allocation of Profits or Losses	28
	13.2	Valuation of Assets of the Fund	28
	13.3	Interim Earning Rate	28
14.	TRUSTEE'S LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY		29
	14.1	Liability of Trustee and Directors	29
	14.2	Member's Liability	29
	14.3	Trustee's and Directors' Indemnity	29
	14.4	Not Liable for Compliance with Family Law Act Provisions	29
15.	TRUS	TEE'S MEETINGS	29
	15.1	Individuals	29
	15.2	No Limitation on Rule 7.3	30
16.	SIGNII	NG OF DOCUMENTS BY TRUSTEE	30
17.	REMU	UNERATION OF PROFESSIONAL PERSONS	30
18.	TRUS	TEE AS MEMBER'S ATTORNEY	30
19.	TRUS	T DEED AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION	30
20.	VARIA	ATION OF TRUST DEED	31
	20.1	Variation of Trust Deed	31
	20.2	Notification to Members	31
	20.3	Effect of Variation	31
21.	COMP	PLIANCE	
	21.1	Compliance with Act as at date of the Deed	31
	21.2	Deemed Compliance with Further Statutory Requirements	31
	21.3	Optional Requirement	32
	21.4	Specified Date	32
	21.5	Family Law Act	32
22.	INCON	NSISTENCY	32
23.	DISSOLUTION OF THE FUND		32
	23.1	Dissolution of the Fund	32
	23.2	Amount Remaining in the Fund	32
	23.3	Preserved Benefits	32
24.	UK PE	ENSION PROVISIONS - QROPS	33
	24.1	Application for QROPS Status	33
	24.2	Transfers from UK Pension Schemes	
	24.3	Restrictions on Benefits Payable	

24.4	Transfers to Other Regulated Superannuation Fund	33
24.5	Limitation on Amendments to this Rule	33
24.6	Supplementary Definition for this Rule	34
SCHEDULE 1 - PR	OVISIONS APPLYING TO PENSION BENEFITS	35
SCHEDULE 2 - TR	LISTEE'S POWERS	38

GOVERNING RULES

1. INTERPRETATION

- 1.1 In these Governing Rules, the following terms shall have the following meanings (unless the context or the Act otherwise requires):
 - 1.1.1 "Act" means the following:
 - 1.1.1.1 the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth);
 - 1.1.1.2 the Superannuation (Financial Assistance Funding) Levy Act 1993 (Cth);
 - 1.1.1.3 the Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993 (Cth);
 - 1.1.1.4 the Superannuation Supervisory Levy Imposition Act 1998 (Cth);
 - 1.1.1.5 and any regulations made under the above Acts;
 - 1.1.1.6 and all other requirements whether legislative or administrative including:
 - 1.1.1.6.1 any administrative guidelines issued by the Authority; or
 - 1.1.1.6.2 statements by government advising changes and any proposed changes to the SIS Legislation;

with which the Fund must comply or in the opinion of the Trustees ought to comply in order to be a Complying Superannuation Fund or not to be in contravention or breach of the SIS Legislation.

- 1.1.2 "Actuary" means a person who is qualified to make an actuarial investigation of the Fund in accordance with the requirements of the Act and is appointed by the Trustee as Actuary for the Fund.
- 1.1.3 "Approved Fund" means a Superannuation Fund, Approved Deposit Fund, Eligible Rollover Fund, Retirement Savings Account or other Approved Fund including a Pension Fund or annuity arrangement which can accept a transfer from the Fund of a Member's Benefit or which may transfer a Member's Benefit to the Fund without breach of the Act.
- 1.1.4 "Auditor" means a person who satisfies the requirements of the Act and the Authority to be an Auditor of the Fund.
- 1.1.5 "Authority" means the "Regulator" as that term is defined in the Act for the particular matter, or any person or body who is appointed by an Act of Parliament to supervise the conduct of the Fund.
- 1.1.6 "Benefit" means any amount paid or payable by the Fund in respect of a Member.

- 117 "Binding Nomination" means a direction signed and dated by a Member in the presence of two (2) adult witnesses with a written nomination expressed to be binding as to the payment of Benefits on a Member's death to the Member's estate or person so permitted under the Relevant Requirements. Such a binding nomination may relate to the type (for example Pension or Lump Sum), amount and proportions of different components of the Benefit to be paid upon a Member's death and may direct certain assets be distributed in specie to a nominated beneficiary. Such a nomination may have conditions as to payment of certain benefits, such as creating life interests, provided all beneficiaries under the Binding Nomination are permitted recipients under the Relevant Requirements. A Member may vary any such binding nomination at any time in writing prior to the Member's death. A Member's properly appointed enduring attorney may only vary a Binding Nomination if specifically permitted under the Binding Nomination or under the enduring power of attorney document.
- 1.1.8 "Child" in relation to a Member includes, subject to the Relevant Requirements:
 - 1.1.8.1 an adopted child, a stepchild or an ex-nuptial child of the Member:
 - 1.1.8.2 a child of the Member's Spouse; and
 - 1.1.8.3 someone who is a child of the Member within the meaning of the Family Law Act.
- 1.1.9 "Complying Pensions Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded that part of the Member's Benefit to be used to pay a Pension to the Member or a Reversionary Beneficiary.
- 1.1.10 "Constitutional Corporation" has the meaning attributed to it in the Act.
- 1.1.11 "Deed" means the Deed establishing or varying the Fund read together with the Governing Rules.
- 1.1.12 "Dependant" means the Spouse, widow, widower, children of a Member and any other persons who in the opinion of the Trustees are (or were at the relevant time) wholly or partially financially dependent or inter-dependent upon the Member for all or any part of their maintenance or had a legal right to look to the Member for support. For the purpose of this definition, Member includes a Member who has died.
- 1.1.13 "Eligible Rollover Fund" has the meaning given by the Act.
- 1.1.14 "Employee" means any person who is or has been in employment, whether full-time or part-time, casual or permanent, and includes, in the case of an incorporated Employer, the directors of the Employer.
- 1.1.15 "Employer" means an Employer under the Act.
- 1.1.16 "Employer Contributions" means contributions to the Fund in respect of a Member by the Employer or any previous Employer of the Member.
- 1.1.17 "Excess Contributions" means an excess concessional contribution or excess non-concessional contribution as per the meaning given to those terms in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

- 1.1.18 "Expenses" means all direct and indirect costs of the establishment, operation and termination of the Fund, including any tax, insurance costs and any fees or charges imposed on or paid by the Trustee in connection with the Fund.
- 1.1.19 "Family Law Act" means the Family Law Act 1975 (Cth), as amended from time to time.
- 1.1.20 "Family Law Legislation" means:
 - 1.1.20.1 the Family Law Act and the Regulations made under the Family Law Act; and
 - 1.1.20.2 any other legislation, including the Act, that imposes legal requirements regarding the dealing with the interests of a Beneficiary of a Superannuation Fund in connection with a marital relationship, including on the breakdown of such a relationship and associated matters.
- 1.1.21 "Fixed Term Pensions Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded that part of the Member's Benefit to be used to pay a Fixed Term Pension to the Member or a Reversionary Beneficiary.
- 1.1.22 "Flexi Pensions Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded that part of the Member's Benefit to be used to pay a Flexi Pension to the Member or a Reversionary Beneficiary.
- 1.1.23 "Fund Accounts" means the accounts prepared pursuant to Rule 12.
- 1.1.24 "Gainful Employment" has the meaning given by the Act and includes full-time and part-time employment.
- 1.1.25 "Guarantee Act" means the Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992 (Cth), as amended from time to time.
- 1,1,26 "Legal Personal Representative" means:
 - 1.1.26.1 the Executor of the Will or administrator of the estate of a deceased person;
 - 1.1.26.2 the trustee of the estate of a person under a legal disability;
 - 1.1.26.3 a person who holds an enduring power of attorney granted by a person; or
 - 1.1.26.4 any other person falling within the definition of "**Legal Personal Representative**" in Section 10(1) of SIS Act;

authorised by Section 17A(3) of SIS Act to be a Trustee of a Self-Managed Superannuation Fund.

1.1.27 "Lifetime Pensions Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded that part of the Member's Benefit to be used to pay a Lifetime Pension to the Member or a Reversionary Beneficiary.

- 1.1.28 "Lump Sum Benefit" means a Member's Benefit or any part of it paid or provided other than as Pension Benefits.
- 1.1.29 "Member" means a person who has been accepted by the Trustee as a member of the Fund and includes a deceased person who was a member of the Fund immediately prior to his or her death whilst such person retains a Benefit in the Fund. A person ceases to be a Member when the whole of that person's benefit entitlement under the Deed has been paid and, where so determined by the Trustee, may be represented by a duly appointed enduring attorney of the Member, the Legal Personal Representative of a Member or of a deceased Member.
- 1.1.30 "Member's Accounts" means the accounts prepared pursuant to Rules 12.1.2 and 12.2.
- 1.1.31 "Member's Benefit" in respect of a Member is the net amount standing to his credit in the Member's Account other than any Pensions Account plus the capital value of any Pension payable to the Member determined in accordance with the Act, plus the value (if any) at that time of any policy of insurance owned by the Trustee and paid for out of that Member's Account and includes any amount paid or payable, whether subject to any contingency or otherwise, by the Trustee out of the Fund pursuant to the Deed to or in respect of the Member.
- 1.1.32 "Member Contributed NSW Property" means dutiable property to which the Trustee seeks to apply section 62A of the Duties Act 1997 (New South Wales). The expression includes the proceeds of the sale of any such dutiable property but excludes dutiable property which the Trustee declares is not Member-contributed NSW Property for the purposes of the Duties Act 1997 (New South Wales) and this Deed.
- 1.1.33 "Member's Minimum Benefit" means the minimum benefits of the Member for the purposes of Part 5 of the SIS Regulations.
- 1.1.34 "Member Spouse" has, in relation to and interest in the Fund, the same meaning as in the Family Law Act.
- 1.1.35 "Non-Member Contributions" means contributions to the Fund in respect of a Member by any person other than the Member.
- 1.1.36 "Non-Member Spouse" has, in relation to an interest in the Fund, the same meaning as that term under the Family Law Act.
- 1.1.37 "Non-Vested Employer's Contribution Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded the Employer Contributions and any credits and debits attributable to those contributions which are not Vested Benefits.
- 1.1.38 "Old Age Pensions" has the same meaning as in SIS Act.
- 1.1.39 "Participating Employer" means an Employer from whom the Trustee accepts contributions to the Fund.
- 1.1.40 "Payment Event" means the time at which any Member's Benefit is paid or is commenced to be paid to a Member.
- 1.1.41 "Payment Flag" has the same meaning as in the Family Law Act.

- 1.1.42 "Payment Split" has the same meaning as in the Family Law Act.
- 1.1.43 "Pension" means an arrangement for the payment of Pension Benefits.
- 1.1.44 "Pension Age" has the meaning it has for the purposes of Section 9B of the Social Security Act 1991.
- 1.1.45 "Pension Benefits" means any annuity or pension, as those terms are determined by the Trustee, and which are not prohibited by the Act. The Trustee, subject to the Act, may determine from time to time the title and conditions of various Pension Benefits. Until otherwise determined by the Trustee the characteristics of Pensions and income streams shall be as set out, respectively, in Schedule 1. Even if the terms of the Pension Benefit are not strictly complied with, the Pension Benefit will be deemed to be a Complying Pension Account unless the Authority deems otherwise (whether by public ruling or specific determination).
- 1.1.46 "Pensions Account" means the Complying Pensions Account, Flexi Pensions Account, Fixed Term Pensions Account or Lifetime Pensions Account as the case may be.
- 1.1.47 "Permanently Disabled" and "Permanent Disablement" means:
 - 1.1.47.1 in relation to a Member that has ceased Gainful Employment, such disablement (whether physical or mental) as, in the opinion of the Trustee, has rendered the Member unlikely to ever again engage in Gainful Employment, for which the Member is reasonably qualified by training, education or experience; or
 - 1.1.47.2 where any part of the benefit payable on permanent disablement is insured, the definition of permanent disablement or permanent and total disablement contained in the policy document evidencing the contract of insurance,

provided that, for the purposes of payment of a Preserved Benefit, the Trustee shall only regard a Member as being permanently disabled or incapacitated in the circumstances provided for in the Act in relation to the payment of such a benefit.

1.1.48 "Permitted Contributor" includes:

- 1.1.48.1 a Member;
- 1.1.48.2 an Employer;
- 1.1.48.3 an associate of a Member or Employer;
- 1.1.48.4 any person, corporation, trust, institution, agency, Government, Government agency or other entity including a spouse, eligible spouse, the Federal Government, the Federal Government Co-Contributions, Employer, Member and any other person in any capacity; and
- 1.1.48.5 other persons permitted to make contributions to the Fund under the Relevant Requirements.

- 1.1.49 "Preservation Age" means the age before which benefits are prohibited from being paid to the relevant Member by the Act.
- 1.1.50 "Preserved Benefit" means any benefit which is required by the Act to be preserved for the Member in the Fund or in another fund until he has retired from the workforce and attained the Preservation Age or until the Member's earlier death or Permanent Disablement or payment of the benefit in such other circumstances as are permitted by the Act.
- 1.1.51 "Relevant Beneficiary" means the person to whom a benefit is payable being the Member or the Reversionary Beneficiary, as the case may be.
- 1.1.52 "Relevant Requirements" means the Act and any other laws or legislation, or the requirements of the Authority or any other competent authority which must be satisfied so that:
 - 1.1.52.1 the Fund obtains concessional tax treatment;
 - 1.1.52.2 the Fund remains a regulated Superannuation Fund;
 - 1.1.52.3 the Employer or Member retains any entitlement to a tax deduction unless they choose not to claim a tax deduction;
 - 1.1.52.4 no dealing with or concerning the Fund gives rise to a fringe benefit which is taxable to an Employer unless the Employer chooses to incur a fringe benefits tax ("FBT") liability the Trustee does not receive any non-cash Employer contributions (such as shares and property transferred in specie) unless the Employer has first paid any FBT liability;
 - 1.1.52.5 a Pension Benefit is an Asset-Test Exempt Pension;
 - 1.1.52.6 no penalty or excess contributions are imposed on the Trustee or directors of the Trustee under or by virtue of the Relevant Requirements.
- 1.1.53 "Reserve Account" has the meaning attributed to it in Rule 12.1.3.
- 1.1.54 "Retirement Age" means:
 - 1.1.54.1 age sixty-five (65); or
 - 1.1.54.2 if the Act stipulates another age at which benefits can generally be paid from a regulated Superannuation Fund, whether or not a Member has ceased Gainful Employment, that age.
- 1.1.55 "Reversionary Beneficiary" means a person who automatically succeeds a Relevant Beneficiary to the entitlement to the Pension of the Relevant Beneficiary.
- 1.1.56 "Rules" means the provisions of these Governing Rules including any alteration, addition to, or variation of the provisions made from time to time.
- 1.1.57 "SIS Act" means the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth).

- 1.1.58 "SIS Legislation" means the SIS Act and SIS Regulations.
- 1.1.59 "SIS Regulations" means the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994 as amended.
- 1.1.60 "Social Security Act" means the Social Security Act 1991 (Cth) and the Veterans' Entitlement Act 1986 (Cth) and all other requirements with which a payment made from the Fund must comply to be treated as an Asset-Test Exempt Income Stream for the Purposes of that Act.
- 1.1.61 "Special Treatment Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded the part of the Member's Benefit subject to a special requirement or concession in the Act, including, but not limited to, preservation.
- 1.1.62 "Specific Investment" means an investment made by the Trustee for a Member pursuant to Rule 7.4.
- 1.1.63 "**Spouse**", in relation to a person, include:
 - 1.1.63.1 another person who, whether or not legally married to the person, lives with them on a genuine domestic basis as their husband or wife; and
 - 1.1.63.2 any other person who is a spouse for the purposes of the Act.
- 1.1.64 "Successor Fund" has the meaning given by the Act.
- 1.1.65 "Sub-Fund" means a separate Fund and Trust constituted under Rule 2.5.
- 1.1.66 "Superannuation Agreement" means an Agreement between a Member and the Member's spouse pursuant to the provisions of the *Family Law Act*.
- 1.1.67 "Superannuation Contributions Surcharge" has the meaning that it has in the Superannuation Contributions Tax (Assessment and Collection)

 Act 1997 (Cth).
- 1.1.68 "Tax Act" means the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (Cth) or the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (Cth) (as amended) as appropriate and the regulations made under the relevant Act.
- 1.1.69 "Tax Savings Amount" in relation to a deceased Member's Benefit means the amount in excess of the deceased Member's Benefit that the Trustee could have paid if no tax had been payable on amounts that have been included as assessable income at any time under Subdivision 295-C of the ITAA 1997 or the former section 274 of the ITAA 1936, having regard to:
 - 1.1.69.1 amounts included in the assessable income of the Fund;
 - 1.1.69.2 amounts included in the assessable income of any other fund, trust or superannuation or retirement entity or account of which the deceased Member was a member or in which he or she held any interest;
 - 1.1.69.3 the amount of any foregone earnings (whether including or excluding expenses) that could be expected to have accrued if

- no tax had been payable on the amounts described in paragraphs 1.1.69.1 and 1.1.69.2;
- 1.1.69.4 such other amounts or factors as may be permitted under the Relevant Requirements; and
- 1.1.69.5 to the extent that the amounts form 'part of the deceased Member's Interest in the Fund, the Trustee shall determine the value of any Tax Saving Amount in accordance with the Relevant Requirements and if one or method is available for this purpose, the Trustee may adopt a method it considers appropriate.
- 1.1.70 "**Temporary Incapacity**" has the meaning given to it in the SIS Regulations.
- 1.1.71 "**Trustee**" means the Trustee for the time being of the Fund, whether original, additional or substituted.
- 1.1.72 "Vested Benefit" means any part of a Member's Benefit arising from contributions to the Fund, or to a previous superannuation fund, which is required by the Act to be vested in or payable to the Member on termination of the Member's employment (subject to any preservation requirements).
- 1.1.73 "Vested Benefits Account" means an account established pursuant to Rule 12 in which is recorded the Vested Benefits of the Member.
- 1.1.74 "Voluntary Benefit Age" means the age specified in the Act as the Preservation Age or equivalent age for the relevant Member.
- 1.2 A reference to any person or body shall include references to its respective successors, assigns, executors and administrators.
- 1.3 References to any provision of the Deed, law, regulation, temporary modification order, ruling, circular or guideline are references to those items as amended, consolidated, supplemented or replaced from time to time.
- 1.4 Words importing one gender include other genders and words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa.
- 1.5 The table of contents shall not be taken into account when interpreting the Deed.
- 1.6 Where any question or dispute arises in respect of the Fund or in respect of interpretation of the Deed, the Trustee's decision shall be final and binding.
- 1.7 Terms used in the Deed which are defined in the Act shall have the same meaning as in the Act unless inconsistent with the context of the Deed (but subject to Rule 1.8).
- 1.8 The Act overrides the provisions of this Deed and, in the event of conflict between the Act and this Deed, the provisions of the Act shall prevail.

2. THE FUND

2.1 Fund Composition

The Fund shall comprise all assets (including money, contributions and cocontributions and other payments and transfers to the Fund and investments for the time being representing the same) from time to time held by or on account of the Trustee pursuant to the Deed.

2.2 Purpose of the Fund

- 2.2.1 While the Trustee is not a Corporate Trustee, the sole or primary purpose of the Fund is the provision of Old Age Pensions to members and on their death, to their Dependants.
- 2.2.2 While the Trustee is a Corporate Trustee, the sole or primary purpose of the fund is the provision of Benefits to Members and on their death, to their Dependants.

2.3 Applicable Law

The Deed shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State or Territory in which the Trustee resides and the Commonwealth of Australia. If the Trustees are individuals, the applicable law shall be that of the State or Territory in which the member with the largest Member's Benefit resides.

2.4 Commencement

The Fund shall commence when the first Member becomes a member of the Fund.

2.5 Sub-Funds

The Trustee may determine to constitute separate Trust Funds ("a Sub-Fund") the terms and conditions of each of which shall be:

- 2.5.1 the Trustee shall specify the Members of the Fund who are to be Members of the Sub-Fund.
- 2.5.2 the Trustee may specify the name of the Sub-Fund.
- 2.5.3 the Trustee shall determine the amounts and assets to be paid or transferred to the Sub-Fund. Any such payments or transfers shall, unless otherwise determined by the Trustee, be effected by, in the books of account and records of the Fund, the Trustee establishing separate records and accounts for the Sub-Fund and recording the payment or transfer as having been made from the Fund to the Sub-Fund.
- 2.5.4 the Trustee shall be the Trustee of the Sub-Fund.
- 2.5.5 except to the extent otherwise determined by the Trustee at the constitution of the Sub-Fund, the provisions of this Deed shall, with all necessary modifications, apply to each Sub-Fund as if that Sub-Fund were established by a separate Deed with like provisions.
- 2.5.6 in the event of a question as to what, if any, modifications are necessary under Rule 2.5.5, the Trustee shall determine the question.

- 2.5.7 for the purposes of clarification and without limiting the earlier paragraphs of this Rule 2.5:
 - 2.5.7.1 each Sub-Fund and the trusts comprising it constitutes a Trust Fund and Trust separate and distinct from the trusts established by this Deed and from the Fund and from each other Sub-Fund and the trusts comprising each other Sub-Fund.
 - 2.5.7.2 this Deed shall be the constituent document for the Sub-Fund.
 - 2.5.7.3 upon a determination under Rule 2.5.3, the money and assets the subject of such determination shall be deemed to be held upon the trusts of the separate Sub-Fund and freed from the trusts of the Fund.
- 2.5.8 any Sub-Fund established pursuant to this Rule 2.5 is not intended to be a Sub-Fund for the purposes of Part 5 of the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations.

3. THE TRUSTEE

3.1 Ceasing to Act as Trustee

A Trustee shall cease to be a Trustee if:

- 3.1.1 the Trustee resigns his office;
- 3.1.2 the Trustee dies:
- 3.1.3 the Trustee becomes bankrupt or has, within the preceding three (3) years, made an assignment to or an arrangement or composition with his creditors under Part X of the *Bankruptcy Act* 1966 (Cth) or any replacement legislation;
- 3.1.4 the Trustee is found to be of unsound mind or a person whose personal estate becomes liable to have his affairs dealt with in any way under the laws relating to mental health;
- 3.1.5 the Trustee is disqualified from being a Trustee of any Superannuation Fund by the operation of the Act; or
- 3.1.6 in the case of the Trustee being a company, a Resolution is passed or a Petition is presented for its winding up or liquidation or a Receiver or Administrator of its assets is appointed or if the Company is de-registered.

3.2 Trustee as a Member

No director, officer or employee of the Employer or of the Trustee shall by virtue of his office or by virtue of powers being delegated by the Trustee to him be disqualified from being a Member of the Fund or from exercising any rights or deriving any Benefits as a Member. A Trustee or a director of a body corporate which is appointed as the Trustee who is or is about to become a Member may be counted in a quorum and vote at any meeting of the Trustee or of the directors of the Trustee when the Trustee or the directors are exercising powers pursuant to the Deed and may execute any document as Trustee or may attest the application of

the common seal of the Trustee notwithstanding that he is interested in the matter by virtue of his membership of the Fund.

3.3 Retirement of Trustee

Any Trustee may retire upon giving written notice to the Members and may (but, is not required to) at the same time appoint a Trustee as a successor, subject to the Relevant Requirements.

3.4 Death of Trustee Member

Where the Trustee of the Fund is also a Member of the Fund or is the Legal Personal Representative of a Member, and that Trustee dies, the next Legal Personal Representative of that Member shall automatically become a Trustee of the Fund.

3.5 Members may Appoint or Remove a Trustee or Trustees

Members who, between them, hold over fifty per cent (50%) of the weighted value of all Member's Benefits, may remove any Trustee from office and may appoint any replacement Trustee or additional Trustee, subject to the Relevant Requirements.

3.6 Member Representation

The Trustee must comply with the Relevant Requirements in relation to representation of Members at the Trustee level.

3.7 Eligible Persons

A person who is not a Member may be appointed as a Trustee or a Director of a Constitutional Corporation which is a Trustee to the extent their appointment would not cause the Fund to fail to satisfy Sections 17A of the SIS Act.

3.8 Enduring Power of Attorney

- 3.8.1 For the avoidance of doubt, a person who holds an enduring power of attorney on behalf of a Member may, at any time, be appointed as Trustee or as director of the Corporate Trustee in the place of that Member.
- 3.8.2 If a Trustee shall cease to be Trustee of the Fund pursuant to Rule 3.1.4, that Member's Legal Personal Representative shall be entitled to be appointed as Trustee in the incapacitated Member's stead without complying with clause 3.5.

3.9 One Trustee

3.9.1 For the avoidance of doubt, it is permissible for the Fund to have one individual trustee even if the Fund previously had more than one Trustee.

4 MEMBERS

4.1 Application

Persons who wish to become Members may apply for membership in forms nominated by the Trustee from time to time. Upon acceptance of the application by the Trustee, the applicant is bound by the Deed.

4.2 Applicants' Information

All applicants shall provide to the Trustee such information as the Trustee may require, including proof of correct age and Tax File Number.

4.3 Deemed Membership

- 4.3.1 The Trustee may accept a non-member spouse as a Member where that person becomes entitled to become a Member by virtue of a Family Court Order or Superannuation Agreement between the Member and the Non-Member Spouse.
- 4.3.2 The Trustee shall, as soon as practicable, advise the Member in writing that he has been accepted as a Member and provide to the Member such other information, consents and authorities as is required by the Act.

4.4 Removal of Members

Subject to Rule 9.3, the Trustee will, upon resolution passed by over fifty per cent (50%) of all Members based on the weighted value of each Member's Benefit, remove a Member from the Fund in accordance with Rule 9.

5. CONTRIBUTIONS BY EMPLOYERS AND OTHER PERSONS

5.1 Non-Member Contributions

- 5.1.1 Subject to Rule 5.4, and the Relevant Requirements any Permitted Contributor, may contribute to the Fund in respect of each Member such amount in cash, or other contributions listed in Rule 6.6 as the contributor, in the contributor's absolute and uncontrolled discretion, determines.
- 5.1.2 Non-Member Contributions shall be credited to the Member's Accounts or the Non-Vested Employer's Contribution Accounts as is appropriate.
- 5.1.3 This Rule does not apply to contributions made by Members for themselves.

5.2 Trustee to be Advised

The Employer, or any other person contributing, shall advise the Trustee of which Members the contribution is in respect of, and whether the contributions are made (if such be the case):

- 5.2.1 pursuant to an Industrial Award or Agreement; and/or
- 5.2.2 in lieu of the Employer paying the Superannuation Guarantee Charge pursuant to the *Guarantee Act*.

5.3 **Deemed Payments**

Any payment of contributions by an Employer, or any other person contributing, directly to a life insurance company or investment manager shall be deemed to be a payment of contributions to the Trustee and a payment by the Trustee to the life insurance company or investment manager.

5.4 Refusal to Accept

The Trustee may refuse to accept any contribution to the Fund or any payment of money or transfer of property to the Fund.

5.5 **Bound by Deed**

Upon a contribution by an Employer being accepted by the Trustee, the Employer shall be bound by this Deed.

5.6 Retirement Exemption

The Trustee may accept any contributions, which is the payment of a retirement exemption Subdivision 152D of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 up to the amount permitted by the Relevant Requirements.

5.7 Shortfall Component

Without limiting this Rule 5, the Trustee may accept a Shortfall Component as defined in the Guarantee Act.

5.8 Defective Contributions

- 5.8.1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Rules, the Trustee shall not accept contributions by or in respect of a Member if receipt of the contributions would be inconsistent with the Relevant Requirements.
- 5.8.2 If the Trustee finds after accepting contributions that it should not have done so, it will, if the Relevant Requirements permit, repay an appropriate amount in accordance with the Relevant Requirements to the person making the contributions. That amount must be calculated on a fair and reasonable basis after allowing full reasonable administrative charges incurred in relation to the contribution as allowed by the Relevant Requirements.
- 5.8.3 If an amount is initially recorded as having been contributed or transferred to the Fund but that amount is not actually received (for example, where a cheque is dishonoured), the contribution or transfer will be deemed to have never been made.
- 5.8.4 The Trustee must not accept any Member contributions if the Member has not quoted (for superannuation purposes) his or her Tax File Number to the Fund.
- 5.8.5 If a Member has made an Excess Contribution the Trustee may, if requested by such Member, refund up to the maximum amount permitted by the Relevant Requirements to such Member.

5.9 Payment Splits

- 5.9.1 A Member may, in a financial year, apply to the Trustee to roll over, transfer or allot an amount of benefits, for the benefit of the Member's spouse, that is equal to an amount of the splittable contributions made by, for or on behalf of the Member in:
 - 5.9.1.1 the last financial year that ended before the application; or
 - 5.9.1.2 the financial year in which the application is made where the Member's entire benefit is to be rolled over or transferred in that year.
- 5.9.2 However, the application is taken to be invalid:
 - 5.9.2.1 if in the financial year in which it is made:
 - 5.9.2.1.1 the Member has already made an application in respect of a relevant financial year; and
 - 5.9.2.1.2 the Trustee:
 - 5.9.2.1.2.1 is considering the application; or
 - 5.9.2.1.2.2 has given effect to that application; or
 - 5.9.2.2 if the amount of benefits to which the application relates exceeds the maximum splittable amount allowed under the Act; or
 - 5.9.2.3 subject to Rule 5.9.3, if:
 - 5.9.2.3.1 the Member's spouse is aged sixty-five (65) years or more; or
 - 5.9.2.3.2 both:
 - 5.9.2.3.2.1 the Member's spouse is aged between the relevant Preservation Age and sixtyfive (65) years; and
 - 5.9.2.3.2.2 the Member's spouse satisfies Item 101
 Conditions of Release, set out in
 Schedule 1 of the SIS Regulations at the
 time of the application;
- 5.9.3 Despite Rule 5.9.2.3, an application is not taken to be invalid under that Paragraph if the Application includes a statement by the Member's spouse to that effect that the spouse:
 - 5.9.3.1 is aged less than the relevant Preservation Age; and
 - 5.9.3.2 both:
 - 5.9.3.2.1 is aged between the relevant Preservation Age and sixty-five (65) years; and

- 5.9.3.2.2 does not satisfy Item 101 conditions of release, set out in Schedule 1 of the SIS Regulations.
- 5.9.4 The applicant must specify, in the application, the amount of the benefit from the following:
 - 5.9.4.1 the Member's taxed splittable contributions;
 - 5.9.4.2 the Member's untaxed splittable contributions;

that the Member seeks to split for the benefit of the Member's spouse.

- 5.9.5 A Trustee may accept an application made under Rule 5.9.1 if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - 5.9.5.1 the application complies with Rules 5.9.1 to 5.9.4;
 - 5.9.5.2 the Trustee has no reason to believe that the statement mentioned in Rule 5.9.3 is untrue;
 - 5.9.5.3 the amount to which the application relates is not more than the maximum splittable amount for the relevant financial year.
- 5.9.6 If a Trustee accepts an application in accordance with Rules 5.9.1 to 5.9.4 then it must as soon as practicable, and in any case within ninety (90) days after receiving the application, roll over, transfer or allot the amount of benefits for the benefit of the receiving spouse.
- 5.9.7 If the application requests a split of untaxed splittable contributions, the Trustee can only give effect to the application where the amount specified in the application is less than or equal to the un-deducted contributions that would form part of the Eligible Termination Payment that would be payable if the Member withdrew the Member's entire benefits at the time of the Trustee giving effect to the application.
- 5.9.8 If the application requests a split of taxed splittable contributions the Trustee can only give effect to the application where the amount specified in the application is less than or equal to the taxed element of the post-June 1983 component that would form part of the Eligible Termination Payment that would be payable if the Member withdrew the Member's entire benefits at the time of the Trustee giving effect to the application.
- 5.9.9 If a Trustee accepts an application made under Rules 5.9.1 to 5.9.4, the applicant's spouse is a receiving spouse.
- 5.9.10 The Trustee is not bound to accept a contributions splitting application and may reject any such application for any reason.
- 5.9.11 This arrangement cannot be used to transfer benefits out of the Member's superannuation interest that is subject to a Payment Split or on which a Payment Flag under the Family Law legislation is operating.
- 5.9.12 For this purpose, the Trustee has power to create such accounts in respect of such other person and to treat them as admitted to membership and do such other acts, matters and things as may be necessary to give effect to the division and as is consistent with the Act.

6. CONTRIBUTIONS BY MEMBERS

6.1 Member Contributions

- 6.1.1 Subject to Rule 5.4, each Member may contribute to the Fund such amount in cash or in kind as he or she, in his or her absolute and uncontrolled discretion, determines.
- 6.1.2 The Employer may, if authorised by the Member, deduct such contributions from the Member's salary and remit them to the Trustee within twenty-eight (28) days of the end of the calendar month in which they were deducted. At the time of paying the Members' contribution to the Trustee, the Employer shall advise the Trustee of the amount of the contribution in respect of each Member.

6.2 **Deemed Payment**

Any payment of a Member's contribution directly to a life insurance company or investment manager shall be deemed to be a payment of contributions to the Trustee and a payment by the Trustee to the life insurance company or investment manager.

6.3 Payment on Behalf of a Member

The Employer may pay, on behalf of a Member, contributions that are payable by the Member and any contributions so paid by the Employer shall, if the Trustee is so advised, be deemed to be contributions made by the Member.

6.4 No Enquiry

The Trustee may assume, without enquiry, that an Employer is authorised by the Member and by law to pay a Member's contribution by deducting the agreed amount pursuant to Rule 6.1 from the Member's salary and neither the Trustee nor the Fund shall be liable in any case where such payment or deduction is not authorised by the Member or by law, even if the Trustee has notice.

6.5 Retirement Exemption

The Trustee may accept any contributions, which is the payment of a retirement, exemption subdivision 152D of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997.

6.6 Form of Contributions

Subject to this Deed and the Relevant Requirements, a Member or Permitted Person may make contributions by way of:

- 6.6.1 money; or
- 6.6.2 securities listed on a Stock Exchange in Australia; or
- 6.6.3 other property in kind; or
- 6.6.4 payment of Fund Expenses or liabilities.

6.7 Restrictions for Member-Contributed Property

- 6.7.1 Regardless of any other provision in this Deed, where Member-contributed NSW Property is transferred to the Fund by a person or persons ("transferor"):
 - 6.7.1.1 Member-contributed NSW Property must be held by the trustee solely for the benefit of the transferor; and
 - 6.7.1.2 Member-contributed NSW Property must be used solely for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit to the transferor.
- 6.7.2 Member-contributed NSW Property to which Rule 6.7.1 applies:
 - 6.7.2.1 must be held by the Trustee specifically for the benefit of the transferor as a Member of the Fund; and
 - 6.7.2.2 cannot be pooled with any property held for another Member of the Fund; and
 - 6.7.2.3 no other Member of the Fund can obtain an interest in the Member-contributed NSW Property.
- 6.7.3 Despite any provision to the contrary in this Deed, where the Fund holds Member-contributed NSW Property, any provision in this Deed purporting to enable a beneficial interest to be obtained by any person other than the Member or Members transferring the Member-contributed NSW Property does not apply to that Member-contributed NSW Property. The Trustee must not and must not purport to create any interest in any Member-contributed NSW Property in a person other than the Member or Members transferring the Member-contributed NSW Property.

7. INVESTMENTS AND POWERS

7.1 General

The Trustee shall have the powers set out in Schedule 2, but subject to Rule 7.2.

7.2 Restriction

Without limiting Rule 7.1, the exercise of those powers is subject to the restrictions and requirements of the Act.

7.3 Exercise of Powers and Discretions

The Trustees, in the exercise of the trusts, authorities, powers and discretions conferred upon them by the Deed, shall have an absolute and uncontrolled discretion and may exercise or enforce all or any of the Trustee's trusts, authorities, powers and discretions from time to time or may refrain from exercising all or any of the same from time to time or at all, and may do so by written or oral Resolution or by writing. In the case of a corporate Trustee, the resolution may be a Resolution of its directors. Where Members may exercise a power, they may do so by written or oral resolution or by writing. Except as required by the Act, the Trustee shall not be bound to assign any reasons for any decisions (including the exercises of trusts, authorities, powers and discretions) made by the Trustee.

7.4 Specific Investments

- 7.4.1 The Trustee may, at the request of a Member, treat any asset of the Fund selected by a Member as an investment specifically for the Member ("Specific Investment").
- 7.4.2 The profit or loss arising from the Specific Investment shall be debited or credited to the particular Member's Account.
- 7.4.3 For the purpose of applying Rule 14.1, the balance of the particular Member's Account shall be reduced by the amount of the Specific Investment.

7.5 **Delegation of Powers**

The Trustee may delegate the exercise of all or any of its powers, duties and discretions to any person or company and terminate a delegation in such manner and term as they see fit, including the appointment of delegates as its attorneys either in a general or limited capacity. The Trustee may appoint an attorney to act in any capacity as Trustee for the Fund.

7.6 Conflict of Interest

The Trustee may exercise or concur in exercising all the powers and discretions contained in this Deed or otherwise by law conferred notwithstanding that any person being a Trustee or any person being a director or shareholder of a Trustee hereof (being a company) has or may have a direct or personal interest (whether as Trustee of any other settlement or in his personal capacity or a shareholder or director or member or partner of any company or partnership or as a unitholder in any unit trust or beneficiary of any discretionary trust or otherwise howsoever) in the mode or result of exercising such power or discretion or may benefit either directly or indirectly as a result of the exercise of any such power or discretion and notwithstanding that the Trustee for the time being is the sole Trustee.

8. INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES

8.1 Investment in Life Policies and Annuities

- 8.1.1 The Trustee may, in its absolute discretion, invest or apply the whole or any part of the Fund in the payment of premiums of a policy or policies of life, disability, trauma or accident insurance in which the Trustee has a legal or equitable interest, or in payment of the consideration for an annuity.
- 8.1.2 The Trustee may effect such policies or annuities with such company on such terms and conditions and for such periods as the Trustee determines. The Trustee has the power to accept an assignment of a policy of life, disability or accident insurance or of any annuity on such terms as the Trustee, in its absolute discretion, determines.
- 8.1.3 The Trustee has the power to continue such policies or annuities for such periods as the Trustee determines and to discontinue or surrender such policies or annuities.

8.2 Payment of Premiums and Application of Proceeds

Subject to Rule 8.3, the premiums for such policies or consideration for such annuities shall be paid for out of the amount standing to the credit of the Members' Accounts in such proportions as determined by the Trustee and the proceeds of such policies shall be credited to the Members' Accounts in the same proportions as premiums for such policies were paid from those accounts except that unless otherwise determined by the Trustee, the purpose of the policies shall be to provide funds to the Trustee to meet the relevant Member's Benefit upon death or Permanent Disability of the Member.

8.3 Insurance and Reserve Account

The Trustee may determine that policies be held for the benefit of a Reserve Account, in which event the premiums and other considerations shall be paid from, and the proceeds shall be paid to, the relevant Reserve Account.

9. TRANSFER BENEFITS TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS

9.1 Transfer from Another Fund

Where a Member requests that an amount standing to his credit, or a policy of insurance, in another Superannuation Fund or in an Approved Deposit Fund be transferred to the Fund, the Trustee may accept the transfer of such amount, asset or policy to the credit of the Member's Account.

9.2 Transfer from Another Fund: Preserved Benefits

If any part of the amount or the value of the policy which is transferred is a Preserved Benefit, the benefit and accretions shall not be paid prior to the Member retiring from the workforce and attaining the Voluntary Benefit Age, except in such circumstances permitted under the Act such as upon the Member's death or Permanent Disablement.

9.3 Transfer to Another Fund

Subject to Rule 9.4, the Trustee may, upon the request of a Member, transfer the whole or part of the Member's Benefit to the Trustee of an Approved Fund in respect of which the Trustee has no reason to believe does not comply with the Act. The Trustee may, without the request of a Member, transfer the whole of the Member's Benefit to a Successor Fund to the Fund where the Trustee is satisfied that the Successor Fund complies with the Act. The receipt of the Trustee of such other or Successor Fund shall be a complete discharge to the Trustee in respect of any liability to that Member (and persons claiming through him) in relation to the part of the benefit so transferred.

9.4 Transfer to Another Fund: Preserved Benefits

A transfer of any Preserved Benefit pursuant to Rule 9.3 shall not be made where the Trustee has reason to believe that the transferee Fund does not or will not comply with the Act.

9.5 Transfer to Eligible Rollover Fund

Where a period of ninety (90) days has elapsed since a Member's Benefit became payable under the Rules and the Member's Benefit has not been paid, the Trustee may pay the Member's Benefit to an Eligible Rollover Fund.

9.6 Transfer in Specie

The Trustee may, in its absolute discretion, transfer a Member's Benefit in accordance with Rules 9.3 or 9.5 by paying the amount of the Member's Benefit, or transferring assets of the Fund equal in value to the Member's Benefit, to the Trustee of the other Fund.

10. BENEFITS

10.1 Voluntary Benefit Age

Subject to the Act the amount of the Member's Benefit may be paid or commenced to be paid to the Member:

- 10.1.1 when the Member reaches the Voluntary Benefit Age; or
- 10.1.2 at any age and whether working full time or part time as permitted by the Act: or
- 10.1.3 on death before the Member's Voluntary Benefit Age; or
- 10.1.4 in such other circumstances as are permitted or required by the Relevant Requirements.

10.2 Compliance with Act

The Trustee must pay any Members Benefits when required by the Act.

10.3 Benefit Preference

To the extent permitted by the Act a Member may express a preference to the Trustee to receive the Member's Benefit by way of Lump Sum Benefits or Pension Benefits or a mixture of both or in any other manner permitted by the Act.

10.4 Provision of Benefit

For clarification, it is recorded that, to the extent permitted by the Act, and having regard to the Member's preference but without being bound by it and without having to assign any reasons for its decision, the Trustee may in its absolute discretion provide a Member's Benefit as a Lump Sum Benefit or as a Pension Benefit or as a mixture of both or in any other manner permitted by the Act.

10.5 Form of Benefit

Member's Benefits may be paid either in money or in any other form of property.

10.6 Binding Death Nominations

A Member may provide the Trustee with a Binding Nomination.

10.7 Death

Where a Member has died:

- 10.7.1 and a Member's Benefit was being paid in the form of a Pension Benefit that provided for a Reversionary Beneficiary, that Pension Benefit must be paid to the Reversionary Pensioner in accordance with the terms of the Pension Benefit rules, and, for the avoidance of doubt, the rules of such Pension Benefit prevail over any inconsistent Binding Nomination;
- 10.7.2 subject to clause 10.7.1 and 10.7.3, the Trustee must pay the Benefit in accordance with any Binding Nomination for Benefits; or
- 10.7.3 if a beneficiary ("the disclaiming beneficiary") of a Binding Nomination renounces their interest under the Binding Nomination by written notice to the Trustee no later than three months after of the date of death of a Member (or such further time permitted by the Trustee), the Binding Nomination only so far as it relates to that disclaiming beneficiary shall be deemed to not be binding on the Trustee;
- 10.7.4 where there is no Binding Nomination with respect to all or part of a Benefit, then:
 - 10.7.4.1 the Trustee may pay the Member's Benefit or various parts of it not covered by a Binding Nomination to such Dependants as determined by the Trustee. In making such a determination, the Trustee shall have regard to, but shall not be bound by the most recent direction or wish expressed by the Member;
 - 10.7.4.2 the Trustee may pay a Member's Benefit or part of it, to the Member's Legal Personal Representative; or
 - 10.7.4.3 where, after reasonable enquiries, the Trustee forms the view a Member has no Dependants or Legal Personal Representative, or effective Will, the Member's Benefit may be paid to an individual selected by the Trustee.

10.8 The Member Mentally Unable to Conduct His Affairs

Subject to the Relevant Requirements, where a Member is, in the opinion of the Trustee, mentally unable to conduct his affairs, the Trustee may pay the Member's Benefit in the same manner as under Rule 10.7.

10.9 Payment to Minors

Where a person to whom benefits are payable is a minor, the Trustee may pay the benefit to any other person for application on behalf of that minor and the receipt of the person to whom the benefit is so paid shall be a complete discharge to the Trustee in respect of such benefit.

10.10 Preserved Benefits

For the sake of completeness, it is declared that the Trustee shall comply with the Act in respect of Preserved Benefits but that otherwise payment of the Preserved Benefits are governed by these Rules.

10.11 Income Tax

The Trustee may deduct from any benefit payable the amount of any Income Tax that is calculated by the Trustee to be payable in respect of such benefit and shall remit any amount so deducted to the Commissioner of Taxation.

10.12 Anti-Detriment Payment

- 10.12.1 If a Benefit is paid as a Lump Sum Benefit to a person who was a deceased Member's Spouse or Child at the time of death or payment (whether directly or to the extent that such persons can reasonably be expected to benefit from the Member's estate) then the Trustee may increase the Lump Sum by the Tax Savings Amount.
- 10.12.2 Subject to the Relevant Requirements, the Trustee may make any adjustment to any Account in the Fund including any other Member's Interest in order to increase a Lump Sum in accordance with Rule 10.12.1 or from a Reserve Account established for such purpose.

10.13 Family Law

- 10.13.1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Rules, the Trustee will vary the interest of a Beneficiary in the Fund to take account of a Payment Split and any other Family Law Requirement. Without limiting this Rule 10.13.1 to the extent relevant:
 - 10.13.1.1 the value of a Member's Account will be adjusted accordingly; and
 - 10.13.1.2 the amount of a benefit payable from the Fund in respect of a Beneficiary (whether in the form of a lump sum or a pension) will be adjusted accordingly.
- 10.13.2 Subject to Rule 10.13.3 and the Family Law Requirements, if the interest of a Beneficiary (Affected Beneficiary) in the Fund becomes subject to a Payment Split:
 - 10.13.2.1 the Non-Member Spouse is not entitled to become a Member;
 - 10.13.2.2 the Trustee may admit the Non-Member Spouse as a Member if it so resolves and the Affected Beneficiary agrees; and
 - 10.13.2.3 either the Affected Beneficiary or the Non-Member Spouse may request the Trustee to have the Transferable Benefits of the Non-Member Spouse transferred to another Benefit Arrangement in accordance with Rule 10.2.

If the Affected Beneficiary is incapable of giving agreement under Rule 10.13.2.2 for any reason, the Trustee may admit the Non-Member Spouse as a Member if it so resolves.

10.13.3 Subject to the Family Law Requirements, if a Non-Member Spouse was a Member immediately prior to the Payment Split taking effect, nothing in Rule 10.13.2 is to be taken as:

- 10.13.3.1 affecting the membership status of the Non-Member Spouse in relation to the entitlements of the Non-Member Spouse immediately prior to the Payment Split; or
- 10.13.3.2 enabling an Affected Beneficiary to request transfer of benefits other than Transferable Benefits of the Non-Member Spouse in accordance with Rule 10.13.2.3.
- 10.13.4 Without limiting any other power it has under these Rules, the Trustee has power to do anything necessary or convenient to comply with the Family Law Requirements, including without limitation:
 - 10.13.4.1 power to provide information about Member's entitlements and Payment Splits to relevant parties;
 - 10.13.4.2 power to give effect to Payment Flags and any relevant lawful agreement or order of a court of competent jurisdiction in relation thereto:
 - 10.13.4.3 power to give effect to Payment Splits within any required time period;
 - 10.13.4.4 power to transfer Transferable Benefits within any time period set by the Family Law Legislation;
 - 10.13.4.5 power to charge fees; and
 - 10.13.4.6 power to recognise interests created under the Family Law Requirements.

10.14 Repayment

If a Benefit is paid to a Member and the Trustee subsequently determines that the Benefit should not have been paid the Member shall, upon demand by the Trustee, repay to the Trustee the full amount of the Benefit.

11. MEMBER'S RIGHTS

- 11.1 A Member shall have no right to or interest in his Member's Benefit except as provided in these Governing Rules.
- 11.2 For the avoidance of doubt, the nature of a Member's Benefit pursuant to the provisions of the Deed is:
 - 11.2.1 the right to have the Fund administered according to the Deed;
 - 11.2.2 the Member's Benefit under the Fund does not entitle the Member to any particular asset comprising, or to any particular part of, the Fund;
 - 11.2.3 a Member does not have any proprietary, beneficial, caveatable or other interest in any asset forming part of the Trust Fund;
 - 11.2.4 the Member does not have any proprietary, beneficial or other interest in the Fund:

- 11.2.5 the Member is not entitled, with all other Members, to the beneficial interest in the Fund as an entirety; and
- 11.2.6 the Member's interest in the Fund is limited to the monetary benefits payable from the Fund at the times and subject to the conditions stipulated in the Deed.
- 11.3 The Trustee shall provide to the Members and prospective Members, or cause the Members or prospective Members to be provided with, such statements, notices, documents and information concerning the administration of the Fund as is required by the Act, including prescribed information on request and information concerning significant events.
- 11.4 If the Trustee causes someone else to provide a Member with such a statement, notice, document or with such information, the Trustee shall, if required by the Act, obtain from that person a written declaration stating that the person has provided the statement, notice, document or information, as the case may be, to the Member.

12. RECORDS ACCOUNTS AND AUDITING

12.1 Records

The Trustee shall keep such accounts and records as correctly record and explain the transactions and financial position of the Fund and as required by the Act including:

- 12.1.1 Minutes in which proceedings and Resolutions of the Trustee are recorded.
- 12.1.2 a Member's Account for each Member in which is recorded:
 - 12.1.2.1 contributions to the Fund by any other person in respect of that Member:
 - 12.1.2.2 contributions by that Member;
 - 12.1.2.3 profits or losses of the Fund credited or debited to such account;
 - 12.1.2.4 profits or losses on a specific investment credited or debited to such account:
 - 12.1.2.5 forfeited benefits credited to such account;
 - 12.1.2.6 amounts debited to such account to pay premiums on policies of insurance or the consideration for an annuity;
 - 12.1.2.7 the proceeds of policies of insurance credited to such account;
 - 12.1.2.8 amounts credited to such account pursuant to a transfer from another Fund:
 - 12.1.2.9 amounts debited to such account to pay Income Tax and Expenses;
 - 12.1.2.10 amounts which are credited to or transferred from the Reserve Account.

- 12.1.2.11 amounts which are credited to or transferred from another account by order of the Family Court or under a Binding Financial Agreement in accordance with the *Family Law Act*.
- 12.1.3 a Reserve Account or Accounts in respect of which:
 - 12.1.3.1 profits shall be credited in accordance with the provisions of this Deed which enable the crediting of profits to the Reserve Account;
 - 12.1.3.2 forfeited benefits shall be credited;
 - 12.1.3.3 any gifts or undesignated transfers of money or assets to the Fund, whether in the nature of income or capital, shall be credited;
 - 12.1.3.4 liabilities for Income Tax and other taxes authorised to be debited to the Reserve Account shall be debited;
 - 12.1.3.5 payments and receipts under Rules 8.3 and 14 shall be debited and credited;
 - 12.1.3.6 such other taxes, charges or Expenses as determined by the Trustee shall be debited;
 - 12.1.3.7 applications under Rule 13.3 shall be debited;
 - 12.1.3.8 amounts are credited or debited which relate to a Member's Account which are not permitted by the Act to be credited or debited to the Member's Account.

12.2 Other Accounts

The Trustee may dissect any Member's Account or Reserve Account in its absolute discretion as the Trustee sees fit into one or more accounts including, but not limited to, the following accounts:

- 12.2.1 Vested Benefits Account:
- 12.2.2 Complying Pensions Account;
- 12.2.3 Flexi Pensions Account;
- 12.2.4 Allocated Pensions Account (if commenced prior to 19 September 2007);
- 12.2.5 Non-Vested Employer's Contribution Account;
- 12.2.6 Special Treatment Account;
- 12.2.7 Fixed Term Pensions Account;
- 12.2.8 Accumulation Reserve Account;
- 12.2.9 Accumulation Retirement Account;
- 12.2.10 Pension Reserve Account;

- 12.2.11 Investment Reserve Account (that can amongst other things, holds undistributed investment income and income above the Fund's required return);
- 12.2.12 Contributions Reserve Account (that can, amongst other things, hold unallocated contributions made by the Permitted Contributor);
- 12.2.13 Insurance Benefits Reserve Account;
- 12.2.14 Miscellaneous Reserve Account (that can, amongst other things, include pre-12 May 2004 foregone and forfeited benefits, plus expenses and other legal provisions); or
- 12.2.15 Such Reserve Accounts or Liability Accounts as may assist the Trustee to identify the value of assets that may have been exchanged or segregated as either current pension assets, non-current pension assets or that are dealt with as a different Sub-Fund, segment or partition.

12.3 Application of Reserve Account

Payment Event

Subject to Rule 12.7, upon a Payment Event, the Reserve Account or Accounts shall be applied to the respective Members' Accounts in proportion to the amounts standing to the credit of such Members' Accounts at the time of the Payment Event unless, or to the extent, that the Trustee otherwise determines prior to lodgment of the income tax return of the Fund in the year in which the Payment Event occurs.

Winding Up

Subject to Rule 12.7, immediately before the winding up of the Fund, the Reserve Account:

- 12.3.1 may be applied by the Trustee for the benefit of Members, former Members, or Dependants of deceased Members or former Members in such proportions as determined by the Trustee (subject to the Relevant Requirements).
- 12.3.2 to the extent that the Trustee does not exercise the discretion under the preceding paragraph shall be transferred to the Members' Accounts in proportions to the amounts then standing to the credit of such Members' Accounts.
- 12.3.3 if there is no amount standing to the credit of any Members' Account and all of the Members of the Fund have died shall be transferred to the Members' Account of the last surviving Member, and if more than one in equal shares.

Payment of Pension

Where the amount standing to the credit of a Pensions Account is exhausted, and further payments of Pension are due, the Pension may be paid from the Reserve Account.

12.4 Debits to Pension Accounts

The Trustee must not debit against a Pensions Account (if any) any amount not being:

- 12.4.1 a payment of the relevant Pension; or
- 12.4.2 Expenses in relation to the administration and investment attributable to the Pension.

12.5 Commutation of Old Age Pension

- 12.5.1 A Member or Relevant Beneficiary may, subject to the provisions of the Relevant Requirements, commute an Old Age Pension to a capital sum upon the following conditions:
 - 12.5.1.1 if the Pension is commuted before or on the date of the first payment of the Pension, it is to be commuted to a capital sum equal to a lump sum Benefit;
 - 12.5.1.2 if the Pension is commuted after the date of the first instalment of the Pension for payment, the Pension is commuted to a lump sum of such an amount as the Trustees may determine.

12.6 Flexibility of Pension

- 12.6.1 At a Member's request, the Trustee is eligible to:
 - 12.6.1.1 rollback or initiate its internal rollover into the Fund for any purpose;
 - 12.6.1.2 allow a Member to stop any Pension and start a new Pension for any purpose including cash flow, estate planning or other reasons subject to the sole purpose test.

12.7 Member Classes

If the Trustee resolves to treat the Members as being of more than one class for the purposes of this Rule then Rule 13.3 shall operate to apply the Reserve Account equally (or in such other proportions specified by the Trustee) among the classes, but within each class as specified in Rule 13.3.

12.8 Keeping the Accounts and Records

The accounting records of the Fund must be retained for such period required by the Act, must be kept in Australia and must be kept in the English language or in a form in which they are readily accessible and readily convertible into the English language.

12.9 Application of Pensions Accounts

Where pursuant to the terms of a Pension, the Trustee is required to make a payment of a Pension and there is a sufficient balance standing to the credit of the Member's Pensions Account, the Trustee must make the required payment from the relevant Pensions Account

12.10 Auditor and Actuary

Where required by the Act, the Trustee must appoint an Auditor and/or an Actuary to the Fund to fulfil the requirements of the Act.

13. ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES AND VALUATIONS

13.1 Allocation of Profits or Losses

At the end of each financial year of the Fund, upon the winding up of the Fund, or whenever the Trustee determines it to be appropriate, the profits and losses arising from the investment of the Fund, less such provision for depreciation, liabilities, losses and taxation as the Trustee, in its absolute discretion, deems prudent shall be credited or debited by the Trustee to the Members' Accounts in the proportions to the amounts standing to the credit of such Members' Accounts at the beginning of the financial period for which the accounts are being prepared or on such other basis as the Trustee equitably determines. The Trustee may, in its absolute discretion, credit to the Reserve Account such proportion as it determines. The Trustee may make a reasonable estimate in crediting or debiting any profits or losses before final accounts are available to the Trustee for the financial period.

13.2 Valuation of Assets of the Fund

- 13.2.1 The Trustee may make a valuation of the assets of the Fund (other than policies of life insurance and annuities) after the end of each financial year of the Fund and whenever it determines in such manner as the Trustee determines and deduct therefrom the amount of outstanding liabilities and expenses, the estimated costs of realising the investments and such provision for taxation as the Trustee, in its absolute discretion, deems to be prudent.
- 13.2.2 If the net value of the assets of the Fund determined in accordance with this Rule exceeds or is less than the aggregate of the net amount standing to the credit of all of the Members' Accounts at that date the Trustee shall, but subject to Rule 13.2.3 and SIS Act, credit the surplus or debit the deficit to the Members' Accounts in proportion to the amounts standing to their respective credits at the beginning of the Fund's financial year for which accounts are being prepared or on such other basis as the Trustee determines to be equitable.
- 13.2.3 The Trustee may, in its absolute discretion, credit or debit to the Reserve Account such proportion as it determines of the amount that would otherwise be credited to the Member's Accounts as is attributable to Employer Contributions or debited to Members' Accounts.

13.3 Interim Earning Rate

The Trustee may allocate to the Member's Accounts of a Member, in respect of whom a benefit is being paid, an interim earning rate determined by the Trustee to apply from the date on which an allocation was last made under Rule 13.1 or 13.2 to the date on which the benefit is being paid.

14. TRUSTEE'S LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

14.1 Liability of Trustee and Directors

The Trustee, and each director of a corporate Trustee, shall not be liable for any acts or omissions other than those that are:

- 14.1.1 dishonest;
- 14.1.2 attributable to an intentional or reckless failure to exercise the degree of care and diligence required of a Trustee; or
- 14.1.3 contraventions of civil penalty provisions (including administrative penalty notices) under the Act.

14.2 Members' Liability

None of the Members (other than in their capacities as Trustees or directors of a corporate Trustee) shall be liable for any action taken or omitted in administering the Fund.

14.3 Trustee's and Directors' Indemnity

Except where, and to the extent that, the Trustees may be personally liable pursuant to Rule 15.1, the Trustees shall be indemnified and reimbursed out of the Fund for any costs, expenses, claims, liability and damages which the Trustees may pay or incur in or about the administration of the trusts, authorities, powers and discretions contained in the Deed.

14.4 Not Liable for Compliance with Family Law Act Provisions

The Trustee shall not be liable to any Member for any loss suffered by the Member or for any actions taken by the Trustee under the Family Law Act or pursuant to the provisions of a Family Court Order under the provisions of the Family Law Act or for compliance with the terms of the Superannuation Agreement made under the provisions of the Family Law Act.

15. TRUSTEE'S MEETINGS

15.1 Individuals

- 15.1.1 Where the Trustees are individual persons, they may meet together to dispose of business concerned with the administration of the Fund, determine a quorum, adjourn the meetings and otherwise regulate their meetings as they see fit. A majority of the Trustees shall be a quorum unless there is only one (1) Trustee, in which case a quorum shall be that Trustee.
- 15.1.2 A meeting of the Trustees at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise the trusts, powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Trustees by this Trust Deed.
- 15.1.3 The Trustees may elect a Chairman of each meeting.
- 15.1.4 A Resolution of the Trustees shall be valid and binding if a majority of the total number of Trustees have voted in favour of it.

- 15.1.5 The Trustees shall keep Minutes of their Resolutions and proceedings.
- 15.1.6 A Resolution in writing, signed by a majority of the Trustees, shall have the same effect and validity as a Resolution of the Trustees passed at a duly convened meeting.

15.2 No Limitation on Rule 7.3

Nothing in Rule 15.1 shall limit the effect of Rule 7.3.

16. SIGNING OF DOCUMENTS BY TRUSTEE

Where there are two (2) or more individual persons acting as Trustees, any one (1) of the Trustees is hereby authorised on behalf of all the Trustees to execute, sign, enter into and acknowledge all cheques, negotiable instruments, agreements, contracts, writings, proposals for insurance, transfers of shares, policies of insurance or units in a unit trust and all other documents as validly and effectually as all the Trustees could do.

17. REMUNERATION OF PROFESSIONAL PERSONS

The Trustee shall not receive any salary or remuneration from the Fund but, subject to section 17A and section 17B of SIS Act, nothing shall preclude any Trustee being a natural person, firm, corporation, company or partnership of which a Trustee is a partner, director, shareholder, related corporation (within the meaning of that term in Section 50 of the *Corporations Act* 2001), Employer or Employee from being paid out of the Fund any proper fees or remuneration for services rendered by such natural person, firm, corporation, company or partnership in connection with the Fund. For the purpose of this Rule "services" shall include where the person is appropriately qualified, and if necessary licensed, to provide such services and are conducted through a business where such services are provided to the public at large. Such remuneration must be no more favourable to the trustee or director of the trustee than that which it is reasonable to expect would apply if the trustee were dealing with the relevant party at arms length in the same circumstances.

18. TRUSTEE AS MEMBER'S ATTORNEY

Each Member hereby irrevocably appoints the Trustee as his Attorney to execute and sign all such deeds and instruments and do all such things the Trustee decides to be necessary or desirable in administering the Fund.

19. TRUST DEED AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

- 19.1 A copy of this Trust Deed shall be kept by the Trustee and be available for inspection by any Member at all reasonable times.
- 19.2 If required by the Act, the Trustee shall provide a Member with a copy of this Trust Deed.

20. VARIATION OF TRUST DEED

20.1 Variation of Trust Deed

The Trustee may, at any time and from time to time, either by deed executed by the Trustee or by oral resolution, vary, add to or rescind all or any of the provisions from time to time of the Deed and the new provisions so made shall have the same validity and effect as if they had been originally contained in the Deed and shall be subject to being varied, added to or rescinded in like manner but no such variation, addition or rescission shall be made if it breaches the requirements of the Act or if it has the effect of reducing the amount of a benefit that is, or may become, payable in relation to a period before the date of the variation, addition or rescission unless:

- 20.1.1 the reduction is required because of, and does not exceed the value of, any tax payable on the taxable income of the Fund;
- 20.1.2 the reduction is required to enable the Fund to comply with the Act;
- 20.1.3 the Member so affected consents in writing of the reduction; or
- 20.1.4 the Authority approves in writing of the reduction; or
- 20.1.5 the variation is permitted or required by the Act.

20.2 Notification to Members

As soon as practicable after a provision of the Trust Deed is varied, added to or rescinded, the Trustee shall give to a Member whose entitlements or rights are affected by the variation, addition or rescission, and in any other circumstances prescribed under the Act, written advice that complies with the Act and which explains the nature and purpose of the variation, addition or rescission and the effect of the variation, addition or rescission on the Member's entitlements or rights.

20.3 Effect of Variation

A variation may take effect from before or after the time it is made.

21. COMPLIANCE

21.1 Compliance with Act as at date of the Deed

As at the date of the Deed, the Deed is deemed to include all matters prescribed by the Act to be included.

21.2 Deemed Compliance with Further Statutory Requirements

Without limiting the effect of Rule 21, whenever the Authority validly issues a requirement in relation to the constitution or operation of the Fund, whether by parliamentary enactment, Regulation or otherwise (but excluding untested interpretations of the law) ("requirement"), the Trustee shall, on the specified date, be deemed to have amended the Deed under Rule 21 to include that requirement, and this Deed shall be deemed to be the amending Deed for the purpose of Rule 21.

21.3 Optional Requirement

Where the requirement is not an absolute requirement but a requirement upon which a particular result is conditioned, the Trustees may determine that such requirement is a requirement for the purposes of Rule 21.2.

21.4 Specified Date

The specified date for the purposes of Rules 21.2 and 21.3 shall be 29 June next following the issue by the Authority of its requirement, or such other date, whether before or after 29 June, determined by the Trustee.

21.5 Family Law Act

The Trustee shall comply with the provisions of the Family Law Act and shall provide such information to any party as required under that Act and shall take all such action as required under the Family Law Act or any Family Court Order or Superannuation Agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the Family Law Act.

22. INCONSISTENCY

In the event of an inconsistency between Rule 21 and any other provision of the Deed, Rule 21 shall prevail and that other provision shall be read down to such extent as is reasonable in all the circumstances to give it a valid operation of a partial character provided that if that other provision cannot be read down it shall be deemed void and severable and deleted from the Deed.

23. **DISSOLUTION OF THE FUND**

23.1 Dissolution of the Fund

When the last remaining person who has a benefit entitlement is paid the benefit (including by rollover to a Complying Fund), the Trustee shall wind up the Fund and shall pay or transfer to the Members or former Members, benefits in accordance with the provisions of these Rules, after deducting from the assets of the Fund the cost of administering and winding up the Fund. Such payments and transfers shall be accepted by Members and former Members in full discharge of all claims in respect of the Fund. The Trustee shall continue to administer the Fund until benefits are paid or transferred in accordance with these Rules.

23.2 Amount Remaining in the Fund

If any amount remains in the Fund after all of the Members' entitlements to benefits have been paid, the amount so remaining shall be paid to the former Members or their Dependants or the Participating Employers in such proportions as the Trustee determines to be equitable.

23.3 Preserved Benefits

Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules, the Trustee shall not, in the case of a Preserved Benefit, pay or transfer the benefit to a Member until the Member reaches the Voluntary Benefit Age or such other age prescribed in the Act as being the preservation age for that Member, except in the event of his earlier

death or Permanent Disablement or the payment of the benefit in such other circumstances as are permitted under the Act.

24. UK PENSION PROVISIONS - QROPS

Regardless of anything to the contrary expressed or implied in this Deed, the Rules in this Rule 24 of this Deed, called the "**UK Pension Division Provisions**", will apply to the Members of UK Accumulated Credit (if any) in the Fund.

24.1 Application for QROPS Status

With the agreement of the Trustee and at the request of a Member who is entitled to receive a transfer of a UK Accumulated Credit, the Trustee may apply to Her Majesty's Customs & Revenue (or such other body as is appropriate) for recognition of the Fund as a Qualified Recognised Overseas Pension Scheme ("QROPS") pursuant to the United Kingdom's Finance Act 2004 and any regulations made under it.

24.2 Transfers from UK Pension Schemes

The Trustee will not request a transfer from a UK pension scheme under this Rule until its QROPS status has been confirmed and all other regulatory and administrative guidelines have been complied with.

24.3 Restrictions on Benefits Payable

The Trustee must in all respects comply with the requirements, from time to time, applicable to the Member's UK Accumulated Credit, including but not limited to:

- 24.3.1 requirements to report to Her Majesty's Customs & Revenue all payments of transfers affecting the Member's UK Accumulated Credit; and
- 24.3.2 restrictions on the age at which, and circumstances under which, benefits arising from the Member's UK Accumulated Credit may be paid; and
- 24.3.3 restrictions on the form in which any such benefits may be paid and on the amount of any lump sums.

24.4 Transfers to Other Regulated Superannuation Fund

To the extent that the requirements of the Unit Kingdom's finance Act 2004 and any regulations made under it restrict or impose conditions upon the transfer of a Member's UK Accumulated Credit to another Regulated Superannuation Fund, the Trustee must comply with those requirements in respect of any rollovers or transfers of the UK Accumulated Credit, unless such requirements would result in the Trustee breaching the provisions of the Relevant Law.

24.5 Limitation on Amendments to this Rule

No amendments can be made to the UK Pension Division Provisions if such amendments would mean the rules applying to the Member's UK Accumulated Credit would not comply with the requirements of the United Kingdom Inland Revenue for the transfer of pension entitlements from the United Kingdom to Australia.

24.6 Supplementary Definition for this Rule

The expression "UK Accumulated Credit" means the amount transferred in respect of the Member to this Fund or a previous superannuation arrangement from a UK pension arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1

PROVISIONS APPLYING TO PENSION BENEFITS

1. Forms of Pension

- 1.1 Without limiting anything in these Rules, the Trustee and a Beneficiary may agree that the whole or any part of any amount payable to a Beneficiary under these Rules will be paid in one or more of the forms of Pension if that is permitted by the Act and the terms of such a pension complies with any Relevant Requirements, including all pensions already commenced before these rules took effect and may commence any of the following pensions:
 - 1.1.1 an Account Based Pension:
 - 1.1.2 a Transition to Retirement Income Stream:
 - 1.1.3 a Market Linked Pension;
 - 1.1.4 an Account Based Pension;
 - 1.1.5 a Temporary Incapacity Income Stream;
 - 1.1.6 a Transition to Retirement Income Stream; and.
 - 1.1.7 subject to the Act, any other form of pension that the Trustee chooses to make available at the relevant time.
- 1.2 Terms relating to each type of pension referred to in Paragraphs 1.1.1 to 1.1.6 are provided in the subsequent Paragraphs 5 to 7 of this Schedule ("Pension Rules").

2. Provisions of Act

2.1 Pension Provisions

- 2.1.1 The Pension Rules including any other form of pension referred to in Paragraph 1.1.7 of this Schedule are designed to reflect certain provisions of the Act relating to pensions. To the extent that those provisions of the Act may be:
 - 2.1.1.1 varied or supplemented, the Trustee may offer pensions on terms that are consistent with the varied or supplemented provisions; or
 - 2.1.1.2 removed, the Trustee may adjust the features of pensions to which the Pension Rules apply, having regard to the

provisions that have been removed.

- 2.1.2 To avoid any doubt, a provision of the Act or the SIS Regulations includes part of a provision.
- 2.1.3 Subject to the Act, where a change of the type referred to in Paragraphs 2.1.1.1 or 2.1.1.2 of this Paragraph 2 occurs, or if the Trustee otherwise considers it appropriate to do so, the Trustee may change the terms on which a current pension is paid, without being required to amend the terms of these Rules or any other deed evidencing any agreement with a Beneficiary in relation to payment of a Pension Benefit.
- 2.1.4 Any form a Pension being paid to a Beneficiary prior 1 July 2007 that satisfies the requirements of Regulation 1.06(2), (4), (6), (7) or (8) of the SIS Regulation may continue to be paid to the Beneficiary and where permitted by the Act, any Pension that was commenced prior to 1 July 2007 may be commenced if it is purchased with a rollover Benefit that resulted from the commutation of a pension that meets the relevant standards of such pension or where the Member is otherwise Relevant permitted under the Requirements or commence to receive such pension.

2.2 Life Tables etc

2.2.1 In determining the life expectancy of a person under these pension terms, then if required by the SIS Regulations or the Act, the relevant life tables required under the Act or Regulations made under the Tax Act (as the case may be) are to be used in ascertaining the life expectancy of a person for the purposes of these terms.

3. Additional Terms

3.1 Subject to the Act, the Trustee is also permitted to:

- 3.1.1 pay pensions in any form permitted by the Act, which may include forms other than those described in the Pension Rules:
- 3.1.2 make the payment of pensions, including those governed by the Pension Rules, subject to any other terms that the Trustee considers appropriate. Those other terms may supplement or wholly or partly replace the terms that would otherwise apply. For example, the Trustee may, but is not obliged to, impose terms that it considers may enable the pension payments or the assets supporting those payments to be subject to concessional treatment under laws relating to tax or social security or similar entitlements; and
- 3.1.3 further document the terms governing any pension, including those governed by the Pension Rules, in any manner it considers appropriate, whether by way of variation, supplement, qualification or deletion of terms that might otherwise apply.
- 3.2 A pension may, with the consent of the Relevant Beneficiary, be varied in terms of clause 3.1.3 such that a Reversionary Beneficiary may be appointed or removed after the Pension has commenced without the need for the pension to be commuted or restarted.

4. Terms

4.1 Terms used in the Pension Rules have the same meaning as in the Act (and in particular those provision of the Act relating to pensions) unless the context otherwise requires.

5. Account Based Pensions

- 5.1 The following provisions apply to Account Pensions:
 - 5.1.1 the pension must meet the standards of SIS Regulation 1.06(1) and 1.06(9A);
 - 5.1.2 payment of the pension must be made at least annually;
 - 5.1.3 neither the capital value of nor the income from the Pension can be used as security for a borrowing;
 - 5.1.4 no capital supporting the pension can be added to by way of contribution or rollover after the pension has commenced:
 - 5.1.5 the total payments in a year (including any payments made under a Payment Split) in which there is an account balance in respect of the Member, are at

- least the amount calculated under clause 1 of Schedule 7 of SIS Regulations;
- 5.1.6 for a pension in relation to which SIS Regulation 1.06(9A)(a) applies the pension must also meet the standards of SIS Regulation 1.07D; and
- 5.1.7 for a pension in relation to which SIS Regulation 1.06(9A)(b) applies the pension must also meet the standards of SIS Regulation 1.07B.

6. Transition to Retirement Income Streams

- 6.1 The following provisions apply to Transition to Retirement Income Streams:
 - 6.1.1 the pension must meet the standards of:
 - 6.1.1.1 SIS Regulation 1.06(9A)(a); and
 - 6.1.1.2 SIS Sub-Regulation 1.06(9A);
 - 6.1.2 the pension must allow total payments (including under a Payment Split) made in a financial year to amount to no more than ten per cent (10%) of the pension account balance:
 - 6.1.2.1 on 1 July in the financial year in which the payment is made; or
 - 6.1.2.2 if that year is the year in which the pension commences on the commencement day; and
 - 6.1.3 the pension must comply with paragraph (b) of the definition of Non-Commutable Allocated Pension in SIS Regulation 6.01(2), as if it were such a pension.
 - 6.1.4 Upon a Pensioner satisfying a condition of release in respect of which the cashing restriction for preserved benefits and restricted non-preserved benefits under the SISR is nil, the Transition to Retirement Income Stream becomes a normal Account Based Pension, without the need to commute or restart the Pension.

7. Temporary Incapacity Income Stream

- 7.1 If a member suffers Temporary Incapacity, the Trustee may pay the member a Temporary Incapacity Income Stream for such period and amount as determined by the Trustee not exceeding the period of such Temporary Incapacity providing it complies with the Relevant Requirements.
- 7.2 The following provisions apply to a Temporary Incapacity Income Stream:

- 7.2.1 The income stream cannot be commuted:
- 7.2.2 The income stream is paid at least monthly;
- 7.2.3 The income stream does not have a residual capital value;
- 7.2.4 Is such that the total amount paid each month is fixed or varies only:
 - 7.2.4.1 For the purpose of complying with the Act; and
 - 7.2.4.2 During any period of 12 months by a rate not exceeding either:
 - 7.2.4.3 5% per annum; or

7.2.4.4 The rate of increase in the last Consumer Price Index (All Capital Cities) for a quarter to be published by the Australian Statistician before the end of that period of 12 months compared with the Consumer Price Index (All Capital Cities) published for the same quarter in the preceding year;

Or that otherwise complies with such parts of the Relevant Requirements as govern such income streams.

8. Particular Arrangements

- 8.1 Subject to the Act, the Trustee may:
 - 8.1.1 require a Beneficiary requesting payment of a pension to provide the Trustee with information and other particulars relating to the pension before the pension begins to be paid and during the period of payment of the pension; and

8.1.2 agree with the Beneficiary on particular arrangements to apply to the Pension. For example, these may relate to the number and identity of any reversionary Beneficiaries, the frequency of pension payments, the amount of pension payments, the treatment of benefits on the Beneficiary's death and any other relevant matters.

9. Reserves

- 9.1 Subject to the Act, where it considers it appropriate, the Trustee may:
 - 9.1.1 obtain the advice of an actuary regarding the amount of pension payments, any variation to the amount of those payments, commutations, the establishment, monitoring or treatment of pension reserves in accordance with this Paragraph 9, or any other relevant matter:
 - 9.1.2 establish pension reserves in relation to the funding of pension obligations relating to particular Beneficiaries;
 - 9.1.3 where a pension Benefit liability to which a pension reserve relates no longer exists, or the amount of the pension reserve exceeds the expected liability, arrange for any assets or excess assets in the pension reserve to be applied in any manner whatsoever that the Trustee considers fair and reasonable, including for the general purposes of the Fund, but having special regard to the interests of the Beneficiary to whom the pension benefit related and that Beneficiary's Dependants.

SCHEDULE 2

TRUSTEE'S POWERS

These powers have been included for maximum practicality, in the context of continual changes in the relevant laws. However, the exercise of the powers is subject to the restrictions contained in the Act.

- 1. The Trustee must invest the Fund in any of the following investments:
 - 1.1 Any investment authorised by law for the investment of trust funds.
 - 1.2 The purchase or acquisition of shares, stocks, debentures, notes, bonds, mortgages, options, warrants or other securities.
 - 1.3 On deposit with any bank, building society, credit co-operative, trustee company or other financial institution.
 - 1.4 On deposit with or loan to any employer or any other person or organisation with or without security on any terms the Trustee considers reasonable.
 - 1.5 In any policy of insurance or annuity.
 - 1.6 The purchase, acquisition, leasing or hiring (from or to any person) of any real or personal property.
 - 1.7 The acquisition of any units in unit trusts.
 - 1.8 Any other investments which the Trustee considers appropriate.
- 2. The Trustee shall have power to sell any investments and to vary and transpose any investments into other investments authorised by the Deed.
- 3. The Trustee may:
 - 3.1 Settle, compromise or submit to arbitration or determination any claims or matters relating to this Deed or to the rights of Members or persons claiming under them.
 - 3.2 Purchase, take on, lease (including leases for terms of over 30 years for buildings and over 21 years for other leases) or acquire any land or real property of any description or any estate or interest in that property and to spend moneys for the purpose of erecting buildings on it, making improvements to it or developing or otherwise exploiting the same (ether income producing or not).
 - 3.3 Commence, carry on or defend legal proceedings.
 - 3.4 Borrow moneys from any persons, firms, corporations, bodies, associations or

governmental or municipal bodies for the purposes of acquiring an asset (other than an asset that the Trustee is prohibited by applicable law from acquiring) upon such terms with or without security or interest as the Trustee deems fit and to give, or to authorise the giving of security by mortgage, charge (whether fixed or floating) or otherwise over the asset. The rights of the mortgagee or chargee shall take priority in all respects over the rights of the beneficiaries hereunder and all other persons whatsoever.

- 3.5 Invest in any arrangement pursuant to Section 67A or Section 67(4A) of the SIS Act.
- 3.6 To insure or re-insure any risks, contingencies or liabilities of the Fund.
- 3.7 Underwrite any risks, contingencies or liabilities under any superannuation arrangement conducted by any Employer where there is an agreement for a transfer of Employees to the Fund.
- 3.8 Engage the services of professional or other advisers and consultants.
- 3.9 Improve, renovate or repair any investment.
- 3.10 Set aside out of the Fund such money as is sufficient, in the Trustee's opinion, to meet any debtor obligation due or accruing.
- 3.11 Pay calls on shares or stock or units forming part of the Fund.
- 3.12 Assent to and concur in any arrangement, sale, transfer or exchange of any shares, stock, debentures, units or other securities modifying any rights, privileges or interests in relation to the Fund and to agree and concur in any scheme of arrangement for the increase or reduction of the value or amount of the same in the capital of any company or trust in which any shares, stock, debentures or units forming part of the Fund may be invested or agreed to or concur in any rearrangement of its capital or its reconstruction or any arrangement made or proposed to be made by it for any purpose.
- 3.13 Indemnify or undertake to indemnify anyone in respect of any claims, matters or things relating to the Fund or to the rights of Members in respect of the Fund.
- 3.14 Hold any assets of the Fund through a nominee or bare trust.

- 3.15 Appoint any person as custodian to hold legal title for any asset acquired or to be acquired by the Trustee in such terms as the Trustee thinks fit.
- 3.16 Take or apply, without obtaining any consents, any part of the Fund in its actual condition or state of investment in or towards satisfaction of any entitlement of or in the Fund or in respect of Member's Benefits as the Trustee thinks fit.
- 3.17 Delegate any functions, duties, discretions or obligations to any person or organisation by Power of Attorney, Resolution or otherwise for any purposes and with any powers, authorities or discretions as it thinks fit and the Trustee may remove, replace or suspend any person as it considers appropriate.
- 3.18 Open any account or accounts with any financial institution and to operate such account or accounts.
- 3.19 Draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, issue or otherwise deal with any promissory note, bill of exchange, bill of lading, cheque or other negotiable or transferable instrument.

- 3.20 Acquire or conduct any business or an interest in any business and to employ persons in the carrying on of that business.
- 3.21 Invest any part of the Fund by entering into any contractual arrangement or joint venture.
- 3.22 To give any guarantees or indemnity for payment of money or the performance of any contract, obligation or undertaking by any person, firm, company, corporation or association (including, without limitation, any indemnity relating to contracts, obligations or undertakings to which the Trustee is a party or in respect of which the Trustee has existing or contingent obligations or liabilities); and to mortgage or charge the whole or any part of the Trust Fund to secure performance of any such guarantee or indemnity.