

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES
BEANNAITHE SELF MANAGED SUPERANNUATION FUND.**

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Venue: 3 Caulfield Close, WILLETTON WA 6155

Date: 01/07/2022

Trustees: I Wilmot, J Wilmot

Present: I Wilmot, J Wilmot

Chair: I Wilmot,

The trustees have resolved that the following Investment Strategy be adopted, regularly reviewed, and implemented for the Beannaithe Self-Managed Superannuation Fund.

Investment Strategy

As per Regulation 4.09 of the Superannuation Industry Supervision (SIS) Regulations, this investment strategy has been formulated by the trustees with specific regard to:

- the risk and likely return from its investments having regard to the objectives of the fund and its cash flow requirements;
- the composition of the fund's investments as a whole, including the extent to which they are diverse or involve exposure of the fund to risks from inadequate diversification;
- the liquidity of the fund's investments, having regard to its expected cash flow requirements;
- the ability of the fund to discharge its existing and prospective liabilities;
- whether the trustees of the fund should hold a contract of insurance that provides insurance cover for one or more members of the fund.

Investment Objectives:

The investment objectives of the Beannaithe Self-Managed Superannuation Fund,

are as follows:

- To target a total annual real return of 3% per annum above the Australian inflation rate. For example, if the Australian inflation rate for the financial year is 3%, the return objective for the year would be 6%.
- To preserve the capital of the fund as much as possible through the investment cycle, whilst paying out income streams to members in the pension phase of the fund.

Cash Flow Requirements:

The cash flow requirements of the fund will include Loan repayments and the expenses of the fund. This is estimated in total to be approximately 2% of the value of the fund at the start of the financial year.

Composition of Investments:

Asset Allocation:

The trustees will invest in a diversified portfolio of assets from across three broad types of investments, according to the trustee's assessment of risk and likely returns from each asset at any point in time, and taking into account the objectives and cash flow requirements of the fund:

- **Secure assets:** these are highly secure with a very low risk of capital loss such as Cash and Term Deposits.
- **Defensive assets:** these are defensive assets with fixed income characteristics, however with added price and/or default risks of varying degrees. This includes Government bonds, investment grade corporate bonds & subordinated debt, mortgage trusts etc.
- **Risk assets:** these offer the highest potential returns but also the highest volatility and risk of permanent capital loss. This includes Australian and international equities, property trusts, direct property, commodities, currencies, collectibles, and derivatives.

Diversification between asset classes and within each asset class will reduce concentration and underperformance risk.

The trustees will use an active strategic approach to allocating to the different types of assets to take advantage of positive market conditions where they exist, but also to attempt to actively manage risk in negative market conditions (particularly in Risk assets).

However, this is managed within the framework of the following asset allocation limits, and long-term benchmarks:

| | Benchmark | Min | Max |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|
| Secure Assets | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Defensive Assets | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| Risk Assets | 0% | 0 | 0% |

Further to this, the trustees will limit investment in the various Risk assets to the following maximum limits:

| | Maximum fund investment |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Equities | 0-64% |
| Property | 0-32.5% |
| Collectibles | 0% |
| Commodities | 0% |
| Cash | 0% - 3.5% |

Exposure to any asset class includes both Australian and International based assets and can be either via direct investments (either listed on an exchange or not), managed investments, or via derivative contracts (either exchange traded or over-the-counter). Derivative exposures are calculated as:

- *“Buy to open” options & warrants*: Market value of the position.
- *“Sell to open” options*: The profit or loss of the open position plus any cash margin covering the position.
- *All futures & CFD contracts to open*: The profit or loss of the open position plus any cash margin covering the position.

Investment Selection:

The trustees will draw on a range of research sources to generate individual investment ideas.

The trustees will invest in a portfolio of medium to long-term core positions that it considers to be of high asset quality and are priced at or below what it considers ‘fair value’. Given all the members are in the pension phase, the income yield potential of each investment will be a key consideration.

This is combined with some shorter-term trading opportunities (predominantly in Risk assets) based on shorter-term indicators of price appreciation potential.

Liquidity to meet cash flow requirements

The trustees will maintain a sufficient cash balance in the fund’s bank account to meet its outgoing cash flow requirements when they fall due.

Further to this, the trustees will also ensure that the liquidity of the vast majority of underlying individual investments is sufficient such that any unexpected cash flow requirements can easily be met by selling assets.

Ability of the fund to discharge its existing and prospective liabilities

As the fund has borrowings on the investment property, the liabilities of the fund will include:

- Monthly Mortgage repayments paid on a regular basis; and
- expenses that are paid on a semi regular basis; and
- death benefits from the unexpected death of a member where a death benefit nomination requires benefit payments to beneficiaries.

The composition and liquidity of all investments will ensure that all existing and prospective liabilities of the fund can easily be met.

Insurance for members

The trustees have considered if the fund should hold a contract of insurance that provides insurance cover for one or more members of the fund.

Based on a needs analysis by the trustees, and taking into account the members age and other insurance the members already hold, the trustees have concluded that it should hold the following insurance cover for the members:

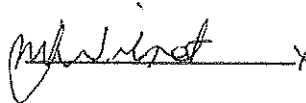
| Member | Insurance Type | Amount |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| I Wilmot | Death | \$391,895.00 |
| | Total & Permanent Disablement | \$0 |
| | Income Protection | \$0 |
| J Wilmot | Death | \$0 |
| | Total & Permanent Disablement | \$0 |
| | Income Protection | \$0 |

Signed:

Handwritten signature of Ian Wilmot in black ink, written over a horizontal line that ends with a small 'x' on the right.

Ian Wilmot

Director of Trustee Company

Handwritten signature of Julie Wilmot in black ink, written over a horizontal line that ends with a small 'x' on the right.

Julie Wilmot

Director of Trustee Company

Trustees of Beannaithe Self-Managed Superannuation Fund.

Date: 01/07/2022