

#### 22 September 2021

#### Dear WPT Unitholder,

On behalf of the directors of Clarence Property Corporation, I'm pleased to enclose a copy of the Westlawn Property Trust (WPT) audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. I'd also like to take the opportunity to welcome the 202 new investors who joined us during the year.

#### **2020/21 in Review**

Despite another challenging year of COVID-19 curveballs WPT, combined with Epiq Lennox Property Trust, experienced a strong year financially. The highlights of FY 20/21 were:

- Total revenue was \$75.9m, including \$33.5m of rental property income and \$40.6m of residential land sales.
- After-tax profit was \$23.6m, or approximately 7.5 cents per unit.
- WPT total asset value at 30/6/2021 was \$533m, an increase of \$136m since 30/6/2020.
- 10 commercial properties were acquired during the year, for \$101.1m.
- 6 commercial properties were independently valued, resulting in a 13% increase in value.
- In line with one of WPT's investment strategies acquiring development properties in the high growth regions of Northern NSW and SE Qld FY 20/21 saw WPT purchase two new development sites in Northern NSW "SceniQ", located in Bilambil Heights and "Wallum", located on the coastline at Brunswick Heads.
- Gearing was 36% at 30/6/2021. This is a slight decrease from 37.5% at 30/6/20.
- Net asset backing at 30/6/21 was \$0.95 per unit. This is an increase from \$0.88 per unit at 30/6/20.

Importantly, distributions for the year totalled \$18.1m and when combined with franking credits, the annualised distribution was 7.0 cents per unit.

Despite a solid financial result, the year wasn't without its challenges, none more prominent than those presented by COVID-19. The impact of COVID-19 is addressed on page 3 of the Directors' Report.

#### **Outlook**

Despite COVID-19 dominating the discussion and challenges within the property industry throughout FY 20/21, we've headed into FY 21/22 with our usual enthusiasm and optimism.

The property market remains very competitive, with a low interest rate environment being a driving force behind higher asset values. We continue our focus on acquiring quality assets as we build a commercially sustainable property portfolio that provides ongoing monthly income to our investors.

The development component of WPT continues to be a profitable business line, and we intend to continue our expansion into a range of Northern NSW markets where we consider demand to be sustained and supply to be constrained.

#### **Capital Raising**

Since re-opening WPT to investment after COVID in August 2020, we have had an inflow of almost \$100 million in new capital. We've used this to fund the purchases made since then, and additionally have retained some in reserve for another round of purchases in the months ahead, as we have some excellent properties currently in due diligence.

We are continuing to accept new capital and should you wish to add to your investment, it's a simple matter of completing an application form as an existing investor on-line at <a href="https://www.clarenceproperty.com.au">www.clarenceproperty.com.au</a>. Have your Investor Number handy.

#### 2020/21 Annual Tax Statement

Your Annual Tax Statement for the year ended 30 June 2021 was made available on-line via Boardroom on Friday 17/9/21. You will have received an email from "companies@boardroomlimited". For those investors without email access, a copy of your tax statement will be mailed to you by Boardroom. If you have any questions regarding your statement, don't hesitate to call us on 1300 382 862 and select option 1.

I would like to also take this opportunity to thank the hard working team who manage the WPT portfolio on a day-to-day basis. I am proud of the way our Clarence team has faced the challenges COVID-19 has presented, and the ongoing support they have shown to our tenants and our communities.

Finally, I would like to thank our investors. Our dedicated team remains committed to generating long term, enduring property income on your behalf.

Regards /

Peter Fahey

Managing Director



# ANNUAL REPORT 30 June 2021

Clarence Property Corporation Limited
ACN 094 710 942, AFSL 230212
As Responsible Entity for
Westlawn Property Trust
ARSN 095 611 804
and
Epiq Lennox Property Trust
ARSN 626 201 974



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#### **DIRECTORY**

Responsible Entity and Manager Clarence Property Corporation Limited ACN 094 710 942 AFSL 230212

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Email: enquiry@clarenceproperty.com.au

Registry
PO Box 14

PO Box 1478 Ballina NSW 2478 Auditor for the Group PKF Brisbane Audit Level 6, 10 Eagle Street

Brisbane QLD 4000

Solicitors

McCullough Robertson Level 11, Central Plaza Two 66 Eagle Street Brisbane QLD 4000

**Auditor for the Manager** 

WCA Audit & Assurance Services Pty Ltd 62 Woodlark Street Lismore NSW 2480



The directors of Clarence Property Corporation Limited ("Responsible Entity"), the responsible entity of Westlawn Property Trust ("WPT") and Epiq Lennox Property Trust ("ELPT"), present their report together with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 (the "Period") for both:

- i) the Westlawn Property Group ("Group") consisting of Westlawn Property Trust, Epiq Lennox Property Trust and their controlled entities; and
- ii) Westlawn Property Trust.

The units of WPT and the units of ELPT are combined and issued as stapled securities in the Group. The units in either trust cannot be traded separately and can only be traded as stapled securities.

#### 1 Directors and officers

#### i) Directors

The following were directors of the Responsible Entity during the Period and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

## James Dougherty OAM Chairman of Directors (Non- Executive) Age 67 years

James is a licensed real estate agent and chartered accountant with wide ranging experience in the property, accounting and finance industries. He holds a Bachelor of Economics and a Diploma of Financial Management, both from the University of New England, and also holds a Certificate IV in Financial Services (Finance/Mortgage Broking). He was awarded the Order of Australia Medal in 2014 for services to the community and surf lifesaving. He has been an executive director of Westlawn Finance Limited since 1994 and has been chairman of directors of Clarence Property Corporation Limited since 2000.

#### Peter Fahey Managing Director (Executive) Age 58 years

Peter has been involved in the property industry for more than 30 years. He has a wide range of property experience, in both capital cities and regional areas, including sales, leasing, management, valuation, financing and development. Peter has been involved in funds management since 1994 and was the founder of Clarence Property and Westlawn Property Trust, and subsequently numerous other syndicates. He holds a Bachelor of Business (Retail Property Valuation and Administration).

## Darrell Irwin Director (Executive) Age 57 years

Darrell has 30 plus years' experience in advising, consulting, developing and selling in the commercial property arena including the office, industrial, retail and residential sectors as well as a long term involvement in masterplanned communities. He has significant experience in marketing properties both domestically and internationally. Darrell has held leadership roles with development companies and is a former National Director and Director in Charge of the Gold Coast office of Colliers International, specialising in major commercial property transactions and large-scale development properties.

## Tony Tippett Director (Non-Executive) Age 58 years

Tony has been actively involved in the property industry for more than 25 years, from project conception, feasibility, financing, marketing, to sales and delivery for a range of residential, commercial and retail projects up to \$350 million. He is a director of the Robina Group of Companies, an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Australia and New Zealand, a fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia, a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, a licenced Real Estate Agent and holds a Bachelor of Economics from the University of New England.



#### 1 Directors and officers (continued)

#### ii) Company Secretary

#### Paul Rippon Age 64 years

Paul has over 40 years' experience in public accounting, finance and property. He holds a Bachelor of Business (Accounting & Business Law) from the New South Wales Institute of Technology and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Australia and New Zealand. Paul has been involved with the Clarence Property group since 2007, and during that time has been responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group, its funding arrangements and management of numerous property transactions and land developments in New South Wales and Queensland. Paul sits on the Manager's compliance committee.

#### iii) Directors meetings

Thirteen directors meetings were held in the Period 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021 and attendances were:

James Dougherty	13
Peter Fahey	13
Darrell Irwin	13
Tony Tippett	12

#### 2 Principal activity

The principal activity of the Group during the Period was to provide enduring property income to its investors, whilst ensuring capital value was preserved and grown. There was no significant change in the nature of this activity during this Period, other than as stated in these statements.

#### 3 Review of operations

The following is a summary of key outcomes during the Period:

#### i) Impact of Covid-19

On 7 April 2020, the Federal government announced a National Cabinet Mandatory Code of Conduct ('the Code') in respect to commercial property leases as well as subsequent announcements on its extension. The Code applies to all commercial tenancies suffering financial stress or hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group has complied with the Code and worked with tenants to provide appropriate rent relief packages. The Code was in force at various times during the Period.

funded by the Group by reducing the distribution rate paid to unit holders. Both the Group's capital raising and Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP) were also suspended. Subsequently, as it became evident the extent of the rent relief actually provided was less than initially forecast, the distribution rate was increased, by 1.0 cent per unit p.a. from July 2020 and by a further 1.0 cent per unit p.a. from September 2020 to a total of 6.0 cents per unit p.a. Both the capital raising and DRP were recommenced in August 2020.

The strength and diversity of the Group's properties and tenants has resulted in minimal COVID-19 impact during the Period. There was a small adverse impact to property revenue (approx. \$290,000) resulting from the Code. Sale of inventories was not adversely impacted.

Subsequent to Period end, on 16 August 2021, the NSW Government re-introduced the Code to mandate rent relief for eligible tenants impacted by COVID-19. This will extend to 13 January 2022. The Directors are currently unable to form an opinion on the financial impact this may have on the Group.



#### 3 Review of operations (continued)

#### ii) Operating results

The total comprehensive income of the Group after income tax for the Period amounted to \$23,676,570 (2020: \$14,558,288 profit). After taking account of distributions for the period of \$10,647,227 and brought forward undistributed income, the total undistributed income carried forward to future periods is \$15,375,856.

#### iii) Investment property acquisitions

During the period the Group acquired 10 investment properties totalling of \$101,085,000. The Group now has a diversified portfolio of 31 investment properties with a total value of \$436,313,687, spread across the convenience retail, large format retail, childcare, commercial office and warehousing/logistics asset sectors.

#### iv) Investment property sales

There were no investment property disposals during the Period.

#### v) Investment property revaluations

During the Period the following investment properties were independently valued:

Property description	Valuation date	Previous valuation \$	New valuation	Change since last valuation \$
Commercial office				
183 Varsity Parade, Varsity Lakes	Dec-20	11,400,000	12,250,000	850,000
9 Hercules Street, Hamilton	Dec-20	8,300,000	10,200,000	1,900,000
<u>Retail</u>				
Byron Bay Fair	Dec-20	11,000,000	14,000,000	3,000,000
Bell Central, Mudgeeraba	Dec-20	15,500,000	16,500,000	1,000,000
Zone, Underwood	Nov-20	31,250,000	33,000,000	1,750,000
Warehousing/Logistics				
48 Bell-Are Avenue, Northgate	Nov-20	8,600,000	11,600,000	3,000,000
				11,500,000

#### vi) Inventory & property development

During the Period the Group continued the development of: <u>"Epiq" Lennox.</u>

- i) The Pocket A development application to Ballina Shire Council to create 14 residential lots is being prepared.
- ii) Stage 5 Registration of the residential lots was achieved on 30 November 2020. All 87 lots have been taken to the market and sold. 79 have now settled and the remaining 8 are under contract and due to settle between now and mid-December 2021.
- iii) Super Lot 5 A modification application to create 118 terrace home lots is now with the NSW Dept. of Planning, Industry and Environment for determination.
- iv) Super Lot 7 Modifications to the original Concept Approval were approved by the NSW Dept. of Planning, Industry and Environment in October 2020. A construction certificate has been issued by Ballina Shire Council and the 8 month civil works programme to create 33 residential lots, 26 live/work lots and 2 commercial lots commenced in August 2021.



#### 3 Review of operations (continued)

#### vi) Inventory & property development (continued)

#### Yamba Quays

- i) Stage 1 14 lots were sold and settled during the Period. One lot has been retained as a sales office.
- ii) Stage 2 Civil works were completed in July 2021, with subdivision certificate and titling expected to be finalised by November 2021. 16 of the 24 lots have been taken to the market and sold. The balance 8 lots are expected to be brought to the market in the near future.
- iii) Stage 3 Design and planning is continuing. Before Stage 3 civil works can commence we are required to construct a roundabout on Yamba Road. The civil works for the roundabout are expected to take 6 months, with anticipated completion mid-2022.

#### During the Period the Group acquired:

#### 'Scenig' Bilambil Heights

In June 2021 the Group settled the purchase of a 15.8ha residential subdivision site at Bilambil Heights, on the Tweed Coast in northern NSW, for \$13.5m. The site is DA approved for 100 lots. Lodgement of a Construction Certificate is imminent, and we anticipate commencing on-site civil works in November 2021.

#### vii) Finance facilities

During the period the Group established a new \$26,922,500, 3 year finance facility with CBA. The facility, which runs to September 2023, is part of the Common Terms Deed (CTD) arrangement and was secured by adding five unsecured properties into the CTD security pool. The facility was fully drawn at Period end.

During the Period the Group established a new \$14,850,000, 3 year finance facility with CBA. The facility, which runs to May 2024, is part of the CTD arrangement and was secured by adding the Queensport Road and Paringa Road, Murarrie properties into the security pool. The loan was fully drawn at settlement of Paringa Road in May 2021.

During the Period the Group agreed renewal terms with CBA for an extension to September 2025 of its original \$46,400,000 CTD facility. The Group also agreed renewal terms with Westpac for an extension to September 2024 of its original \$46,602,000 CTD facility.

In November 2020 a new 3 year joint finance facility with the co-owner of the property known as 'The Rocket' was established with CBA, to refinance the existing ING loan. The Group's 50% share of the facility is \$23,550,000 and at Period end was drawn to \$21,248,246.

#### viii) Capital raising

On 3 December 2018, the Group issued a Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) seeking to raise funds and issue new stapled units in the Group. Since PDS opening and to the date of this report 159,077,300 units have been issued, with 78,311,827 units issued during the Period at an average \$0.98 per unit, resulting in new issued capital of \$77,059,067

Pursuant to the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, 1,966,385 units were issued at an average \$0.95 per unit during the Period.



#### 4 Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the Period, other than those stated in these statements.

#### 5 Matters arising since the period end

Since the Period end, the COVID-19 pandemic has continued to evolve with potential impacts on specific areas of judgement applied in preparing these financial statements. The Group has continued to re-evaluate the potential impacts of the pandemic on significant inputs and key areas of judgement as outlined in Note 1. Based on these evaluations, the Group has determined there are no material events since Period end which would give rise to an adjustment.

In February 2021 the Group entered into a conditional contract to acquire a residential development site at Brunswick Heads in northern NSW. Settlement of the land took place in July 2021 for \$33,000,000 and was funded from cash reserves.

In July 2021 WPT Sub-Trust 8, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westlawn Property Trust, entered into contracts to purchase parcels of land upon which it is proposed to build two childcare centres, one at 1 Brooking Rise, Ripley for \$1,500,000 and the second at Golda Avenue, Salisbury for \$2,025,000. The Ripley acquisition settled on 30 July 2021 and the Salisbury acquisition on 23 August 2021. Both acquisitions were funded from cash reserves.

On 1 July 2021 units totalling 9,272,832 were issued in relation to funds received during June 2021 and is shown as a current liability in the financial statements.

In August 2021 credit approved terms were received from ANZ for a new \$50,000,000 finance facility as part of the CTD arrangement, to assist with acquisition of investment property. An initial draw of \$20,000,000 was made on 31 August 2021.

In August 2021 credit approved terms were received from Bank of Queensland for a new 3 year \$45,000,000 finance facility, to assist with land development acquisitions and construction works. An initial draw of \$20,000,000 was made on 31 August 2021.

On 10 August 2021 the Group entered into civil works and electrical contracts totalling approximately \$4,600,000, for the 8 month construction programme for the development of Epig Super Lot 7.

In September 2021 WPT Sub-Trust 7, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westlawn Property Trust, entered into a contract to acquire an industrial facility at 96 Tile Street, Wacol for \$6,236,888. The acquisition will be funded from cash reserves, with settlement expected to take place on 30 September 2021.

No matter or circumstance, other than as mentioned above, has arisen since the end of the Period that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- i) the operations of the Group:
- ii) the results of those operations; or
- iii) the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.

#### 6 Likely developments in the operations of the Group

The Group will continue with a similar level of activity for the year ending 30 June 2022 as in the past. The Manager will continue to ensure the long term growth of the Group by identifying profitable long term property opportunities in Australia, and will continue to carefully manage and develop existing properties.



#### 7 Environmental issues

The Group's operations are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth, State or Territory. The Group is, however, party to a Conservation Zone Management Plan relating to its "Epiq Lennox" development.

#### 8 Distributions to unit holders

During the Period unit holders received or were entitled to receive cash distributions of \$18,185,019 (2020: \$16,009,417). The average annualised rate of cash distributions for the Period was 5.8 cents per unit (2020: 5.9 cents per unit). In addition to the cash distributions, unit holders were entitled to franking credits of 1.2 cents per unit (2020: 0.7 cents per unit).

Accordingly, unit holders received an annualised gross distribution of 7.0 cents per unit (2020: 6.6 cents per unit).

#### 9 Options on units

There are no options over any units in the Group.

#### 10 Responsible Entity fees

The Responsible Entity has been paid or is due fees of \$9,426,980 for the Period (2020: \$5,540,856) in accordance with the Constitutions of the Group.

Further details of fees paid to the Responsible Entity are disclosed in Note 26 on Page 37 of the financial statements.

#### 11 Indemnifying officers or auditor

During or since the end of the Period the Responsible Entity has not given an indemnity or entered an agreement to indemnify any officer or auditor in respect of the operations of the Group.

The Responsible Entity pays premiums to insure each of the directors against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of director of the Responsible Entity, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Responsible Entity.

#### 12 Interests in the Group

The details of interests in the Group for the Period were:

i)	Units as at 1 July 2020	273,390,507
	Units issued during the period	80,278,212
	Units redeemed during the period	-
	Units as at 30 June 2021	353,668,719

The value of the Group's total assets at 30 June 2021 was \$533,473,558.
 Assets were valued at cost or fair value.



#### 13 Proceedings on behalf of the Group

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group or intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Responsible Entity was not a party to any such proceedings during the Period.

#### 14 Auditors' Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditors' Independence Declaration, as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, is set out on page 9.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Peter Fahey

Managing Director

Dated 9th day of September 2021

James Dougherty

Director



## AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

PKF

**PKF BRISBANE AUDIT** 

LIAM MURPHY PARTNER

BRISBANE
9 SEPTEMBER 2021



## WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 30 June 2021

		Consolidat	ed Group	Westlawn Pro	operty Trust
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue and other income					
Interest revenue		40,077	131,960	17,515	111,758
Property revenue		33,519,737	23,166,690	23,608,648	20,341,766
Sale of inventories		40,625,028	27,637,403	-	-
Profit/(loss) on disposal of derivative financial instrum	nents	38,320	(300,800)	38,320	(300,800)
Other income	2	2,457,470	483,060	2,186,530	1,433,863
Fair value gain/(loss) from investment property	13	(45,392)	1,555,766	7,673,772	6,374,982
Fair value adjustments to financial assets		(484,500)	(931,689)	(484,500)	(931,689)
Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments		(240,110)	(439,113)	(240,110)	(439,113)
Total revenue	-	75,910,630	51,303,277	32,800,175	26,590,767
Expenses					
Financing costs	3	(4,259,010)	(4,666,628)	(3,808,400)	(4,484,554)
Property expenses and outgoings		(13,898,875)	(8,920,520)	(7,732,308)	(7,272,789)
Bad and doubtful debts expense		(19,535)	(291)	(17,229)	38,784
Inventory sales costs		(2,448,963)	(1,342,275)	-	(2,063)
Cost of inventories sold		(22,905,016)	(15,950,676)	-	-
Responsible entity fees	26	(3,218,754)	(2,432,690)	(2,908,783)	(2,165,745)
Other expenses		(1,970,114)	(940,849)	(1,817,324)	(856,366)
Total expenses	_	(48,720,267)	(34,253,929)	(16,284,044)	(14,742,733)
Net profit before income tax	-	27,190,363	17,049,348	16,516,131	11,848,034
Income tax (expense)/benefit	5	(3,513,793)	(2,491,060)	-	-
Profit after income tax attributable to unitholders	_	23,676,570	14,558,288	16,516,131	11,848,034
Other comprehensive income	=		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income attributable to unithol	ders -	23,676,570	14,558,288	16,516,131	11,848,034
•	=			:	

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjuction with the accompanying notes.





Note   Note			Consolida	Westlawn Property Trust			
S				-			
ASSETS   Current assets   Cash and cash equivalents   6		Note	2021		2021		
Current assets			\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents         6         42,604,982         20,843,983         40,855,620         20,388,697           Trade and other receivables         7         1,596,231         2,603,604         9,224,574         18,351,546           Inventory         9         9,515,360         22,825,109         -         550           Prepaid income tax         117,460         220,502         590         599,200           Other assets         12         1,348,271         1,376,812         956,167         899,200           Non-current assets         55,182,394         47,870,010         51,036,361         39,730,063           Non-current assets         7         -         -         185,183,239         94,804,363           Financial assets         8         1,040,190         1,524,690         111,203,010         1,525,290           Inventory         9         3,837,851         25,047,019         629,014         629,014           Inventory         9         3,837,851         25,047,019         629,014         629,014           Property, plant and equipment         11         504,004         -         -         -           Investment property         13         436,313,687         322,060,000         289,710,000 </th <th>ASSETS</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	ASSETS						
Trade and other receivables   7							
Inventory	•	6					
Prepaid income tax					9,224,574	18,351,546	
Defination	•	9			-	-	
Non-current assets	-		•		-		
Non-current assets	Other assets	12					
Trade and other receivables         7         -         -         185,183,239         94,804,363           Financial assets         8         1,040,190         1,524,690         11,203,010         1,526,290           Inventory         9         38,387,851         25,047,019         629,014         629,014           Deferred tax assets         10         685,322         680,348         -         -           Property, plant and equipment Investment property         13         436,313,687         322,060,000         289,710,000         262,710,000           Derivative financial instruments         19         924,690         -         924,690         88,211         399,220         88,211           Other assets         12         399,220         88,211         399,220         88,211           Total non-current assets         476,291,164         349,400,268         488,049,173         359,756,878           Total assets         14         3,212,099         2,877,428         2,705,012         2,087,869           Current liabilities         15         35,063         -         -         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         16         11,832,306         1,410,229         10,511,572	Total current assets		55,182,394	47,870,010	51,036,361	39,730,063	
Financial assets							
Inventory	Trade and other receivables	7	-	-	185,183,239	94,804,363	
Deferred tax assets	Financial assets	8	1,040,190	1,524,690	11,203,010	1,525,290	
Property, plant and equipment Investment property	Inventory	9		25,047,019	629,014	629,014	
Derivative financial instruments	Deferred tax assets	10	•	680,348	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments			-	-	-	-	
Other assets         12         399,220         88,211         399,220         88,211           Total non-current assets         478,291,164         349,400,268         488,049,173         359,756,878           Total assets         533,473,558         397,270,278         539,085,534         399,486,941           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Tade and other payables         14         3,212,099         2,877,428         2,705,012         2,087,869           Income tax         15         35,063         -         -         -         -         -           Other liabilities         16         11,832,306         1,410,229         10,511,572         1,038,143         -         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479         -         -         39,266,479         -				322,060,000		262,710,000	
Total non-current assets         478,291,164         349,400,268         488,049,173         359,756,878           Total assets         533,473,558         397,270,278         539,085,534         399,486,941           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables Income tax         14         3,212,099         2,877,428         2,705,012         2,087,869           Income tax         15         35,063         -			•	-	•	-	
Total assets   533,473,558   397,270,278   539,085,534   399,486,941	Other assets	12	399,220		399,220		
LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         14         3,212,099         2,877,428         2,705,012         2,087,869           Income tax         15         35,063         -         -         -         -           Other liabilities         16         11,832,306         1,410,229         10,511,572         1,038,143           Financial liabilities         18         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479           Total current liabilities         15,079,468         43,554,136         13,216,584         42,392,491           Non-current liabilities           Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -         -         -           Derivative financial instruments         18         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         110,007,007           Derivative financial instruments         19         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720           Total non-current liabilities         208,057,046         156,272,451         206,044,336         154,351,218           Net assets         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723 <td colspa<="" td=""><td>Total non-current assets</td><td></td><td>478,291,164</td><td>349,400,268</td><td>488,049,173</td><td>359,756,878</td></td>	<td>Total non-current assets</td> <td></td> <td>478,291,164</td> <td>349,400,268</td> <td>488,049,173</td> <td>359,756,878</td>	Total non-current assets		478,291,164	349,400,268	488,049,173	359,756,878
Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         14         3,212,099         2,877,428         2,705,012         2,087,869           Income tax         15         35,063         -         -         -         -           Other liabilities         16         11,832,306         1,410,229         10,511,572         1,038,143           Financial liabilities         18         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479           Total current liabilities         15,079,468         43,554,136         13,216,584         42,392,491           Non-current liabilities           Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -         -         -           Financial liabilities         18         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         111,958,727           Total non-current liabilities         192,977,578         112,718,315         192,827,752         111,958,727           Total liabilities         208,057,046         156,272,451         206,044,336         154,351,218           Net assets         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723	Total assets		533,473,558	397,270,278	539,085,534	399,486,941	
Trade and other payables         14         3,212,099         2,877,428         2,705,012         2,087,869           Income tax         15         35,063         -         -         -         -           Other liabilities         16         11,832,306         1,410,229         10,511,572         1,038,143           Financial liabilities         18         -         39,266,479         -         39,266,479           Total current liabilities         15,079,468         43,554,136         13,216,584         42,392,491           Non-current liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -         -         -           Deferred tax liabilities         18         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         110,007,007           Derivative financial instruments         19         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720           Total non-current liabilities         192,977,578         112,718,315         192,827,752         111,958,727           Total liabilities         208,057,046         156,272,451         206,044,336         154,351,218           Net assets         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723           EQUITY         Unitholders' equity	LIABILITIES						
Income tax	Current liabilities						
Other liabilities         16	Trade and other payables	14	3,212,099	2,877,428	2,705,012	2,087,869	
Financial liabilities         18         - 39,266,479         - 39,266,479           Total current liabilities         15,079,468         43,554,136         13,216,584         42,392,491           Non-current liabilities         Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588	Income tax	15	35,063	-	-	-	
Non-current liabilities         15,079,468         43,554,136         13,216,584         42,392,491           Non-current liabilities         Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -         -         -           Financial liabilities         18         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         110,007,007         Derivative financial instruments         19         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,958,727         -         111,958,727         -         10,007,007         192,827,752         111,958,727         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720         -         1,958,727         -         111,958,727         -         1,004,056         236,057,046         156,272,451         206,044,336         154,351,218         -         -         2,45,135,723         2,45,135,723         2,45,135,723         2,45,135,723         2,45,135,723         2,36,511,314         2,30,04,656         2,38,651,314         2	Other liabilities	16	11,832,306	1,410,229	10,511,572	1,038,143	
Non-current liabilities         Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -	Financial liabilities	18	-	39,266,479	-	39,266,479	
Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -         1,951,720         -         2,96,044,336         154	Total current liabilities	-	15,079,468	43,554,136	13,216,584	42,392,491	
Deferred tax liabilities         17         149,826         759,588         -         1,951,720         -         2,96,044,336         154	Non-current liabilities						
Financial liabilities         18         192,827,752         110,007,007         192,827,752         110,007,007           Derivative financial instruments         19         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720           Total non-current liabilities         192,977,578         112,718,315         192,827,752         111,958,727           Total liabilities         208,057,046         156,272,451         206,044,336         154,351,218           Net assets         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723           EQUITY           Unitholders' equity         Issued capital         310,040,656         238,651,314         310,040,656         238,651,314           Undistributed income         15,375,856         2,346,513         23,000,542         6,484,409		17	149,826	759,588	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments         19         -         1,951,720         -         1,951,720           Total non-current liabilities         192,977,578         112,718,315         192,827,752         111,958,727           Total liabilities         208,057,046         156,272,451         206,044,336         154,351,218           Net assets         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723           EQUITY           Unitholders' equity         Issued capital         310,040,656         238,651,314         310,040,656         238,651,314           Undistributed income         15,375,856         2,346,513         23,000,542         6,484,409	Financial liabilities		-		192,827,752	110,007,007	
Total liabilities 208,057,046 156,272,451 206,044,336 154,351,218  Net assets 325,416,512 240,997,827 333,041,198 245,135,723  EQUITY  Unitholders' equity	Derivative financial instruments		-		-		
Net assets         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723           EQUITY           Unitholders' equity           Issued capital         310,040,656         238,651,314         310,040,656         238,651,314           Undistributed income         15,375,856         2,346,513         23,000,542         6,484,409	Total non-current liabilities	•	192,977,578	112,718,315	192,827,752	111,958,727	
EQUITY  Unitholders' equity  Issued capital Undistributed income  15,375,856  238,651,314 23,000,542 310,040,656 238,651,314 23,000,542 6,484,409	Total liabilities	•	208,057,046	156,272,451	206,044,336	154,351,218	
EQUITY  Unitholders' equity  Issued capital Undistributed income  15,375,856  238,651,314 23,000,542 6,484,409	Not assets	-	325 416 512	240 997 827	333 041 198	245 135 723	
Unitholders' equity         Issued capital       310,040,656       238,651,314       310,040,656       238,651,314         Undistributed income       15,375,856       2,346,513       23,000,542       6,484,409		=	020,710,012	210,001,021	300,041,100	210,100,120	
Issued capital         310,040,656         238,651,314         310,040,656         238,651,314           Undistributed income         15,375,856         2,346,513         23,000,542         6,484,409	EQUITY						
Undistributed income 15,375,856 2,346,513 23,000,542 6,484,409	Unitholders' equity						
	·						
Total unitholders' equity         325,416,512         240,997,827         333,041,198         245,135,723	Undistributed income		15,375,856	2,346,513	23,000,542	6,484,409	
	Total unitholders' equity	-	325,416,512	240,997,827	333,041,198	245,135,723	

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjuction with the accompanying notes.



#### WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 June 2021

Consolidated Group	No. of units on issue	Issued capital	Undistributed income	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2020 Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders	273,390,507	238,651,314 -	2,346,513 23,676,570	240,997,827 23,676,570
	273,390,507	238,651,314	26,023,083	264,674,397
Transactions with unitholders recorded directly in equity:				
Distributions paid/payable Units issued	- 80,278,212	(7,537,792) 78,927,134	(10,647,227) -	(18,185,019) 78,927,134
Units redeemed	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2021	353,668,719	310,040,656	15,375,856	325,416,512
Consolidated Group	No. of units on issue	Issued capital	Undistributed income	Total \$
Consolidated Group  Balance at 1 July 2019		-	income	
·	issue	\$	income \$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2019	issue	\$	income \$ (8,276,639)	<b>\$</b> 192,188,343
Balance at 1 July 2019 Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders  Transactions with unitholders recorded directly in	issue 221,078,679 -	\$ 200,464,982 -	income \$ (8,276,639) 14,558,288	\$ 192,188,343 14,558,288
Balance at 1 July 2019 Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders	issue 221,078,679 -	\$ 200,464,982 -	income \$ (8,276,639) 14,558,288	\$ 192,188,343 14,558,288
Balance at 1 July 2019 Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders  Transactions with unitholders recorded directly in equity:	issue 221,078,679 -	\$ 200,464,982 - 200,464,982	income \$ (8,276,639) 14,558,288 6,281,649	\$ 192,188,343 14,558,288 206,746,631

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjuction with the accompanying notes.



#### WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 June 2021

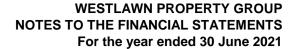
Westlawn Property Trust	No. of units on issue	Issued capital	Undistributed income \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2020 Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders	273,390,507	238,651,314	6,484,409 16,516,131	245,135,723 16,516,131
	273,390,507	238,651,314	23,000,540	261,651,854
Transactions with unitholders recorded directly in equity:				
Distributions paid/payable	-	(7,537,792)	2	(7,537,790)
Units issued	80,278,212	78,927,134	-	78,927,134
Units redeemed		<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>
Balance at 30 June 2021	353,668,719	310,040,656	23,000,542	333,041,198
Westlawn Property Trust	No. of units on issue	Issued capital	Undistributed income	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2019	221,078,679	200,464,982	(5,363,625)	195,101,357
Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders	-	-	11,848,034	11,848,034
	221,078,679	200,464,982	6,484,409	206,949,391
Transactions with unitholders recorded directly in equity:				
oquity:				
Distributions paid/payable	-	(12,074,281)	-	(12,074,281)
	- 52,311,828 -	(12,074,281) 50,260,613 -	- -	(12,074,281) 50,260,613

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjuction with the accompanying notes.



		Consolidat	ed Group	Westlawn Pro	perty Trust
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from operations (including GST)		41,438,923	27,043,048	26,513,134	21,672,606
Interest received		40,077	131,960	17,515	111,758
Trust distributions received		527,250	475,629	2,186,530	1,426,432
Proceeds on sale of inventories		40,625,028	27,637,403	-	-
Payment on sale of derivative financial instruments		(3,078,200)	(1,878,300)	(3,078,200)	(1,878,300)
Other receipts		1,930,220	7,432	-	7,432
Payment to suppliers		(25,289,641)	(19,748,053)	(14,092,328)	(13,781,715)
Payment for inventory		(23,442,212)	(48,718,922)	-	(21,329,339)
Goods & services tax received (paid)		(2,210,699)	377,733	(644,763)	1,158,843
Borrowing costs paid		(4,479,001)	(4,326,680)	(4,028,391)	(4,144,607)
Income taxes received (paid)		(3,990,424)	(1,268,907)	590	443,641
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	24	22,071,321	(20,267,657)	6,874,087	(16,313,249)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Net loans repaid (advanced)		-	-	(81,878,876)	(63,828,374)
Payment for investment property		(114,452,989)	(61,160,417)	(19,697,684)	(4,868,553)
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(541,720)	-	-	-
Payment for/(proceeds) from investments in trusts		-	122,871	(10,162,220)	122,371
Net cash used in investing activities	•	(114,994,709)	(61,037,546)	(111,738,780)	(68,574,556)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from issue of units		88,458,097	41,828,170	88,458,097	41,828,170
Proceeds from borrowings		79,815,432	54,649,388	79,815,432	54,649,388
Repayment of borrowings		(36,261,166)	(11,257,572)	(36,261,166)	(11,257,572)
Distributions paid		(17,327,976)	(15,098,118)	(6,680,747)	(11,162,980)
Net cash provided by financing activities	•	114,684,387	70,121,868	125,331,616	74,057,006
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		21,760,999	(11,183,335)	20,466,923	(10,830,799)
Cash at beginning of financial year		20,843,983	32,027,318	20,388,697	31,219,496
Cash at the end of the financial year	6, 24	42,604,982	20,843,983	40,855,620	20,388,697
-	:	<del></del> :	·		·

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjuction with the accompanying notes.





#### 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The Westlawn Property Group ("Group") represents the combination or stapling of Westlawn Property Trust ("WPT") and Epiq Lennox Property Trust ("ELPT") and the entities they controlled at the end of, or during the year ended 30 June 2021 (the "Period"). WPT and ELPT are both registered managed investment schemes in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and are domiciled in Australia.

The constitutions of WPT and ELPT and the stapling deed between the entities ensure the number of units on issue in both trusts shall be equal and that their unit holders be identical. Clarence Property Corporation Limited as Responsible Entity of both trusts must at all times act in the best interest of the Group. The stapling arrangement will continue until either the winding up of WPT or ELPT, or either entity terminating the stapling arrangement.

The Group has elected to utilise ASIC Corporations (Stapled Group Reports) Instrument 2015/838 and present the combined financial statements covering the consolidated Westlawn Property Group ("Consolidated Group") and Westlawn Property Trust as an individual entity.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit orientated entities.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the Group's functional and presentational currency.

#### Coronavirus (COVID-19) impact

#### **Background**

COVID-19 has presented a fast evolving and significant challenge to global and local economies. The Group has considered the impact of COVID-19 and other market volatility in preparing its financial statements. While the specific areas of judgement as noted in Note 1 did not change, the impact of COVID-19 resulted in the application of further judgement within those identified areas. Given the evolving nature of COVID-19 and the limited recent experience of the economic and financial impacts of such a pandemic, changes to the estimates and outcomes applied in the measurement of the Group's assets and liabilities may arise in the future. Other than adjusting events that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of events arising after the reporting period will be accounted for in future reporting periods.

#### Process applied

As a consequence of COVID-19 and in preparing these financial statements, management:

- re-evaluated whether there were any additional areas of judgement or estimation uncertainty;
- assessed the carrying values of the Group's assets and liabilities and determined the impact thereon as a result of market inputs and variables impacted by COVID-19; and
- considered the impact of COVID-19 on the Group's financial statement disclosures.



#### Coronavirus (COVID-19) impact (continued)

#### **Impact**

On 7 April 2020, the Federal government announced a National Cabinet Mandatory Code of Conduct ('the Code') in respect to commercial property leases as well as subsequent announcements on its extension. The Code applies to all commercial tenancies suffering financial stress or hardship as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group has complied with the Code and worked with tenants to provide appropriate rent relief packages. The Code was in force at various times during the Period.

funded by the Group by reducing the distribution rate paid to unit holders. Both the Group's capital raising and Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP) were also suspended. Subsequently, as it became evident the extent of the rent relief actually provided was less than initially forecast, the distribution rate was increased, by 1.0 cent per unit p.a. from July 2020 and by a further 1.0 cent per unit p.a. from September 2020 to a total of 6.0 cents per unit p.a. Both the capital raising and DRP were recommenced in August 2020.

The strength and diversity of the Group's properties and tenants has resulted in minimal COVID-19 impact during the Period. There was a small adverse impact to property revenue (approx. \$290,000) resulting from the Code. Sale of inventories was not adversely impacted.

Subsequent to Period end, on 16 August 2021, the NSW Government re-introduced the Code to mandate rent relief for eligible tenants impacted by COVID-19. This will extend to 13 January 2022. The Directors are currently unable to form an opinion on the financial impact this may have on the Group.

#### Statement of compliance

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

#### a) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Westlawn Property Trust and Epiq Lennox Property Trust as at 30 June 2021 and the results of all subsidiaries for the period then ended.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the consolidated entity has control. The consolidated entity controls an entity when the consolidated entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the consolidated entity.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent.

Non-controlling interest in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the consolidated entity. Losses incurred by the consolidated entity are attributed to the non-controlling interest in full, even if that results in a deficit balance.

Where the consolidated entity loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets including goodwill, liabilities and non-controlling interest in the subsidiary together with any cumulative translation differences recognised in equity. The consolidated entity recognises the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any investment retained together with any gain or loss in profit or loss.



#### b) Investment property

Investment property comprises investment interests in land and buildings (including integral plant and equipment) held for the purpose of letting to produce rental income or for capital appreciation or both. Initially, investment property is measured at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is then stated at fair value at each balance date with any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value of investment property recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which it arises. Fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties have each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion.

External independent valuations are commissioned at least once every three years or when the directors are of the opinion there has been a material movement in the market. Internal valuations are also undertaken by suitably experienced and qualified appraisers for those properties not externally valued at each balance date.

The reported fair value of investment property reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period. While this represents the best estimate as at the reporting date, actual sale prices achieved may be higher or lower than the most recent valuation. This is particularly relevant in periods of market illiquidity or uncertainty.

Land & Buildings (including integral plant and equipment) which comprise the investment property are not depreciated. The carrying amount of investment properties includes components relating to lease incentives, leasing costs and receivables on rental income that have been recorded on a straight line basis.

Transfers are made from investment property to inventories when, and only when, there is a change in use as evidenced by commencement of development with a view to sale. When an investment property is disposed of without development, it continues to be treated as an investment property until it is derecognised and does not treat it as inventory.

Investment property is derecognised when disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of an investment property is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period of derecognition.

Investment property also includes property under construction for future use as investment property. These are carried at fair value, or at cost where fair value cannot be reliably determined and the construction is incomplete.

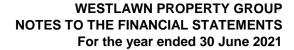
#### c) Operating leases - investment property

The minimum rental revenue of operating leases with fixed rental increases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, is recognised on a straight-line basis.

Revenue from other leases is recognised in accordance with the lease agreement, which is considered to best represent the pattern of service rendered through the provision of the leased asset.

Lease incentives under operating leases may take the form of cash, rent-free periods, contributions to certain lessee costs, relocation costs and lessee or lessor owned fit-outs and improvements. These incentives are capitalised as part of the carrying value of the investment property and amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease as a reduction of rental income. The carrying amount of the lease incentives is reflected in the fair value of investment property.

In addition to revenue generated directly from leases, which are accounted for in accordance with AASB 117 Leases, rent from investment properties includes non-lease revenue earned from tenants, predominantly in relation to recovery of asset operating costs (known as 'outgoings'). This outgoings revenue is within the scope of AASB 15 and therefore recognised and measured under that standard.





#### d) Inventories

Where a property or asset is acquired for the purpose of undergoing redevelopment and subsequent resale or is in the process of production for such sale, it is treated as inventories. Inventories is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes acquisition, development and holding costs such as borrowing costs, rates and taxes. Holding costs incurred after the completion of the development are expensed. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Transfers are made from inventories to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use evidenced by commencement of an operating lease to another party. For a transfer from inventories to investment property, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which the transfer takes place.

#### e) Property, plant and equipment

In-use property, plant and equipment is measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Initial costs includes directly attributable acquisition expenditure. Subsequent costs are capitalised if it is probable they will result in a flow of future economic benefits and they can be reliably measured. Other costs are expensed as incurred.

In use property, plant and equipment depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the relevant asset. Solar energy generation systems are depreciated over 20 years.

Assets under construction represent initial costs relating to the purchase and installation of solar energy generation systems. Assets under construction are transferred to in-use property, plant and equipment once the asset is ready for commercial use and are not depreciated until transfer.

Government grants received for assets under construction including small-scale technology certificates (STCs) are recognised to offset the carrying value of the asset and depreciated over the useful life of the asset upon commercial operation.

#### f) AASB 9 Financial Instruments

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date the Group commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. On initial recognition, financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised net of transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of these financial assets or financial liabilities. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Given recent market volatility as a result of COVID-19, the Group reviewed the appropriateness of the inputs to its valuations of financial instruments including receivables, payables and derivative instruments. The impact of changes of inputs to the valuations has also been considered in terms of the classification of exposures in the fair value hierarchy and transfers within the fair value hierarchy.



#### f) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

#### i) Financial assets

#### Classification and subsequent recognition and measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition the Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss); and
- Those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The Group does not carry financial assets classified as 'fair value through other comprehensive income', and currently does not apply hedge accounting.

#### Financial assets recognised at amortised cost

Trade and other receivables are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest and are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### Financial assets recognised at fair value through profit or loss

Assets which do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or recognition at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and presented net within other gains / (losses) in the period in which it arises.

#### Equity investments recognised at fair value through profit or loss

Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group continues to measure all equity investments at fair value. The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (e.g. for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include reference to the fair values of recent arm's length transactions, involving the same instruments or other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and pricing models to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances.

#### Impairment

For trade and lease receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by AASB 9, which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

The Group impairs a financial asset when there is information indicating the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery.



#### f) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

#### ii) Financial liabilities and equity

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract evidencing a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the value of the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### **Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at fair value through profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate which exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, its obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### g) Derivative financial instruments

The Group is exposed to changes in interest rates and enters into interest rate agreements to convert certain variable interest rate borrowings to fixed interest rates.

The agreements are entered into with the objective of hedging the risk of adverse interest rate fluctuations. While the Manager has determined these arrangements are economically effective, they have not satisfied the documentation, designation and effectiveness tests required by Australian Accounting Standards and therefore do not qualify for hedge accounting.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Fair value at reporting date is calculated to be the present value of the estimated future cash flows of these instruments. The two key variables used in the valuation are the forward price curve and discount rates. Each instrument is discounted at the market interest rate appropriate to the instrument.

Derivative financial instruments are classified as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative.



#### h) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication an asset may be impaired. The assessment includes considering external and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset (being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use) to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had an adverse economic impact within Australia and globally, however it is not possible to accurately determine the future nature, extent or duration of the impact on the Group, material or otherwise, at the date of signing the financial statements. The directors of the Group have considered the potential impacts of COVID-19 and do not believe, based on the information currently available, it has had a significant impact in the assessment of impairment at balance date.

#### i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

#### j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### k) Revenue and other income

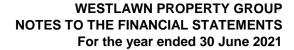
Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend & trust distribution revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend or trust distribution has been established.

Investment property revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment (refer to note 1c).

Revenue from inventory sales is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income upon settlement and after all contractual duties are completed, inaccordance with AASB 15.

#### I) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Group during the reporting period, which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.





#### m) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Borrowing costs, except loan establishment costs, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

Loan establishment costs are capitalised and amortised over the term of the facility to which they relate, or five years, whichever is shorter.

#### n) Taxation

#### i) Income Tax

Under current Australian income tax legislation, WPT is not liable to income tax provided its taxable income (including any realised capital gains) is fully distributed to unitholders each year. WPT fully distributes its taxable income to unitholders.

Under current Australian income tax legislation, ELPT is liable to income tax as it is classified as a Public Trading Trust.

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent it is no longer probable future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.



#### n) Taxation (continued)

#### ii) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the Tax Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the Tax Office is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from or payable to the Tax Office, is classified as operating cash flows.

#### o) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Responsible Entity evaluates estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

#### **Key Estimates**

The Group assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Group which may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations, which incorporate various key assumptions.

#### Key judgements

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies which have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements is described in the following notes:

Note 9 - Inventory.

Note 13 - Investment property.

Note 19 - Derivative financial instruments.

#### **COVID-19 pandemic**

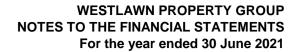
Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts the COVID-19 pandemic has had, or may have, on the Group based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the services offered, customers, supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the Group operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the Group unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The board continues to actively monitor the situation and other than the small negative revenue impact of \$0.3 million during the period, is confident it will not have a material impact on the business going forward.



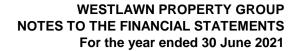


	Consolidat	•	Westlawn Pro	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
2 Revenue and other income	2021 \$	2020 \$	2021 \$	2020 \$
A November and other income	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Other income comprises:				
Trust distributions	527,250	475,629	2,186,530	1,426,432
Reimbursement of legal costs	841,019	-	-	-
Reimbursement of development costs	1,089,021	-	-	-
Other revenue	180	7,431	-	7,431
	2,457,470	483,060	2,186,530	1,433,863
3 Profit				
3 FIOIIL				
Net profit before income tax has been determined after:				
Financing costs				
Interest expense	3,765,378	4,238,451	3,314,768	4,056,378
Borrowing costs	493,632	428,177	493,632	428,176
	4,259,010	4,666,628	3,808,400	4,484,554
4 Auditors' remuneration  Detail of remuneration of auditor is set out below:  Auditing or reviewing the financial statements	68,500	69,400	57,500	64,400
	68,500	69,400	57,500	64,400
5 Income tax expense Income tax expense Current tax	4,245,990	1,899,720	-	-
Derecognition of previous deferred taxes	- (700 407)	-	-	-
Deferred tax expense/(income)  Tax rate differential	(732,197) -	591,340 -	-	-
Total income tax benefit	3,513,793	2,491,060		-
Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense and tax at Net profit before income tax	the statutory rate 27,190,363	17,049,348	16,516,131	11,848,034
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 26.0% (2020: 27.5%)	7,069,494	4,688,571	4,294,194	3,258,209
Tax effect amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in ca	alculating taxable in	come:		
Movement in market values	200,200	(50,865)	(1,806,783)	(1,376,150)
Tax rate differential	(3,755,901)	(2,146,646)	(2,487,411)	(1,882,059)
Sundry items	-	-	-	-
	3,513,793	2,491,060	-	-
A division and an accoming of formation and				
Adjustment recognised for prior periods	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of previous deferred taxes	-	-	-	-
Income tax expense	3,513,793	2,491,060	<u> </u>	





6 Cash and cash equivalents  Security deposits Cash held in trust Cash at bank	Consolidat 30 June 2021 \$ 3,700 4,112,829 38,488,453 42,604,982	ad Group 30 June 2020 \$ 3,700 205,098 20,635,185 20,843,983	Westlawn Pro 30 June 2021 \$ 3,700 4,112,829 36,739,091 40,855,620	30 June 2020 \$ 3,700 155,098 20,229,899 20,388,697
7 Trade and other receivables				
Current Trade and other debtors Less provision for doubtful debts GST receivable Loan to subsidiaries (i) Total current	550,343 - 1,045,978 - 1,596,321	901,924 (170,127) 1,871,807 - 2,603,604	224,574 - - 9,000,000 9,224,574	866,106 (170,127) 155,567 17,500,000 18,351,546
Non-current Loan to subsidiaries (i) Total non-current  Total trade and other receivables	1,596,321	2,603,604	185,183,239 185,183,239 194,407,813	94,804,363 94,804,363 113,155,909
(i) Refer Note 26(e) for further information on loans to subside	iod was as follows		470.407	040.700
Opening balance Provision for doubtful receivables Receivables written off during the year Reversals of amounts provided Closing balance	170,127 21,488 (191,615) - - -	212,789 42,983 (42,983) (42,662) 170,127	170,127 18,952 (189,079) - -	212,789 - - (42,662) 170,127
8 Financial assets  Non-current				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Units in unlisted unit trusts Units in subsidiaries	1,040,190 - 1,040,190	1,524,690 - 1,524,690	1,040,190 10,162,820 11,203,010	1,524,690 600 1,525,290





	Consolidat 30 June	ed Group 30 June	Westlawn Pro 30 June	30 June
	2021	2020	2021	2020
9 Inventory	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current				
Land held for resale - at cost	3,043,300	5,224,435	-	-
Land under development - at cost	6,472,060	17,600,674	-	-
	9,515,360	22,825,109	<u> </u>	-
Non Comment				
Non-Current  Land held for resale - at net realisable value	_	629,014	_	629,014
Land under development - at cost	38,387,851	24,418,005	629,014	029,014
	38,387,851	25,047,019	629,014	629,014
Total inventory	47,903,211	47,872,128	629,014	629,014
10 Deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets comprises temporary differences a Capitalised costs	attributable to: <b>8,606</b>	_	_	
Government grants	16,488	_	_	- -
Inventory	624,351	680,348	-	-
Tax losses	35,877	-	-	-
Total deferred tax assets	685,322	680,348	-	-
This section comprises in use property, plant and equi	pment and assets unde	er construction.		
Opening balance	-	-	-	-
Additions	187,257	-	-	-
Government grants received/accrued  Depreciation expense	(65,952) (1,516)	-	-	_
	119,789			
Closing balance	119,789	-	-	•
Assets under construction				
Opening balance	- E4E 000	-	-	•
Additions Government grants received/accrued	545,368 (124,953)	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(124,333)	-	-	-
Closing balance	420,415	-		-
Total				
Opening balance	<b>-</b>	-	-	-
Additions  Covernment grants received/accrued	732,625	-	-	-
Government grants received/accrued Depreciation expense	(190,905)	-	-	-
	ומות וו	-	-	_
Closing balance	(1,516) 540,204			



#### WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2021

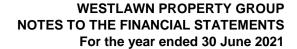
	Consolidated Group		Westlawn Property T															
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	<b>30 June</b> 30 June <b>30 June</b>	<b>30 June</b> 30 June <b>30 June</b> 30	<b>30 June</b> 30 June 30 June 30 June	30 June
	2021	2020	2021	2020														
11 Property, plant & equipment (continued)	\$	\$	\$	\$														
Cost																		
Cost (net of governement grants)	541,720																	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,516)																	
Net book value	540,204																	

The in-use property, plant and equipment consists of 1 solar energy generation system in New South Wales with nameplate capacity of 132 kW.

Assets under construction includes capitalised initial costs in relation to 5 solar energy generation systems with anticipated capacity of 512kW.

#### 12 Other assets

Current Prepayments Other assets	547,973 800,298	919,930 456,882	390,628 565,539	638,258 350,972
	1,348,271	1,376,812	956,167	989,230
Non-current Prepayments	399,220	88,211	399,220	88,211
	399,220	88,211	399,220	88,211
Total other assets	1,747,491	1,465,023	1,355,387	1,077,441





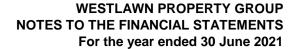
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	Consolidated Group		Westlawn Property Trust	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2021	2020	2021	2020
13 Investment property	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investment property (at fair value)				
Commercial				
100 Blundell Boulevard, Tweed Heads	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
29 Molesworth Street, Lismore	19,300,000	19,300,000	19,300,000	19,300,000
The Rocket, Robina (i)	39,250,000	39,250,000	39,250,000	39,250,000
183 Varsity Parade, Varsity Lakes	12,250,000	11,400,000	12,250,000	11,400,000
201 Leichhardt Street, Spring Hill	13,600,000	13,600,000	13,600,000	13,600,000
9 Hercules Street, Hamilton	10,200,000	8,300,000	10,200,000	8,300,000
Epiq Childcare, Lennox Head	3,925,000	3,925,000	3,925,000	3,925,000
188 Macquarie Street, Dubbo	10,700,000	-	-	-
East Tamworth Medical Centre	14,500,000	-	14,500,000	-
Milton Childcare	8,435,000	-	-	-
65 Park Road, Milton	5,950,000	-	-	-
Bahrs Scrub Childcare	5,600,000	-	-	-
Retail				
Yamba Fair	35,500,000	34,500,000	35,500,000	34,500,000
Yamba residential property (ii)	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000
Byron Bay Fair	14,000,000	11,000,000	14,000,000	11,000,000
Tamar Village, Ballina	7,325,000	7,325,000	7,325,000	7,325,000
Yamba Fuel Station	4,510,000	4,510,000	4,510,000	4,510,000
Bell Central, Mudgeeraba	16,500,000	15,500,000	16,500,000	15,500,000
Zone, Underwood	33,000,000	31,250,000	33,000,000	31,250,000
Epiq Marketplace, Lennox Head	32,900,000	32,900,000	32,900,000	32,900,000
Logan Village Marketplace	16,000,000	16,000,000	-	-
Ormeau Marketplace	29,000,000	29,000,000	-	-
Northshore Marketplace, Townsville	16,677,500	-	-	-
Warehousing/Logistics				
45 Alexandra Place, Murarrie	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000
48 Bell-Are Avenue, Northgate	11,600,000	8,600,000	11,600,000	8,600,000
42 Mcroyle Street, Wacol	7,850,000	7,850,000	-	-
146 Canberra Street, Hemmant	6,500,000	6,500,000	-	-
81 Stradbroke Street, Heathwood	7,400,000	-	-	-
31 Paringa Rd, Murarrie	18,200,000	-	-	-
185 Queensport Road, Murarrie	8,800,000	-	-	-
18 Macgregor Place, Richlands (iii)	5,491,187	-		-
	436,313,687	322,060,000	289,710,000	262,710,000

<sup>(</sup>i) The amounts quoted represent the Group's 50% ownership in the property

<sup>(</sup>ii) This property adjoins Yamba Fair and is held for future development of the centre

<sup>(</sup>iii) This property is currently under construction for future use as investment property. The amount quoted includes all costs of acquisition and subsequent development to date.





1

	Consolidated Group		Westlawn Property Trust	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
13 Investment property (continued)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Movement in investment properties				
Opening balance	322,060,000	228,400,471	262,710,000	220,550,471
Additions at cost				
Acquisition price	101,085,000	51,500,000	14,500,000	-
Transaction costs	8,439,252	4,743,584	1,266,620	-
Improvements	3,564,753	3,251,499	2,685,180	3,233,579
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Net fair value adjustment	(45,392)	1,555,766	7,673,772	6,374,982
Transfers from inventory	-	30,580,802	-	30,580,802
Lease incentives and leasing fees deferred	1,363,984	1,665,334	1,245,884	1,634,974
Amortisation of lease incentives and leasing fees	(791,524)	(427,846)	(751,812)	(420,272)
Movement in straight-lining rental income asset	637,614	790,390	380,356	755,464
Closing balance	436,313,687	322,060,000	289,710,000	262,710,000
Future minimum lease receivables Future minimum lease payments receivable from non- cancellable operating leases:				
Within one year	29,602,284	21,919,468	18,862,248	17,706,423
Later than one year but not later than five years	82,738,496	55,453,561	55,992,309	41,695,632
Later than five years	78,741,717	55,105,056	38,034,847	30,925,170
	191,082,497	132,478,085	112,889,404	90,327,225

The Group, as lessor, typically enters into operating leases with tenants for periods of 3 years to 10 years with option periods. The lease agreements provide for either rental increases as specified in the agreement or CPI increases.

#### Fair value measurement, valuation techniques and inputs

Given the changing economic conditions as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, there is uncertainty surrounding the potential impact on future cash flows and the potential impact on the valuation of investment property. Rent relief allowances in accordance with the National Cabinet's Code of Conduct (the 'Code') which set out commercial leasing principles for businesses during the pandemic were taken into consideration when determining the cashflows for the property, however actual future cashflows may differ from this.

The adopted valuations (both Director and independent) for investment properties are a combination of the valuations determined using the Discounted Cash Flow method and the income capitalisation method supported by recent market sales evidence.

The valuations reflect, when appropriate, the type of tenants actually in occupation or responsible for meeting lease commitments or likely to be in occupation after letting of vacant accommodation and the market's general perception of their credit-worthiness, the allocation of maintenance and insurance responsibilities between the lessor and lessee and the remaining economic life of the property. It has been assumed that whenever rent reviews or lease renewals are pending with anticipated reversionary increases all notices and, where appropriate, counter notices have been served validly and within the appropriate time.

The most significant unobservable input used in the above valuation techniques and its relationship with fair value measurement is the capitalisation rate. A 0.25% change in the capitalisation rate would have the affect of changing investment property valuations by \$20,727,500.



#### 13 Investment property (continued)

Term and definition	Input Range	Fair Value Increase in input	Sensitivity Decrease in input
Capitalisation rate  The rate at which net market income is capitalised to determine the value of a property. The rate is determined having regard to market evidence and the prior external valuation.	5.25% - 10.00%	Decrease	Increase
Discount rate  The rate of return used to convert a monetary sum, payable or receivable in the future, into present value. It reflects the opportunity cost of capital, that is, the rate of return the capital can earn if put to other uses having similar risk. The rate is determined having regard to market evidence and the prior external valuation.	6.00% - 9.00%	Decrease	Increase
Net market rent The estimated amount for which a property or space within a property should lease between a willing lessor and a willing lessee on appropriate lease terms in an arm's length transaction, after proper marketing and wherein the parties have each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. In a net rent lease agreement, the owner recovers outgoings from the tenant on a pro-rata basis (where applicable).	\$29/m² - \$1,439/m²	Increase	Decrease
Weighted average lease expiry ("WALE") WALE is used to measure the overall tenancy risk of a particular property to assess the likelihood of a property being vacated. WALE of a property is measured across all tenants' remaining lease terms (in years) and is weighted with the tenants' income against total combined income.	0.9yrs - 22.1yrs	Increase	Decrease
Occupancy Occupancy is used to measure the proportion of the lettable space of a property which is occupied by tenants under current lease contracts and therefore how much rent is received from the property as a percentage of total rent possible if the property was fully occupied.	34% - 100%	Increase	Decrease

All the significant inputs noted above are not observable market data, hence investment property valuations are considered Level 3 fair value measurements as detailed in note 27(f).



#### WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2021

14 Trade and other payables  Current Other creditors Distributions to unitholders GST payable	Consolidate 30 June 2021 \$ 1,443,754 1,768,346 (1) 3,212,099	ed Group 30 June 2020 \$ 1,966,126 911,302 - 2,877,428	Westlawn Pro 30 June 2021 \$ 834,799 1,768,346 101,867 2,705,012	30 June 2020 \$ 1,176,567 911,302 - 2,087,869
15 Income tax  Current Provision for income tax	35,063 35,063	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> 	- -
Current Rent received in advance Units to be issued Other liabilities	1,832,394 9,531,070 468,842 11,832,306	915,191 109 494,929 1,410,229	652,856 9,531,070 327,646 10,511,572	648,289 109 389,745 1,038,143
17 Deferred tax liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities comprises temporary differences attrib Inventory Plant and equipment Total deferred tax liabilities	utable to: 103,391 46,435 149,826	759,588 - 759,588	- - -	- - -



#### WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Consolida	Consolidated Group		operty Trust
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
18 Financial liabilities	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current				
Loans - financial institutions	-	39,266,479	-	39,266,479
	-	39,266,479	-	39,266,479
Non-current				
Loans - financial institutions	192,827,752	110,007,007	192,827,752	110,007,007
	192,827,752	110,007,007	192,827,752	110,007,007
	192,827,752	149,273,486	192,827,752	149,273,486
Details of the Group's financial liabilities at balance date	are as follows:			
Matur	,	Utilised	Facility	Utilised
Date		30 June	30 June	30 June
F 1114	2021	2021	2020	2020
Facility	\$	\$	\$	\$
Joint secured loan facility (i) Nov-	23 23,550,000	21,248,246	19,937,500	19,937,500
Secured loan facility (ii) Feb-	23 24,750,000	24,750,000	24,750,000	24,750,000
Secured loan facility (ii) Sep-	23 19,800,000	19,800,000	19,800,000	19,328,979
Secured loan facility (ii) Aug-	24 2,255,000	2,255,000	2,255,000	2,255,000
Secured bilateral loan facilities (iii) Sep-	23 26,922,500	26,922,500	-	-
Secured bilateral loan facilities (iii) May-	24 14,850,000	14,850,000	-	-
Secured bilateral loan facilities (iii) Sep-	24 46,602,000	36,602,006	46,602,000	36,602,007
Secured bilateral loan facilities (iii) Sep-	25 46,400,000	46,400,000	46,400,000	46,400,000
Total facilities	205,129,500	192,827,752	159,744,500	

The Group had \$12,301,748 (2020: \$10,471,014) in unused finance facilities at balance date.

- (i) The joint secured loan facility is secured by a first registered mortgage over, and a General Security Agreement limited to, the property known as 'The Rocket' of which the Group owns 50%. This is a joint facility with the co-owner of that property. The amounts quoted represent the Group's 50% interest.
- (ii) The secured loan facilities are secured by a first registered mortgage over, and a General Security Agreement limited to, a specific property or group of properties.
- (iii) Secured bilateral loan facilities are held with multiple providers. All providers are contracted under a Common Terms Deed Poll and are secured pari passu by first registered mortgages over a specific pool of investment properties held by the Group. All principal amounts outstanding are due at the expiry of each facility. Each provider individually contracts its commitment amount and expiry date (see table above for more detail) and fee structure. The Group is able to repay and refinance individual providers.



1

#### WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Consolidated Group		Westlawn Property Trust	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2021	2020	2021	2020
19 Derivative financial instruments	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets				
Non-current				
Interest rate contracts – at fair value	924,690	-	924,690	-
	924,690	-	924,690	-
Liabilities				
Non-current				
Interest rate contracts – at fair value	-	1,951,720	-	1,951,720
		1,951,720		1,951,720

The Group manages its cash flow interest-rate risk by using floating-to-fixed interest rate derivatives. Such interest rate derivatives have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates. Generally, the Group raises long term borrowings at floating rates.

Information regarding the Group's exposure to interest rates is provided in note 27(d). Details of principal amounts, expiry dates and interest ranges of interest rate derivative (hedging) contracts are set out in note 27(d).

#### Fair value measurement

The fair value of interest rate swaps is the estimated amount which would be received or paid to transfer the interest rate contract at the reporting date, taking into account current interest rates and the current creditworthiness of contract

The fair values of derivative financial instruments are determined using generally accepted pricing models which discount estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and current market interest rates and/or foreign currency rates, adjusted for specific features of the instruments.

Derivative financial instrument valuations are considered Level 2 fair value measurements as detailed in note 27(f).

#### 20 Franking credits

Franking credits available for subsequent years based on a				
tax rate of 26%	387,612	-	-	-
	387,612		-	

The above amounts represent the balance of the franking account as at the end of the financial year, adjusted for:

- franking credits that will arise from the payment of the amount of the provision for income tax at the reporting date.

#### 21 Segment reporting

The Group operates as one segment and in one geographical location as a property investor throughout Australia.

#### 22 Commitments for capital expenditure

As at 30 June 2021 the Group had the following commitments contracted for which costs have not been recognised as liabilities:

Development and construction costs in respect to "Epiq"	82.497	2.617.495	_	_
Lennox	02,437	2,017,433	_	_
Capital Expenditure on Investment Property	348,676	-	348,676	-
Development costs in respect to Yamba Quays	143,801	-	-	-
Acquisition of 81 Stradbroke Street, Heathwood	-	7,400,000	-	-
Acquisition of 15 Torakina Road, Brunswick Heads	29,700,000	-	-	-
	30,274,974	10,017,495	348,676	_

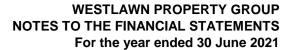
All the above amounts are payable within 12 months.



# 23 Contingencies

The Group has no contingent assets or liabilities at reporting date (2020: The Group had given bank guarantees of \$2,965,727 to Ballina Shire Council in respect to maintenance and construction obligations at its "Epiq" Lennox development. These guarantees were returned and cancelled in June 2021).

24 Notes to the statement of cash flows	Note	Consolidate 30 June 2021 \$	ed Group 30 June 2020 \$	Westlawn Pro 30 June 2021 \$	30 June 2020 \$
a) Cash and cash equivalents					
Cash at the end of the Period as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:					
Security deposits	6	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700
Cash held in trust	6	4,112,829	205,098	4,112,829	155,098
Cash at bank	6	38,488,453	20,635,185	36,739,091	20,229,899
	-	42,604,982	20,843,983	40,855,620	20,388,697
	=	= ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,		
b) Reconciliation of net profit to net cash flows fro	m ope	rating activities			
Total comprehensive profit attributable to unitholders		23,676,570	14,558,288	16,516,131	11,848,034
Non-cash items:					
Fair value adjustments to investment properties		45,392	(1,555,766)	(7,673,772)	(6,374,982)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets		484,500	931,689	484,500	931,689
Transfers to investment property from inventory		-	(30,580,802)	· •	(30,580,802)
Straightlining of rental income		(637,615)	(790,390)	(380,357)	(755,464)
Amortisation of lease incentives and leasing fees		791,524	427,846	751,812	420,272
Depreciation		1,516	-	-	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in current receivables		181,454	318,795	471,405	348,556
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(31,083)	(1,513,937)	-	9,570,068
Decrease (increase) in tax assets		98,068	462,565	590	443,641
Decrease (increase) in other assets		(282,468)	224,778	(277,946)	200,342
Increase (decrease) in sundry creditors		(522,372)	(497,475)	(341,768)	(339,918)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		(26,087)	(30,395)	(62,099)	(63,724)
Increase (decrease) in GST payable		825,828	(1,555,792)	257,434	(291,926)
Increase (decrease) in provision for income tax		35,063	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred tax liabilities		(609,762)	759,588	-	-
Increase (decrease) in income in advance		917,203	(288,262)	4,567	(530,648)
Increase (decrease) in derivative financial instruments	;	(2,876,410)	(1,138,387)	(2,876,410)	(1,138,387)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		22,071,321	(20,267,657)	6,874,087	(16,313,249)





### 25 Events subsequent to reporting date

Since the Period end, the COVID-19 pandemic has continued to evolve with potential impacts on specific areas of judgement applied in preparing these financial statements. The Group has continued to re-evaluate the potential impacts of the pandemic on significant inputs and key areas of judgement as outlined in Note 1. Based on these evaluations, the Group has determined there are no material events since Period end which would give rise to an adjustment.

In February 2021 the Group entered into a conditional contract to acquire a residential development site at Brunswick Heads in northern NSW. Settlement of the land took place in July 2021 for \$33,000,000 and was funded from cash reserves.

In July 2021 WPT Sub-Trust 8, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westlawn Property Trust, entered into contracts to purchase parcels of land upon which it is proposed to build two childcare centres, one at 1 Brooking Rise, Ripley for \$1,500,000 and the other at Golda Avenue, Salisbury for \$2,025,000. The Ripley acquisition settled on 30 July 2021 and the Salisbury acquisition on 23 August 2021. Both acquisitions were funded from cash reserves.

On 1 July 2021 units totalling 9,272,832 were issued in relation to funds received during June 2021 and is shown as a current liability in the financial statements.

In August 2021 credit approved terms were received from ANZ for a new \$50,000,000 finance facility as part of the CTD arrangement, to assist with acquisition of investment property. An initial draw of \$20,000,000 was made on 31 August 2021.

In August 2021 credit approved terms were received from Bank of Queensland for a new 3 year \$45,000,000 finance facility, to assist with land development acquisitions and construction works. An initial draw of \$20,000,000 was made on 31 August 2021.

On 10 August 2021 the Group entered into civil works and electrical contracts totalling approximately \$4,600,000, for the 8 month construction programme for the development of Epig Super Lot 7.

In September 2021 WPT Sub-Trust 7, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westlawn Property Trust, entered into a contract to acquire an industrial facility at 96 Tile Street, Wacol for \$6,236,888. The acquisition will be funded from cash reserves, with settlement expected to take place on 30 September 2021.

No matter or circumstance, other than as mentioned above, has arisen since the end of the Period which has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- i) the operations of the Group;
- ii) the results of those operations; or
- iii) the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years.



## 26 Related party disclosures

### a) Responsible Entity

Both WPT and ELPT are required to have an incorporated responsible entity to manage their activities. The Responsible Entity of both trusts is Clarence Property Corporation Limited.

# b) Key management personnel

The following persons were key management personnel of the Responsible Entity from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021, unless otherwise stated.

Key management person Position

James Dougherty Chairman – Non-Executive
Peter Fahey Managing Director - Executive

Darrell Irwin Director – Executive
Tony Tippett Director – Non-Executive

## c) Key management personnel compensation

No compensation is paid to any of the key management personnel or employees of the Responsible Entity directly by the Group.

## d) Unit holdings:

The Responsible Entity and its key management personnel held units in the Group as follows:

		Net		Net	
	Balance	Purchases /	Balance	Purchases /	Balance
	1/07/2019	(Sales)	30/06/2020	(Sales)	30/06/2021
James Dougherty:					
JW & CP Dougherty Super Fund	372,021	162,388	534,409	217,372	751,781
Peter Fahey:					
P & D Fahey Super Fund	639,851	7,385	647,236	255,652	902,888
Peter Fahey	-	72,834	72,834	(72,834)	-
Yehaf Developments Pty Ltd	-	287,656	287,656	(287,656)	-
Darrell Irwin:					
Irwin Family Discretionary Trust	477,317	31,891	509,208	174,579	683,787
Tony Tippett:					
Tippett Superannuation Fund	494,537	947,368	1,441,905	750,000	2,191,905
Down To The Wire Pty Ltd	1,075,268	-	1,075,268	-	1,075,268
Responsible Entity:					
Clarence Property Corporation Ltd	653,436	(653,436)	-	-	-
Total	3,712,430	856,086	4,568,516	1,037,113	5,605,629



	Consolidate 30 June 2021	30 June 2020	Westlawn Pro 30 June 2021	30 June 2020
26 Related party disclosures (continued)	\$	\$	\$	\$
e) Transactions				
Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated:				
(i) Paid/payable to:				
The Manager Paid/payable to the Manager:				
Management fees	3,218,183	2,432,690	2,908,783	2,165,745
Acquisition fees	4,082,550	1,995,000	750,000	-
Disposal fees	737,600	360,140	-	-
Development management fees	136,796	144,320	4,000	64,200
Project management fees	124,557	132,224	4,000	64,200
Accountancy fees	12,000	12,000	-	-
Development sales fees	433,720	285,820	-	-
Performance fees	273,420	-	-	-
Registry fees	-	18,000	-	18,000
Reimbursable expenses	358,153	100,662	57,066	96,202
Lease incentive	50,000	60,000	50,000	60,000
	9,426,980	5,540,856	3,773,849	2,468,347
Received/receivable from the Manager:				
Rental of business premises	111,152	44,137	111,152	44,137
	111,152	44,137	111,152	44,137
Clarence Property Works Pty Ltd				
Property management, rent review & leasing fees	2,226,181	1,796,596	1,662,514	1,704,497
Robina Quays Unit Trust				
Distribution	527,250	598,500	527,250	598,500

# (ii) Loans:

# **Loan to Epiq Lennox Property Trust**

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$35,000,000 to Epiq Lennox Property Trust to assist with the purchase and development of its 'Epiq Lennox' development project. The balance owing at reporting date was \$14,040,213. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. \$29,050,000 of net sales proceeds from Stage 5 settlements was repaid against the loan during the period. No interest is charged on the facility.

# Loan to Yamba Quays Pty Ltd

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$30,000,000 to Yamba Quays Pty Ltd to assist with the purchase and development of its 'Yamba Quays' development project. The balance owing at reporting date was \$18,919,051. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. \$6,050,000 of net sales proceeds from stage 1 settlements was repaid against the loan during the period. A further \$5,500,000 of net sales proceeds from settlement of developed lots is required to be repaid by 30 June 2022. No interest is charged on the facility.



### 26 Related party disclosures (continued)

### Loan to WPT Solar Pty Ltd

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$2,000,000 to WPT Solar Pty Ltd to assist with the purchase and installation of rooftop solar systems. The balance owing at reporting date was \$900,000. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2026. No interest is charged on the facility.

### Loan to Bayside Brunswick Pty Ltd

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$55,000,000 to Baysdie Brunswick Pty Ltd to assist with the purchase and development of its Brunswick Heads development project. The balance owing at reporting date was \$1,981,525. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2026. No interest is charged on the facility.

#### Loan to Bilambil Heights Pty Ltd

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$23,500,000 to Bilambil Heights Pty Ltd to assist with the purchase and development of its 'Sceniq' development project. The balance owing at reporting date was \$15,355,744. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2025. No interest is charged on the facility.

#### Loan to Wacol Industrial Trust

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$16,000,000 to Wacol Industrial Trust to assist with the purchase of properties at 42 Mcroyle Street, Wacol and 146 Canberra Street, Hemmant. The balance owing at reporting date was \$15,067,100. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. No interest is charged on the facility.

### Loan to Logan Village Shopping Centre Trust

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$17,500,000 to Logan Village Shopping Centre Trust to assist with the purchase of Logan Village Marketplace. The balance owing at reporting date was \$17,174,071. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. No interest is charged on the facility.

### **Loan to Ormeau Shopping Centre Trust**

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$31,000,000 to Ormeau Shopping Centre Trust to assist with the purchase of Ormeau Marketplace. The balance owing at reporting date was \$30,143,702. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. No interest is charged on the facility.

#### Loan to WPT Sub-Trust 3

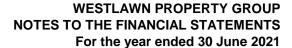
Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$20,000,000 to WPT Sub-Trust 3 to assist with the purchase of 81 Stradbroke Street, Heathwood (settled on 3 September 2020) and 185 Queensport Road, Murarrie (settled on 12 October 2020). The balance owing at reporting date was \$16,868,232. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. No interest is charged on the facility.

### Loan to WPT Sub-Trust 4

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$27,500,000 to WPT Sub-Trust 4 to assist with the purchase of 31 Paringa Road, Murarrie which settled on 27 May 2021. The balance owing at reporting date was \$19,621,402. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. No interest is charged on the facility.

## **Loan to North Shore Townsville Property Trust**

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$20,000,000 to North Shore Townsville Property Trust to assist with the purchase of North Shore Marketplace Townsville which settled on 31 July 2020. The balance owing at reporting date was \$16,497,933. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2023. No interest is charged on the facility.





## 26 Related party disclosures (continued)

### Loan to WPT Sub-Trust 6

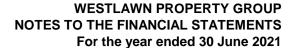
Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$22,500,000 to WPT Sub-Trust 6 to assist with the purchase of investment properties. The balance owing at reporting date was \$21,400,360 (utlised for the settlement of 22 Marie Street, Milton; 65 Park Road Milton and 5 Bahrs Scrub Road, Bahrs Scrub). The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2024. No interest is charged on the facility.

## **Loan to Macquarie Commercial Property Trust**

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$500,000 to Macquarie Commercial Property Trust to manage working capital. The balance owing at reporting date was \$195,710. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2024. No interest is charged on the facility.

#### Loan to WPT Sub-Trust 7

Westlawn Property Trust has provided a loan facility of \$16,000,000 to WPT Sub-Trust 7 to assist with the purchase of 18 Macgregor Place, Richlands. The balance owing at reporting date was \$6,018,296. The facility has a maturity date of 30 June 2024. No interest is charged on the facility.





#### 27 Financial instruments

### a) Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk (interest rate risk & equity price risk).

#### i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterpart to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from tenants and investment in securities.

### Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each purchaser. The Group has a diverse range of tenants and therefore there is no significant concentration of credit risk, either by nature of industry or geographically.

### Investment in securities

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities or securities that have fixed term durations.

#### ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, it always has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group has liquidity risk management policies, which assist in monitoring cash flow requirements. Typically the Group ensures it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses and commitments for a period of 90 days, including the servicing of financial obligations. Cash on demand is defined as cash held or unutilised borrowing facilities.

The Group also ensures that as far as practicable, sufficient borrowing facilities are approved for a minimum of 3 years.

## iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The Group enters into financial liabilities in order to manage market risks.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in the market interest rate. The Group has a guideline that at least 50% of its exposure to changes in interest rates on borrowings is hedged through entering into fixed rate bills or interest rate swaps. Additionally the Group may hold interest rate caps to provide further protection should extreme unforeseen circumstances arise.

### **Equity securities price risk**

Equity securities price risk is the movement in the quoted price of stocks which is influenced by a range of factors, most of which are outside the control of the Group. The Group only invests in securities which are primarily backed by real property assets.



# 27 Financial instruments (continued)

### b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date was:

	Consolidated Group		Westlawn P	n Property Trust	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents	42,604,982	20,843,983	40,855,620	20,388,697	
Trade receivables	550,343	901,923	224,574	866,104	
Loan receivables	-	-	194,183,240	112,304,364	
Construction bonds	437,973	353,532	203,213	257,851	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,040,190	1,524,690	11,203,010	1,525,290	
	44,633,488	23,624,128	246,669,657	135,342,306	

## c) Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

30 June 2021	Carrying amount \$	1 year or less \$	1-3 years \$	3 -5 years \$	More than 5 years \$
Non-derivatives	•	·	·	·	•
Secured bank loans	192,827,752	-	107,570,746	85,257,006	-
Trade & other payables	15,044,405	15,044,405	-	-	-
-	207,872,157	15,044,405	107,570,746	85,257,006	-
Derivatives					
Net settled interest rate derivatives	924,690	126,381	(12,458)	(898,819)	(139,794)
_	924,690	126,381	(12,458)	(898,819)	(139,794)

The Group entered into interest rate derivative instruments during the period which at balance date had a fair value of \$924,690, as presented in non-current assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Refer Note 27(d) for further details.

30 June 2020

Non-derivatives Secured bank loans Trade & other payables	149,273,486 4,287,657	19,937,500 4,287,657	107,752,007	21,583,979 -	- -
	153,561,143	24,225,157	107,752,007	21,583,979	(139,794)
Derivatives					
Net settled interest rate swaps	1,951,720	599,790	1,135,064	121,902	-
	1,951,720	599,790	1,135,064	121,902	(139,794)



# 27 Financial instruments (continued)

### d) Interest rate risk

At reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	Weighted ave	rage effective		
	intere	st rate	Consolidate	d Group
	<b>30 June</b> 30 June		30 June	30 June
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	%	%	\$	\$
Variable rate financial assets				
Cash at bank	0.10	0.10	38,488,453	20,635,185
			38,488,453	20,635,185
Variable rate financial liabilities				
Interest bearing liabilities	1.97	2.72	192,827,752	149,273,486
			192,827,752	149,273,486

In addition the Group holds the following treasury instruments:

Туре	BBSY Rate	Amount \$	Start Date	Expiry Date
Сар	1.00%	10,000,000	Mar-21	Mar-26
Fixed Rate Swap	0.50%	20,000,000	Jun-21	Mar-26
Cap and Collar	1.00% - 0.05%	30,000,000	Dec-22	Dec-25
Fixed Rate Swap	1.70%	10,000,000	Mar-23	Mar-26
Сар	1.00%	10,000,000	Jun-24	Jun-26
Cap and Collar	1.50% - 0.75%	10,000,000	Dec-23	Jun-27
Cap and Collar	1.50% - 0.75%	10,000,000	Dec-23	Jun-27

# Sensitivity analysis

Interest rate risk represents the effect of a change in interest rates applied to the interest rate risk exposures at reporting date, including the estimated change in the value of derivative financial instruments which are carried at fair value. Cash and floating rate debt at reporting date are multiplied by the reasonably possible change in interest rates to determine the effect on profit for the financial year. The Group's derivative financial instruments whose carrying values are affected by changes in interest rates are interest rate Swaps, Caps and Cap & Collars. In calculating the change in value of interest rate contracts, a change in interest rates at reporting date is assumed to result in a parallel shift in the forward yield curve. A change in interest rates of up to 100 basis points (1%) is considered to be reasonably possible in the current economic environment.

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased net profit before tax by \$706,125 (2020: an decrease of \$228,909).



### 27 Financial instruments (continued)

### e) Equity securities price risk

The Group has no exposure to equity investments listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

## f) Fair values

The Group uses a number of methods to determine the fair value of its assets and liabilities as described in AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. The methods comprise the following:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either

directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Group measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

Investment property (refer Note 13).

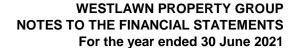
Derivative financial instruments (refer Note 19).

The carrying amounts of receivables, other current assets and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate available to the Group for similar financial instruments. The fair value of current borrowings approximates the carrying amount, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

#### 28 Interests in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following wholly-owned subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 1.

		Consolidated Group	
		30 June	30 June
	Principal place of business /	2021	2020
Name	Country of incorporation	%	%
Yamba Quays Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
WPT Solar Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	-
Bayside Brunswick Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	-
Bilambil Heights Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	-
North Coffs Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	-
Wacol Industrial Trust	Australia	100%	100%
Logan Village Shopping Centre Trust	Australia	100%	100%
Ormeau Shopping Centre Trust	Australia	100%	100%
WPT Sub-Trust 3	Australia	100%	100%
WPT Sub-Trust 4	Australia	100%	100%
North Shore Townsville Property Trust	Australia	100%	100%
WPT Sub-Trust 6	Australia	100%	-
Macquarie Commercial Property Trust	Australia	100%	-
WPT Sub-Trust 7	Australia	100%	-
WPT Sub-Trust 8	Australia	100%	-





## 28 Interests in subsidiaries (continued)

On 9th October 2020 Westlawn Property Trust acquired all the units on issue in the Macquarie Commercial Property Trust. The sole asset of the trust is 188 Macquarie Street, Dubbo. The acquisition was funded from cash reserves and the issue of 7,786,912 units in the Group at \$0.87 per unit.

During the Period Westlawn Property Trust established wholly-owned subsidiary entities 'WPT Sub-Trust 6', 'WPT Sub-Trust 7' and 'WPT Sub-Trust 8', in which to acquire and hold investment properties.

During the Period Epiq Lennox Property Trust established wholly-owned subsidiary entities 'WPT Solar Pty Ltd', 'Bayside Brunswick Pty Ltd', 'Bilambil Heights Pty Ltd' and 'North Coffs Pty Ltd' in which to acquire and develop development properties.

### 29 Group details

The principal place of business of the Group is Level 1 Suite 4, 5 Snapper Drive Lennox Head NSW and its principal activity is investing in commercial rental properties and residential and commercial land development properties.

At 30 June 2021 there were twenty nine employees of the Responsible Entity.



In accordance with a resolution of the directors, the directors of the responsible entity declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes of the consolidated Group and Westlawn Property Trust as set out on pages 10 to 44 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
  - a) Comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - b) Give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the consolidated Group and Westlawn Property Trust.
- 2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe the consolidated Group and Westlawn Property Trust will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of the responsible entity.

On behalf of the directors of the responsible entity,

Peter Fahey

Managing Director

Dated in Robina this 9th day of September 2021

James Dougherty

Director



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF WESTLAWN PROPERTY GROUP

# Report on the Financial Report

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a general purpose financial report, of Westlawn Property Group (Westlawn Property Trust and the Epiq Lennox Property Trust) ("the Group"), and Westlawn Property Trust ("the Trust"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the Trusts and the Group, comprising the Trusts and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

In our opinion the financial report of the Group and the Trust is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's and the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of the Group and the Trust's performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Independence

We are independent of the Group and the Trust in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including independence standards) (the code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The directors of the responsible entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

PKF Brisbane Audit ABN 33 873 151 348

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In preparing the financial report, the directors of the responsible entity are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at <a href="http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.apsx">http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.apsx</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

PKF

**PKF BRISBANE AUDIT** 

LIAM MURPHY PARTNER

9 SEPTEMBER 2021 BRISBANE